Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2022

**Annual Requirements For All Series** 

		7 1111111111111111111111111111111111111					
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31		Total Principal Due		Total Interest Due		Total Principal a Interest D	
2023		\$	1,505,000	\$	279,675	\$	1,784,675
2024			1,580,000		221,219		1,801,219
2025			605,000		159,750		764,750
2026			615,000		141,600		756,600
2027			655,000		117,000		772,000
2028			675,000		90,800		765,800
2029			700,000		63,800		763,800
2030			440,000		35,800		475,800
2031			455,000		18,200		473,200
	Totals	\$	7,230,000	\$	1,127,844	\$	8,357,844

## Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended August 31, 2022

Bo	 1 – – -	

	•		~		•		Totals
	4.00%		3.125%	2			
(	October 1/ April 1	_		(	October 1/ April 1		
April 1, 2023/2024		April 1, 2023/2024		April 1, 2023/2031			
\$	3,575,000	\$	815,000	\$	4,290,000	\$	8,680,000
	765,000		635,000		50,000		1,450,000
\$	2,810,000	\$	180,000	\$	4,240,000	\$	7,230,000
\$	143,000	\$	24,675	\$	162,650	\$	330,325
	Sc	October 1/ April 1  April 1, 2023/2024  \$ 3,575,000  765,000  \$ 2,810,000	Series 2010 Se  4.00%  October 1/ OApril 1  April 1, 2023/2024 20  \$ 3,575,000 \$  765,000 \$	Series 2010         Series 2014           4.00%         3.125%           October 1/ April 1         October 1/ April 1           April 1, 2023/2024         April 1, 2023/2024           \$ 3,575,000         \$ 815,000           765,000         635,000           \$ 2,810,000         \$ 180,000	Series 2010         Series 2014         Series 2014           4.00%         3.125%         2           October 1/ April 1         October 1/ April 1         0           April 1, 2023/2024         April 1, 2023/2024         2           \$ 3,575,000         \$ 815,000         \$           765,000         635,000         \$           \$ 2,810,000         \$ 180,000         \$	Series 2010         Series 2014         Series 2016           4.00%         3.125%         2.000% to 4.000%           October 1/ April 1         October 1/ April 1         October 1/ April 1           April 1, 2023/2024         April 1, 2023/2024         April 1, 2023/2031           \$ 3,575,000         \$ 815,000         \$ 4,290,000           \$ 2,810,000         \$ 180,000         \$ 4,240,000	Series 2010         Series 2014         Series 2016           4.00%         3.125%         2.000% to 4.000%           October 1/ April 1         October 1/ April 1         October 1/ April 1           April 1, 2023/2024         April 1, 2023/2024         April 1, 2023/2031           \$ 3,575,000         \$ 815,000         \$ 4,290,000           \$ 765,000         635,000         50,000           \$ 2,810,000         \$ 180,000         \$ 4,240,000

Paying agent's name and address:

Series 2010 - U.S. Bank, N.A., Houston, Texas

Series 2014 - U.S. Bank, N.A., Houston, Texas

Series 2016 - Regions Bank, Houston, Texas

Bond authority:		ax Bonds	Other Bonds	F	Refunding Bonds	
Amount authorized by voters	\$	56,548,000	0	\$	29,900,000	
Amount issued	\$	25,550,000	0	\$	1,378,685	#
Remaining to be issued	\$	30,998,000	0	\$	28,521,315	
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balances as of August	\$	1,121,227				
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remain	ing t <b>er</b> m	of all debt:		\$	928,649	

<sup>\*</sup>The District has issued \$26,105,000 of refunding bonds; however, of such amount, \$1,378,685 has been applied to the voter-authorized bonds and the remaining \$24,726,315 has been issued pursuant to Chapter 1207 of the Texas Government Code.

# Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended August 31,

	Amounts							
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018			
General Fund								
Revenues								
Property taxes	S 564,501	\$ 556,467	\$ 547,246	\$ 560,780	S 704,043			
Strategic Partnership Agreement	110,396	106,073	106,741	130,284	141,432			
Water service	439,193	400,245	381,801	421,380	425,940			
Sewer service	468,167	443,833	388,605	432,143	404,779			
Surface water conversion	811,178	657,230	698,621	553,035	548,970			
Penalty and interest	22,037	5.628	11.589	15.739	13,521			
Tap connection and inspection fees	300	-	660	95,645	175			
Investment income	13,772	27.179	85.961	92.431	45,801			
Other income	50,014	43.240	35.036	47.677	33,204			
Total revenues	2,479.558	2,239.895	2,256.260	2.349.114	2.317,865			
Expenditures								
Service operations:								
Purchased services	1,582,724	1,162,886	1,132,214	963,595	863,066			
Professional fees	194,591	166,295	163,952	129,135	111,312			
Contracted services	353,434	305,818	298,776	284,405	271,922			
Solid waste	317,578	300.443	286.400	265.876	255,192			
Utilities	64,164	68.448	79.160	76.534	79,085			
Repairs and maintenance	351,204	291.742	241.299	229.376	428,723			
Other expenditures	84,192	101,534	110,467	103,156	63,004			
Tap connections	-	-	-	35,150	-			
Capital outlay	146,295	826,241	80,728	51,325	2,201			
Total expenditures	3,094,182	3,223.407	2,392.996	2.138,552	2.074,505			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(614,624)	(983,512)	(136,736)	210,562	243,360			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Interfund transfers in (out)	(49,177)	(26.275)	180.887	(1.508)	714			
Insurance proceeds				_	13,560			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(49,177)	(26.275)	180.887	(1.508)	14,274			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other								
Financing Sources Over Expenditures								
and Other Financing Uses	(663,801)	(1,009,787)	44,151	209,054	257,634			
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,357.973	4,367.760	4,323.609	4.114.555	3.856,921			
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ 2,694.172</u>	\$ 3,357.973	\$ 4,367.760	\$ 4.323.609	S 4.114,555			
Total Active Retail Water Connections	1,054	1,051	1,051	1,054	1,046			
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	999	997	998	1.000	993			

**Percent of Fund Total Revenues** 

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
22.8 %	24.9 %	24.3 %	23.9 %	30.4
4.4	4.7	4.7	5.6	6.1
17.7	17.9	16.9	17.9	18.4
18.9	19.8	17.2	18.4	17.5
32.7	29.3	31.0	23.5	23.7
0.9	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.6
0.0	-	0.0	4.1	0.0
0.6	1.2	3.8	3.9	1.9
2.0	1.9	1.6	2.0	1.4
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
63.8	51.9	50.2	41.0	37.2
7.8	7.4	7.3	5.5	4.8
14.3	13.7	13.2	12.1	11.8
12.8	13.4	12.7	11.3	11.0
2.6	3.1	3.5	3.2	3.4
14.2	13.0	10.7	9.8	18.5
	4.5	4.9	4.4	2.7
3.4			1.5	-
3.4	-	-	1.3	=
	36.9	3.6	2.2	
-				0.1 89.5

# Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended August 31,

	Amounts								
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018				
Debt Service Fund									
Revenues									
Property taxes	S 1,606,657	S 1,583,791	\$ 1,557,432	\$ 1,593,860	S 1,583,826				
Penalty and interest	15,535	36,607	22,922	14,852	5,911				
Investment income	4,955	8,776	29,078	38,110	23,256				
Total revenues	1.627.147	1.629.174	1,609.432	1,646,822	1,612,993				
Expenditures									
Current:									
Professional fees	4.117	11.541	6.132	3,974	1,266				
Contracted services	33.783	28.771	24.480	31,487	25,983				
Other expenditures	6.927	5.274	4.665	2,857	2,576				
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	1.450.000	1.395.000	1,315.000	1,265,000	1,225,000				
Interest and fees	332,131	381.543	425.606	461,710	498,601				
Total expenditures	1,826,958	1,822,129	1,775,883	1,765,028	1,753,426				
Deficiency of Revenues Over									
Expenditures	(199.811)	(192.955)	(166.451)	(118,206)	(140,433)				
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,262,155	1,455,110	1,621,561	1,739,767	1,880,200				
Fund Balance, End of Year	S 1.062.344	S 1.262.155	\$ 1,455.110	\$ 1,621,561	S 1,739,767				

Percent of Fund	Total Revenues
-----------------	----------------

	2018	2019			2020		2021		2022
8.2	% 9:		96.8	o,o	96.8	ď, á	97.2	0,0	98.7
0.4	1		0.9		1.4		2.3		1.0
1.4		_	2.3		1.8		0.5		0.3
0.0	10	_	100.0		100.0		100.0		100.0
0.1		:	0.2		0.4		0.7		0.3
1.6			1.9		1.5		1.8		2.1
0.2	ı		0.2		0.3		0.3		0.4
5.9	7.		76.8		81.7		85.6		89.1
0.9	3		28.1		26.4		23.4		20.4
8.7	10:	_	107.2	_	110.3	_	111.8		112.3
8.7	% (3	) (	(7.2	9.6	(10.3)	%	(11.8)	96	(12.3)

## Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended August 31, 2022

Complete District mailing address: Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 4

c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P. 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 2400

Houston, Texas 77056

District business telephone number: 713.623.4531

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year: \$ 7,200

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires	F	ees*		pense ursements	Title at Year-end	
Mashhood A. Shah	Elected 05/20- 05/24	\$	6,300	\$	1,525	President	
	Elected 05/22-	-12	V,2 U V	47	7,020	Vice	
Charles Matheson	05/26		7,200		349	President	
	Elected 05/22-						
Matthew Knies	05/26		1,500		195	Secretary	
Glenn Gesoff	Elected 05/20- 05/24		2,250		1,204	Assistant Secretary	
	Appointed 01/21-						
John Schneller IV	05/24		2,250		1,129	Director	

<sup>\*</sup>Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

May 20, 2020

# Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2022

		Fees and Expense	
Consultants	Date Hired	Reimbursements	Title
Costello, Inc.	03/05/06	\$ 182,272	Engineer
Fort Bend Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action	18,205	Appraiser
FORVIS, LLP	07/30/93	24,400	Auditor
Masterson Advisors LLC	05/14/18	0	Financial Advisor
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	04/21/03	66,465	Bookkeeper
Municipal District Services, L.L.C.	04/01/09	1,259,037	Operator
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	03/29/99	4,117	Delinquent Tax Attorney
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	02/04/86	109,997	Attorney
Wheeler & Associates, Inc.	10/15/97	16,034	Tax Assessor/ Collector
Investment Officers	_		
Mark M. Burton and Ghia Lewis	07/19/04	N/A	Bookkeepers

Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District Fort Bend County, Texas Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements July 31, 2022

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## FORV/S

2700 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 1500 / Houston, TX 77056 P 713.499.4600 / F 713.499.4699 forvis.com

#### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District Fort Bend County, Texas

#### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District (the District), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of July 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District Page 3

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as listed in the table of contents. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas December 8, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis
July 31, 2022

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
July 31, 2022

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
July 31, 2022

#### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Summary of Net Position

	 2022	2021			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 2,783,641 5,089,082	\$	2,740,405 4,930,434		
Total assets	 7,872,723		7,670,839		
Deferred outflows of resources	110,234		124,147		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 7,982,957	\$	7,794,986		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 4,353,832 73,157	\$	4,647,570 62,757		
Total liabilities	 4,426,989		4,710,327		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	 2,327,212 94,868 1,133,888		2,093,535 99,207 891,917		
Total net position	\$ 3,555,968	\$	3,084,659		

The total net position of the District increased by \$471,309, or about 15 percent. The majority of the increase in net position is related to property tax revenues exceeding services expenses. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
July 31, 2022

#### **Summary of Changes in Net Position**

	2022	2021
Revenues:		
Property taxes	\$ 1,034,392	\$ 1,025,990
Other revenues	36,576	1,020,430
Total revenues	1,070,968	2,046,420
Expenses:		
Services	475,845	1,475,978
Debt service	123,814	252,751
Total expenses	599,659	1,728,729
Change in net position	471,309	317,691
Net position, beginning of year	3,084,659	2,766,968
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,555,968	\$ 3,084,659

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended July 31, 2022, were \$2,745,583, an increase of \$23,064 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$238,506. This increase was primarily due to property tax revenues and a transfer from the capital projects fund exceeding service operations expenditures in the current year.

The debt service fund's fund balance decreased by \$16,881 because bond principal and interest requirements, contracted services expenditures and other expenditures were greater than property tax revenues generated.

The capital projects fund's fund balance decreased by \$198,561, primarily due to capital outlay expenditures and a transfer to the general operating fund.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to capital outlay expenditures being higher than anticipated and property taxes revenues and professional fees and repairs and maintenance expenditures being lower than anticipated. In addition, a transfer received from the capital projects fund was not budgeted. The fund balance as of July 31, 2022, was expected to be \$1,033,390 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$1,124,846.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
July 31, 2022

#### Capital Assets and Related Debt

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

#### Capital Assets

		2022	2021
Land and improvements Construction in progress	\$	4,930,434 158,648	\$ 4,930,434 -
Total capital assets	<u>\$</u>	5,089,082	\$ 4,930,434

During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows:

Construction and engineering fees related to the drainage channel	
storm sewer outfall improvements	\$ 158,648

#### Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 4,647,570
Decreases in long-term debt	 293,738
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 4,353,832

At July 31, 2022, the District had \$4,115,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the drainage systems within the District.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "A+" from Standard & Poor's. The District's Refunding Series 2016 and Series 2020 bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Co.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
July 31, 2022

#### **Other Relevant Factors**

#### Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bonded indebtedness) and abolish the District within 90 days.

# Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet July 31, 2022

	General Fund			Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total	Adjustments			Statement of Net Position		
Assets														
Cash	\$	29,607	S	53,318	\$	460	S	83,385	\$	-	S	83,385		
Certificates of deposit		200,000		-		-		200,000		-		200,000		
Short-term investments		790.894		132.347		1.506.253		2.429,494		-		2.429.494		
Receivables:														
Property taxes		9,042		6,781		-		15,823		-		15,823		
Other		54.605		-		-		54.605		-		54.605		
Accrued interest		334		-		-		334		-		334		
Interfund receivables		69,844		15,000		-		84,844		(84,844)		-		
Capital assets:														
Land and improvements		-		-		-		-		4,930,434		4,930,434		
Construction in progress			_		_					158,648		158.648		
Total assets		1,154,326		207,446	_	1,506,713	_	2,868,485		5,004,238		7,872,723		
Deferred Outflows of Resources														
Deferred amount on debt refundings		0		0		0		0		110,234		110.234		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,154,326	S	207,446	\$	1,506,713	S	2.868,485	\$	5,114,472	S	7,982,957		

# Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) July 31, 2022

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	S 5,438	.s -	S 2,896	\$ 8,334	S -	\$ 8,334
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	-	50,922	50,922
Retainage payable	-		13,901	13,901		13,901
Interfund payables	15,000	69,844	-	84,844	(84,844)	-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	-	-	-	-	280,000	280,000
Due after one year	-				4.073,832	4,073.832
Total liabilities	20,438	69,844	16,797	107,079	4,319,910	4,426,989
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred property tax revenues	9,042	6,781	0	15,823	(15,823)	0
Fund Balances/Net Position						
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Unlimited tax bonds	-	130,821	-	130,821	(130,821)	-
Water, sewer and drainage	-	-	1,489,916	1.489.916	(1.489,916)	-
Unassigned	1,124,846			1,124,846	(1,124,846)	-
Total fund balances	1,124,846	130.821	1,489,916	2.745.583	(2.745,583)	0
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund halances	S 1,154,326	\$ 207,446	S 1,506,713	\$ 2,868,485		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets					2,327,212	2,327,212
Restricted for debt service					86,680	86,680
Restricted for capital projects					8,188	8,188
Unrestricted					1,133,888	1,133,888
Total net position					S 3.555,968	\$ 3,555.968

### Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended July 31, 2022

	General Fund					Capital Projects Fund		Total	Ad	justments	Statement of Activities		
Revenues													
Property taxes	S	587,593	S	440,464	S	-	\$	1,028,057	\$	6,335	S	1,034,392	
Penalty and interest		-		5,760		-		5,760		-		5,760	
Investment income		3,937		2,445		6,634		13,016		-		13,016	
Other income		17,800			_			17,800				17,800	
Total revenues		609,330		448,669		6,634		1,064,633		6,335		1,070,968	
Expenditures/Expenses													
Service operations:													
Professional fees		72,196		2,550		-		74,746		202		74,948	
Contracted services		25,544		41,631		-		67,175		688		67,863	
Repairs and maintenance		194,311		-		-		194,311		97,148		291,459	
Other expenditures		26,883		14,293		399		41,575		-		41,575	
Capital outlay		97,148		-		159,538		256,686		(256,686)		-	
Debt service:													
Principal retirement		-		275,000		-		275,000		(275,000)		-	
Interest and fees		-		132,076				132,076		(8,262)		123,814	
Total expenditures/expenses		416,082		465,550		159,937		1,041,569		(441,910)		599,659	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
Over Expenditures		193,248		(16,881)		(153,303)		23,064		448,245			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)													
Interfund transfers in (out)		45,258				(45,258)	_						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Transfers In Over Expenditures and													
Transfers Out		238,506		(16,881)		(198,561)		23,064		(23,064)			
Change in Net Position										471,309		471,309	
Fund Balances/Net Position													
Beginning of year		886,340		147,702	_	1,688,477	_	2,722,519				3,084,659	
End of year	S	1,124,846	S	130,821	S	1,489,916	\$	2,745,583	\$	0	S	3,555,968	

Notes to Financial Statements
July 31, 2022

#### Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District (the District) was created as Via Ranch Water Control and Improvement District No. 1 by an order of the Texas Water Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective December 11, 1985, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 51. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 51 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the landowners of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

#### Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

## Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

#### Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

*Unassigned* – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to Financial Statements
July 31, 2022

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related eash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

# Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

#### Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Operating transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

#### Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, mutual funds, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

#### Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

## Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2022, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2021 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended July 31, 2022, the 2021 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

#### Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

#### Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

#### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

# Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

#### Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 5,089,082
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	15,823
Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	110,234
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(50,922)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(4,353,832)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ 810,385

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because of the following items.

# Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

Change in fund balances.	\$ 23,064
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded noncapitalized costs in the current period.	158,648
Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as expenditures. For the statement of activities, these transactions do not have any effect on net position.	275,000
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues for the funds, but are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	6,335
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	8,262
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 471,309

#### Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

#### Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At July 31, 2022, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the

## Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in Texas CLASS, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. A Board of Trustees, elected by the participants, has oversight of Texas CLASS. The District's investments may be redeemed at any time. Texas CLASS attempts to minimize its exposure to market and credit risk through the use of various strategies and credit monitoring techniques and limits its investments in any issuer to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

At July 31, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Maturities in Years											
		Less Than										re Than	
Туре	F	air Value		1					6-10			10	
Texas CLASS	\$	2,429,494	\$	2,429,494	\$		0	\$		0	\$	0	

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At July 31, 2022, the District's investments in Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

#### Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown above are included in the balance sheet at July 31, 2022, as follows.

# Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 283,385
Investments	 2,429,494
Total	 2,712,879
Included in the following statement of net position captions:	
Cash	\$ 83,385
Certificates of deposit	200,000
Short-term investments	 2,429,494
Total	\$ 2,712,879

#### Investment Income

Investment income of \$13,016 for the year ended July 31, 2022, consisted of interest income.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of July 31, 2022:

 Pooled investments of \$2,429,494 are valued at fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

### Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended July 31, 2022, is presented as follows:

Governmental Activities	В	alances, eginning of Year	Additions		Balances, End of Year		
Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land and improvements Construction in progress	\$	4,930,434	\$	- 158,648	\$	4,930,434 158,648	
Total governmental activities, net	\$	4,930,434	\$	158,648	\$	5,089,082	

# Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

### Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended July 31, 2022, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year De		Beginning End		alances, End of Year	Due in	
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds Less discounts on bonds Add premiums on bonds	\$	4,500,000 44,647 192,217	\$ 275,000 2,804 21,542	\$	4,225,000 41,843 170,675	\$	280,000 - -
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities		4,647,570	\$ 293,738	_\$_	4,353,832	\$	280,000

#### General Obligation Bonds

	Refunding Series 2016	Series 2020			
Amounts outstanding, July 31, 2022	\$2,270,000	\$1,955,000			
Interest rates	3.00% to 4.00%	1,75%			
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	March 1, 2023/2029	March 1, 2030/2035			
Interest payment dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1			
Callable dates*	March 1, 2023	March 1, 2022			

<sup>\*</sup>Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

#### Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at July 31, 2022.

# Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

Year	Р	rincipal	Interest		Total	
2023	\$	280,000	\$	122,213	\$ 402,213	
2024		295,000		113,813	408,813	
2025		310,000		102,013	412,013	
2026		325,000		89,613	414,613	
2027		335,000		76,613	411,613	
2028-2032		1,645,000		199,202	1,844,202	
2033-2035		1,035,000		36,751	 1,071,751	
Total	\$	4,225,000	\$	740,218	\$ 4,965,218	

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 14,650,000
Bonds sold	10,535,000
Refunding bonds voted	14,650,000
Refunding bond authorization used	455,012

#### Note 5: Significant Bond Order and Commission Requirements

- A. The Bond Orders require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended July 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.0300 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$442,901 on the taxable valuation of \$1,476,335,426 for the 2021 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues are \$401,337 of which \$340,231 has been paid and \$61,106 is due September 1, 2022.
- B. During the current year, the District transferred \$45,258 from the capital projects fund to the general fund. The transfer was in accordance with the rules of the Commission.

#### Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

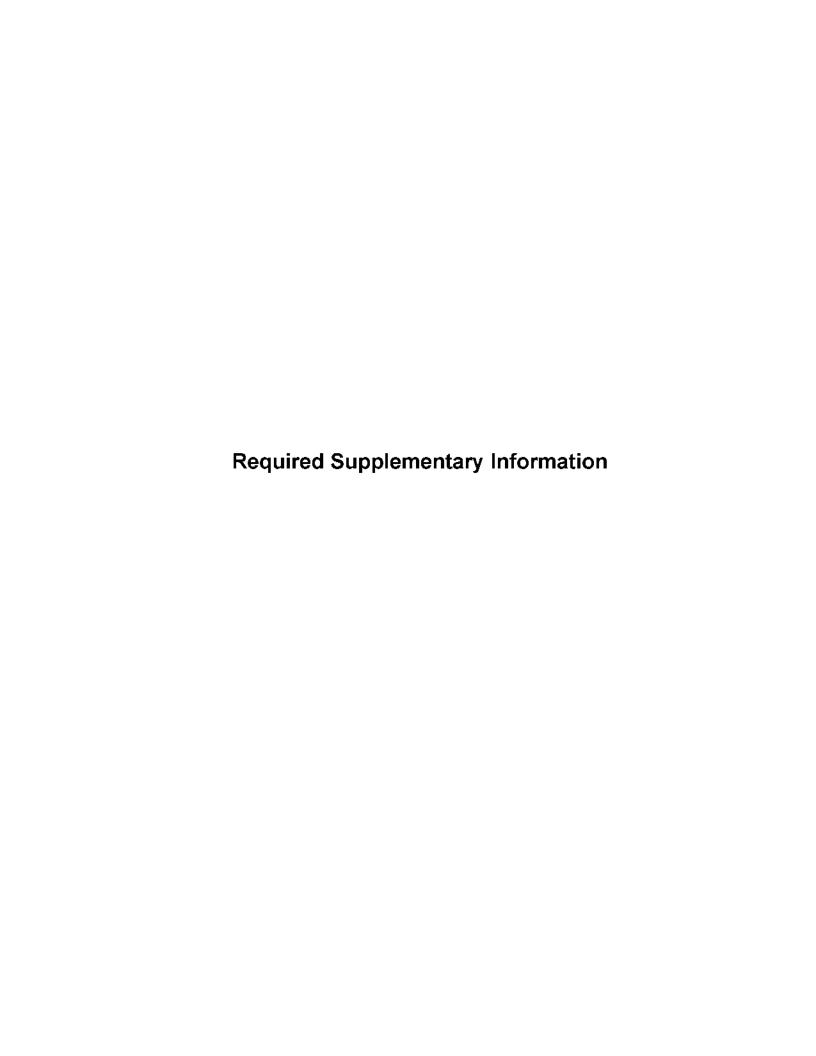
At an election held January 17, 1987, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended July 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.0400 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$590,534 on the taxable valuation of \$1,476,335,426 for the 2021 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

# Notes to Financial Statements July 31, 2022

### Note 7: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

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## Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended July 31, 2022

	(	Original			Variance Favorable	
	Budget		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	607,300	\$ 587,593	\$	(19,707)	
Investment income		800	3,937		3,137	
Other income		18,000	17,800		(200)	
Total revenues		626,100	 609,330		(16,770)	
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Professional fees		91,800	72,196		19,604	
Contracted services		21,900	25,544		(3,644)	
Repairs and maintenance		280,000	194,311		85,689	
Other expenditures		35,350	26,883		8,467	
Capital outlay		50,000	97,148		(47,148)	
Total expenditures		479,050	 416,082		62,968	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		147,050	193,248		46,198	
Other Financing Sources						
Interfund transfers in			 45,258		45,258	
Excess of Revenues and Transfers In Over Expenditures and Transfers Out		147,050	238,506		91,456	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		886,340	 886,340			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,033,390	\$ 1,124,846	\$	91,456	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information July 31, 2022

### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal 2022.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



# Other Schedules Included Within This Report July 31, 2022

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 13-24
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

# Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended July 31, 2022

Retail Water	Wholesale Water	_X_Drainage
Retail Wastewater	Wholesale Wastewater	Irrigation
Parks/Recreation	Fire Protection	Security
Solid Waste/Garbage	Flood Control	Roads

# Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended July 31, 2022

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 17,900 41,873 12,423	72,196
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		-
Regional Water Fee		-
Contracted Services  Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security	25,544 - - -	
Other contracted services	<u>-</u>	25,544
Utilities Repairs and Maintenance		- 194,311
Administrative Expenditures  Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	6,600 1,805 5,016 13,462	26,883
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	97,148	97,148
Tap Connection Expenditures		_
Solid Waste Disposal		-
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		
Total expenditures		\$ 416,082

# Schedule of Temporary Investments July 31, 2022

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount		crued erest eivable
General Fund					
Certificates of Deposit					
No. 91300011966726	0.25%	08/23/22	\$ 50,000	\$	94
No. 12992	1,94%	07/25/23	50,000		16
No. 4191602	0.20%	09/23/22	50,000		76
No. 6000047099	0.40%	11/03/22	50,000		148
Texas CLASS	2,02%	Demand	790,894		
			990,894		334
Debt Service Fund					
Texas CLASS	2.02%	Demand	132,347		0
Capital Projects Fund					
Texas CLASS	2,02%	Demand	 1,506,253		0
Totals			\$ 2,629,494	\$	334

# Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended July 31, 2022

	Main T	Debt Service Taxes		
Receivable, Beginning of Year Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	\$	5,577 524	\$	3,911 433
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year		6,101		4,344
2021 Original Tax Levy		592,446		444,335
Additions and corrections		(1,912)		(1,434)
Adjusted tax levy		590,534		442,901
Total to be accounted for		596,635		447,245
Tax collections: Current year		(583,236)		(437,427)
Prior years		(4,357)		(3,037)
Receivable, end of year	\$	9,042	\$	6,781
Receivable, by Years				
2021	\$	7,298	\$	5,474
2020		1,094		820
2019		187		75
2018		197		145
2017		140		103
2016		87		101
2015		9		13
2014		2		2
2013		2		3
2012 2011		2 12		3 21
2010		12		21
		12		
Receivable, end of year	\$	9,042	\$	6,781

# Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended July 31, 2022

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 362,583,790	\$ 349,359,380	\$ 349,175,990	\$ 347,680,940
Improvements	1,164,435,496	1,156,401,110	1,140,571,811	1,115,995,068
Personal property	34,231,650	34,708,120	36,241,890	36,128,464
Exemptions	(84,915,510)	(73,917,880)	(73,892,408)	(73,699,090)
Total property valuations	\$ 1,476,335,426	\$ 1,466,550,730	\$ 1,452,097,283	\$ 1,426,105,382
Tax Rates per S100 Valuation				
Debt service tax rates	\$ 0.0300	\$ 0.0300	\$ 0.0200	\$ 0.0275
Maintenance tax rates*	0.0400	0.0400	0,0500	0.0375
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.0700	\$ 0.0700	\$ 0.0700	\$ 0.0650
Tax Levy	\$ 1,033,435	\$ 1,026,585	\$ 1,016,468	\$ 926,968
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	99%	99%	99%	99%

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.00 on January 17, 1987

<sup>\*\*</sup>Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
July 31, 2022

Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31			Principal Due March 1	Sep	rest Due tember 1, larch 1		Total
2023		\$	280,000	\$	88,000	\$	368,000
2024			295,000		79,600		374,600
2025			310,000		67,800		377,800
2026			325,000		55,400		380,400
2027			335,000		42,400		377,400
2028			355,000		29,000		384,000
2029			370,000		14,800		384,800
	Totals	\$	2,270,000	\$	377,000	\$	2,647,000

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
July 31, 2022

		Series 2020						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Fiscal Years		Principal Due March 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1			Total	
2023		\$	_	\$	34,213	\$	34,213	
2024		•	_		34,213	-	34,213	
2025			_		34,213		34,213	
2026			_		34,213		34,213	
2027			-		34,213		34,213	
2028			-		34,213		34,213	
2029			-		34,213		34,213	
2030			295,000		34,213		329,213	
2031			305,000		29,050		334,050	
2032			320,000		23,713		343,713	
2033			330,000		18,113		348,113	
2034			345,000		12,338		357,338	
2035			360,000		6,300		366,300	
	Totals	\$	1,955,000	\$	363,218	\$	2,318,218	

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
July 31, 2022

Annual	Requirement	ts For All	Series
--------	-------------	------------	--------

Due During Fiscal Years Ending July 31	Fiscal Years		Total Principal Due	ncipal Interest		Total Principal and Interest Due		
2023		\$	280,000	\$	122,213	\$	402,213	
		rÞ	· ·	rb	•	-b	•	
2024			295,000		113,813		408,813	
2025			310,000		102,013		412,013	
2026			325,000		89,613		414,613	
2027			335,000		76,613		411,613	
2028			355,000		63,213		418,213	
2029			370,000		49,013		419,013	
2030			295,000		34,213		329,213	
2031			305,000		29,050		334,050	
2032			320,000		23,713		343,713	
2033			330,000		18,113		348,113	
2034			345,000		12,338		357,338	
2035			360,000 6,300		6,300		366,300	
	Totals	\$	4,225,000	\$	740,218	\$	4,965,218	

# Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended July 31, 2022

			Во	nd Issues		
		lefunding eries 2016	Se	eries 2020		Totals
Interest rates	3.0	0% to 4.00%		1.75%		
Dates interest payable	September 1/ March 1			ptember 1/ March 1		
Maturity dates		March 1, March 1, 2023/2029 2030/2035				
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	2,545,000	\$	1,955,000	\$	4,500,000
Retirements, principal		275,000				275,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	2,270,000	\$	1,955,000	\$	4,225,000
Interest paid during current year	\$	96,250	\$	34,213	\$	130,463
Paying agent's name and address:						
Series 2016 - Regions Bank, Houston, Texas Series 2020 - Regions Bank, Houston, Texas						
Bond authority:	T	ax Bonds	Otl	ner Bonds	R	efunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters	\$	14,650,000		0	\$	14,650,000
Amount of authorization issued	-\$	10,535,000		0	\$	455,012
Remaining authorization to be issued	\$	4,115,000		Ű	\$	14,194,988
Debt service fund eash and temporary investment balan	ices as of	July 31, 2022:			\$	185,665
Average annual debt service payment (principal and int	erest) for	remaining term of	of all deb	ot:	\$	381,940

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended July 31,

	Amounts						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		
General Fund							
Revenues							
Property taxes	S 587.593	\$ 590,077	S 721,254	S 533.929	\$ 537,933		
Investment income	3.937	1.106	4,747	12.365	7,159		
Other income	17,800	17,458	29,957	18,045	17,465		
Total revenues	609,330	608,641	755,958	564,339	562,557		
Fxpenditures							
Service operations:							
Professional fees	72,196	82,859	93,706	79,291	104,762		
Contracted services	25.544	17.510	17,263	18.050	17,325		
Repairs and maintenance	194.311	1.299.050	311,975	761.701	281,105		
Other expenditures	26.883	21.420	22,438	24.495	19,891		
Capital outlay	97,148	-	-	-	-		
Debt service, debt issuance costs			46,403	19,904			
Total expenditures	416.082	1.420.839	491,785	903.441	423,083		
Fxcess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	193.248	(812.198)	264,173	(339.102)	139,474		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Interfund transfers in (out)	45,258	97,832	-	(115,016)			
Reimbursement from governmental entity		989,993					
Total other financing sources (uses)	45,258	1,087,825	0	(115,016)	0		
Fxcess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over							
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	238,506	275,627	264,173	(454.118)	139,474		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	886,340	610,713	346,540	800,658	661,184		
Fund Balance, Fnd of Year	S 1,124.846	\$ 886.340	S 610,713	S 346.540	\$ 800,658		
otal Active Retail Water Connections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N//		
otal Active Retail Wastewater Connections	N/A	N/A	Ν/Λ	Ν/Λ	N//		

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
96.4 %	96.9 %	95.4 %	94.6 %	95.6
0.7	0.2	0.6	2.2	1.3
2.9	2.9	4.0	3.2	3.1
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
11.9	13.6	12.4	14.1	18.6
4.2	2.9	2.3	3.2	3.1
31.9	213.4	41.3	135.0	50.0
4.4	3.5	3.0	4.3	3.5
15.9	-	-	-	-
		6.1	3.5	-
68.3	233.4	65.1	160.1	75.2
31.7 %	(133.4) %	34.9 %	(60.1) %	24.8

# Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended July 31,

	Amounts							
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018			
Debt Service Fund								
Revenues								
Property taxes	S 440.464	\$ 439,742	S 289.549	\$ 391,815	S 395.389			
Penalty and interest	5.760	12,362	16.375	6,624	7.840			
Investment income	2.445	371	1.729	3,743	3.037			
Total revenues	448,669	452,475	307,653	402,182	406,266			
Expenditures								
Current:								
Professional fees	2.550	3,458	1.714	-	1.541			
Contracted services	41,631	40,563	38,594	40,713	39,236			
Other expenditures	14,293	11,028	10,827	11,749	13,415			
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	275.000	265,000	105.000	365,000	350,000			
Interest and fees	132.076	123,299	108.195	122,999	137.822			
Total expenditures	465,550	443,348	264,330	540,461	542,014			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures	(16,881)	9,127	43,323	(138,279)	(135,748)			
Other Financing Sources								
Interfund transfers in	<del>-</del>			115,016				
Fxcess (Deficiency) of Revenues and								
Transfers In Over Expenditures								
and Transfers Out	(16,881)	9,127	43,323	(23,263)	(135,748)			
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	147.702	138,575	95.252	118,515	254.263			
Fund Balance, End of Year	S 130,821	\$ 147,702	S 138,575	\$ 95,252	S 118,515			

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

_	2018		2019		2020		2021	2022	
<b>3</b> %	97.3	9.0	97.4	9.6	94.1	9%	97.2	2 %	98.2
)	1.9		1.7		5.3		2.7	3	1.3
;	0.8	_	0.9		0.6	_	0.1	5	0.5
_	100.0		100.0		100.0		100.0	<u> </u>	100.0
ı	0.4		-		0.6		0.8	6	0.6
Ţ	9.7		10.1		12.5		9.0	3	9.3
ş	3.3		2.9		3.5		2.4	2	3.2
2	86.2		90.7		34.1		58.6	3	61.3
<u>)                                    </u>	33.9	_	30.6		35.2	_	27.2	4	29.4
<u>.                                    </u>	133.5		134.3		85.9	_	98.0	8	103.8
\$ \$ 0z	(33.5	0.6	(34.3)	0/2	14.1	04	2.0	8) %	(2.5

# Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended July 31, 2022

Complete District mailing address: Grand Lakes Water Control and Improvement District

Term of

c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P. 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 2400

Houston, Texas 77056

District business telephone number: 713.623,4531

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36,054 and 49,054):

October 25, 2018

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

\$ 7,20

Board Members	Office Elected & Expires	Fees*	Expense Reimbursements	Title at Year-end
	•			
	Elected			
	05/22-			
Philip Fruge	05/26	\$ 1,800	\$ 1,052	President
	Elected			
	05/22-			Vice
Andrew Reed	05/26	900	17	President
	Elected			
	05/22-			
Gina D'Agostino	05/26	1,350	204	Secretary
	Elected			
	05/20-			Assistant
Leticia Gonzalez	05/24	1,950	331	Secretary
	Appointed			
	07/22-			
Kimberly Way	05/24	0	0	Director
	Elected			
	05/20-			
Coatt Dahamta		600	าย	Daniomad
Scott Roberts	04/22	600	28	Resigned

<sup>\*</sup>Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued)
Year Ended July 31, 2022

Consultants	Date Hired	Reimb	ursements	Title
B&A Municipal Tax Service, LLC	09/01/12	\$	50,732	Tax Assessor/ Collector
Costello, Inc.	1992		40,917	Engineer
Fort Bend Central Appraisal District FORVIS, LLP	Legislative Action 05/15/90		8,651 17,900	Appraiser Auditor
Masterson Advisors LLC	04/26/18		0	Financial Advisor
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	02/03/86		27,967	Bookkeeper
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	01/14/97		2,550	Delinquent Tax Attorney
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	02/03/86		44,625	General Counsel
Investment Officers				
Mark M. Burton and Ghia Lewis	02/25/03		N/A	Bookkeepers

# Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 1 Fort Bend County, Texas

# Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

August 31, 2023

# Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 1 August 31, 2023

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### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 1 Fort Bend County, Texas

#### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 1 (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of August 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



Board of Directors Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 1 Page 2

and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 1 Page 3

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas January 11, 2024

# Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2023

### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

### Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

### Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
August 31, 2023

### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

### **Summary of Net Position**

	2023	2022		
Current and other assets	\$ 3,807,641	\$ 4,073,255		
Capital assets	10,272,937	10,283,029		
Total assets	\$ 14,080,578	\$ 14,356,284		
Long-term liabilities	\$ 4,841,764	\$ 5,907,356		
Other liabilities	452,419	411,328		
Total liabilities	5,294,183	6,318,684		
Deferred inflows of resources	10,025	11,912		
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	5,421,148	4,363,761		
Restricted	776,167	799,250		
Unrestricted	2,579,055	2,862,677		
Total net position	\$ 8,776,370	\$ 8,025,688		

The total net position of the District increased by \$750,682, or about 9 percent. The majority of the increase in net position is related to tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness, which is shown as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

### Summary of Changes in Net Position

	 2023			
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 2,185,090	\$	2,014,854	
City of Houston rebate	14,721		15,233	
Charges for services	1,501,310		1,468,340	
Other revenues	 186,237		57,628	
Total revenues	 3,887,358		3,556,055	
Expenses:				
Services	2,605,587		2,659,325	
Depreciation	451,324		429,137	
Debt service	 79,765		288,096	
Total expenses	 3,136,676		3,376,558	
Change in net position	750,682		179,497	
Net position, beginning of year	 8,025,688		7,846,191	
Net position, end of year	\$ 8,776,370	\$	8,025,688	

### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, were \$3,394,735, a decrease of \$317,334 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance decreased by \$284,169 due to service operations and capital outlay expenditures exceeding property taxes and service revenues.

The debt service fund's fund balance decreased by \$33,165 because bond principal and interest requirements and contracted services expenditures were greater than property tax revenues and investment income.

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property taxes and sewer service revenues, investment income and contracted services expenditures being greater than anticipated, as well as regional water fee revenues and purchased services and capital outlay expenditures being less than anticipated. The fund balance as of August 31, 2023, was expected to be \$2,366,968 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$2,570,504.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2023

### Capital Assets and Related Debt

treatment plant

### Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

### Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		2023	2022			
Land and improvements	\$	195,670	\$	195,670		
Water facilities		3,142,238		3,287,859		
Wastewater facilities		3,608,544		3,603,804		
Drainage facilities		3,326,485		3,195,696		
Total capital assets	\$	10,272,937	\$	10,283,029		
During the current year, additions to capital assets were as	follo	ws:				
Fry Road dual 72-inch outfall improvements			\$	270,664		
District's share of wastewater treatment plant onsite						
lift station rehabilitiation				155,653		
Replaced auto dialer at list station				5,034		

District's share of new clarifier gear at the wastewater

Total additions to capital assets

#### Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, are summarized as follows:

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 5,907,356
Decreases in long-term debt	(1,065,592)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 4,841,764

At August 31, 2023, the District had \$21,790,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "A" by Standard & Poor's. The District's Refunding Series 2021 and Refunding Series 2022 bonds carry a rating of "AA" from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.

9.881

441,232

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
August 31, 2023

### **Other Relevant Factors**

### Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City for full purposes without the District's consent, except as set forth below.

### Strategic Partnership Agreement

Effective March 30, 2005, the District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (the Agreement) with the City, which has annexed certain portions of the District into the City for "limited purposes," as described therein. Under the terms of the Agreement, the City has agreed it will not annex the District as a whole for full purposes for 30 years, at which time the City has the option to annex the District if it chooses to do so.

# Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet August 31, 2023

		General Fund	;	Debt Service Fund	Total	Ad	djustments		itatement of Net Position
Assets							-		
Cash	S	47,363	S	70,478	\$ 117,841	\$	-	s	117,841
Certificates of deposit		710,000		440.000	1,150.000		-		1.150,000
Short-term investments		1,692,870		318,010	2,010,880		-		2,010,880
Receivables:									
Property taxes		8,551		10,457	19,008		-		19,008
Service accounts		136,128		-	136,128		-		136,128
Accrued interest		15,199		5,198	20.397		-		20,397
Interfund receivable		8,500		-	8,500		(8,500)		-
Prepaid expenditures		9,990		-	9.990		-		9,990
Due from others		1,226		-	1,226		-		1,226
Operating deposits		342,171		-	342.171		-		342,171
Capital assets (net of accumulated									
depreciation):									
Land and improvements		-		-	-		195,670		195,670
Infrastructure				-	 -		10,077,267		10,077,267
Total assets	S	2,971,998	s	844,143	\$ 3,816,141	\$	10,264,437	S	14,080,578

# Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) August 31, 2023

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total		Adjustments		Statement of Net Position	
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	S	265,462	s	955	\$	266,417	\$	-	s	266,417	
Accrued interest payable		-		-		-		58,521		58,521	
Customer deposits		118,600		-		118,600		-		118,600	
Due to others		8,881		-		8,881		-		8,881	
Interfund payable		-		8.500		8.500		(8,500)		-	
Long-term liabilities:											
Due within one year		-		-		-		1.020,000		1.020,000	
Due after one year		-		-		-		3,821,764		3,821,764	
Total liabilities		392,943		9,455		402,398		4,891,785		5,294,183	
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Deferred property tax revenues		8,551		10,457		19,008		(19,008)		-	
Deferred amount on debt refundings		-		-		-		10,025		10,025	
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,551		10.457		19.008		(8,983)		10,025	
Fund Balances/Net Position											
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable, prepaid expenditures		9,990		-		9,990		(9,990)		-	
Restricted, debt service on unlimited											
tax bonds		-		824,231		824,231		(824,231)		-	
Assigned, operating deposits		342,171		-		342,171		(342,171)		-	
Unassigned		2.218,343		-		2,218.343		(2.218,343)		<u> </u>	
Total fund balances		2.570,504		824.231		3,394.735		(3,394,735)		0	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows											
of resources and fund balances	<u>S</u>	2,971,998	<u>S</u>	844,143	\$	3,816,141					
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets								5.421,148		5.421,148	
Restricted for debt service								776,167		776,167	
Unrestricted								2,579.055		2.579,055	
Total net position							\$	8,776,370	S	8,776,370	

## Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended August 31, 2023

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1,079.282	S 1.106,023	S 2.185,305	S (215)	\$ 2,185.090
City of Houston rebate	14,721	-	14,721	-	14,721
Water service	385.181	-	385,181	-	385.181
Sewer service	488,648	-	488,648	-	488,648
Regional water fee	627.481	-	627,481	-	627.481
Penalty and interest	15,561	14,791	30,352	-	30,352
Tap connection and inspection fees	4.020	-	4,020	-	4.020
Investment income	109,751	42,114	151,865		151,865
Total revenues	2,724,645	1,162,928	3,887,573	(215)	3,887,358
Expenditures/Expenses					
Service operations:					
Purchased services	1,328,343	-	1,328,343	-	1,328,343
Professional fees	121.826	5,105	126,931	-	126.931
Contracted services	769,185	29,231	798,416	-	798,416
Utilities	77.684	-	77,684	-	77.684
Repairs and maintenance	165,811	-	165,811	-	165,811
Other expenditures	104.733	3,669	108,402	-	108.402
Capital outlay	441,232	-	441,232	(441,232)	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	451,324	451.324
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	990,000	990,000	(990,000)	-
Interest and fees		168,088	168,088	(88,323)	79,765
Total expenditures/expenses	3,008,814	1,196,093	4,204,907	(1,068,231)	3,136,676
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(284,169)	(33,165)	(317,334)	317,334	
Change in Net Position				750,682	750,682
Fund Balances/Net Position					
Beginning of year	2,854,673	857,396	3,712,069		8,025,688
End of year	\$ 2,570,504	\$ 824,231	S 3,394,735	S 0	S 8,776,370

### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

### Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 1 (the District), formerly Via Ranch Municipal Utility District No. 1, was created by an order of the Texas Water Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective December 11, 1985, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the residents of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

### Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

The District is a participant in the Grand Lakes Joint Water Plants and Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant (the Plants), which were constructed to provide water and wastewater treatment facilities on behalf of all participants, as further described in Note 7. The Plants are governed by the Board of Directors of Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 4 (Grand No. 4). The Board of Directors of Grand No. 4 has the responsibility of approving budgets, setting rates and determining the day-to-day operations. The District retains an ongoing financial interest and responsibility. Complete financial information for the Plants may be obtained from Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P., 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 2400, Houston, Texas 77056.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the

### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

#### Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

*Unassigned* – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when carned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

#### Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

#### Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

### Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal

#### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2022 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, the 2022 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Drainage facilities	10-45

#### Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

#### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

#### Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

#### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

#### Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 10,272,937
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund	
financial statements.	19,008
Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not	
financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	(10,025)

### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	\$ (58,521)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(4,841,764)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ 5,381,635

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Change in fund balances.	\$ (317,334)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay expenditures in the current year.	(10,092)
Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as expenditures. For the statement of activities, these transactions do not have any effect on net position.	990,000
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues for the funds but are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	(215)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	88,323
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 750,682

#### Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

#### Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At August 31, 2023, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in Texas CLASS, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. A Board of Trustees, elected by the participants, has oversight of Texas CLASS. The District's investments may be redeemed at any time. Texas CLASS attempts to minimize its exposure to market and credit risk through the use of various strategies and credit monitoring techniques and limits its investments in any issuer to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Texas CLASS are reports at net asset value.

At August 31, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities.

	Maturities in Years									
Туре	Fair Value	Le	ess Than 1		1-5		6-10		Мо	re Than 10
Texas CLASS	\$ 2,010,880	\$	2,010,880	\$		0	\$	0	\$	0

### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At August 31, 2023, the District's investments in Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm," by Standard & Poor's.

#### Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet at August 31, 2023, as follows:

Carrying value:	
D <del>e</del> posits	\$ 1,267,841
Investments	2,010,880
Total	\$ 3,278,721
Included in the following statement of net position captions:	
Cash	\$ 117,841
Certificates of deposit	1,150,000
Short-term investments	 2,010,880
Total	\$ 3,278,721

#### Investment Income

Investment income of \$151,865 for the year ended August 31, 2023, consisted of interest income.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of August 31, 2023:

 Pooled investments of \$2,010,880 are valued at fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

## Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

#### Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended August 31, 2023, is presented as follows:

	Beg	ances, inning	_		alances, End
Governmental Activities	of	Year	Ad	ditions	of Year
Capital assets, non-depreciable:					
Land and improvements	\$	195,670	\$	0	\$ 195,670
Capital assets, depreciable:					
Water production and distribution					
facilities		5,416,512		-	5,416,512
Wastewater collection and treatment					
facilities	1	6,509,246		170,568	6,679,814
Drainage facilities		5,685,036		270,664	 5,955,700
Total capital assets, depreciable	1	7,610,794		441,232	 18,052,026
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Water production and distribution					
facilities	()	2,128,653)		(145,621)	(2,274,274)
Wastewater collection and treatment					
facilities	Ç	2,905,442)		(165,828)	(3,071,270)
Drainage facilities		2,489,340)		(139,875)	 (2,629,215)
Total accumulated depreciation		7,523,435)		(451,324)	(7,974,759)
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 1	0,283,029	\$	(10,092)	\$ 10,272,937

#### Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2023, were as follows:

Ве		Balances, Beginning s of Year De		ecreases	alances, End of Year	-	mounts Due in ne Year
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds Add premiums on bonds	\$	5,510,000 397,356	\$	990,000 75,592	\$ 4,520,000 321,764	\$	1,020,000 -
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities		5,907,356	_\$_	1,065,592	 4,841,764		1,020,000

## Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

#### General Obligation Bonds

	Refunding Series 2021	Refunding Series 2022
Amounts outstanding, August 31, 2023	\$1,755,000	\$2,765,000
Interest rates	3.00%	3.00% to 4.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	April 1, 2024/2026	April 1, 2024/2028
Interest payment dates	April 1/October 1	April 1/October 1
Callable dates*	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

#### Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at August 31, 2023:

Year	Principal		lr	nterest	Total
2023	\$	1,020,000	\$	140,450	\$ 1,160,450
2024		1,050,000		109,850	1,159,850
2025		1,100,000		78,350	1,178,350
2026		665,000		40,500	705,500
2027		685,000		20,550	 705,550
Total	_\$	4,520,000	\$	389,700	\$ 4,909,700

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 39,660,000
Bonds sold	17,870,000
Refunding bonds voted	18,850,000
Refunding bonds authorization used	546.894

#### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

#### Note 5: Significant Bond Order and Commission Requirements

The Bond Orders require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.2600 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$1,105,507 on the taxable valuation of \$425,194,990 for the 2022 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available resources are \$1,143,463 of which \$1,073,238 has been paid and \$70,225 is due October 1, 2023.

#### Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held January 20, 2001, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.25 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended August 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.2540 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$1,079,995 on the taxable valuation of \$425,194,990 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

#### Note 7: Agreements With Other Districts

#### Water Plant Agreement

On May 12, 1986, the District entered into a 40-year agreement with Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 2 (Grand No. 2) and Grand Lakes Municipal Utility District No. 4 (Grand No. 4), whereby Grand No. 4 agreed to construct and operate water facilities on behalf of the three participants. The agreement was amended on March 6, 1998, March 24, 1998, April 16, 2001, May 20, 2002, and September 19, 2005. The participants are to share expansion construction costs and fixed operating costs based on allocated capacity. Variable operating costs are shared based on actual connections in the water plants. The participants' capacities in the water plants are as follows:

District	Capacity After Water Plant No. 2, Phase II, and Water Plant No. 3
The District	29,708 %
Grand No. 2	21.546
Grand No. 4	48.746
Total	100.000 %

### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Condensed financial information for the water plants for the year ended August 31, 2023, is as follows:

	Water Plant's General Fund			
Total assets	\$	1,312,823		
Total liabilities	\$	496,421		
Total fund balance		816,402		
Total liabilities and fund balance		1,312,823		
Total revenues	\$	2,702,896		
Total expenditures		(2,702,896)		
Excess revenues	\$	0		

The District has deposited \$250,757 with Grand No. 4 for its share of an operating reserve. The District's share of operating costs for the year ended August 31, 2023, was \$823,643.

#### Reclaimed Water Production and Supply Agreement

On August 1, 2016, the District entered into an agreement with Grand No. 2, Grand No. 4 and the North Fort Bend Water Authority (the Authority) to provide for the purchase of reclaimed water from the Authority for use in the irrigation system of the Districts. The agreement was subsequently amended and restated effective March 1, 2022. Operating costs are shared based on each District's pro-rata share of common areas served by the irrigation system. The participants' respective pro-rata share are as follows:

The District	24.146 %	
Grand No. 2	38.996	
Grand No. 4	36.858	
Total	100.000 %	

### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Condensed audited financial information for the year ended August 31, 2023, is as follows:

	Reclaimed Water Distributior General Fun			
Total assets	\$	349,791		
Total liabilities	\$	192,839		
Total fund balance		156,952		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	349,791		
Total revenues	\$	1,218,667		
Total expenditures		(1,218,667)		
Excess revenues	_\$_	0		

The District has deposited \$37,898 with Grand No. 4 for its share of an operating reserve. The District's share of operating costs for the year ended August 31, 2023, was \$294,183.

#### Wastewater Treatment Plant Agreement

On July 28, 1998, the District entered into a 50-year agreement with Grand No. 2 and Grand No. 4, whereby Grand No. 4 agreed to construct and operate a wastewater treatment plant on behalf of the three participants. The agreement was amended on May 2, 2000, April 16, 2001, January 1, 2002, January 6, 2003, April 1, 2004, and January 1, 2005. Under the terms of the January 1, 2005, amendment, the District purchased 123,650 gallons per day of capacity from Grand No. 4. The participants share expansion costs based on their pro rata share of ownership. Fixed operating costs are shared based on allocated capacity. The participants' capacities in the wastewater treatment plant are shown below:

District	Permanent Capacity
The District	29.10 %
Grand No. 2	21,08
Grand No. 4	49.82
Total	100.00 %

#### Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

Condensed financial information for the wastewater treatment plant for the year ended August 31, 2023, is as follows:

	Waste wa Treatme Plant Gen Fund				
Total assets	\$	289,063			
Total liabilities	\$	107,795			
Total fund balance		181,268			
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	289,063			
Total revenues	\$	1,214,571			
Total expenditures		(1,214,571)			
Excess revenues	\$	0			

The District has deposited \$53,516 with Grand No. 4 for its share of an operating reserve. The District's share of operating costs for the year ended August 31, 2023, was \$210,517.

#### Note 8: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

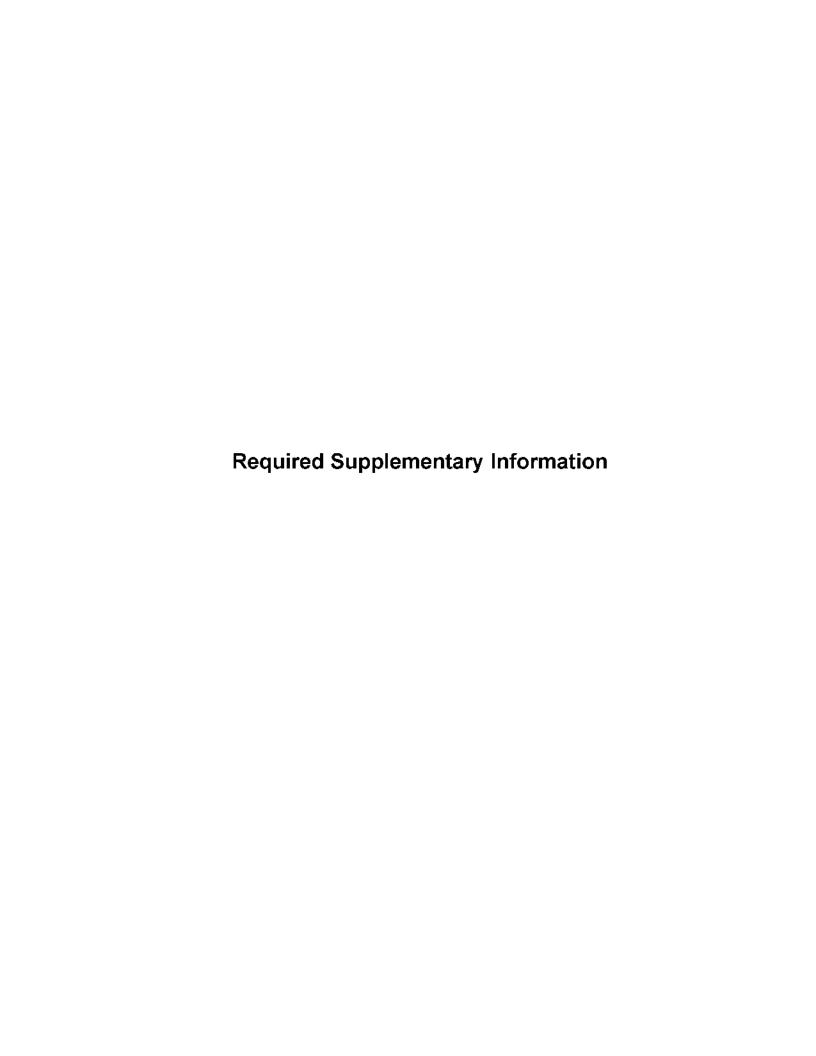
#### Note 9: Regional Water Authority

The District is within the boundaries of the North Fort Bend Water Authority (the Authority), which was created by the Texas Legislature. The Authority was created to provide a regional entity to acquire surface water and build the necessary facilities to convert from groundwater to surface water in order to meet conversion requirements mandated by the Fort Bend Subsidence District, which regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of August 31, 2023, the Authority was billing Grand No. 4 \$4.55 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells and \$4.90 per 1,000 gallons of surface water received, which is allocated to each participant. These amounts are subject to future adjustments.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2023

#### Note 10: Strategic Partnership Agreement

Effective March 30, 2005, the District and the City of Houston (the City) entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (the Agreement) under which the City annexed a tract of land (the tract) within the boundaries of the District for limited purposes. The District continues to exercise all powers and functions of a municipal utility district as provided by law. As consideration for the District providing services as detailed in the Agreement, the City agrees to remit one-half of all City sales and use tax revenues generated within the boundaries of the tract. As consideration for the sales tax payments by the City, the District agrees to continue to provide and develop water, sewer and drainage services within the District in lieu of full-purpose annexation. The City agrees it will not annex the District for full purposes or commence any action to annex the District during the term of the Agreement, which is 30 years. During the current year, the District received \$14,721 in sales tax rebates.



## Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended August 31, 2023

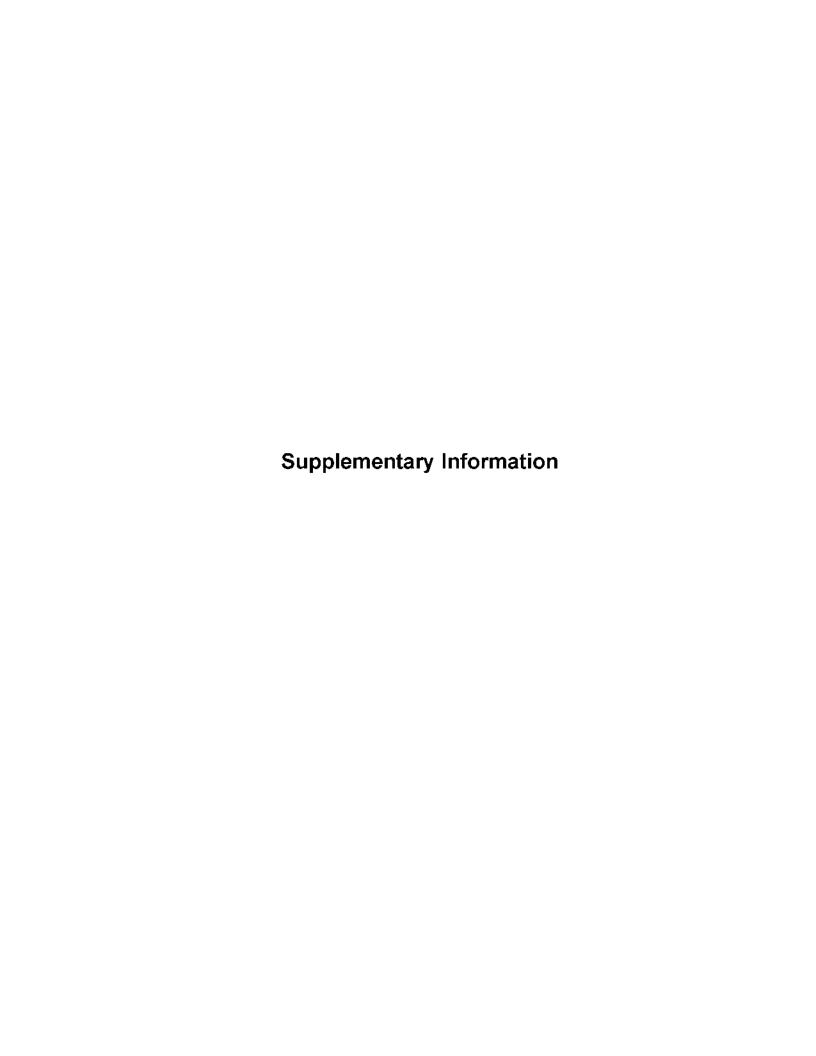
	(	Original			ariance vorable	
	Budget		Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	1,045,573	\$ 1,079,282	\$	33,709	
City of Houston rebate		15,000	14,721		(279)	
Water service		359,279	385,181		25,902	
Sewer service		445,311	488,648		43,337	
Regional water fee		729,975	627,481		(102,494)	
Penalty and interest		16,100	15,561		(539)	
Tap connection and inspection fees		3,800	4,020		220	
Investment income		43,185	109,751		66,566	
Total revenues		2,658,223	2,724,645		66,422	
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Purchased services		1,377,137	1,328,343		48,794	
Professional fees		140,000	121,826		18,174	
Contracted services		739,840	769,185		(29,345)	
Utilities		73,900	77,684		(3,784)	
Repairs and maintenance		144,500	165,811		(21,311)	
Other expenditures		97,875	104,733		(6,858)	
Capital outlay		572,676	 441,232		131,444	
Total expenditures		3,145,928	 3,008,814		137,114	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(487,705)	(284,169)		203,536	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,854,673	 2,854,673		_	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,366,968	\$ 2,570,504	\$	203,536	

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information August 31, 2023

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal year 2023.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



## Other Schedules Included Within This Report August 31, 2023

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 13-28
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

## Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended August 31, 2023

	X   Retail Water   X   Retail Wastewater   Parks/Recreation   X   Solid Waste/Carbage   X   Participates in joint vent   Other	ture, regional syste	Wholesale Wa Wholesale Wa Fire Protection Flood Control mand/or wastewa	stewater	I X R	Orainage origation occurity toads ocy interconnect	l)
2.	Retail service providers						
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" mete	er (or equivalent):					
		Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate Per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum	Usage I	Levels
	Water:	S 25.00	10,000	_ <u>N</u> _	\$ 2.00 \$ 4.00 \$ 5.00	10,001 to 20,001 to 50,001 to	50,000
	Wastewater:	S 41.75	0	<u>Y</u>			
	Regional water fee:	S 4.90	1	N	\$ 4.90	1,001_to	No Limit
	Does the District employ wir	nter averaging for v	vastewater usage'	?		Yes	No X
	Total charges per 10,000 gall	lons usage (includi	ng fees):	Wa	ater S 74.00	Wastewate	r \$ 41.75
	b. Water and wastewater reta	ail connections:					
	Meter Size		To Conne	tal ections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC*
	Unmetered					<b>x</b> 1.0	
	≤3/4"			779	779	x1.0	779
	1"			317	316	x2.5	790
	1 1/2"			3	3	x5.0	15
	2" 3"			27	<u> 27</u> 2	<b>x8</b> .0	216
	3" 4"					xl 5.0 x25.0	30
	6"			<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	x50.0	
	8"					x80.0	
	10 <sup>n</sup>					xl15.0	
	Total water			1,128	1,127		1,830
	Total wastewater			1,077	1,076	<b>x</b> 1.0	1,076
3.	Total water consumption (in	-	the fiscal year:				
	Gallons pumped into the sys	stem:					145,592
	Gallons billed to customers:						145,592
	Water accountability ratio (g	gallons billed/gallor	is pumped):				100.00%

<sup>\*&</sup>quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

## Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended August 31, 2023

Personnel (including benefits)		\$	-
Professional Fees			
Λuditing	\$ 21,000		
Legal	78,179		
Engineering	22,647		
Financial advisor	 -		121,826
Purchased Services for Resale			
Bulk water and wastewater service purchases			1,328,343
Regional Water Fee			-
Contracted Services			
Bookkeeping	56,986		
General manager	-		
Appraisal district	-		
Taxcollector	_		
Security	270,008		200.500
Other contracted services	 63,576		390,570
Utilities			77,684
Repairs and Maintenance			165,811
Administrative Expenditures			
Directors' fees	14,873		
Office supplies	9,551		
Insurance	10,137		
Other administrative expenditures	 70,172		104,733
Capital Outlay			
Capitalized assets	441,232		
Expenditures not capitalized	 		441,232
Tap Connection Expenditures			-
Solid Waste Disposal			378,615
Fire Fighting			-
Parks and Recreation			-
Other Expenditures			-
Total expenditures		\$ 3	3,008,814

## Schedule of Temporary Investments August 31, 2023

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	1	Face Amount		ccrued terest eivable
General Fund						
Certificates of Deposit						
No. 91300012045015	4.50%	03/08/24	S	235,000	\$	5,070
No. 122998	5.00%	06/14/24		235,000		2,511
No. 440011539	3.50%	10/03/23		240,000		7,618
Texas CLASS	5.49%	Demand		1,692,870		-
				2,402,870		15,199
Debt Service Fund						
Certificates of Deposit						
No. 440036012	5.15%	03/05/24		220,000		2,576
No. 9009005312	5.24%	03/05/24		220,000		2,622
Texas CLASS	5.49%	Demand		318,010		-
				758,010		5,198
Totals			S	3,160,880	\$	20,397

## Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended August 31, 2023

	Main T	Debt Service Taxes		
Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$	8,004	\$	11,219
Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes		(166)		(246)
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year		7,838		10,973
2022 Original Tax Levy		1,066,575		1,091,770
Additions and corrections		13,737		
Adjusted tax levy		1,079,995		1,105,507
Total to be accounted for		1,087,833		1,116,480
Tax collections: Current year	(	(1,101,247)		
Prior years		(3,449)		(4,776)
Receivable, end of year	\$	8,551	\$	10,457
Receivable, by Year				
2022	\$	4,162	\$	4,260
2021		1,430		1,958
2020		478		752
2019		483		760
2018		483		829
2017		484		657
2016 2015		502 529		681 560
Receivable, end of year	\$	8,551	\$	10,457

# Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2023

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 71,680,280	\$ 71,680,280	\$ 71,711,570	\$ 71,711,570
Improvements	429,122,514	307,491,359	302,828,160	301,922,632
Personal property	4,389,750	4,107,070	3,844,190	3,588,110
Exemptions	(79,997,554)	(13,499,176)	(12,749,160)	(12,397,177)
Total property valuations	\$ 425,194,990	\$ 369,779,533	\$ 365,634,760	\$ 364,825,135
Tax Rates per S100 Valuation				
Debt service tax rates	\$ 0.2600	\$ 0.3150	\$ 0.3300	\$ 0.3300
Maintenance tax rates*	0.2540	0.2300	0.2100	0.2100
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.5140	\$ 0.5450	\$ 0.5400	\$ 0.5400
Tax Levy	\$ 2,185,502	\$ 2,015,298	\$ 1,974,427	\$ 1,970,056
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	99%	99%	99%	99%

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.25 on January 20, 2001

<sup>\*\*</sup>Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

# Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years August 31, 2023

Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31			rincipal Due April 1	 rest Due April 1, ctober 1	Total
2024		\$	560,000	\$ 52,650	\$ 612,650
2025			580,000	35,850	615,850
2026			615,000	 18,450	 633,450
	Totals	_\$	1,755,000	\$ 106,950	\$ 1,861,950

# Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued) August 31, 2023

Refunding Series 2022

Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31		Principal Due April 1		-	Interest Due April 1, October 1		Total
2024		\$	460,000	\$	87,800	\$	547,800
2025			470,000		74,000		544,000
2026			485,000		59,900		544,900
2027			665,000		40,500		705,500
2028			685,000		20,550		705,550
	Totals	\$	2,765,000	\$	282,750	\$	3,047,750

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2023

Annual Requirements For All Series

Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31		Total Total Principal Interest Due Due  \$ 1,020,000 \$ 140,450 1,050,000 109,850		Total Principal and Interest Due			
2024		\$	1.020.000	\$	140.450	\$	1,160,450
2025					,		1,159,850
2026			1,100,000		78,350		1,178,350
2027			665,000		40,500		705,500
2028			685,000		20,550		705,550
	Totals	\$	4,520,000	_\$	389,700	_\$	4,909,700

## Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended August 31, 2023

			Во	nd Issues		
		Refunding Series 2021 3.00%		Refunding Series 2022 3.00% to 4.00%		Totals
Interest rates						
Dates interest payable		April 1/ October 1	April 1/ October 1			
Maturity dates	April 1, 2024/2026		April 1, 2024/2028			
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	2,490,000	\$	3,020,000	\$	5,510,000
Retirements, principal		735,000		255,000		990,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	S	1,755,000	\$	2,765,000	\$	4,520,000
Interest paid during current year	S	71,025	S	95,450	\$	166,475

Paying agent's name and address:

Series 2021 - Regions Bank, Houston, Texas

Series 2022 - Regions Bank, Houston, Texas

Bond authority:	Tax Bonds		Other Bonds	R	efunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters	\$	39,660,000	0	\$	18,850,000
Amount issued	\$	17,870,000	0	\$	546,894
Remaining to be issued	\$	21,790,000	0	\$	18,303,106
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balance	\$	828,488			
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest	_\$	981,940			

# Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended August 31,

			Amounts		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1.079,282	S 849,313	S 766.228	\$ 764.938	\$ 680.786
City of Houston rebate	14,721	15,233	12,436	15,478	-
Water service	385,181	358,502	331.274	343.555	340.650
Sewer service	488,648	417,080	397,483	377,957	358,021
Regional water fee	627,481	692,758	588.470	636.672	568.384
Penalty and interest	15,561	19,665	8,626	11,438	18,763
Tap connection and inspection fees	4,020	3,690	3.140	3.060	2.560
Investment income	109,751	14,034	17,994	70,275	77,822
Total revenues	2,724,645	2,370,275	2,125,651	2,223,373	2,046,986
Expenditures					
Service operations:					
Purchased services	1,328,343	1,299,431	905.546	909.707	842.852
Professional fees	121,826	137,496	111.030	119.202	149.747
Contracted services	769,185	742,769	634,745	646,167	578,767
Utilities	77,684	71,692	71.676	81.376	87.621
Repairs and maintenance	165,811	223,549	219,088	379,872	86,380
Other expenditures	104,733	114,748	65,243	75,394	104,010
Tap connections	-	-	6.070	-	-
Capital outlay	441,232	39,468	652,805	109,416	153,381
Total expenditures	3,008,814	2,629,153	2,666,203	2,321,134	2,002,758
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(284,169)	(258,878)	(540,552)	(97,761)	44,228
Other Financing Sources Reimbursement from governmental entity			1,065		35,892
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(284,169)	(258,878)	(539,487)	(97,761)	80,120
		•			•
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,854,673	3,113,551	3,653,038	3,750,799	3,670,679
Fund Balance, End of Year	S 2,570,504	S 2,854,673	S 3,113.551	\$ 3.653.038	\$ 3.750.799
Total Active Retail Water Connections	1,127	1,117	1,123	1,121	1,120
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	1,076	1,068	1,074	1,073	1,072

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
39.6 %	35.8 %	36.0 %	34.4 %	33.3
0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	-
14.2	15.1	15.6	15.5	16.6
17.9	17.6	18.7	17.0	17.5
23.0	29.2	27.7	28.6	27.8
0.6	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.9
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
4.0	0.6	0.8	3.2	3.8
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
48.8	54.8	42.6	40.9	41.2
4.5	5.8	5.2	5.3	7.3
28.2	31.3	29.9	29.1	28.3
2.8	3.0	3.4	3.7	4.3
6.1	9.4	10.3	17.1	4.2
3.8	4.9	3.1	3.6	5.1
-	-	0.3	-	-
16.2	1.7	30.7	4.7	7.4
110.4	110.9	125.5	104.4	97.8
(10.4) %	(10.9) %	(25.5) %	(4.4) %	2.2