Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended August 31,

			Am ounts		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Debt Service Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1,106,023	\$ 1,163,924	\$ 1,204,130	\$ 1,202,175	\$ 1.159.732
Penalty and interest	14,791	16,319	11,856	12,347	14.012
Investment income	42,114	3,920	3,584	18,313	21,233
Other income			3,360	22	
Total revenues	1,162,928	1,184,163	1,222,930	1.232,857	1.194.977
Fxpenditures					
Current:					
Professional fees	5,105	4,135	3,597	3,854	3.431
Contracted services	29,231	35,919	30,604	33,656	27,282
Other expenditures	3,669	4,024	4,735	3,650	7.693
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	990,000	960,000	930,000	900,000	880.000
Interest and fees	168,088	186,541	282,629	303,082	320,645
Debt issuance costs	-	126,530	118,961	-	-
Debt defeasance		25,500			
Total expenditures	1,196,093	1,342,649	1,370,526	1,244,242	1,239,051
Deficiency of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	(33,165)	(158,486)	(147,596)	(11,385)	(44,074)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
General obligation bonds issued	-	3,020,000	2,490,000	-	-
Premium on debt issued	-	267,163	186,956	-	-
Deposit with escrow agent		(3,153,415)	(2,553,689)		
Total other financing sources	0	133,748	123,267		0
Deficiency of Revenues and Other					
Mnancing Sources Over Expenditures					
and Other Financing Uses	(33,165)	(24,738)	(24,329)	(11,385)	(44,074)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	857,396	882,134	906,463	917,848	961,922
Fund Balance, Find of Year	S 824,231	S 857,396	\$ 882,134	\$ 906,463	\$ 917,848

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

	reicent of	Fund Total Reve	ines	
2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
071 0	20.2 4/	22.4.0	07.5.04	07.1
95.1 % 1.3	98.3 % 1.4	98.4 % 1.0	97.5 % 1.0	97.1 1.2
3.6	0.3	0.3	1.5	1.7
	·	0.3	0.0	-
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
2.5	3.0	2.5	2.7	2.3
0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.6
85.1	81.1	76.0	73.0	73.6
14.5	15.8	23.1	24.6	26.8
-	10.7	9.7	-	-
<u> </u>	2.2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
102.8	113.4	112.0	100.9	103.6
(2.8) %	(13.4) %	(12.0) %	(0.9) %	(3.6)

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended August 31, 2023

Complete District mailing address: Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 1

c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P. 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 2400

Houston, Texas 77056

District business telephone number: 713.623.4531

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):

June 6, 2022

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

Term of

7,200

Board Members	Office Elected & Expires	F	ees*	pense ursements	Title at Year-end
	Elected				
William Shutt	05/22- 05/26	\$	3,963	\$ 1,684	President
	Elected				
	05/20-				Vice
Nicole Whitman	05/24		2,313	707	President
	Elected				
	05/22-				
Katherine Elofson	05/26		3,292	1,603	Secretary
	Elected				
	05/20-				Assistant
Anand Maru	05/24		3,063	1,285	Secretary
	Elected				
	05/22-				
Dennis Shumard	05/26		2,242	1,365	Director

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2023

Consultants	Date Hired	Expense Reimbursements	Title
Assessments of the Southwest, Inc.	09/01/12	\$ 18,316	Tax Assessor/ Collector
Costello, Inc.	03/22/96	32,865	Engineer
Fort Bend Central Appraisal District FORVIS, LLP	Legislative Action 07/01/02	13,887 21,000	Appraiser Auditor
Masterson Advisors LLC	05/17/18	-	Financial Advisor
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	02/03/86	60,599	Bookkeeper
Municipal District Services, L.L.C.	02/02/09	233,441	Operator
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	1999	5,105	Delinquent Tax Attorney
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	02/03/86	82,178	General Counsel
Investment Officers			
Mark M. Burton and Ghia Lewis	03/03/03	N/A	District Bookkeepers

Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 4 Fort Bend County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

August 31, 2023

Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 4 August 31, 2023

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	10
Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	13
Notes to Financial Statements	15
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	30
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Water Plant	31
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Wastewater Treatment Plant	32
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Reclaimed Water Distribution System	33
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	34
Supplementary Information	
Other Schedules Included Within This Report	35
Schedule of Services and Rates	36
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures	37
Schedule of Temporary Investments	38
Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable	39
Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years	41
Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt	45
Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years	46
Board Members Key Personnel and Consultants	48



2700 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 1500 / Houston, TX 77056 P 713.499.4600 / F 713.499.4699 forvis.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 4
Fort Bend County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 4 (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of August 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 4 Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas January 15, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2023

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as eash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

	2023	2022
Current and other assets	\$ 5,283,038	\$ 5,402,655
Capital assets	9,617,262	9,515,903
Total assets	14,900,300	14,918,558
Deferred outflows of resources	235,871	310,970
Total assets and deferred		
outflows of resources	\$ 15,136,171	\$ 15,229,528
Long-term liabilities	\$ 6,042,457	\$ 7,593,489
Other liabilities	1,902,526	1,440,707
Total liabilities	7,944,983	9,034,196
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	3,810,676	2,233,384
Restricted	1,138,969	1,258,156
Unrestricted	2,241,543	2,703,792
Total net position	\$ 7,191,188	\$ 6,195,332

The total net position of the District increased by \$995,856, or about 16 percent. The majority of the increase in net position is related to tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness, which is shown as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2023	2022
Revenues:		
Property taxes	\$ 2,242,976	\$ 2,165,186
Strategic Partnership Agreement	106,136	109,564
Charges for services	4,721,016	4,381,022
Other revenues	709,209	87,550
Total revenues	7,779,337	6,743,322
Expenses:		
Services	5,916,648	5,566,641
Depreciation	581,091	582,849
Debt service	285,742	339,227
Total expenses	6,783,481	6,488,717
Change in net position	995,856	254,605
Net position, beginning of year	6,195,332	5,940,727
Net position, end of year	\$ 7,191,188	\$ 6,195,332

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, were \$3,448,689, a decrease of \$615,781 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance decreased by \$465,805. This decrease was primarily related to service operations, capital outlay expenditures and interfund transfers to the water plant fund, wastewater treatment plant fund and reclaimed water distribution system fund exceeding property taxes and service revenues.

The water plant's fund balance increased by \$65,624 due to an interfund transfer from the general fund pertaining to the District's increased share in operating reserve requirements.

The wastewater treatment plant's fund balance increased by \$5,813 due to an interfund transfer from the general fund pertaining to the District's increased share in operating reserve requirements.

The reclaimed water distribution system's fund balance increased by \$37,849 due to an interfund transfer from the general fund pertaining to the District's increased share in operating reserve requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

The debt service fund's fund balance decreased by \$259,262, primarily due to bond principal and interest requirements exceeding property tax revenues generated.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to investment income and purchased services expenditures being higher than anticipated and water service revenue, surface water conversion revenue, repairs and maintenance expenditures and capital outlay expenditures being lower than anticipated. In addition, an interfund transfer out and a reimbursement received from another governmental entity were not budgeted for. The fund balance as of August 31, 2023, was expected to be \$1,601,289 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$2,228,367.

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		2023	2022
Land and improvements	\$	283,242	\$ 283,242
Construction in progress		120,216	26,494
Water facilities		2,713,656	2,683,019
Wastewater facilities		3,797,138	3,686,222
Drainage facilities		2,587,878	2,717,700
Park facilities		115,132	 119,226
Total capital assets	\$	9,617,262	\$ 9,515,903
During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows:			
Construction in progress related to fence at water plant No. 2	;		\$ 120,216
Driveways at water plant Nos. 1 and 2			250,307
Lift pump at lift station			37,270
Wastewater treatment plant on-site lift station rehabilitation			256,080
Air release valve on lift station header			2,872
Return-activated sludge pump No. 1			10,404
2" pressure balance valve for lake fill line			 5,301
Total additions to capital assets			\$ 682,450

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, are summarized as follows:

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 7,593,489
Decreases in long-term debt	 (1,551,032)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 6,042,457

At August 31, 2023, the District had \$30,998,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "A" from Standard & Poor's. The District's Series 2010 refunding bonds and Series 2016 refunding bonds carry a rating of "AA" from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. The Series 2014 refunding bonds carry a rating of "AA" from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City for full purposes without the District's consent, except as set forth below.

Strategic Partnership Agreement

Effective March 30, 2005, the District entered into a Strategie Partnership Agreement (the Agreement) with the City, which annexed certain portions of the District into the City for "limited purposes," as described therein. Under the terms of the Agreement, the City levies and collects a sales and use tax on commercial activities in the annexed portions of the District and remits one-half of such revenues to the District. Additionally, the City has agreed it will not annex the District as a whole for full purposes for 30 years from the effective date of the Agreement, at which time the City has the option to annex the District if it chooses to do so.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet August 31, 2023

		General Fund		Water Plant		Wastewater Treatment Plant		Reclaimed Water Distribution System		Debt Service Fund		Total	Ad	justments	Statement of Net Position		
Assets																	
Cash	\$	251,993	s	31.610	\$	52,980	s	2.164	s	54,638	\$	393,385	s	-	\$	393,385	
Certificates of deposit		475,000		-		-		-		-		475,000		-		475,000	
Short-term investments		1,694,386		551.737		100,316		80.253		805,793		3,232,485		-		3,232,485	
Receivables:																	
Property taxes		4,939		-		-		-		10,822		15,761		-		15,761	
Service accounts		211,027		-		-		-		-		211,027		-		211,027	
Strategic Partnership Agreement		24,661		-		-		-		-		24,661		8.237		32,898	
Accrued interest		11,296		-		-		-		-		11,296		-		11,296	
Interfund receivables		56,847		162,439		43,439		71.342		-		334,067		(334.067)		-	
Due from participants		-		487,404		92,328		196,032		-		775,764		-		775,764	
Prepaid expenditures		9,000		-		-		-		-		9,000		-		9,000	
Due from others		46,789		79,633		-		-		-		126,422		-		126,422	
Capital assets (net of accumulated																	
depreciation):																	
Land and improvements		-		-		-		-		-		-		283.242		283,242	
Construction in progress		-		-		-		-		-		-		120,216		120,216	
Infrastructure		-		-		-		-		-		-		9,098,672		9,098,672	
Parks				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-		-		<u> </u>		115.132		115,132	
Totalassets		2,785,938		1.312.823		289,063		349.791	_	871,253		5,608,868		9.291.432		14,900,300	
Deferred Outflows of Resources																	
Deferred amount on debt refundings		0		0		0		0	_	0		0		235,871		235,871	
Total assets and deferred																	
outflows of resources	\$	2,785,938	S	1,312,823	\$	289,063	S	349,791	S	871,253	\$	5,608,868	S	9,527,303	\$	15,136,171	

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) August 31, 2023

	 General Fund		Water Plant	Vastewater Freatment Plant		Reclaimed Water Distribution System		Debt Service Fund		Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position	_
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ 123,711	S	496,421	\$ 107,795	S	192,839	S	502	\$	921,268	s -	\$ 921,268	8
Accrued interest payable	-		-	-		-		-		-	92,175	92,175	5
Customer deposits	148,330		-	-		-		-		148,330	-	148,330	0
Operating deposits	-		528.930	109,349		99.103		-		737,382	-	737,382	2
Interfund payables	277,220		-	-		-		56,847		334,067	(334.067)	-	-
Due to others	3,371		-	-		-		-		3,371	-	3,371	1
Long-term liabilities:													
Due within one year	-		-	-		-		-		-	1,580,000	1,580,000	0
Due after one year	 -		-	 -	_	-	_	-	_	-	4,462,457	4,462,457	7_
Total fiabilities	 552,632		1.025.351	 217,144		291.942		57,349		2,144,418	5,800,565	7,944,983	3_
Deferred Inflows of Resources													
Deferred property tax revenues	4,939		0	0		0		10,822		15,761	(15,761)	(0_

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) August 31, 2023

	-	eneral Fund	Water Plant		Wastewater Treatment Plant		Reclaimed Water Distribution System			Debt Service Fund		Total	Ad	justments	tatement of Net Position
Fund Balances/Net Position															
Fund balances:															
Nonspendable, prepaid expenditures	\$	9,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,000	\$	(9,000)	\$ -
Restricted, unlimited tax bonds		-		-		-		-		803,082		803,082		(803,082)	-
Committed:															
Water production and distribution		-		287,472		-		-		-		287,472		(287,472)	-
Wastewater collection and treatment		-		-		71,919		-		-		71,919		(71,919)	-
Reclaimed water distribution system		-		-		-		57,849		-		57,849		(57,849)	-
Assigned, future expenditures		242,550		-		-		-		-		242,550		(242,550)	-
Unassigned		1.976.817										1.976.817		(1.976.817)	
Total fund balances		2,228,367		287,472		71,919		57,849		803,082		3,448,689		(3,448,689)	0
Total liabilities, deferred inflows															
of resources and fund balances	\$	2,785,938	\$	1,312,823	\$	289,063	\$	349,791	S	871,253	S	5,608,868			
Net position:															
Net investment in capital assets														3,810,676	3,810,676
Restricted for plant operations														417,240	417,240
Restricted for debt service														721,729	721,729
Unrestricted														2,241,543	2,241,543
Total net position													\$	7.191.188	\$ 7.191.188

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended August 31, 2023

	eneral Fund	Water Plant		/astewater Freatment Plant	Recla Wa Distrib Sys	ter oution	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adjustme	ents		itatement of Activities
Revenues												
Property taxes	\$ 714,382	\$ -	S	-	S	-	\$ 1,518,788	\$ 2,233,170	\$	9,806	S	2,242,976
Strategic Partnership Agreement	105,953	-		-		-	-	105,953		183		106,136
Water service	487.351	2.655.428		-		1,218,348	-	4.361,127	(1.40	2.096)		2.959.031
Sewer's ervice	568.486	-		1,214.248		-	-	1.782,734	(79	0.237)		992.497
Surface water conversion	769.488	-		-		-	-	769,488		-		769.488
Penalty and interest	28,151	-		-		-	12,043	40,194		-		40,194
Tap connection and inspection fees	1,120	-		-		-	-	1,120		-		1,120
Investment income	99,963	6.792		323		319	49,116	156,513		-		156.513
Other income	 82.857	 40.676		-				 123,533	38	7.849		511.382
Total revenues	2,857,751	2,702,896		1,214,571		1,218,667	 1,579,947	 9,573,832	(1,79	4,495)		7,779,337
Expenditures/Expenses												
Service operations:												
Purchased services	1.921.030	1.390.017		-		-	-	3.311,047	(1.92	1.030)		1.390.017
Surface water conversion	-	920.474		-		702,831	-	1.623,305		-		1.623.305
Professional fees	157,464	3,421		2,696		3,507	1,251	168,339		-		168,339
Contracted services	372,770	40,030		65,087		17,005	39,208	534,100		-		534,100
Solid waste	347,388	-		-		-	-	347,388		-		347,388
Utilities	70.324	108.062		104.651		-	-	283,037		-		283.037
Repairs and maintenance	258.669	211.630		411.114		479,003	-	1.360,416	3	3.957		1.394.373
Other expenditures	102,765	29,262		56,407		11,020	12,719	212,173	(3	6,084)		176,089
Capital outlay	37,270	-		574,616		5,301	-	617,187	(61	7,187)		-
Depreciation	-	-		-		-	-	-	58	1,091		581,091
Debt service:												
Principal retirement	-	-		-		-	1,505,000	1.505,000	(1.50	5.000)		-
Interest and fees	 _	_					281,031	281,031		4,711		285,742
Total expenditures/expenses	 3,267,680	2,702,896		1,214,571		1,218,667	1,839,209	10,243,023	(3,45	9,542)		6,783,481

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2023

	 3eneral Fund		Water Plant		Wastewater Treatment Plant		eclaimed Water istribution System		Debt Service Fund	Total	Ad	ljustments	_	tatement of activities
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (409,929)	_\$	0	S	0	S	0	S	(259,262)	\$ (669,191)	-\$	1,665,047		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Reimbursement from governmental entity	53.410				-		-		-	53,410		(53.410)		
Interfund transfers in (out)	 (109.286)		65.624		5.813		37,849					-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(55.876)		65.624	_	5.813		37,849		0	 53,410		(53.410)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and														
Other Financing Sources Over														
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(465,805)		65,624		5,813		37,849		(259,262)	(615,781)		615,781		
Change in Net Position												995,856	\$	995,856
Fund Balances/Net Position														
Beginning of year	2.694.172		221.848	_	66,106		20,000		1,062,344	4.064,470				6.195.332
End of year	\$ 2,228,367	\$	287,472	S	71,919	S	57,849	S	803,082	\$ 3,448,689	\$	0	\$	7,191,188

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 4 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Water Rights Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective December 11, 1985, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Special Revenue Funds – Account for revenues and expenditures involving specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The primary source of revenue is participant fees. The water plant fund, wastewater treatment plant fund and reclaimed water distribution system fund are considered special revenue funds.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2022 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, the 2022 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Drainage facilities	10-45

Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 9,617,262
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	15,761
Strategic Partnership Agreement receivables are not receivable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	8,237

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 235,871
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(92,175)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(6,042,457)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ 3,742,499

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Change in fund balances.	\$ (615,781)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense and noncapitalized costs in the current period.	101,359
Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as expenditures. For the statement of activities, these transactions do not have any effect on net position.	1,505,000
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues for the funds, but are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	9,989
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(4,711)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 995,856

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At August 31, 2023, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in Texas CLASS, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. A Board of Trustees, elected by the participants, has oversight of Texas CLASS. The District's investments may be redeemed at any time. Texas CLASS attempts to minimize its exposure to market and credit risk through the use of various strategies and credit monitoring techniques and limits its investments in any issuer to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Texas CLASS are reported at net asset value.

At August 31, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		M	aturitie	s in Yea	ars			
		Less Than					More	Than
Туре	Fair Value	1	1	-5	6-	10	•	10
Texas CLASS	\$ 3,232,485	\$ 3,232,485	\$	0_	\$	0	\$	0

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At August 31, 2023, the District's investments in Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet at August 31, 2023, as follows:

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 868,385
Investments	 3,232,485
Total	\$ 4,100,870
Included in the following statement of net position captions:	
Cash	\$ 393,385
Certificates of deposit	475,000
Short-term investments	 3,232,485
Total	\$ 4,100,870

Investment Income

Investment income of \$156,513 for the year ended August 31, 2023, consisted of interest income.

Fair Value Measurements

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of August 31, 2023:

• Pooled investments of \$3,232,485 are valued at fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended August 31, 2023, is presented below:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	Additions	Reclassi- fications	Balances, End of Year	
Capital assets, non-depreciable:					
Land and improvements	\$ 283,242	\$ -	S -	S 283,242	
Construction in progress	26,494	120,216	26,494	120,216	
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	309,736	120.216	26.494	403,458	
Capital assets, depreciable:					
Water production and distribution facilities	6,663,560	250,307	-	6,913,867	
Wastewater collection and treatment					
facilities	7,989,151	306.626	26.494	8.322,271	
Drainage facilities	5,841,876	-	_	5.841,876	
Park facilities	127,824	5,301		133,125	
Total capital assets, depreciable	20,622,411	562.234	26.494	21.211,139	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Water production and distribution facilities	(3,980,541)	(219.670)	_	(4.200,211)	
Wastewater collection and treatment		,		, , ,	
facilities	(4,302,929)	(222,204)	-	(4,525,133)	
Drainage facilities	(3,124,176)	(129.822)	-	(3.253,998)	
Park facilities	(8,598)	(9.395)		(17,993)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,416,244)	(581.091)	0	(11.997,335)	
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 9,515,903	\$ 101.359	S 0	S 9.617,262	

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	Decreases	Balances, End of Year	Amounts Due in One Year
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds Add premiums on bonds	\$ 7,230,000 363,489	\$ 1,505,000 46,032	\$ 5,725,000 317,457	\$ 1,580,000
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 7,593,489	\$ 1,551,032	\$ 6,042,457	\$ 1,580,000

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

General Obligation Bonds

	Refunding Series 2010	Refunding Series 2014
Amounts outstanding, August 31, 2023	\$1,440,000	\$95,000
Interest rates	4.00%	3,125%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	April 1, 2024	April 1, 2024
Interest payment dates	October 1/ April 1	October 1/ April 1
Callable dates*	April 1, 2019	April 1, 2022
		Refunding Series 2016
Amount outstanding, August 31, 2023		\$4,190,000
Interest rates		2.000% to 4.000%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending		April 1, 2024/2031
Interest payment dates		October 1/ April 1
Callable date*		April 1, 2023

^{*}Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at August 31, 2023:

Year	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total			
2024	\$	1,580,000	\$	221,219	\$	1,801,219		
2025		605,000		159,750		764,750		
2026		615,000		141,600		756,600		
2027		655,000		117,000		772,000		
2028		675,000		90,800		765,800		
2029-2031		1,595,000		117,800		1,712,800		
Total	\$	5,725,000	\$	848,169	\$	6,573,169		

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 56,548,000
Bonds sold	25,550,000
Refunding bonds voted	29,900,000
Refunding bond authorization used	1,378,685*

^{*}The District has issued \$26,105,000 of refunding bonds; however, of such amount, \$1,378,685 has been applied to the voter-authorized bonds and the remaining \$24,726,315 has been issued pursuant to Chapter 1207 of the Texas Government Code.

Note 5: Significant Bond Order and Commission Requirements

The Bond Orders require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.3200 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$1,549,139 on the taxable valuation of \$484,107,032 for the 2022 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available resources are \$1,755,447, of which \$1,644,838 has been paid and \$110,609 is due October 1, 2023.

Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held April 5, 1986, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.1500 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$726,159 on the taxable valuation of \$484,107,032 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

Note 7: Agreements With Other Districts

Water Plant Agreement

On May 12, 1986, the District entered into a 40-year agreement with Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 1 (Grand No. 1) and Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 2 (Grand No. 2) to construct and operate water facilities on behalf of the three participants. The agreement was

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

amended on March 6, 1998, March 24, 1998, April 16, 2001, May 20, 2002, and September 19, 2005. The participants are to share construction and fixed operating costs based on allocated capacity. Variable operating costs are shared based on actual connections in the water plant.

The participants' capacities in the water plant are as follows:

District	Capacity After Water Plant No. 2, Phase II and Water Plant No. 3
District	una viatori lunt ivo. o
Grand No. 1	29.71 %
Grand No. 2	21.54
The District	48.75
Totals	100.00 %

The transactions for the water plant during the current year are as follows:

	Grand No. 1		Grand No. 2		The District		Totals		
Due from participants, beginning									
of year	\$	201,616	\$	206,280	\$	59,865	\$	467,761	
Current year billings		819,792		882,599		953,037		2,655,428	
Current year collections, net		(793,493)		(829,390)		(850,463)		(2,473,346)	
Due from participants, end of year	\$	227,915		259,489	\$	162,439	_\$_	649,843	

Grand No. 1, Grand No. 2 and the District have deposited \$250,757, \$278,173 and \$287,472, respectively, as plant operating reserves.

Wastewater Treatment Plant

On July 28, 1998, the District entered into a 50-year agreement with Grand No. 1 and Grand No. 2 to construct and operate a wastewater treatment plant on behalf of the three participants. The agreement was amended on May 2, 2000, April 16, 2001, January 1, 2002, January 6, 2003, April 1, 2004, and January 1, 2005. The participants are to share construction costs based on their pro rata share of ownership. Under the terms of the January 1, 2005, amendment, the District agreed to sell 123,650 gallons per day to Grand No. 1. Fixed operating costs are shared based on allocated capacity. Variable operating costs are shared based on connections in the wastewater treatment plant. The participants' allocated capacities in the first phase of the permanent wastewater treatment plant are as follows.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Permanent Capacity				
29.10 %				
21.08				
49.82_				

The transactions for the wastewater treatment plant during the current year are as follows:

	Grand No. 1	Grand No. 2	The District	Totals
Due from participants, beginning of year	\$ 38,468	\$ 41,315	\$ 22,557	\$ 102,340
Current year billings Current year collections	373,873 (364,363)	 321,441 (318,406)	 518,934 (498,052)	1,214,248 (1,180,821)
Due from participants, end of year	 47,978	 44,350	\$ 43,439	\$ 135,767

Grand No. 1, Grand No. 2 and the District have deposited \$53,516, \$55,833 and \$71,919, respectively, as plant operating reserves.

Reclaimed Water Distribution System

On August 1, 2016, the District entered into an agreement with Grand No. 1, Grand No. 2 and the North Fort Bend Water Authority (the Authority) to provide for the purchase of reclaimed water from the Authority for use in the irrigation system of the Districts. The Agreement was subsequently amended and restated effective March 1, 2022. Operating costs are shared based on each District's pro-rata share of common areas served by the irrigation system. The participants' respective pro-rata shares are as follows:

District	Permanent Capacity
Grand No. 1	24.146 %
Grand No. 2	38.996
The District	36.858
Totals	100,000 %

The transactions for the reclaimed water distribution system during the current year are as follows.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

	Grand No. 1		Grand No. 2		The District		Totals	
Due from participants, beginning								_
of year	\$	105,886	\$	171,006	\$	72,453	\$	349,345
Current year billings		294,182		475,107		449,059		1,218,348
Current year collections		(325,104)		(525,045)		(450, 170)		(1,300,319)
·		_		_				_
Due from participants, end of year	\$	74,964	\$	121,068	\$	71,342	\$	267,374

Grand No. 1, Grand No. 2 and the District have deposited \$37,898, \$61,205 and \$57,849, respectively, as plant operating reserves.

Note 8: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

Note 9: Strategic Partnership Agreement

Effective March 30, 2005, the District and the City of Houston (the City) entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (the Agreement) under which the City annexed certain tracts of land (the tracts) within the boundaries of the District for limited purposes. The District continues to exercise all powers and functions of a municipal utility district as provided by law. As consideration for the District providing services as detailed in the Agreement, the City agrees to remit one-half of all sales and use tax revenues generated within the boundaries of the tracts. As consideration for the sales tax payments by the City, the District agrees to continue to provide and develop water, sewer and drainage services within the District in lieu of full-purpose annexation. The City agrees it will not annex the District for full purposes or commence any action to annex the District during the term of the Agreement, which is 30 years. During the current year, the District recorded \$106,136 in revenue related to the Agreement.

Note 10: Regional Water Authority

The District is within the boundaries of the Authority, which was created by the Texas Legislature to provide a regional entity to acquire surface water and build the necessary facilities to convert from groundwater to surface water in order to meet conversion requirements mandated by the Fort Bend Subsidence District, which regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of August 31, 2023, the Authority was billing the District \$4.55 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells and \$4.90 for surface water received, which is allocated to each participant. These amounts are subject to future increases.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended August 31, 2023

	Original Budget	į	Final Amended Budget	Actual	F	/ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 623,000	\$	709,400	\$ 714,382	\$	4,982
Strategic Partnership Agreement	112,000		112,000	105,953		(6,047)
Water service	452,700		555,400	487,351		(68,049)
Sewer service	483,800		559,400	568,486		9,086
Surface water conversion	950,486		950,486	769,488		(180,998)
Penalty and interest	22,700		22,700	28,151		5,451
Tap connection and inspection fees	-		-	1,120		1,120
Investment income	24,100		24,100	99,963		75,863
Other	 21,044		67,817	82,857		15,040
Total revenues	 2,689,830		3,001,303	2,857,751		(143,552)
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Purchased services	1,638,042		1,779,945	1,921,030		(141,085)
Professional fees	145,400		145,400	157,464		(12,064)
Contracted services	367,220		367,220	372,770		(5,550)
Solid waste	326,200		326,200	347,388		(21,188)
Utilities	60,400		60,400	70,324		(9,924)
Repairs and maintenance	350,900		350,900	258,669		92,231
Other expenditures	85,801		98,800	102,765		(3,965)
Capital outlay	 960,731		1,028,621	 37,270		991,351
Total expenditures	 3,934,694		4,157,486	3,267,680		889,806
Deficiency of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	 (1,244,864)		(1,156,183)	 (409,929)		746,254
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Reimbursement from governmental entity	63,300		63,300	53,410		(9,890)
Interfund transfers out	 -			(109,286)		(109,286)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 63,300		63,300	(55,876)		(119,176)
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(1,181,564)		(1,092,883)	(465,805)		627,078
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,694,172		2,694,172	2,694,172		· _
Fund Balance, End of Year	 1,512,608		1,601,289	\$ 2,228,367		627,078

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Water Plant Year Ended August 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues				
Service fees:				
The District	\$ 1,149,887	\$ 953,037	\$	(196,850)
Grand No. 1	1,003,029	819,792		(183,237)
Grand No. 2	1,112,691	882,599		(230,092)
Investment income	450	6,792		6,342
Other income	 <u>-</u>	40,676		40,676
Total revenues	 3,266,057	2,702,896		(563,161)
Expenditures				
Service operations:				
Purchased services	2,736,000	1,390,017		1,345,983
Surface water conversion	-	920,474		(920,474)
Audit fees	2,400	2,400		-
Legal fees	7,000	1,021		5,979
Engineering fees	2,500	-		2,500
Bookkeeping fees	11,900	16,030		(4,130)
Operator fees	24,000	24,000		-
Utilities	106,000	108,062		(2,062)
Repairs and maintenance	223,000	134,389		88,611
Laboratory	1,133	800		333
Chemicals	63,000	70,100		(7,100)
Office supplies and postage	800	806		(6)
Insurance	24,700	20,039		4,661
Permit fees	3,200	-		3,200
Other expenditures	5,224	8,417		(3,193)
Mowing	5,200	6,341		(1,141)
Capital outlay	 50,000	 -		50,000
Total expenditures	3,266,057	2,702,896		563,161
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	-		-
Other Financing Sources				
Interfund transfers in	 	 65,624		65,624
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other				
Financing Uses	-	65,624		65,624
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 221,848	 221,848		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 221,848	\$ 287,472	\$	65,624

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Wastewater Treatment Plant Year Ended August 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues				
Service fees:				
The District	\$ 285,106	\$ 518,934	\$	233,828
Grand No. 1	214,063	373,873		159,810
Grand No. 2	223,330	321,441		98,111
Investment income	10	 323		313
Total revenues	 722,509	 1,214,571		492,062
Expenditures				
Service operations:				
Audit fees	2,370	2,400		(30)
Legal fees	5,000	296		4,704
Engineering fees	5,000	-		5,000
Bookkeeping fees	12,000	15,569		(3,569)
Operator fees	48,000	48,000		-
Utilities	93,000	104,651		(11,651)
Repairs and maintenance	183,120	182,754		366
Sludge removal	81,000	79,811		1,189
Mowing	5,200	6,150		(950)
Chemicals	80,000	112,910		(32,910)
Laboratory	27,000	29,489		(2,489)
Office supplies and postage	330	396		(66)
Insurance	14,000	10,456		3,544
Pennit fees	5,000	4,629		371
Administrative charge	21,044	35,366		(14,322)
Other expenditures	3,710	5,560		(1,850)
Garbage	1,360	1,518		(158)
Capital outlay	 135,375	 574,616		(439,241)
Total expenditures	 722,509	 1,214,571		(492,062)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	-		-
Other Financing Sources Interfund transfers in	 <u>-</u>	5,813		5,813
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other		5.012		5.012
Financing Uses	-	5,813		5,813
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 66,106	 66,106		
Fund Balance, End of Year	 66,106	\$ 71,919	\$	5,813

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Reclaimed Water Distribution System Year Ended August 31, 2023

		Original Budget	Final Amended Budget			Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues									
Service fees:									
The District	\$	347,096	\$	488,999	\$	449,059	\$	(39,940)	
Grand No. 1		227,385		320,347		294,182		(26,165)	
Grand No. 2		367,229		517,364		475,10 7		(42,257)	
Investment income		20		20		319		299	
Total revenues		941,730		1,326,730		1,218,667		(108,063)	
Expenditures									
Service operations:									
Surface water conversion		500,000		800,000		702,831		97,169	
Audit fees		2,400		2,400		2,400		-	
Legal fees		15,000		15,000		1,107		13,893	
Engineering fees		5,000		5,000		-		5,000	
Bookkeeping fees		10,000		10,000		10,819		(819)	
Operator fees		6,200		6,200		6,186		14	
Utilities		12,000		12,000		-		12,000	
Repairs and maintenance		300,000		385,000		479,003		(94,003)	
Laboratory fees		4,800		4,800		-		4,800	
Chemicals		10,000		10,000		-		10,000	
Mowing		24,000		24,000		-		24,000	
Office supplies and postage		3,330		3,330		4		3,326	
Insurance		14,000		14,000		8,969		5,031	
Other expenditures		5,000		5,000		2,047		2,953	
Capital outlay		30,000		30,000		5,301		24,699	
Total expenditures		941,730		1,326,730		1,218,667		108,063	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		-		-		-	
Other Financing Sources									
Interfund transfers in				-		37,849		37,849	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other									
Financing Uses		-		-		37,849		37,849	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		20,000		20,000		20,000			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	57,849	\$	37,849	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information August 31, 2023

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual operating budgets are prepared for the general, water plant, wastewater treatment plant and reclaimed water distribution system funds by the District's consultants. The budgets reflect resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budgets prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budgets are not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budgets of the general fund and reclaimed water distribution system fund were amended and the original budgets of the water plant and wastewater treatment plant funds were not amended during fiscal 2023.

The District prepares its annual operating budgets on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Fund, Water Plant, Wastewater Treatment Plant and Reclaimed Water Distribution System present the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Other Schedules Included Within This Report August 31, 2023

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 15-29
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended August 31, 2023

1.	Services provided by the Distr	ict:									
	X Retail Water X Retail Wastewater Parks/Recreation X Solid Waste/Garbage X Participates in joint ventur Other		•	Whole: Fire Pr Flood 0 m and/or	otection Control wastewa	stewater 1 ater service	(other	X	Drainage Irrigation Security Roads ency interconnec	ot)	
2.	Retail service providers										
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter	(or eq	uivalent):								
			nimum harge		imum sage	Flat Rate Y/N	Gall	Per 1,000 ons Over inimum	Usag	e Le	vels
	Water:	_\$	25.00	10,0	000	_ N_	\$	2.00_	10,001	to	20,000
							\$	4.00	20,001	to	50,000
							\$	5.00	50,000	to	No Limit
	Wastewater:	_\$	42.00		0	_ Y_					
	Regional water fee:	_\$	4.90		1	_ N_	_\$_	4.90	1,001	to	No Limit
	Does the District employ wint	er aver	aging for v	vastewate	r usage?	ı			Yes		No_X
	Total charges per 10,000 gallo	ns usaş	ge (includi	ng fees):		Water	_\$	74.00	Wastewater		\$ 42.00
	b. Water and wastewater retail	connec	etions:								
	Meter Size			_		tal ections		Active nnections	ESFC Factor		Active ESFC*
	Unmetered					_		_	x1.0		-
	≤3/4"			_		667		666	x1.0		666
	1"					346		344	x2.5		860
	1 1/2"			_		3		3	_ x5.0		15
	2"			-		27	_	27	- x8.0		216
	3" 4"			-		7	_	7	- x15.0 x25.0		<u>45</u>
	6"			-		5		5	x50.0		250
	8"			-		2	_	2	x80.0		160
	10"			_				-	x115.0		
	Total water			_		1,060		1,057	- -		2,387
	Total wastewater			-		1,002		999	x1.0		999
3.	Total water consumption (in the		ls) during t	the fiscal	year:						496 500
	Gallons pumped into the systemal Gallons billed to customers:	ΙΙ1:									486,599 488,741
	Water accountability ratio (gal	llons bi	lled/galloi	ns pumped	d):						100.44%

^{*&}quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended August 31, 2023

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 20,500 104,894 32,070	157,464
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		1,921,030
Regional Water Fee		-
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	56,616 - - 242,341 73,813	372,770
Utilities		70,324
Repairs and Maintenance		258,669
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	22,617 12,563 5,670 61,915	102,765
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	37,270	37,270
Tap Connection Expenditures		-
Solid Waste Disposal		347,388
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		
Total expenditures		\$ 3,267,680

Schedule of Temporary Investments August 31, 2023

	Interest Rate	est Maturity Face		Accrued Interest Receivable
General Fund				
Certificates of Deposit				
No. 440005592	3.50%	10/19/23	\$ 240,000	\$ 7,272
No. 6257089	5.00%	04/24/24	235,000	4,024
Texas CLASS	5.49%	Demand	1,694,386	<u> </u>
			2,169,386	11,296
Debt Service Fund				
Texas CLASS	5.49%	Demand	805,793	-
Water Plant Fund				
Texas CLASS	5.49%	Demand	551,737	-
Wastewater Treatment Plant Fund				
Texas CLASS	5.49%	Demand	100,316	-
Reclaimed Water Distribution System Fund				
Texas CLASS	5.49%	Demand	80,253	<u> </u>
Total			\$ 3,707,485	\$ 11,296

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended August 31, 2023

	Maintenance Taxes	S	Debt ervice axes
Receivable, Beginning of Year Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	\$ 1,566 (8,404)	\$	4,389 (23,918)
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year	(6,838)		(19,529)
2022 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections	724,974 1,185		1,546,611 2,528
Adjusted tax levy	726,159		1,549,139
Total to be accounted for	719,321		1,529,610
Tax (collections) repayments: Current year Prior years	(721,716) 7,334	((1,539,661) 20,873
Receivable, end of year	\$ 4,939	\$	10,822
Receivable, by Years			
2022	\$ 4,443	\$	9,478
2021	128		366
2020	148		420
2019	110		314
2018	2		4
2017 2016	62 46		140 100
Receivable, end of year	\$ 4,939	_\$	10,822

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2023

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 112,553,310	\$ 112,347,090	\$ 101,131,000	\$ 101,052,820
Improvements	465,881,771	359,557,787	360,965,469	355,731,793
Personal property	14,015,000	10,697,600	11,626,990	11,544,820
Exemptions	(108,343,049)	(49,478,752)	(46,613,627)	(46,327,755)
Total property valuations	\$ 484,107,032	\$ 433,123,725	\$ 427,109,832	\$ 422,001,678
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation				
Debt service tax rates	\$ 0.3200	\$ 0,3700	\$ 0,3700	\$ 0.3700
Maintenance tax rates*	0.1500	0,1300	0,1300	0.1300
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.4700	\$ 0,5000	\$ 0.5000	\$ 0.5000
Tax Levy	\$ 2,275,298	\$ 2,165,619	\$ 2,135,550	\$ 2,110,008
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	99%	99%	99%	99%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$0.50 on April 5, 1986

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years August 31, 2023

		Refunding Series 2010						
Due During Fiscal Years	Principal Due	•						
Ending August 31	April 1	April 1	Total					
2024	\$ 1,440,000	\$ 57,600	\$ 1,497,600					

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued) August 31, 2023

	 Refunding Series 2014							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	Principal Due April 1		Interest Due October 1, April 1		Total			
2024	\$ 95,000	\$	2,969	\$	97,969			

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued) August 31, 2023

			<u> </u>				
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31		ı	Principal Due April 1	O	erest Due ctober 1, April 1		Total
2024		\$	45,000	\$	160,650	\$	205,650
2025			605,000		159,750		764,750
2026			615,000		141,600		756,600
2027			655,000		117,000		772,000
2028			675,000		90,800		765,800
2029			700,000		63,800		763,800
2030			440,000		35,800		475,800
2031			455,000		18,200		473,200
	Totals	\$	4,190,000	\$	787,600	\$	4,977,600

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2023

Annual	Req	uirement	ts For	ΑII	Series
--------	-----	----------	--------	-----	--------

Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31		ı	Total Principal Due	I	Total nterest Due		Total ncipal and terest Due
2024		\$	1,580,000	\$	221,219	\$	1,801,219
2025			605,000		159,750		764,750
2026			615,000		141,600		756,600
2027			655,000		117,000		772,000
2028			675,000		90,800		765,800
2029			700,000		63,800		763,800
2030			440,000		35,800		475,800
2031			455,000		18,200		473,200
	Totals	_\$	5,725,000	_\$	848,169	_\$	6,573,169

Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended August 31, 2023

	Bond Issues							
		Refunding eries 2010		efunding eries 2014		tefunding eries 2016		Totals
Interest rates	4.00%		3.125%		2.000% to 4.000%			
Dates interest payable	October 1/ April 1		October 1/ April 1		October 1/ April 1			
Maturity dates	April 1, 2024		April 1, 2024		April 1, 2024/2031			
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	2,810,000	\$	180,000	\$	4,240,000	\$	7,230,000
Retirements, principal		1,370,000		85,000		50,000		1,505,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	1,440,000	\$	95,000	\$	4,190,000	\$	5,725,000
Interest paid during current year		112,400	_\$	5,625		161,650	\$	279,675

Paying agent's name and address:

 Series 2010 U.S. Bank, N.A., Houston, Texas

 Series 2014 U.S. Bank, N.A., Houston, Texas

 Series 2016 Regions Bank, Houston, Texas

Bond authority:	Tax Bonds	Other Bonds		Refunding Bonds	_
Amount authorized by voters	\$ 56,548.000	0	\$	29,900,000	
Amount issued	\$ 25,550,000	0 0	-\$	1,378,685	*
Remaining to be issued	\$ 30,998,000	0	\$	28,521,315	_
Debt service fund eash and temporary investment balances as of Ac	ugust 31, 2023:		\$	860,431	_
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for re	maining term of all deb	ot:	\$	821,646	_

^{*}The District has issued \$26,105,000 of refunding bonds; however, of such amount, \$1,378,685 has been applied to the woter-authorized bonds and the remaining \$24,726,315 has been issued pursuant to Chapter 1207 of the Texas Government Code.

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended August 31,

	Amounts							
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019			
General Fund								
Revenues								
Property taxes	S 714,382	\$ 564.501	\$ 556.467	S 547,246	S 560,780			
Strategie Partnership Agreement	105,953	110.396	106.073	106,741	130,284			
Water service	487,351	439.193	400.245	381,801	421,380			
Sewer service	568,486	468.167	443.833	388,605	432,143			
Surface water conversion	769,488	811.178	657.230	698,621	553,035			
Penalty and interest	28,151	22.037	5.628	11,589	15,739			
Tap connection and inspection fees	1,120	300	-	660	95,645			
Investment income	99,963	13,772	27,179	85,961	92,431			
Other income	82,857	50,014	43,240	35,036	47,677			
Total revenues	2.857,751	2.479.558	2,239.895	2,256,260	2,349,114			
Expenditures								
Service operations:								
Purchased services	1,921,030	1,582,724	1,162,886	1,132,214	963,595			
Professional fees	157,464	194,591	166,295	163,952	129,135			
Contracted services	372,770	353,434	305,818	298,776	284,405			
Solid waste	347,388	317,578	300,443	286,400	265,876			
Utilities	70,324	64,164	68,448	79,160	76,534			
Repairs and maintenance	258,669	351.204	291.742	241,299	229,376			
Other expenditures	102,765	84.192	101.534	110,467	103,156			
Tap connections	-	-	-	-	35,150			
Capital outlay	37,270	146.295	826.241	80,728	51,325			
Total expenditures	3,267,680	3,094,182	3,223,407	2,392,996	2,138,552			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(409,929)	(614.624)	(983.512)	(136,736)	210,562			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Reimbursement from governmental entity	53,410	-	-	-	-			
Interfund transfers in (out)	(109,286)	(49,177)	(26,275)	180,887	(1,508)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(55,876)	(49.177)	(26.275)	180,887	(1,508)			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other								
Financing Sources Over Expenditures								
and Other Financing Uses	(465,805)	(663,801)	(1,009,787)	44,151	209,054			
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2.694,172	3.357.973	4,367.760	4,323,609	4.114,555			
Fund Balance, End of Year	S 2,228,367	\$ 2,694,172	\$ 3,357,973	S 4,367,760	S 4,323,609			
Total Active Retail Water Connections	1,057	1.054	1.051	1,051	1,054			
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	999	999	997	998	1,000			

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
25.0 %	22.8 %	24.9 %	24.3 %	23.9
3.7	4.4	4.7	4.7	5.6
17.1	17.7	17.9	16.9	17.9
19.9	18.9	19.8	17.2	18.4
26.9	32.7	29.3	31.0	23.5
1.0	0.9	0.3	0.5	0.7
0.0	0.0	-	0.0	4.1
3.5	0.6	1.2	3.8	3.9
2.9	2.0	1.9	1.6	2.0
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
67.2	63.8	51.9	50.2	41.0
67.2 5.5	63.8 7.8	51.9 7.4	50.2 7.3	41.0 5.5
5.5	7.8	7.4	7.3	5.5
5.5 13.0	7.8 14.3	7.4 13.7	7.3 13.2	5.5 12.1
5.5 13.0 12.2	7.8 14.3 12.8	7.4 13.7 13.4	7.3 13.2 12.7	5.5 12.1 11.3
5.5 13.0 12.2 2.5	7.8 14.3 12.8 2.6	7.4 13.7 13.4 3.1	7.3 13.2 12.7 3.5	5.5 12.1 11.3 3.2
5.5 13.0 12.2 2.5 9.0	7.8 14.3 12.8 2.6 14.2	7.4 13.7 13.4 3.1 13.0	7.3 13.2 12.7 3.5 10.7	5.5 12.1 11.3 3.2 9.8
5.5 13.0 12.2 2.5 9.0 3.6	7.8 14.3 12.8 2.6 14.2	7.4 13.7 13.4 3.1 13.0	7.3 13.2 12.7 3.5 10.7	5.5 12.1 11.3 3.2 9.8 4.4
5.5 13.0 12.2 2.5 9.0 3.6	7.8 14.3 12.8 2.6 14.2 3.4	7.4 13.7 13.4 3.1 13.0 4.5	7.3 13.2 12.7 3.5 10.7 4.9	5.5 12.1 11.3 3.2 9.8 4.4 1.5

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended August 31,

	Amounts						
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		
Debt Service Fund							
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 1,518,788	S 1,606,657	S 1,583,791	S 1,557,432	S 1,593,860		
Penalty and interest	12,043	15,535	36,607	22,922	14,852		
Investment income	49,116	4,955	8,776	29,078	38,110		
Total revenues	1,579,947	1,627,147	1,629,174	1,609,432	1,646,822		
Expenditures							
Current:							
Professional fees	1,251	4,117	11,541	6,132	3,974		
Contracted services	39,208	33,783	28,771	24,480	31,487		
Other expenditures	12,719	6,927	5,274	4,665	2,857		
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	1,505,000	1,450,000	1,395,000	1,315,000	1,265,000		
Interest and fees	281,031	332,131	381,543	425,606	461,710		
Total expenditures	1,839,209	1,826,958	1,822,129	1,775,883	1,765,028		
Deficiency of Revenues Over							
Expenditures	(259,262)	(199,811)	(192,955)	(166,451)	(118,206)		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,062,344	1,262,155	1,455,110	1.621,561	1.739,767		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 803,082	S 1,062,344	S 1,262,155	S 1.455,110	S 1.621,561		

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

98.7 % 1.0 0.3	97.2 % 2.3	96.8 % 1.4	96.8
	2.3	1.4	
0.3		1.4	0.9
	0.5	1.8	2.3
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.3	0.7	0.4	0.2
2.1	1.8	1.5	1.9
0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2
89.1	85.6	81.7	76.8
20.4	23.4	26.4	28.1
112.3	111.8	110.3	107.2
	0.3 2.1 0.4 89.1 20.4	0.3 0.7 2.1 1.8 0.4 0.3 89.1 85.6 20.4 23.4	0.3 0.7 0.4 2.1 1.8 1.5 0.4 0.3 0.3 89.1 85.6 81.7 20.4 23.4 26.4

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended August 31, 2023

Complete District mailing address: Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 4

c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P. 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 2400

Houston, Texas 77056

District business telephone number: 713.623.4531

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): July 19, 2023

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year: \$ 7,200

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires	ı	Fees*	opense oursements	Title at Year-end
	Elected				
Charles Matheson	05/22- 05/26	\$	7,200	\$ 3,001	President
	Elected				
	05/20-				Vice
Glenn Gesoff	05/24		4,760	2,167	President
	Appointed				
	01/21-				
John Schneller IV	05/24		2,826	2,202	Secretary
	Appointed				
	04/23-				Assistant
Adam White	05/26		1,776	511	Secretary
	Elected				
	05/22-				
Matthew Knies	02/23		600	94	Resigned
	Elected				
	05/20-				
Mashhood A. Shah	07/23		5,455	1,942	Disqualified

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2023

Consultants	Date Hired	Fees and Expense Reimbursements	Title	
Consultants	Date Tilled	iveilibui seilleilis	Title	
Costello, Inc.	03/05/06	\$ 68,686	Engineer	
Fort Bend Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action	19,111	Appraiser	
FORVIS, LLP	07/30/93	25,300	Auditor	
Masterson Advisors LLC	05/14/18	0	Financial Advisor	
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	04/21/03	105,763	Bookkeeper	
Municipal District Services, L.L.C.	04/01/09	1,297,961	Operator	
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	03/29/99	1,251	Delinquent Tax Attorney	
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	02/04/86	112,527	Attorney	
Wheeler & Associates, Inc.	10/15/97	27,950	Tax Assessor/ Collector	
Investment Officers	_			
Mark M. Burton and Ghia Lewis	07/19/04	N/A	Bookkeepers	

Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District Fort Bend County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

July 31, 2023

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	10
Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	12
Notes to Financial Statements	13
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	24
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	25
Supplementary Information	
Other Schedules Included Within This Report	26
Schedule of Services	27
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures	28
Schedule of Temporary Investments	29
Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable	30
Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years	32
Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt	35
Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years	36
Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants	38



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District Fort Bend County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District (the District), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of July 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas January 29, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2023

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
July 31, 2023

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
July 31, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

	 2023	2022
Current and other assets	\$ 1,803,319	\$ 2,783,641
Capital assets	 5,634,813	5,089,082
Total assets	 7,438,132	 7,872,723
Deferred outflows of resources	 95,889	110,234
Total assets and deferred outflows		
of resources	\$ 7,534,021	\$ 7,982,957
Long-term liabilities	\$ 3,311,624	\$ 4,353,832
Other liabilities	 49,902	73,157
Total liabilities	 3,361,526	 4,426,989
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	2,603,977	2,327,212
Restricted	185,475	94,868
Unrestricted	 1,383,043	 1,133,888
Total net position	\$ 4,172,495	\$ 3,555,968

The total net position of the District increased by \$616,527, or about 17 percent. The majority of the increase in net position is related to tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness, which is shown as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
July 31, 2023

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2023	2022	
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 1,048,816	\$ 1,034,392	
Other revenues	134,175	36,576	
Total revenues	1,182,991	1,070,968	
Expenses:			
Services	449,470	475,845	
Debt service	116,994	123,814	
Total expenses	566,464	599,659	
Change in net position	616,527	471,309	
Net position, beginning of year	3,555,968	3,084,659	
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,172,495	\$ 3,555,968	

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended July 31, 2023, were \$1,755,017, a decrease of \$990,566 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$225,962. This increase was primarily due to property tax revenues exceeding service operations expenditures in the current year.

The debt service fund's fund balance increased by \$49,772 because property tax revenues were greater than bond principal and interest requirements and contracted services expenditures.

The capital projects fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,266,300, primarily due to capital outlay expenditures and the early retirement of bond principal on a portion of the outstanding Series 2020 bonds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to investment income being higher than anticipated and property tax revenues and professional fees and repairs and maintenance expenditures being lower than anticipated. In addition, budgeted capital outlay expenditures were not incurred. The fund balance as of July 31, 2023, was expected to be \$1,299,466 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$1,350,808.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
July 31, 2023

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

Capital Assets

	 2023	2022	
Land and improvements Construction in progress	\$ 5,634,813	\$ 4,930,434 158,648	
Total capital assets	\$ 5,634,813	\$ 5,089,082	

During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows:

Construction and engineering fees related to the drainage channel	
storm sewer outfall improvements	\$ 545,731

<u>Debt</u>

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2023, are summarized as follows:

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 4,353,832
Decreases in long-term debt	1,042,208
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 3,311,624

At July 31, 2023, the District had \$4,115,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the drainage systems within the District.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "A+" from Standard & Poor's. The District's Refunding Series 2016 and Series 2020 bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Co.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
July 31, 2023

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bonded indebtedness) and abolish the District within 90 days.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet July 31, 2023

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Assets						
Cash	S 4,618	S 85,985	S 455	\$ 91,058	\$ -	\$ 91,058
Certificates of deposit	50,000	-	-	50,000	-	50,000
Short-term investments	1,165,550	164,842	223,161	1,553,553	-	1,553,553
Receivables:						
Property taxes	9,370	8,118	-	17,488	-	17,488
Other	67,939	-	-	67,939	22,865	90,804
Accrued interest	41	-	-	41	-	41
Interfund receivables	70,234	-	-	70,234	(70,234)	-
Prepaid expenditures	375	-	-	375	-	375
Capital assets, land and improvements					5,634,813	5,634,813
Total assets	1,368,127	258,945	223,616	1,850,688	5,587,444	7,438,132
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred amount on debt refundings	0		0	0	95,889	95,889
Total assets and deferred						
outflows of resources	\$ 1,368,127	S 258,945	S 223,616	\$ 1,850,688	\$ 5,683,333	\$ 7,534,021

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) July 31, 2023

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 7,949	\$ -	s -	\$ 7,949	\$ -	S 7,949
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	-	41,953	41,953
Interfund payables	-	70,234	-	70,234	(70,234)	-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	-	-	-	-	295,000	295,000
Due after one year					3,016,624	3,016,624
Total liabilities	7,949	70,234	0	78,183	3,283,343	3,361,526
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred property tax revenues	9,370	8,118	0	17,488	(17,488)	0
Fund Balances/Net Position						
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable, prepaid expenditures	375	-	-	375	(375)	-
Restricted:						
Unlimited tax bonds	-	180,593	-	180,593	(180,593)	-
Water, sewer and drainage	-	-	223,616	223,616	(223,616)	-
Unassigned	1,350,433	-		1,350,433	(1,350,433)	
Total fund balances	1,350,808	180,593	223,616	1,755,017	(1,755,017)	0
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balances	\$ 1,368,127	\$ 258,945	S 223,616	\$ 1,850,688		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets					2,603,977	2,603,977
Restricted for debt service					146,758	146,758
Restricted for capital projects					38,717	38,717
Unrestricted					1,383,043	1,383,043
Total net position					S 4,172,495	S 4,172,495

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended July 31, 2023

	 General Fund	8	Debt Service Fund	Pi	apital ojects Fund	Total	Adj	ustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$ 549,474	S	497,677	S	-	\$ 1,047,151	\$	1,665	\$ 1,048,816
Penalty and interest	-		7,257		-	7,257		-	7,257
Investment income	48,152		6,321		31,014	85,487		-	85,487
Other income	 18,566					18,566		22,865	41,431
Total revenues	 616,192		511,255		31,014	1,158,461		24,530	1,182,991
Expenditures/Expenses									
Service operations:									
Professional fees	75,285		3,063		-	78,348		500	78,848
Contracted services	37,779		42,641		-	80,420		598	81,018
Repairs and maintenance	251,294		-		-	251,294		-	251,294
Other expenditures	25,872		11,953		485	38,310		-	38,310
Capital outlay	-		-		546,829	546,829		(546,829)	-
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	-		280,000		750,000	1,030,000	((1,030,000)	-
Interest and fees	 		123,826			123,826		(6,832)	116,994
Total expenditures/expenses	390,230		461,483	1	,297,314	2,149,027		(1,582,563)	566,464
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	225,962		49,772	(1	,266,300)	(990,566)		990,566	
Change in Net Position								616,527	616,527
Fund Balances/Net Position									
Beginning of year	 1,124,846		130,821	1	,489,916	2,745,583			3,555,968
End of year	\$ 1,350,808	\$	180,593	\$	223,616	8 1,755,017	S	0	\$ 4,172,495

Notes to Financial Statements
July 31, 2023

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District (the District) was created as Via Ranch Water Control and Improvement District No. 1 by an order of the Texas Water Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective December 11, 1985, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 51. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 51 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the landowners of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2023

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to Financial Statements
July 31, 2023

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2023

Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2023

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2023, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2022 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended July 31, 2023, the 2022 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2023

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 5,634,813
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	17,488
Amounts due from other governmental entities are not receivable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	22,865
Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	95,889
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(41,953)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(3,311,624)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ 2,417,478

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because of the following items.

Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2023

Change in fund balances.	\$ (990,566)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives. This is the amount by which capital outlay	
expenditures exceeded noncapitalized costs in the current period.	545,731
Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as	
expenditures. For the statement of activities, these transactions do	
not have any effect on net position.	1,030,000
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported	
as revenues for the funds, but are reported as revenues in the statement	
of activities.	24,530
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the	
use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	
expenditures in governmental funds.	 6,832
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 616,527

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At July 31, 2023, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the

Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2023

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in Texas CLASS, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. A Board of Trustees, elected by the participants, has oversight of Texas CLASS. The District's investments may be redeemed at any time. Texas CLASS attempts to minimize its exposure to market and credit risk through the use of various strategies and credit monitoring techniques and limits its investments in any issuer to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Texas CLASS are reported at net asset value.

At July 31, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities:

				М	aturi	ties in	Yea	rs				
			L	ess Than							Mor	e Than
Туре	F	air Value		1		1-5			6-10			10
Texas CLASS	S	1,553,553	S	1,553,553	S		0	\$		0	\$	0

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At July 31, 2023, the District's investments in Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown above are included in the balance sheet at July 31, 2023, as follows:

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 141,058
Investments	 1,553,553
Total	\$ 1,694,611

Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2023

Included in the following statement of net position captions:

Cash	\$ 91,058
Certificates of deposit	50,000
Short-term investments	 1,553,553
Total	\$ 1,694,611

Investment Income

Investment income of \$85,487 for the year ended July 31, 2023, consisted of interest income.

Fair Value Measurements

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of July 31, 2023:

• Pooled investments of \$1,553,553 are valued at fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended July 31, 2023, is presented as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year		Additions		Reclassifi- cations		Balances, End of Year	
Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land and improvements Construction in progress	\$	4,930,434 158,648	\$	545,731	s	158,648 (158,648)	s	5,634,813
Total governmental activities, net	\$	5,089,082	\$	545,731	S	0_	S	5,634,813

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended July 31, 2023, were as follows.

Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2023

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year		Decreases		lalances, End of Year	Ī	mounts Due in ne Year
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds Less discounts on bonds Add premiums on bonds	\$	4,225,000 41,843 170,675	\$	1,030,000 10,000 22,208	\$ 3,195,000 31,843 148,467	\$	295,0(X) - -
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	4,353,832	\$	1,042,208	\$ 3,311,624	\$	295,000

General Obligation Bonds

	Refunding Series 2016	Series 2020
Amounts outstanding, July 31, 2023	\$1,990,000	\$1,205,000
Interest rates	4.00%	1.75%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	March 1, 2024/2029	March 1, 2030/2033
Interest payment dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1
Callable dates*	March 1, 2023	March 1, 2022

^{*}Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at July 31, 2023.

Year	Р	rincipal	lı	nterest	Total
2024	\$	295,000	\$	100,688	\$ 395,688
2025		310,000		88,887	398,887
2026		325,000		76,488	401,488
2027		335,000		63,487	398,487
2028		355,000		50,088	405,088
2029-2033		1,575,000		88,475	 1,663,475
Total	\$	3,195,000	\$	468,113	\$ 3,663,113

Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2023

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 14,650,000
Bonds sold	10,535,000
Refunding bonds voted	14,650,000
Refunding bond authorization used	455,012

Note 5: Significant Bond Order and Commission Requirements

The Bond Orders require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended July 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.03000 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$500,956 on the taxable valuation of \$1,669,852,579 for the 2022 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues are \$391,450 of which \$341,106 has been paid and \$50,344 is due September 1, 2023.

Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held January 17, 1987, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended July 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.03308 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$552,387 on the taxable valuation of \$1,669,852,579 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

Note 7: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended July 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 636,300	\$ 549,474	\$	(86,826)		
Investment income	11,820	48,152		36,332		
Other income	 18,600	18,566		(34)		
Total revenues	666,720	 616,192		(50,528)		
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Professional fees	92,400	75,285		17,115		
Contracted services	29,900	37,779		(7,879)		
Repairs and maintenance	290,500	251,294		39,206		
Other expenditures	29,300	25,872		3,428		
Capital outlay	 50,000			50,000		
Total expenditures	 492,100	 390,230		101,870		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	174,620	225,962		51,342		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 1,124,846	 1,124,846				
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,299,466	\$ 1,350,808	\$	51,342		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information July 31, 2023

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal 2023.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Other Schedules Included Within This Report July 31, 2023

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 13-23
[X]	Schedule of Services
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Schedule of Services Year Ended July 31, 2023

Retail Water	Wholesale Water	X Drainage
Retail Wastewater	Wholesale Wastewater	Imigation
Parks/Recreation	Fire Protection	Security
Solid Waste/Carbage	Flood Control	Roads

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended July 31, 2023

Personnel (including benefits)			\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing	т 1	0 ((())	
Auditing \$ Legal		8,900 4,750	
Eggi Fingineering		1,635	
Financial advisor		-	75,285
Purchased Services for Resale			•
Bulk water and wastewater service purchases			-
Regional Water Fee			-
Contracted Services			
Bookkeeping	3	7,779	
General manager		-	
Appraisal district		-	
Taxcollector		-	
Security Other contracted services		-	27 770
Other contracted services			37,779
Utilities			-
Repairs and Maintenance			251,294
Administrative Expenditures			
Directors' fees		5,250	
Office supplies		2,606	
Insurance		5,412	
Other administrative expenditures	l	2,604	25,872
Capital Outlay			
Capitalized assets		-	
Expenditures not capitalized			-
Tap Connection Expenditures			-
Solid Was te Dis pos al			-
Fire Fighting			-
Parks and Recreation			-
Other Expenditures			
Total expenditures			\$ 390,230

Schedule of Temporary Investments July 31, 2023

	Interest	Maturity	Face	Inte	rued erest
C 15 1	Rate	Date	 Amount	Rece	ivable
General Fund					
Certificate of Deposit					
No. 12992	5,00%	07/24/24	\$ 50,000	\$	41
Texas CLASS	5,44%	Demand	1,165,550		
			 1,215,550		41
Debt Service Fund					
Texas CLASS	5,44%	Demand	 164,842		0
Capital Projects Fund					
Texas CLASS	5.44%	Demand	 223,161		0
Totals			\$ 1,603,553	\$	41

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended July 31, 2023

	Main T	Debt Service Taxes		
Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$	9,042	\$	6,781
Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes		(2,585)		(1,942)
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year		6,457		4,839
2022 Original Tax Levy		556,899		505,047
Additions and corrections		(4,512)		(4,091)
Adjusted tax kvy		552,387		500,956
Total to be accounted for		558,844		505,795
Tax collections: Current year		(545,502)		(494,712)
Prior years		(3,972)		(2,965)
Receivable, end of year	<u>\$</u>	9,370	\$	8,118
Receivable, by Years				
2022	\$	6,885	\$	6,244
2021		1,098		824
2020		779		585
2019		155		62
2018 2017		188 140		137 103
2017		86		103
2015		9		13
2014		2		2
2013		2		3
2012		2		3
2011		12		21
2010		12		21
Receivable, end of year	\$	9,370	\$	8,118

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended July 31, 2023

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 363,135,620	\$ 362,583,790	\$ 349,359,380	\$ 349,175,990
Improvements	1,359,710,415	1,164,435,496	1,156,401,110	1,140,571,811
Personal property	41,284,500	34,231,650	34,708,120	36,241,890
Exemptions	(94,277,956)	(84,915,510)	(73,917,880)	(73,892,408)
Total property valuations	\$ 1,669,852,579	\$ 1,476,335,426	\$ 1,466,550,730	\$ 1,452,097,283
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation				
Debt service tax rates	\$ 0.03000	\$ 0.03000	\$ 0.03000	\$ 0.02000
Maintenance tax rates*	0,03308	0.04000	0,04000	0.05000
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.06308	\$ 0.07000	\$ 0.07000	\$ 0.07000
Tax Levy	\$ 1,053,343	\$ 1,033,435	\$ 1,026,585	\$ 1,016,468
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levicd**	99%	99%	99%	99%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.00 on January 17, 1987

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
July 31, 2023

Refundi	ng Seri	es 2016
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Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31			Due Septer		rest Due ember 1, arch 1 Tot		Total
2024		\$	295,000	\$	79,600	\$	374,600
2025		•	310,000	*	67,800	•	377,800
2026			325,000		55,400		380,400
2027			335,000		42,400		377,400
2028			355,000		29,000		384,000
2029			370,000		14,800		384,800
	Totals	\$	1,990,000	\$	289,000	\$	2,279,000

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
July 31, 2023

		Series 2020						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31			Principal Due March 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1			Total	
2024		\$	_	\$	21,088	\$	21,088	
2025			-		21,087		21,087	
2026			-		21,088		21,088	
2027			-		21,087		21,087	
2028			-		21,088		21,088	
2029			-		21,087		21,087	
2030			295,000		21,088		316,088	
2031			305,000		15,925		320,925	
2032			320,000		10,587		330,587	
2033			285,000		4,988		289,988	
	Totals	\$	1,205,000	\$	179,113	\$	1,384,113	

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
July 31, 2023

Annual	Rec	uirement	s For	'All	Series
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		<u>-</u>						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31		Total Principal Due		Total Interest Due		Total Principal and Interest Due		
2024		\$	295,000	\$	100,688	\$	395,688	
2025		-1/	310,000	-ir	88,887	N/	398,887	
2026			325,000		76,488		401,488	
2027			335,000		63,487		398,487	
2028			355,000		50,088		405,088	
2029			370,000		35,887		405,887	
2030			295,000		21,088		316,088	
2031			305,000		15,925		320,925	
2032			320,000		10,587		330,587	
2033			285,000		4,988		289,988	
	Totals	\$	3,195,000	\$	468,113_	\$	3,663,113	

Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended July 31, 2023

			Во	nd Issues		
		efunding eries 2016	Se	eries 2020		Totals
Interest rates		4.00%		1.75%		
Dates interest payable		ptember 1/ March 1		ptember 1/ March 1		
Maturity dates		March 1, 2024/2029		March 1, 030/2033		
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	S	2,270,000	\$	1,955,000	\$	4,225,000
Retirements, principal		280,000		750,000		1,030,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	S	1,990,000	\$	1,205,000	\$	3,195,000
Interest paid during current year	S	88,000	\$	34,213	\$	122,213
Paying agent's name and address:						
Series 2016 - Regions Bank, Houston, Texas						
Series 2020 - Regions Bank, Houston, Texas						
Bond authority:	T:	ax Bonds	Otl	ner Bonds	R	efunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters	S	14,650,000		0	\$	14,650,000
Amount of authorization issued	S	10,535,000		0	\$	455,012
Remaining authorization to be issued	S	4,115,000		0	\$	14,194,988
Debt service fund eash and temporary investment balance	es as of	July 31, 2023:			_\$	250,827
Average annual debt service payment (principal and inter-	rest) for	remaining term o	of all deb	ot:	\$	366,311

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended July 31,

	Amounts				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 549,474	S 587,593	S 590,077	\$ 721,254	\$ 533,929
Investment income	48,152	3,937	1,106	4,747	12,365
Other income	18,566	17,800	17,458	29,957	18,045
Total revenues	616,192	609,330	608,641	755,958	564,339
Expenditures					
Service operations:					
Professional fees	75,285	72,196	82,859	93,706	79,291
Contracted services	37.779	25,544	17,510	17,263	18.050
Repairs and maintenance	251.294	194,311	1,299,050	311,975	761.701
Other expenditures	25,872	26,883	21,420	22,438	24,495
Capital outlay	-	97,148	-	-	-
Debt service, debt issuance costs				46,403	19.904
Total expenditures	390,230	416,082	1,420,839	491,785	903.441
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	225,962	193,248	(812,198)	264,173	(339,102)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Interfund transfers in (out)	-	45,258	97,832	-	(115,016)
Reimbursement from governmental entity			989,993		
Total other (inancing sources (uses)	0	45,258	1,087,825	0	(115,016)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures					
and Other Financing Uses	225,962	238,506	275,627	264,173	(454,118)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1.124.846	886,340	610,713	346,540	800.658
Fund Balance, Fnd of Year	\$ 1,350,808	S 1,124,846	S 886,340	\$ 610,713	\$ 346,540
Total Active Retail Water Connections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
89.2 %	96.4 %	96.9 %	95.4 %	94.6	
7.8	0.7	0.2	0.6	2.2	
3.0	2.9	2.9	4.0	3.2	
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
12.2	11.9	13.6	12.4	14.1	
6.1	4.2	2.9	2.3	3.2	
40.8	31.9	213.4	41.3	135.0	
4.2	4.4	3.5	3.0	4.3	
-	15.9	-	-	-	
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	6.1	3.5	
63.3	68.3	233.4	65.1	160.1	
36.7 %	31.7 %	(133.4) %	34.9 %	(60.1)	