

Filing Receipt

Filing Date - 2023-06-07 02:00:42 PM

Control Number - 54813

Item Number - 5

Annual Financial Report

for the Year Ended September 30, 2022









Cascos & Associates, PC

Audit / Accounting / Tax / Consulting 765 East 7th Street Brownsville, Texas 78520





CITY OF DONNA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>EXHIBIT</u>	PAGE
City Officials		
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)		1 4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	1-A 1-B	15 17
Governmental Funds Financial Statements: Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net	2-A	19
Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	2-B 2-C	21 22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	2-D	24
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	3-A 3-B 3-C	25 26 27
Notes to the Financial Statements		28
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	5-A	69
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule		71
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Texas Municipal Retirement System	5-B	72
Schedule of Employer Contributions and Notes to Schedule of Contributions – Texas Municipal Retirement System	5-C	73
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund	5-D	74
Schedule of Employer Contributions and Notes to Schedule of Contributions – Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund	5-E	75

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	<u>EXHIBIT</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		76
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	6-A	77
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	6-B	78
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	6-C	80
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	6-D	81
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	6-E	83
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	6-F	84
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	7-A	85
Discretely Presented Component Units – Governmental		86
Combining Balance Sheet - Component Units	8-A	87
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Component Units	8-B	88
Reconciliation of the Donna Economic Development Corporation Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	8-C	89
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Donna Economic Development Corporation to the Statement of Activities	8-D	90
Reconciliation of the Development Corporation of Donna, Inc. Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	8-E	91
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Development Corporation of Donna, Inc. to the Statement of Activities	8-F	92
Reconciliation of the Tax Increment Reinvesment Zone Number Two Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	8-G	93
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Two to the Statement of Activities	8-H	94
OTHER SCHEDULES – UNAUDITED		
Continuing Financial Disclosure Tables		95
Net Position by Component		96
Changes in Net Position		98
Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds		102

OTHER SCHEDULES – UNAUDITED (continued)	<u>PAGE</u>
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	104
Government-Wide Expenses by Function	106
Government-Wide Revenues	108
General Fund Revenues by Source	109
General Fund Expenditures by Function	110
Water and Sewer Fund Revenues by Source	111
Water and Sewer Fund Expenses by Function and Transfers Out	112
Property Tax Rates and Assessed Values	114
Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments	115
Schedule of Insurance in Force	116
Valuation, Exemption and Debt Obligations	118
Taxable Assessed Valuation by Category	119
Valuation and Funded Debt History	120
Tax Rate, Levy, and Collections History	121
Principal Taxpayers	122
Tax Supported Debt Service Requirements	123
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt	124
General Fund Revenue, Expenditures History	125
Municipal Sales Tax History	126
Current Investments	127
Principal Employers	128
FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	129
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance	131
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	133
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	134
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	135

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS CITY OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Council-Manager Form of Government

MAYOR

Ricardo Morales

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Ricardo Moreno Jose G. Garza, Jr. David Moreno Oscar Gonzales

CITY MANAGER

Carlos Yerena

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

David R. Vasquez

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

Carlos Carrizales

CITY SECRETARY

Belinda Tosca



Cascos & Associates, PC

Certified Public Accountants Audit/Accounting/Tax/Consulting

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members Of the City Council City of Donna, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Donna, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matters

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in the notes to the financial statements, in 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.









Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–14 and 69–70 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cascos & Associates, PC Brownsville, Texas

Clima & associates, PC

March 30, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Donna, we offer readers of the City of Donna financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities and financial position of the City of Donna for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage readers to view the other information that is included throughout this financial report.

Financial Highlights In Brief

- The assets and deferred outflow of the City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal by \$19,890,171.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$11,648,268 an increase of \$5,109,585. compared to the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,378,947 an increase of \$348,356 compared to prior year.
- The City of Donna's total debt increased by a net amount of \$225,720. due to the issuance of series 2022 PPFCO \$5,190,000. and the series 2022 G O Refunding Bridge Bonds \$26,175.000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Donna's basic financial statements. The City of Donna's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Donna's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Donna is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Donna that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Donna include: general government, public safety; public works; culture and recreation; public health and welfare; economic and tourism development. The business-type activities of the City of Donna include three funds: a water and sanitary sewer system: international bridge fund: and a brush collection fund.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Donna itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate component units for which the City of Donna is financially accountable. Financial information for the discretely presented component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as referenced in the table of contents of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Donna, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City of Donna funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Donna maintains ten governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered to be major fund. Data from the other nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these other non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found as referenced in the table of contents on pages of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Donna maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sanitary sewer system, international bridge and brush fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer system fund and the City international bridge fund, which are considered to be major funds. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found as referenced in the table of contents of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City of Donna used to maintain the Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund a fiduciary fund. In 2017 the City hired a firm and had

an actuarial done on the volunteer firefighters' pension and transfer assets to the Texas Emergency Service System with increased benefits to volunteer firefighters.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as referenced in the table of contents of this report.

Other information. The City of Donna adopts an annual budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. This *required supplementary information* can be found as referenced in the table of contents of this report.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain additional required supplementary information concerning the City of Donna's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. The City contributes to TMRS and TESERS Plans at the full actuarially determined rate as compiled by TMRS and TESERS.

Other supplementary information, which includes the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining statements and individual fund schedules can be found as referenced in the table of contents of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Donna, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$26,072,608 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following table summarizes the City's net position as of September 30, 2022.

City of Donna Net Position							
	Government	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$ 15,655,228	\$ 11,250,965	\$ 805,276	\$ 1,043,733	\$ 16,460,504	\$ 12,294,698	
Capital assets	13,890,811	14,408,508	54,291,720	62,798,872	68,182,531	77,207,380	
Total assets	29,546,039	25,659,473	55,096,996	63,842,605	84,643,035	89,502,078	
Deferred Outflows of Resource	586,304	505,711	192,101	3,095,155	778,405	3,600,866	
Long-term liabilities	36,654,127	9,519,829	19,107,021	51,703,747	55,761,148	61,223,576	
Otherliabilities	5,515,570	3,391,083	3,543,318	2,088,305	9,058,888	5,479,388	
Total liabilities	42,169,697	12,910,912	22,650,339	53,792,052	64,820,036	66,702,964	
Deferred Inflow of Resources	549,826	257,829	161,407	69,543	711,233	327,372	
Net Position Invested in capital assets,			:				
net of related debt	(23,404,679)	7,473,275	18,223,937	18,826,058	(5,180,742)	26,299,333	
Restricted	6,973,124	2,443,902		1,676,537	6,973,124	4,120,439	
Unrestricted (deficit)	3,844,375	3,079,266	14,253,414	(7,426,430)	18,097,789	(4,347,164)	
Total Net Position	\$ (12,587,180)	\$ 12,996,443	\$ 32,477,351	\$ 13,076,165	\$ 19,890,171	\$ 26,072,608	

The largest portion of the City's net position (5,180,472) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation under the business-type activities); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City of Donna uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens and to customers of its business-type activities; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City of Donna's net position 91% represents resources that are unrestricted on how they may be used within their activities.

In 2016, the city implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Implementation of this standard resulted in the recording of net pension liability totaling \$2,336,736 in the primary government (Refer to Note 3.I.2).

The City's unrestricted net position under governmental activities reflects a positive balance of \$ 3,844,375 for the current fiscal year. The City's unrestricted net position under business-type activities reflects a positive balance of \$14,253.414 at the end of fiscal year 2022.

Analysis of Changes in Net Position

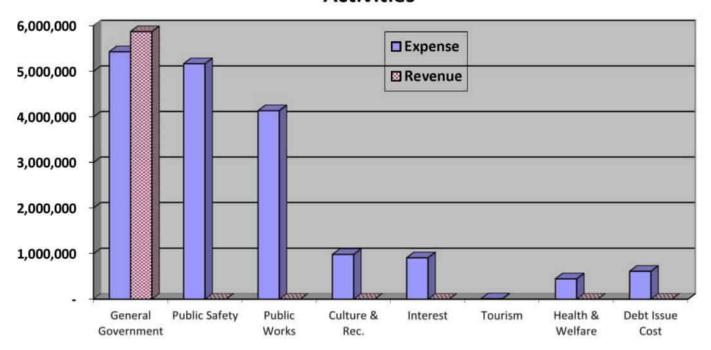
The following table presents a summary of the government-wide statement of changes in net position for both governmental activities and business-type activities ending September 30, 2022.

City of Donna Changes in Net Position September 30,

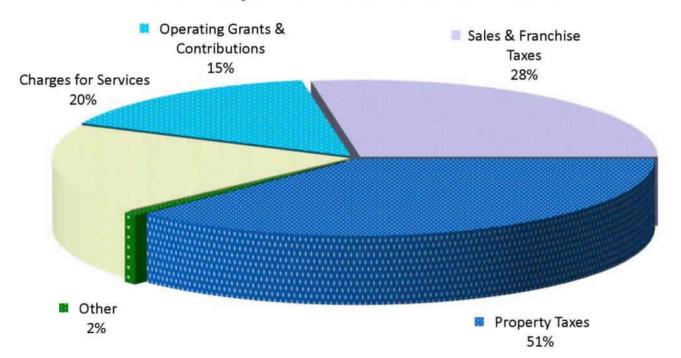
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues:	;	;						
Program revenues:	•	•						
Charges for services	\$ 3,241,762	\$ 3,512,675	\$ 9,438,609	\$ 7,491,864	\$ 12,680,371	\$ 11,004,539		
Operating grants and	; 	:				-		
contributions	2,631,564	840,339		4,787	2,631,564	845,126		
Contributions from refund					-	-		
bonds	:	:	27,223,511	-	27,223,511			
General Revenues:	:	:			-	-		
Property taxes	6,448,669	6,217,376	-	-	6,448,669	6,217,376		
Other taxes	4,894,288	3,657,413	-	-	4,894,288	3,657,413		
Other	(26,863,228)	1,110,943	236,406	146,277	(26,626,822)	1,257,220		
Total revenues	(9,646,945)	15,338,746	36,898,526	7,642,928	27,251,581	22,981,674		
Expenses:	!	:						
General government	5,430,882	2,567,062			5,430,882	2,567,062		
Public safety	5,168,342	4,309,971			5,168,342	4,309,971		
Public works	4,137,370	4,004,001			4,137,370	4,004,001		
Culture and recreation	983,925	431,481			983,925	431,481		
Public Health and welfare	446,345	783,445		•	446,345	783,445		
Tourism development	8,675	178,588			8,675	178,588		
Interest on long-term debt	910,600	255,087			910,600	255,087		
Debt issuance cost	613,558	,;			613,558			
Utility system operations		:	7,728,362	7,014,916	7,728,362	7,014,916		
International Bridge Fund	:	:	8,571,236	3,428,030	8,571,236	3,428,030		
Brush Collections	:	:	141,192	2,010	141,192	2,010		
'Total expenses	17,699,697	12,529,635	16,440,790	10,444,956	34,140,487	22,974,591		
Changes in net position before transfers	(27,346,642)	2,809,111	20,457,736	(2,802,028)	(6,888,906)	7,083		
'Transfers	1,841,776	(958,000)	(1,380,938)	958,001	460,838	-		
Transfers to compent units	(78,758)	253,660		-	(78,758)	253,663		
Changes in net position	(25,583,624)	2,104,771	19,076,798	(1,844,027)	(6,506,827)	260,744		
Net Position — beginning of year	12,996,443	10,821,712	13,076,165	14,426,156	26,072,608	25,247,868		
Prìor períod adjustment		69,960	324,388	494,036	324,388	563,996		
Net Position – End of year	\$ (12,587,181)	\$ 12,996,443	\$ 32,477,351	\$ 13,076,165	\$ 19,890,169	\$ 26,072,608		

Total revenues generated from both governmental and business-type activities for fiscal year 2022 amounted to \$27,251,581 with expenses of \$34,140,487 resulted in a change in net position increase before transfers of (6,888,906) for fiscal year 2022.

Expenses and Program Revenues-Governmental Activities

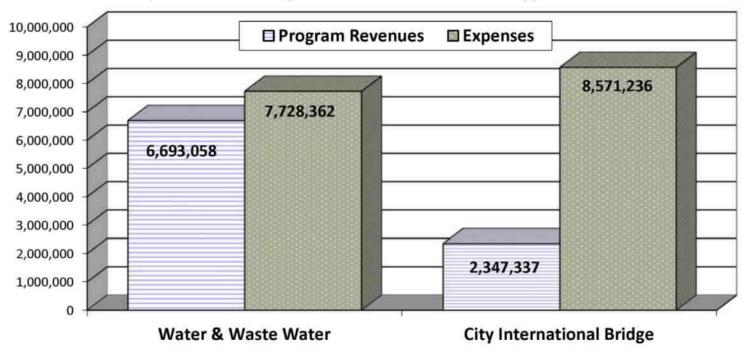


Revenues by Source-Governmental Activities

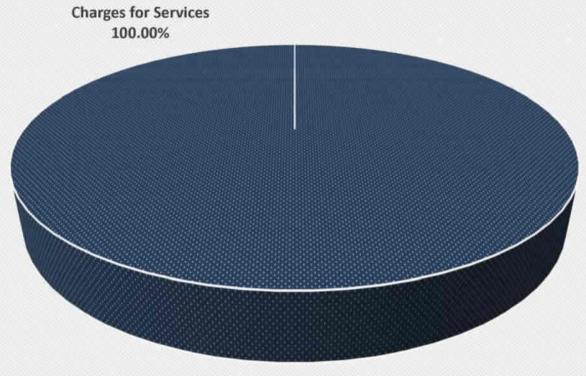


Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Donna's net position by \$ 19,076,798 Operating revenues increased by \$1,946,745 and expenses increased by \$5,995,834. due to a refunding compared to the prior year.

Expenses and Program Revenues-Business Type Activities



Revenues by Source-Business-Type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Donna uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Donna's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Donna's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved undesignated fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,648,268 an increase of \$5,109,585. A positive amount of 4,550,714 constitutes unassigned fund balance for all governmental funds. Good financial management indicates that the City should maintain an unassigned fund balance on a continuing basis in order to have working capital to operate the City and as a reserve hedge against emergencies. The remainder of the fund balance of \$7,097,554 is restricted for debt service, capital projects, fire equipment and law enforcement.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Donna. At the end of the 2022 fiscal year unreserved undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,378,947. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved undesignated fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. At the end of 2022 unreserved undesignated fund balance represents a positive 31.30% of total General Fund appropriations for fiscal year 2023. During the 2022 fiscal year the General fund's net position change in fund balance increased by \$348,356. This is a result of prudent budgeting and the monitoring of the budget after each fiscal period.

The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,723,086, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. There was a net decrease in fund balance in the Debt Service fund during fiscal year 2022 of \$554,929. The Debt Service fund was budgeted with a deficit of \$31,043, but the Series 2016 Combination Tax & Int'l Bridge Revenue Refunding Bonds were refunded and debt transferred to the Debt Service Fund. The City is trying to maintain a fund balance in the Debt Service Fund to assist with debt service requirements of the International Bridge Fund.

Proprietary funds. The City of Donna's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmental-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The combined unrestricted net position balance of \$32,477,351 in 2022 is comprised of the respective proprietary funds as follows; Water and Sewer Fund \$18,428,035, City International Bridge Fund \$13,539,649, and Brush Collections Fund 509,667. Please refer to the discussion of these amounts under the government-wide financial analysis above. The City International Bridge went into operation on December 14, 2010.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original General Fund budget increased by \$593,252 (Appropriations) or 4 % compared to last fiscal year.

Capital Assets

The City of Donna's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2022 is \$70,435,502.(net of accumulated depreciation on the business-type activities capital assets). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, streets, a waterworks system, a sanitary sewer system and the development of an international bridge with related service assets. The overall decrease in the City of Donna's investment in capital assets for the current year was 9%. The current year depreciation expense for business-type activities was \$3,025,388 for the Water and Sewer Fund, International Bridge Fund and Brush Collection Fund.

The City inventoried all capital assets in 2017-2018. In 2018, the City of Donna achieved an unqualified opinion for the first time since incorporation in 1908.

Additional information on the City of Donna's capital assets can be found in note 3, Section F of this report.

City of Donna

Capital Assets at Year End

Net of Accumulated Depreciation (on Business-type Activities)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2021	2020	2022	2021
Land	\$ 2,601,372	\$ 2,601,372	\$ 1,704,699	\$ 1,704,699	\$ 4,306,071	\$ 4,306,071
Buildings	946,804	993,553	6,454,796	14,323,140	7,401,600	15,316,693
Improvements other than						
buildings	1,556,536	1,677,181	2,350,026	2,467,388	3,906,562	4,144,569
Infrastructure	7,589,215	5,671,584	37,892,092	39,382,591	45,481,307	45,054,175
Furniture and equipment	3,357,709	3,372,709	3,002,109	1,925,137	6,359,818	5,297,846
Other developments in progress	92,148	92,109	2,887,996	2,995,917	2,980,144	3,088,026
Total	\$16,143,784	\$14,408,508	\$54,291,718	\$62,798,872	\$70,435,502	\$77,207,380

Debt Administration

The City of Donna's total long-term debt for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$64,548,455.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
General obligation bonds - net	\$ 31,284,280	\$5,527,240	\$ 16,220,720	\$ 42,567,760	\$47,505,000	\$ 48,095,000
Premiums on Debt	334,653	362,714	3,952,498	4,164,988	4,287,151	4,527,702
Private Placement PPFCO's	5,190,000	-	-	-	5,190,000	-
Contractual Obligations	-	209,840	• •		-	209,840
Claims payable			3,777,750	3,777,795	3,777,750	3,777,795
Capital Leases Payable	388,851	1,045,279	585,952	413,266	974,803	1,458,545
Notes and loans payable	106,709		:		106,709	-
Compensated absences	295,378	291,363	74,928	120,743	370,306	412,106
Pension Liability TMRS/TESRS	1,794,583		542,153		2,336,736	
Total	\$ 39,394,454	\$7,436,436	\$ 25,154,001	\$ 51,044,552	\$64,548,455	\$ 58,480,988

The City's total debt increased by a net \$6,067,467. during the current fiscal year due to the issue of series 2022 PPFCO'S. Additional information on the City of Donna's long-term debt can be found in note 3, Section G of this report.

During and after the construction of the international bridge and related bridge service assets, bridge related debt service payments are funded primarily from revenues of the bridge and subsidize by the general government's Debt Service Fund via transfers to the City International Bridge Fund. Operating Income from the international bridge (excluding depreciation and amortization) contributed to debt service payments. For the current year the general government's Debt Service Fund has paid \$1,070,000 of the debt service payments on the 2016 Bonds. However, since the international bridge opened only as a passenger traffic international bridge, the City's general government Debt Service Fund will be required to continue providing a minimal level of debt service funding for the debts of the international bridge until commercial traffic starts crossing.

Standard and Poors rating was an "A" on January 5, 2022.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The assessed taxable valuations used in preparing the 2022-23 budgets were up \$119,672,245 or 16 % from the prior year.
- The City's tax rate for fiscal year 2022-23 decreased to \$.747937 a \$.03 decrease from prior year.
- In the 2022-23 Budget, the General Fund revenues and expenditures are budgeted at an increase of 4 % over 2022 fiscal year. The 2022-2023 General Fund budget is a balanced budget.
- The Sales Tax collected in fiscal year 2021-2022 increased by \$1,011,269 or 19.26 % over 2020-21 fiscal year.
- The City of Donna completed the construction of the southbound empty commercial traffic facilities in October 2020. The City expects empty southbound commercial traffic to start in 2023. The City of Donna will be applying for funding for the Northbound Loaded Commercial Inspection Facilities, the City has been approved through the Donation Acceptance Program and will being working with GSA and CBP on the project.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Donna's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the City Secretary, 307 12th Street, City of Donna, Texas, 78537.

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 9,980,349	\$ 1,982,929	\$ 11,963,278	
Receivables, net	2,719,378	1,309,720	4,029,098	
Inventories	30,571	125,029	155,600	
Restricted cash and investments	-	18	18	
Net pension Asset	2.042.000	3,162	3,162	
Internal balances Due from component unit/primary government	2,943,690 (21,763)	(2,943,690)	- 79,715	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	(21,703)	101,478	17,713	
Non-depreciable assets	2,693,520	4,711,505	7,405,025	
Depreciable assets	11,197,291	49,580,215	60,777,506	
Prepaid expense	3,003	226,630	229,633	
Total assets	29,546,039	55,096,996	84,643,035	
	20,010,000			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred charge on refunding		14 102	14 102	
Deferred enarge on retunding Deferred outflows related to pensions	586,304	14,192 177,909	14,192 764,213	
•				
Total deferred outflow of resources	586,304	192,101	778,405	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	130,915	39,386	170,301	
Accrued liabilities	377,385	62,418	439,803	
Accrued interest payable	93,859	73,863	167,722	
Due to component unit/primary government Uncarned revenue	2,081,356	-	2,081,356	
Deposits	86,312	620,032	706,344	
Lines of credit	-	-	700,574	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	951,160	2,205,466	3,156,626	
Due in more than one year	36,654,127	19,107,021	55,761,148	
Pension liability	1,794,583	542,153	2,336,736	
Total liabilities	42,169,697	22,650,339	64,820,036	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	549,826	161,407	711,233	
Total deferred inflows of resources	549,826	161,407	711,233	
NET POSITION		40.000	(F + 00 F + 1)	
Net investment in capital assets	(23,404,679)	18,223,937	(5,180,742)	
Restricted for:	5 0 4 0 4 0 1		5 3 40 401	
Capital projects	5,248,491	-	5,248,491	
Operations and maintenance Repairs and replacements	(3,787)	-	(3,787) 43,405	
Debt service	43,405 1,629,227	-	1,629,227	
Tourism	3,256	<u>.</u>	3,256	
Other purpose	52,532	-	52,532	
Unrestricted (deficit)	3,844,375	14,253,414	18,097,789	
Total net position	\$ (12,587,180)	\$ 32,477,351	\$ 19,890,171	
Total fiet position	φ (12,201,100)	J4,411,JJ1	φ 12,020,171	

		Con	ponent Units		
	na Economic		evelopment		ax Increment
D	evelopment	C	Corporation		einvestment
C	orporation	oſ	Donna, Inc.	Zone Number Two	
\$	9,074	\$	238,984	\$	14,775
-	288,673	-	456,714	-	65,334
	,		-		-
	597,908		493,275		_
	-		-		_
	(595,397)		595,397		_
	(60,000)		(19,715)		_
	(60,000)		(19,713)		-
	2,999,011		603,332		_
	25,429		48,822		_
	, _		-		_
					90.100
	3,264,698		2,416,809		80,109
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	73		1 202		55,000
	1,886		1,383		55,000
	1,000		1,886		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	680,000		275,000		-
	3,250,899		2,401,465		2,499,696
	-		-		-
	3,932,858		2,679,734		2,554,696
	-		-		-
	(905,753)		-		-
	_		_		_
	-		_		_
	_		_		_
	597,908		_		_
			_		_
	-		_		-
	(360,315)		(262,925)		(2,474,587)
\$	(668,160)	\$	(262,925)	\$	(2,474,587)

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Program Revenues				
Function/Program Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government						
Governmental activities:						
General government	S 5,430,882	S 3,241,762	S 2,631,564	S -		
Tourism	8,675	-	-	-		
Public safety	5.168.342	-	-	-		
Public works	4.137.370	-	-	-		
Health and welfare	446,345	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	983,925	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal agent fees	910,600	-	-	-		
Debt issue cost	613,558					
Total governmental activities	17,699,697	3.241.762	2.631.564			
Business-type activities:						
Water and sewer	7,728,362	6,693,058	-	-		
International bridge	8,571,236	2,347,337	-	-		
Brush collections	141,192	398,214				
Total business-type activities	16.440.790	9.438.609				
Total primary government	34.140.487	12.680.371	2.631.564			
Component units						
Economic Development	1,191,409	12,100				
Total component units	<u>S 1,191,409</u>	S12,100	S	S		

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes/ tax increment

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Sales taxes

Franchise and other taxes

Hotel/motel taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Escrow on Refunding Bond

Proceeds from Refunding Bonds

Contributions

Miscellaneous revenues

Transfers

Transfers from (to) component unit/primary government

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net position

Net position-beginning

Prior period adjustment

Net position-ending

Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Government		es and Changes in Net Position Component Units			
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Donna Economic Development Corporation	Development Corporation of Donna, Inc.	Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Two	
S 442,444	\$ -	S 442,444	\$ -	s -	s -	
(8,675)	-	(8,675)	-	-	-	
(5.168.342)	-	(5.168.342)	-	-	-	
(4.137.370)	-	(4.137.370)	-	-	-	
(446,345)	-	(446,345)	-	-	-	
(983,925)	-	(983,925)	-	-	-	
(910,600)	-	(910,600)	-	-	-	
(613,558)		(613,558)				
(11,826,371)		(11.826.371)				
-	(1,035,304)	(1,035,304)	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
-	(6,223,899)	(6,223,899)	_	-	_	
-	257,022	257,022	-	-	-	
	(7.002.181)	(7.002.181)			-	
(11.826.371)	(7.002.181)	(18.828.552)				
			528,407	658,002	5,000	
S <u> </u>	\$	S	\$ 528,407	S <u>658,002</u>	S5,000	
S 4,985,486	\$ -	S 4,985,486	\$ -	s -	S 26,293	
1.463.183	-	1.463.183	-	-	-	
3.790.287	-	3.790 .28 7	1,565,272	1.565.272	-	
970,218	-	970,218	-	-	-	
133,783	-	133,783	-	-	-	
56,510	9,280	65,790	2.971	5,717	-	
806,865	-	806,865	-	-	-	
(27,801,052)	27 222 511	(27,801,052)	-	-	-	
74.440	27,223,511	201.575	(3.021.445)	-	•	
74,449	227,126	301,575	(2,031,645)	(101.838)	-	
1.841.776	(1.380.938)	460,838	(136.070)		-	
(78,758)		(78,758)	(126,070)	(126,070)		
(13,757,253)	26,078,979	12,321,726	(589,472)	1,343,081	26,293	
(25,583,623)	19,076,798	(6,506,825)	(1,117,879)	685,079	21,293	
12.996.443	13.076.165	26.072.608	449.719	(948,004)	(2,460,672)	
	324,388	324,388			(35.208)	
8(12,587,180)	\$ 32.477.351	S 19.890.171	\$ (668.160)	S (262,925)	S (2,474,587)	

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General	Debt Service	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)
ASSETS Cook and investments	¢ 1705021	¢ 947.615	£ 2.010.214
Cash and investments	\$ 1,705,031	\$ 847,615	\$ 2,019,214
Receivables, net:	1 140 224	249 520	
Property taxes	1,140,334	348,520	-
Nonproperty taxes Accounts	551,172 293,319	-	-
	135,553	-	-
Intergovernmental Inventories		-	-
Due from other funds	30,571	941.041	376
	2,632,384 60,000	841,941	370
Due from component units		-	-
Prepaid expense	3,003		
Total assets	\$ <u>6,551,367</u>	\$ 2,038,076	\$ <u>2,019,590</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 129,933	\$ 400	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	316,787	-	18
Due to other funds	538,712	_	-
Due to component units	511	_	_
Uncarned revenues	53,192	_	2,028,164
	·	-	
Deposits	86,312		
Total liabilities	1,125,447	400	2,028,182
Deferred inflows of resources			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	_1,016,402	314,590	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,016,402	314,590	
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable - inventories	30,571	-	-
Restricted for:			
Tourism	-	-	-
Fire equipment debt service	-	-	-
Law enforcement	-	-	-
Equipment purchases	-	-	(8,592)
Park improvements	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-
Debt service	-	1,723,086	-
Unassigned	4,378,947		
Total fund balances	4,409,518	1,723,086	(8,592)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ <u>6,551,367</u>	\$ <u>2,038,076</u>	\$ <u>2,019,590</u>

EXHIBIT 2-A

PPFCO Series 2022 CAP		Nonmajor vernmental	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 5,247,386	\$	161,103	\$	9,980,349
1,075 - - 30 - - \$ 5,248,491	 \$	224,404 - 25,001 - 49,899 (81,252) - 379,155	- \$_	1,713,258 551,172 319,395 135,553 30,571 3,524,630 (21,252) 3,003 16,236,679
\$ - - - - - - -	\$	582 60,580 42,228 - - - 103,390	\$ _ _	130,915 377,385 580,940 511 2,081,356 86,312 3,257,419
<u> </u>	_	-	_	1,330,992 1,330,992
-		-		30,571
5,248,491		3,256 52,532 (3,787) - 51,997 - 171,767 275,765		3,256 52,532 (3,787) (8,592) 51,997 5,248,491 1,723,086 4,550,714 11,648,268
\$ <u>5,248,491</u>	\$_	379,155	\$_	16,236,679

EXHIBIT 2-B

\$(-12,587,180)

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Fund balances - Governmental Funds Balance Sheet 11,648,268 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are 13,890,811 not reported in the funds. Long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds - these result from unavailable property tax revenues. 1,330,992 Long-term habilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payables in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are also included and are amortized as an adjustment of interest expense in the statement of activities over the remaining life of the debt. (37.605,287) Interest is accrued in the government-wide financial statements but not in the funds. (93,859)Included in the noncurrent assets/(liability) is the recognition of the City's net pension asset/(liability) required by GASB 68 in the amount of (\$2,274,232), a deferred resource outflows in the amount of \$505,711, and a deferred resource inflows in the amount of (\$239,923). This resulted in an increase/(decrease) in net position by (\$2,008,444). (1,721,878)Included in the noncurrent assets/(liability) is the recognition of the Firemen's net pension asset/(liability) required by GASB 68 in the amount of (\$18,321) and a deferred resource inflows in the amount of (\$17,906). This resulted in an increase/(decrease) in net position by (\$36,227). (36,227) *

Net position of governmental activities- Statement of Net Position

^{*} Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS) report was not available at the time of the City of Donna's financial report release.

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		General		Debt Service	American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)			
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	5,015,970	\$	1,463,183	\$	-		
Nonproperty taxes		4,760,505		-		-		
Charges for services		2,650,965		-		-		
Fines and forfeitures		120,608		-		-		
Licenses and permits		314,176		-		-		
Intergovernmental revenue		598,973		-		2,022,591		
Miscellaneous income		15,976		-		-		
Interest and investment income	_	47,891	_	8,297	_			
Total revenues	_	13,525,064	_	1,471,480	_	2,022,591		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		2,760,465		-		1,228,056		
Tourism		-		-		-		
Public safety		4,992,787		-		-		
Public works		3,678,667		-		-		
Health and welfare		445,648		-		-		
Culture and recreation		922,312		-		-		
Capital outlay		170,387		-		803,127		
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		558,722		417,960		-		
Interest and fiscal agent fees		28,209		856,870		-		
Bond issuance costs	_	-	_	522,470	_			
Total expenditures	_	13,557,197	_	1,797,300	_	2,031,183		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	(32,133)	_	(325,820)	_	(8,592)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Insurance proceeds		16,276		-		-		
Note payable issued		-		-				
Proceeds from Refunding Bond		-		26,175,000		-		
Escrow on Refunding bond		-		(27,801,052)		-		
Bond Premium		-		-		-		
Transfers in		403,857		2,214,802		-		
primary government		-		252,140		-		
Transfers (out)	_	(25,219)	_	(1,070,000)	_			
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	394,914	_	(229,110)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		362,781		(554,929)		(8,592)		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	4,046,737		2,278,015				
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	_		_		_			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$_	4,409,518	<u>\$</u>	1,723,086	<u>\$</u>	(8,592)		

EXHIBIT 2-C

PPFCO Series 2022 CAP	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,479,153
	133,783	4,894,288
_	131,815	2,782,780
_	24,198	144,806
-	-	314,176
-	10,000	2,631,564
40,559	1,638	58,173
	322	56,510
40,559	301,756	17,361,450
-	529,537	4,518,058
-	8,675	8,675
-	6,838	4,999,625
-	-	3,678,667
-	- 5.020	445,648
- 207.945	5,820	928,132
697,845	7,388	1,678,747
-	-	976,682
-	-	885,079
91,088		613,558
788,933	558,258	18,732,871
(748,374)	(256,502)	(1,371,421)
-	-	16,276
5,190,000	-	5,190,000
-	-	26,175,000
806,865,10	-	(27,801,052)
000,005,10	381,371	806,865 3,000,030
_	361,371	252,140
_	(63,035)	(1,158,254)
5,996,865	318,336	6,481,005
5,248,491	61,834	5,109,585
-	213,931	6,538,683
\$ 5,248,491	\$ 275,765	\$ <u>11,648,268</u>

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS

EXHIBIT 2-D

286.566 *

\$ (25,583,623)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	5,109,585
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		(517,697)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(30,484)
Bond premiums, discounts and insurance are recognized in the funds in the year the bonds are sold, but they are amortized over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. The deferred charge on a refunding is also recorded only in the statement of net position and amortized. This is the net amount of the current year amortization of these bond related items.		28,061
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds but has no effect on net position.	((31,365,000)
Repayment of bond and notes payable principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment has no effect on net position.		976,682
Some pension-related expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of		

activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not

reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

^{*} Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS) report was not available at the time of the City of Donna's financial report release.

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Business-type Activities								
Carsh and investments		Water and	Major Fund City International	Nonmajor Fund Brush	Proprietary					
Cash and investments										
Investiories	Cash and investments	\$ 1,664,916		\$ 84,566 -						
Not pension asset -		125,029	-	-						
Accounts receivable 1,215,616 - 94,104 1,309,729 Due from other funds 134,107 237,171 97,577 488,825 Due from component units 101,478 - 224,630 226,630 226,630 Total current assets 3,243,146 476,636 504,035 4,217,821 Noneurrent assets		-	-	3,162						
Due from other funds 134,107 237,171 97,577 468,855 Due from component units 101,478 -		1.215.717		04.104	1 200 720					
Due from component units			237 171							
Prepaid expense 2,000			-	-						
Total current assets			-	224,630						
Land, plant and equipment, net 34,740,844 19,092,919 457,957 54,291,720 Advances to other funds 198,550 - 198,550 19,092,919 457,957 54,490,270 101 noncurrent assets 34,939,394 19,092,919 457,957 54,490,270 101 assets 38,182,540 19,563,555 961,906 58,708,091 101 assets 11,092 101,000 101,0		3,243,146	470,636	504,039	4,217,821					
Land, plant and equipment, net 34,740,844 19,092,919 457,957 54,291,720 Advances to other funds 198,550 - 198,550 19,092,919 457,957 54,490,270 101 noncurrent assets 34,939,394 19,092,919 457,957 54,490,270 101 assets 38,182,540 19,563,555 961,906 58,708,091 101 assets 11,092 101,000 101,0	Noncurrent assets:									
Total noncurrent assets 34,939,394 19,092,919 457,957 54,490,270 Total assets 38,182,540 19,563,555 961,996 58,708,091 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 123,690 53,996 223 177,909 Total deferred outflows of resources 137,882 53,996 223 192,101 LABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 21,842 17,544 - 39,386 Accounts payable 21,842 17,544 - 39,386 Account liabilities 44,252 12,506 5,660 62,418 Due to other funds 836,797 2,575,748 - 3,412,545 Deposits 620,032 - - - 60,032 Lease payable 155,945 - 180,992 345,937 Bonds payable - current 1,089,072 770,457 - 1,859,529 Total current liabilities 2,836,302 3,376,255 <td></td> <td>34,740,844</td> <td>19,092,919</td> <td>457,957</td> <td>54,291,720</td>		34,740,844	19,092,919	457,957	54,291,720					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred charge on debt refunding 14,192 -	Advances to other funds	198,550			198,550					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred charge on debt refunding 14,192	Total noncurrent assets	34,939,394	19,092,919	457,957	54,490,270					
Deferred charge on debt refunding 14,192	Total assets	38,182,540	19,563,555	961,996	58,708,091					
Deterred outflows related to pensions 123,690 53,996 223 177,909 Total deferred outflows of resources 137,882 53,996 223 192,101 LABILITIES	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8								
Total deferred outflows of resources 137,882 53,996 223 192,101			-	-						
Current habilities:	Deferred outflows related to pensions	123,690	53,996	223	177,909					
Current liabilities: 21,842 17,544 - 39,386 Accorunts payable 21,842 12,506 5,660 62,418 Due to other funds 836,797 2,575,748 - 3,412,545 Deposits 620,032 - - 620,032 Accrued interest payable 68,362 - - 5,501 73,863 Lease payable 155,945 - 189,992 345,937 Bonds payable - current 1,089,072 770,457 - 1,859,529 Total current liabilities 2,836,302 3,376,255 201,153 6,413,710 Noneurrent liabilities 15,624,890 (627,268) 240,015 15,237,637 Claims payable 886,751 2,891,044 - 3,777,795 Compensated absences 56,805 25,379 9,405 91,589 Net pension liability 376,017 166,136 - 542,153 Advances from other funds 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,724 Total inbi	Total deferred outflows of resources	137,882	53,996	223	192,101					
Accounts payable 21,842 17,544 - 39,386 Accrued liabilities 44,252 12,506 5,660 62,418 Due to other funds 836,797 2,575,748 - 3,412,545 Deposits 620,032 - - 620,032 Accrued interest payable 68,362 - 15,501 73,863 Lease payable 155,945 - 189,992 345,937 Bonds payable - current 1,089,072 770,457 - 1,859,529 Total current liabilities 2,836,302 3,376,255 201,153 6,413,710 Noncurrent liabilities: 2 2,836,302 3,376,255 201,153 6,413,710 Noncurrent liabilities: 1 2,624,890 (627,268) 240,015 15,237,637 Claims payable 886,751 2,891,044 - 3,777,795 - 3,777,795 Compensated absences 56,805 25,379 9,405 91,589 91,589 Net pension liability 376,017 166,136										
Accrued liabilities 44,252 12,506 5,660 62,418 Due to other funds 836,797 2,575,748 - 3,412,545 Deposits 620,032 - - 620,032 Accrued interest payable 68,362 - 5,501 73,863 Lease payable 155,945 - 189,992 345,937 Bonds payable - current 1,089,072 770,457 - 1,859,529 Total current liabilities 2,836,302 3,376,255 201,153 6,413,710 Noncurrent liabilities: Leases payable 15,624,890 (627,268) 240,015 15,237,637 Claims payable 886,751 2,891,044 - 3,777,795 3,777,795 Compensated absences 56,805 25,379 9,405 91,589 Net pension liability 376,017 166,136 - 542,153 Advances from other funds - 198,550 - 198,550 Total inoncurrent liabilities 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,7		21 842	17 544	_	30.386					
Due to other funds 836,797 2,575,748 - 3,412,545 Deposits 620,032 - - 620,032 Accrued interest payable 68,362 - 5,501 73,863 Lease payable 155,945 - 189,992 345,937 Bonds payable - current 1,089,072 770,457 - 1,859,529 Total current liabilities 2,836,302 3,376,255 201,153 6,413,710 Noncurrent liabilities: Leases payable 15,624,890 (627,268) 240,015 15,237,637 Claims payable 886,751 2,891,044 - 3,777,795 Compensated absences 56,805 25,379 9,405 91,589 Net pension liability 376,017 166,136 - 542,153 Advances from other funds - 198,550 - 198,550 Total noneurrent liabilities 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,724 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pen	and the state of t			5,660						
Accrued interest payable 68,362 Lease payable - 5,501 189,992 345,937 Bonds payable - current 1,089,072 770,457 - 1,859,529 - 1,859,529 Total current liabilities 2,836,302 3,376,255 201,153 6,413,710 Noncurrent liabilities: - 2,836,302 3,376,255 201,153 6,413,710 Noncurrent liabilities: - 2,836,302 3,376,255 201,153 6,413,710 Claims payable 15,624,890 (627,268) 240,015 2,891,044 - 3,777,795 (240,042) 2,537,937 2,537,937 - 3,777,795 2,537,937 Compensated absences 56,805 25,379 9,405 91,589 94,05 91,589 91,589 Net pension liability 376,017 166,136 - 542,153 - 198,550 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,724 19,847,724 Total liabilities 19,780,765 6,030,096 450,573 26,261,434 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414		836,797		-	3,412,545					
Lease payable			-	- 5 501						
Bonds payable - current 1,089,072 770,457 - 1,859,529 Total current liabilities 2,836,302 3,376,255 201,153 6,413,710			-							
Total current liabilities 2,836,302 3,376,255 201,153 6,413,710 Noncurrent liabilities: Leases payable 15,624,890 (627,268) 240,015 15,237,637 Claims payable 886,751 2,891,044 - 3,777,795 Compensated absences 56,805 25,379 9,405 91,589 Net pension liability 376,017 166,136 - 542,153 Advances from other funds - 198,550 - 198,550 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,724 Total liabilities 19,780,765 6,030,096 450,573 26,261,434 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414			770,457	=						
Leases payable 15,624,890 (627,268) 240,015 15,237,637 Claims payable 886,751 2,891,044 - 3,777,795 Compensated absences 56,805 25,379 9,405 91,589 Net pension liability 376,017 166,136 - 542,153 Advances from other funds - 198,550 - 198,550 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,724 Total liabilities 19,780,765 6,030,096 450,573 26,261,434 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414				201,153						
Leases payable 15,624,890 (627,268) 240,015 15,237,637 Claims payable 886,751 2,891,044 - 3,777,795 Compensated absences 56,805 25,379 9,405 91,589 Net pension liability 376,017 166,136 - 542,153 Advances from other funds - 198,550 - 198,550 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,724 Total liabilities 19,780,765 6,030,096 450,573 26,261,434 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414	Noncurrent liabilities:									
Compensated absences 56,805 25,379 9,405 91,589 Net pension liability 376,017 166,136 - 542,153 Advances from other funds - 198,550 - 198,550 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,724 Total liabilities 19,780,765 6,030,096 450,573 26,261,434 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414	Leases payable	15,624,890	(627,268)	240,015	15,237,637					
Net pension liability 376,017 166,136 - 542,153 Advances from other funds - 198,550 - 198,550 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,724 Total liabilities 19,780,765 6,030,096 450,573 26,261,434 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 Total deferred inflows of resources 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414	· ·			0.405						
Advances from other funds - 198,550 - 198,550 Total noncurrent liabilities 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,724 Total liabilities 19,780,765 6,030,096 450,573 26,261,434 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 Total deferred inflows of resources 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414	·		·	9,405						
Total noncurrent liabilities 16,944,463 2,653,841 249,420 19,847,724 Total liabilities 19,780,765 6,030,096 450,573 26,261,434 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 Total deferred inflows of resources 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414		570,017		<u>-</u>						
Total liabilities 19,780,765 6,030,096 450,573 26,261,434 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 Total deferred inflows of resources 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414		16 944 463		249 420						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 Total deferred inflows of resources 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414										
Deferred inflows related to pensions 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 Total deferred inflows of resources 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414	Total liabilities	19,780,765	6,030,096	450,573	26,261,434					
Total deferred inflows of resources 111,622 47,806 1,979 161,407 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
NET POSITION 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414	Deferred inflows related to pensions	111,622	47,806	1,979	161,407					
Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414	Total deferred inflows of resources	111,622	47,806	1,979	161,407					
Net investment in capital assets 18,223,937 - - 18,223,937 Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414	NET POSITION									
Unrestricted (deficit) 204,098 13,539,649 509,667 14,253,414		18,223,937	-	-	18,223.937					
Total net position \$ 18,428,035 \$ 13,539,649 \$ 509,667 \$ 32,477,351	-		13,539,649	509,667						
	Total net position	\$ 18,428,035	\$ 13,539,649	\$ 509,667	\$ 32,477,351					

EXHIBIT 3-B

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities								
_	Major Fund Water and Sewer		lajor Fund International Bridge		major Fund Brush	Total Proprietary			
OPERATING REVENUES	1301101		Tiridge						
Charges for services	\$ 6,682,235	\$	2,329,337	\$	398,214	\$	9,409,786		
Rent revenue	10,823		18,000				28,823		
Total operating revenues	6,693,058		2,347,337	_	398,214		9,438,609		
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Current:									
Personnel and related services	1,495,490		617,397		65,119		2,178,006		
Repairs and maintenance	511,544		27,409		9,407		548,360		
Materials and supplies	336,479		14,047		9,137		359,663		
Consultant fees and services	2,651,494		300,885		15,941		2,968,320		
Depreciation and amortization	2,252,293		799,999		23,046		3,075,338		
Total operating expenses	7,247,300		1,759,737		122,650	_	9,129,687		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(554,242)		587,600	_	275,564		308,922		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Interest revenue	9,276		4		-		9,280		
Interest expense	(514,716)		1,514,977		(18,542)		981,719		
Sale of capital assets	-		(7,622,763)		-		(7,622,763)		
Amertization of refunding discounts/premiums	33,654		(703,713)		-		(670,059)		
Contributions	1,798,407		25,275,000		150,104		27,223,511		
Miscellaneous Revenue	225,070		2,088		(32)		227,126		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,551,691		18,465,593		131,530		20,148,814		
Income before transfers	99 7 ,449		19,053,193		407,094		20,457,736		
Transfers in	2,848		2,465,670		_		2,468,518		
Transfers (out)	(1,015,832)		(2,549,767)		(283,857)		(3,849,456)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(15,535)		18,969,096		123,237		19,076,798		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	18,471,325		(5,450,692)		55,532		13,076,165		
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	(27,755)		21,245		330,898		324,388		
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ <u>18,428,035</u>	\$	13,539,649	\$	509,667	\$	32,477,351		

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities							
	Water and City International Brush							
		Sewer		Bridge		Collections		Total
CASII FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				~				
Receipts from customers and users	S	6,712,375	\$	2,346,001	S	360,550	\$	9,058,376
Disbursed for goods and services to suppliers	.3	(1,518,937)	, p	(664,017)	.3	(48,298)	, p	(2,182,954)
Internal Transactions		(1,510,531)		(1,203,956)		(172.979)		(2,182,954) $(1.203.956)$
Disbursed for personnel services		(3,832,327)		(645,321)		(37,648)		(4,477,648)
Net eash provided by operating activities	_	1,361,111		(167,293)	_	101,625	_	1.193.818
· · · · · · · ·	_	1,001,111	_	(107,233)	_	101,023	_	1.155.616
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Cash paid to other funds		(392,098)		_		_		(392,098)
Cash paid to component units		214,919		_		_		214,919
Cash received from other		225,070		2,088		(32)		227,158
Transfer from other funds		2,848		2,465,670		-		2.468.518
Transfers to other funds		782,575		(2,549,767)		_		(1,767,192)
	_	833,314	_	(82,009)	_	(32)		751,305
Net eash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	_	6.0.0 ₅ .014	_	(82,009)	_	(.52)		151,505
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Principal paid on long-term debt		(1,386,564)		-		(78.480)		(1.386.564)
Interest and bond costs paid on long-term debt		(1,047,784)		(1,462,304)		(15,051)		(2,510,088)
Net eash used for capital and related financing activities		(2,434,348)		(1,462,304)		(93,531)		(3,896,652)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					_			
Interest received		9,276		4		_		9.280
Net eash provided by investing activities	_	9,276	_	4	_			9.280
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(230,647)		(1,711,602)	_	8,062		(1.942.249)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		1,895,563		1,945,067		-		3.840.630
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	s	1,664,916	s	233,465	s	8,062	s	1,898,381
	_	.,,			_		_	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income	S	(554,242)	\$	587,600	S	275,564	\$	33,358
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	.3	(334,242)	.p	561,000	.3	275,504	L)P	ال د دېږد. د
net eash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation		2.252.293		799,999		23,046		3,052,292
Decrease (increase) in receivables		(8,535)		164		(37.664)		(8,371)
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds		•		(1,203,956)		(172.979)		(1.203.956)
Decrease (increase) in inventory		(102,149)		(2,200,500)		-		(102,149)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid items		9,732		_				9.732
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows-pension		(28,384)		(2,717)		(223)		(31,101)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(240,393)		(302,980)		-		(543.373)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		5,493		12		5,660		5,505
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		-		(1,500)		-		(1.500)
Increase in customer deposits		27,852				-		27,852
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(55,532)		(40,265)		-		(95.797)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows-pension		66,107		23,778		1,979		89,885
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	_	(11,131)		(27,428)	_	9,405		(38.559)
Total adjustments		1,915,353	(754,893)		(173.939)		1.160.460
Net cash provided by operating activities	s_	1,361,111	<u>s</u>	(167,293)	s_	101,625	\$	1.193.818

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Donna, Texas (the "City"), have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The City was incorporated in 1908 under the Constitution of the State of Texas. The City's home rule charter was adopted on February 19, 1957, and amended on January 17, 1981, and May 7, 1994. In addition to the power indicated in the City charter, the City may exercise powers enumerated in Chapter 13, Title 28, Article 1175, of the Revised Civil Statutes of the State of Texas of 1925 conferred and granted to home rule cities. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides a full range of municipal services as authorized by its charter. The services include public safety, public works, culture and recreation, waterworks, and general government.

The accompanying financial statements include financial statements for related organizations in accordance with generally accounting principles. Organizations are included if they are financially accountable to the City, or the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete (discretely presented). Inclusion is determined on the basis of the City's ability to exercise significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on its operational or financial relationship with the City (as distinct from legal relationship). The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Governmental discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separateness from the City.

2. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The Donna Economic Development Corporation and Development Corporation of Donna, Inc.

The Donna Economic Development Corporation (DEDC-4A) and the Development Corporation of Donna, Inc. (DCD-4B) were organized exclusively for the purposes of benefiting and accomplishing public purposes of the City, by promotion and development of commercial, industrial and manufacturing enterprises, and in promoting and encouraging employment and the public welfare for the City by the State Act, Sections 4A and 4B, respectively, as amended, DEDC-4A is governed by a five-member board of directors. DCD-4B is governed by a seven-member board. Each of the boards is appointed by the Donna City Council. Any director of DEDC-4A and DCD-4B may be removed from office by the City Council for cause or at will. Their primary source of revenue is sales tax restricted by State statute that allows for this type of tax and by the City general election that adopted this sales tax.

Exercise of all powers to affect the purposes of the two corporations is subject at all times to the control of the Donna City Council. In addition, the City Council must approve DEDC-4A and DCD-4B budgets and amendments to Bylaws and Articles of Incorporation.

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Two (TIRZ #2)

The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Two (TIRZ #2) was created pursuant to Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code by and between the City, TIRZ #2, and Rhodes Enterprises, Inc. (the developer and petitioner for creation of the TIRZ #2) to provide property tax increment funding to TIRZ #2 to support qualifying development activities (public improvements) within TIRZ #2 to the extent that property tax increment collections are available. TIRZ #2 is managed by the Zone Board which has all powers allowed under Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code to manage TIRZ #2 and carry out the project and finance plan. The costs incurred by the developer are not and shall never become obligations or the debt of any participating entity.

An interlocal agreement provides that the City shall pay all of their respective property tax increment collections from taxpayers within the Tax Increment Zone to the TIRZ #2 and that the County shall pay 50% of all their respective M&O property tax increment collections to TIRZ #2, except that 50% of the M&O property tax increments from the County shall not exceed an M&O tax rate of .5191 cents per \$100 valuation. The tax increment base is \$2,249,946. The City and County participation in this reinvestment zone shall end the earlier of the termination date in 2038 or when they have contributed all of their respective tax increment collections as follows, \$79,665,000 for the City and \$33,818,213 for the County. As per City ordinance, TIRZ #2 is the southern sector of Donna consisting of approximately 1,528 acres. At this time, the project plan approved by Donna City Council is approximately 930 acres in size.

The priority of payment within TIRZ #2 is (1) the payment of debt service on any Bonds issued pursuant to 311.015 of the Texas tax code; (2) to reimburse eligible initial startup administrative costs of each participating taxing entity; and (3) to reimburse the developer for public improvements, including financing costs, as provided in the Project Plan.

The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by the City Council, a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, and the City maintains the ability to impose its will.

These three discretely presented component units do not issue separate financial statements. Each has a year end of September 30.

3. BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Number One

The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Number One (TIRZ #1) was created pursuant to Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code by and between the City, TIRZ #1, and Garden Valley Homes, LLC (the developer and petitioner for creation of the TIRZ #1) to provide property tax increment funding to TIRZ #1 to support qualifying development activities (public improvements) within TIRZ #1 to the extent that property tax increment collections are available. TIRZ #1 is managed by the Zone Board which has all powers allowed under Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code to manage TIRZ #1 and carry out the project and finance plan. The costs incurred by the developer are not and shall never become obligations or the debt of any participating entity.

An interlocal agreement provides that the City shall pay all of their respective property tax increment collections from taxpayers within the Tax Increment Zone to the TIRZ #1 and that the County shall pay 50% of all of their respective M&O property tax increment collections to TIRZ #1, except that 50% of the M&O tax increments from the County shall not exceed an M&O tax rate of .52 cents per \$100 valuation. The tax increment base is \$420,000. The City and County participation in this reinvestment zone shall end the earlier of the termination date in 2029 or when they have contributed all of their respective tax increment collections as follows: \$1,627,658 for the City and \$970,864 for the County. This entity is presented as a blended component unit, a nonmajor special revenue fund. The City currently has operational responsibilities for this component unit. The entity has a September 30 year end and does not issue separate financial statements.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the primary government statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

5. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be *available* when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes and franchise taxes, special assessments, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales taxes collected and held by the intermediary collecting governments at year-end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue. Fines, permits, and licenses revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The following are reported as major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term tax supportable general obligation debt of the primary government.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

American Rescue Plan Act Fund – This fund accounts for the infusion of resources to the City to help reverse the negative impacts of the pandemic, address its economic fallout, and lay the foundation for a strong and equitable recovery.

PPFCO Series 2022 Fund – This fund accounts for resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of major facilities and/or assets.

The following are reported as other nonmajor governmental fund types:

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Special Revenue Funds – These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than private purpose trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The following are reported as major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewer Fund – This fund accounts for the water and sewer services provided to customers. All the capital assets not of related liabilities, along with revenues and expenses of providing these services are accounted for within this fund.

City International Bridge Fund – This fund accounts for the international toll bridge. All the capital assets not of related liabilities, along with revenues and expenses of providing these services are accounted for within this fund.

The following are reported as a nonmajor proprietary fund:

Brush Collections – This fund accounts for the brush collection services to customers. All the capital assets net of related liabilities, along with revenues and expenses of providing these services are accounted for within this fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the primary government's government-wide financial statements. The exception to this general rule are the charges for water and sewer services to the other primary government funds and payment-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements apply all applicable GASB pronouncements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

6. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Money market investments which are short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper, banker's acceptances and U.S. Treasury and agency obligations are reported at amortized cost.

The City can legally invest in adequately secured investments in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act. The City may also participate in any public funds investment pool created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act. Investment in external pools are reported at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

The DEDC-4A, DCD-4B, TIRZ #1 and TIRZ #2 funds are authorized to invest in adequately secured investments in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act.

Investments for the component units are reported at amortized cost if there is an external investment pool, otherwise it is reported as cash and cash equivalents for financial reporting purposes.

Receivables and Payables

Lending/borrowing between funds that results in amounts outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds". "Due to/from other funds" represents the current portion of interfund loans. "Advances to/from other funds" represents the non-current portion of interfund loans. With respect to the government-wide financial statements, any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible, as applicable.

Included in accounts receivable of the City's Water and Sewer proprietary fund is an estimated amount for services rendered but not billed as of the close of the year. The receivable was estimated by prorating subsequent cycle billings based on meter readings sent to customers.

Property taxes are levied on October 1st on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st for all real and business personal property in the City in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Code. Assessed values are an approximation of market values. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1st of the year following the year in which imposed.

No discounts are offered. On January 1st of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

Property taxes are prorated between the general and debt service funds based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory in the cemetery fund consists of cemetery lots and is valued at cost. Inventories are recorded under the "consumption" method. Under the consumption method, inventory acquisitions are recorded in inventory accounts and charged as expenses (business-type activities) when used. On the government-wide statement of activities consumption of inventory is recorded as an expense.

Prepaid items recorded in both the government-wide and fund financial statements are goods and services that are paid for in advance and are applicable to future accounting periods. Using the consumption method, prepaid items are recorded as expenditures (governmental fund types) or expenses (proprietary fund types) as the goods or services are used. On the government-wide statement of activities consumption of prepaid items is recorded as an expense.

Restricted Assets of the Proprietary Funds and DEDC-4A, DCD-4B Component Units

Water and sewer bond ordinances, the international bridge bond ordinance and DEDC-4A and DCD-4B component units' ordinances require that during the period the bonds are outstanding. The City must maintain certain separate accounts and funds to account for the proceeds from the issuance of the bonds and the debt service deposits made from revenues or from bond proceeds. These restricted assets can be used only in accordance with the bond ordinances.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include of property, plant and equipment, include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings (e.g., fences, retaining walls, parking lots and landscaping), infrastructure (e.g., streets, sidewalks, water and sewer systems, drainage systems, bridges, lighting systems and similar items), and furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The City defines capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, as assets with a cost or fair value of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset life are not capitalized.

The term of the lease must be the non-cancelable period during which the District has the right to use the tangible assets of another entity plus any periods in which either the lessee or the lessor has the sole option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain the option will be exercised plus any periods in which either the lessee or the lessor has the sole option to terminate the lease if it is reasonably certain the option will not be exercised by that party and must not meet the definition of a short-term lease under GASB 87.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Interest expense is not allowed to be capitalized on general government capital assets.

Depreciation of capital assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations in the fund financial statements as well as the business-type activities in government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are reported on proprietary funds Statement of Net Position and in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Depreciation of general government capital assets used by funds categorized as governmental activities is not allowed in the governmental fund financial statements, nor are the capital assets allowed to be reported on the balance sheets in the governmental fund financial statements in connection with their measurement focus. Depreciation of general government capital assets used by funds categorized as governmental activities in the government-wide Statement of Activities is required. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are required to be reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The DEDC-4A and DCD-4B component units have depreciable capital assets. Depreciation expense is required in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital assets are reported for these component units in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Depreciation on governmental capital assets and capital assets in the proprietary funds has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	40-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20-25 years
Infrastructure	10-90 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental/business-type activities or the specific proprietary fund to which each relates, as applicable. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, excluding bond insurance costs, are expensed as incurred. The City implemented GASB 87 for reporting leases during this reporting period. A right-to-use lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. To be accounted for as a lease, the lease must meet the definition of a "long term" lease provided in GASB 87 and must meet the capitalization level set by the Board. The right-to-use lease liability is reported in the government-wide statements. The lease liability is calculated as the present value of the reasonably certain expected payments to be made over the term of the lease and the interest included in the lease payment is recorded as an expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received and discounts incurred on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures. With GASB 87, the initial measure of a new right-to-use lease arrangement is reported in governmental fund types as an other source during the current period. Monthly payments are reported as principal and interest payments during the reporting period in the fund level statements.

Fund Balance Reporting

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

There are two major categories of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to eash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and long-term receivables. The City has inventories and long-term advances to funds that are considered nonspendable.

In addition to the nonspendable fund balance, there is a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

Restricted — Fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed — Fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government from its highest level of decision-making authority. The responsibility to commit funds rests with the City Council. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action.

Assigned — Fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose. The responsibility to assign funds rests with the City Council. The City does not have any assigned fund balances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. An additional action does not have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

Unassigned — Fund balance is not constrained for any particular purpose.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

When expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources/Other Assets and Liabilities

Certain defined transactions that do not qualify for treatment as either assets or liabilities are required to be accounted for and reported as either deferred outflows of resources (a separate subheading following assets, but before liabilities) or deferred inflows of resources (a separate subheading following liabilities, but before equity).

Deferred Outflows of Resources — A consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expenses) until then. It has a positive effect on net position, similar to assets.

Deferred Inflows of Resources — An acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. It has a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, insurance costs arising from the issuance of debt are expensed. Deferred amounts from a refunding of debt (debits) are reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred amounts from refunding debt (credits) are reported as deferred inflows of resources and amortized over the lesser life of the refunded bonds or refunding debt.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Grant amounts received in advance of meeting timing requirements and advances of revenue from imposed non-exchange transactions such as property taxes or transactions recorded as a receivable prior to the period when resources are required to be used or are available, are reported as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level and are recognized as revenues at the government-wide level.

See below, Pensions regarding pension-related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources.

Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, pensions are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting, regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City recognizes a net pension liability for each qualified pension plan in which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the pension plan measured as of the actuarial measurement date. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred. Projected earnings on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows or resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City Council adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Prior to August 18th of each year, the City Manager is required to submit to City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year beginning on October 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to October 1st, the budget is legally enacted by the City Council through passage of an ordinance.
- d. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between accounts within any department; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the City Council. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the original and final authorized amounts as revised, as applicable, during the year.
- e. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, the debt service fund and certain special revenue and enterprise funds. The special revenue funds for which a budget is adopted are the Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund, the Texas Confiscated Forfeitures and the Fire Equipment Service Fee Fund. A budget is adopted for the City International Bridge Fund, an enterprise fund, for internal use and continuing compliance purposes. A budget is maintained for internal use only for the Water and Sewer fund, an enterprise fund.
- All City budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

g. Annual budgeted expenditures are adopted at the departmental level within funds. As described above, the City Manager is authorized to make transfers within a department. Accordingly, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations is the department level.

h. Appropriations for annually budgeted funds lapse at year-end.

During the year ended September 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows in the General Fund:

General Fund Excess of Expenditures

Department	Over Appropriation
City manager	\$ 126,510
Municipal court	9,998
Information & technology	196
City hall	6,214
City secretary	2,048
Police	276,133
Fire	213,590
Inspections	3,810
City vehicle maintenance	226
Code enforcement and health inspections	5,982
Animal control	1,866
Capital outlay	14,949
Principal retirement	147,859
Interest and fiscal agent fees	2,378
	\$ 811,759

2. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

At September 30, 2022, the Texas Confiscated Forfeit fund, and the America Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) fund have a deficit fund balance of \$3,787, and \$8,592 respectively. The City is and will continue monitoring its progress to ensure it maintains an acceptable or positive balance or complete elimination of this deficit.

3. NET POSITION DEFICITS

The Texas Confiscated Forfeit fund in the governmental activities reflects an unrestricted net position deficit of \$3,787.

The component unit DEDC-4A reflects in the government-wide Financial Statements an unrestricted net position deficit of \$360,315.

The component unit DCD-4b reflects in the government-wide Financial Statements an unrestricted net position deficit of \$262.925.

The component unit TIRZ #2 reflects in the government-wide Financial Statements an unrestricted net position deficit of \$2,474,587.

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Deposits

State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits, excluding the amount covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance. The City's deposits were fully insured as required by State statutes at September 30, 2022.

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits with financial institutions was \$3,264,840 and the bank balance was \$2,559,723. Bank balances of the City were covered by federal deposit insurance or were secured by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name pursuant to the City's Investment Policy and its Depository Agreement.

Investments

At September 30, 2022 the City had the following investments:

			Weighted Average	Credit
	F	air Value	Maturity	Rating
Local government investments Cooperative (LOGIC)	\$	7,528,677	34 days	AAAm
Invesco Treasury Portfolio Trust		1,122,665	<90 days	AAAm
Cash and Cash Equivalents on the Statement				
of Net Position	\$	8,651,342		

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2022 and during the year ended September 30, 2022 were covered by federal deposit insurance or were secured by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name pursuant to the City's Investment Policy and its Depository Agreement.

The LOGIC and Invesco Treasury Portfolio Trust Investments are considered investments on the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental and proprietary fund-level statements.

LOGIC was organized on May 6, 1994, to conform to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

This Act permits the creation of investment pools to which a majority of political subdivisions (local governments) in Texas may delegate, by contract, the authority to make investments purchased with local investment funds and to hold legal title as custodian of the investment securities.

As of the September 30, 2022, the City's external investment pool, LOGIC, met the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 79 and measures all of their investments at amortized costs; therefore, the City has also measured their investments in these external investment pools at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The LOGIC Fund will invest only in authorized investments under the Public Funds Investment Act. The stated objective of the fund is to maintain a stable value of \$1.00 per unit; however, the \$1.00 net position value is not guaranteed or insured by the Fund, its Board, the Co-Administrators, their agents, or any other governmental or other entity.

Invesco Treasury Portfolio Trust is a no-load money market mutual fund. Invesco is an investment company regulated by the SEC. Invesco has a dollar-weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less and includes in its investment's objectives the maintenance of a stable net position value of \$1 for each share. GASB Statement 31 allows Investment Company money market mutual funds to use amortized cost rather than fair value to report net position to compute share price. The fair value of the City's position in the money market mutual fund is the same as the value of Invesco shares.

The LOGIC and Invesco Treasury Portfolio Trust Investments are stated at amortized cost, which does not vary materially from fair value due to the short-term nature of the investments, unless there is permanent impairment of value in which case the investments are valued at market.

Credit Risk

LOGIC invests in short-term securities including: bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States, commercial paper, repurchase agreements collateralized by government securities, and SEC registered money market funds rated in the highest rating category by at least one nationally recognized rating service. Certain investments purchased by LOGIC must be rated in the highest rating category for debt obligations by at least two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NSROs) or, if unrated, be of comparable quality as determined in accordance with procedures established by LOGIC's Board of Directors.

Per the most recently issued audited financial statements of LOGIC, it only invested in assets, including collateral of underlying repurchase agreements, classified as First Tier Securities and Second Tier Securities as defined by rule 2a-7. Invesco invests in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury, and in repurchase agreements secured by treasuries.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Per the City's investment policy, the City seeks to:

- •Minimize interest rate risk by structuring investments to meet cash requirements.
- •Investing operating funds primarily in certificates of deposit, short-term securities, money market mutual funds, or local government investment pools functioning as money market mutual funds.
- •Diversifying maturities and staggering purchase dates to minimize the impact of market movements over time.

The City's investments in LOGIC and Invesco are payable on demand and function as money market mutual funds. The investments in certificates of deposit have varying maturities ranging from less than a month to one and three months.

NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. COMPONENT UNITS

DEDC-4A and DCD-4B

Deposits for DEDC-4A and DCD-4B are held separately from those of the City's funds. At September 30, 2022, the reported amount of deposits for DEDC-4A totaled \$9,074, and the bank balances totaled \$9,074. The reported deposits for DCD-4B totaled \$238,984 and the bank balances totaled \$238,984.

At September 30, 2022, DEDC-4A and DCD-4B deposits were each covered by federal deposit insurance or were secured by collateral held by the component unit's agent in the component unit's name.

The DEDC-4A's investments at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Weighted Average	Credit
Invesco Treasury Portfolio	Fair Value	Maturity	Rating
Trust	\$ 597,908	< 90 days	AAAm

The DEDC-4B's investments at September 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Weighted Average	Credit
Invesco Treasury Portfolio	Fair Value	Maturity	Rating
Trust	\$ 493,275	< 90 days	AAAm

Invesco Treasury Portfolio Trust is a no-load money market mutual fund.

Invesco is an investment company regulated by the SEC. Invesco has a dollar-weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less and includes in its investment objectives the maintenance of a stable net position value of \$1 for each share. GASB Statement 31 allows Investment Company money market mutual funds to use amortized cost rather than fair value to report net position to compute share price. The fair value of DEDC-4A's and DCB-4B's position in the money market mutual fund is the same as the value of Invesco shares.

Please refer to the descriptions of concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and custodial credit risk above relating to the primary government. The DEDC-4A, DCD-4B, TIRZ#1, and TIRZ #2 follow the same policies relating to investments.

NOTE C – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation

The meaning of "investments" in this note may differ from the meaning of the caption "investments" in the basic financial statements. A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as shown on the Statement of Net Position is as follows:

			_		Com	ponent Units		
		Primary overnment	Γ	Donna Feonomie Development Corporation		evelopment orporation of Donna		Increment e Number Two
Cash on hand	S	7.595	\$	-	\$	-	S	-
Carrying amount deposits		4,367,873		9,074		238,984		14,775
Short-term investments		7,587.828		597.908		493,275		-
Cash and cash equivalents	S	11,963.296	\$	606.982	S	732,259	S	14.775
Cash and cash equivalents	S	11,963,278	\$	9,074	\$	238,984	S	14,775
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		18		597,908		493,275		
Cash/cash equivalents Statement of Net Position	S	11,963.296	\$	606.982	S	732,259	S	14.775

Virtually all funds of the City international bridge fund and both economic development corporations are held in respective trust accounts in connection with the City bond ordinance for the international bridge project and the respective sales tax revenue bond resolutions.

NOTE D - PROPERTY TAXES

The City's property tax is levied each October 1st, on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in the City in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Code. Assessed values approximate market values. A receivable for property taxes is recognized and recorded at the levy date. The adjusted assessed value for the roll as of October 1, 2021, upon which the 2022 levy was based, was \$991,545,424.

Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1st of the year following the year in which imposed. No discounts are offered. During the fiscal year, 97% of the current year tax levy (October 1, 2021) was collected. The statutory lien date is January 1st.

Taxes are prorated between general and debt service funds based on rates adopted for the year of the levy.

The methods of property assessment and tax collection are determined by Texas statute. The statutes provide for a property tax code, county-wide appraisal districts and certain exemptions from taxation, such as intangible personal property, household goods and family-owned automobiles.

The appraisal of property within the City is the responsibility of the Hidalgo County Appraisal District. The Hidalgo County Appraisal District is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its appraised value.

The tax rate to finance general governmental purposes, other than the payment of principal and interest on tax supported general obligation long-term debt, for the year ended September 30, 2022, was \$.602621 per \$100 assessed valuation. The tax rate for debt service on the principal and interest requirements on general obligation long-term debt, for the year ended September 30, 2022, was \$.175917 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The combined tax rate for the City is \$.778538 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The City is permitted by Article XI, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental purposes, including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt.

NOTE D - PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

On the modified accrual basis, property taxes that are measurable and available (receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or within 60 days thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period) are recognized as revenue in the year of the levy. Property taxes that are measurable, but not available, are recorded, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as deferred inflows of resources in the year of levy. Such deferred inflows are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which they become available.

NOTE E - RECEIVABLES

1. PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

The balance of delinquent property taxes receivable and property tax are as follows:

Governmental Activities as of September 30, 2022:

						Other		Total
			D	Debt Service Governmental		\mathbf{G}	overnmental	
Primary Governmental Funds	General Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
Property taxes receivable	\$	1,357,233	\$	455,486	\$	224,404	\$	2,037,123
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles		(216,899)		(106,966)				(323,865)
Net property taxes receivable	\$	1,140,334	\$	348,520	\$	224,404	\$	1,713,258

Receivables at year end for the primary government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

								Other						
			De	ht Service	PPF	CO Series	Go	vernmental	V	Vater and		Brush		
	Ge	neral Fund		Fund	20	122 CAP		Funds	Se	wer Fund	Co	Hections		Total
Property taxes receivable	\$	1,357,233	S	455,486	\$	-	S	224,404	S	-	\$	-	\$	2,037,123
Other receivables:														
Sales taxreceivable		551,172				-		-		-		-		551,172
Accounts		445,489		-		1,075		25,(x)1		2,150,091		105,614		2,727,270
Intergovernmental-grant	_	135,553	_			_	_	-	_				_	135,553
Gross receivables		2,489,447		455,486		1,075		249,405		2,150,091		105,614		5,451,118
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles		(369,069)		(106,966)		<u>-</u>	_	-		(934,475)		(11,510)	_	(1,422,020)
Total other receivables, net	\$	2,120,378	8	348,520	\$	1,075	8	249,405	<u>s</u>	1,215,616	\$	94,104	\$	4,029,098

Revenues of the Water and Sewer Fund reported no change in the provision for estimated uncollectible amounts for the current year.

2. COMPONENT UNITS

Accounts Receivable

At September 30, 2022, DEDC-4A had \$275,586 in sales tax receivable, DCD-4B had a sales tax receivable of \$275,586. Tax Reinvestment Zone Two had a sales tax receivable of \$65,334.

Loans Receivable

At September 30, 2022 the DEDC-4A had a loan receivable of \$13,087 and the DCD-4B had U.S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Business Enterprise Grant program loans receivable in the amount of \$181,128.

NOTE F – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Governmental funds report deferred inflows in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At the government-wide financial statements, deferred outflows include deferred amounts on refunding of the bonds.

As of September 30, 2022, the various components of deferred outflows and inflows of resources are as follows:

Primary Government

At the fund level financial statements, the City has the following deferred inflows of resources:

			L D	ent Service	
	Ger	neral Fund		Fund	Total
Property taxes, unavailable	\$	1,016,402	\$	314,590	\$ 1,330,992
Totals Exhibit 2-A	\$	1,016,402	\$	314,590	\$ 1,330,992

At the government-wide financial statements (Exhibit 1-A), the City reports cumulative deferred amounts on bond refunding as Deferred Outflows of Resources in the amount of \$14,192 of unamortized deferred amounts on bond refunding in business-type activities.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions is \$586,304 for governmental activities reported at the government-wide financial statements and \$177,909 for business-type activities.

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions is \$549,826 for governmental activities reported at the government-wide financial statements and \$161,407 for business-type activities.

NOTE G - INTERFUND PAYABLES/RECEIVABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2022 for the primary government were as follows:

				Payabl	e Fu	nd						
Receivable Fund	Go General Fund			Other Governmental Funds		Water and Sewer Fund		City International Bridge Fund		Brush Collections Fund		Total
Governmental Funds												
General Fund	\$	-	S	41,228	\$	661,108	S	1,853,543	\$	76,505	\$	2,632,384
Debt Service Fund		490,015		-		-		351,926		-		841,941
American Rescue Plan Act Fund		188		-		188		-		-		3 7 6
PPFCO Series 2022 Fund		30		-		-		-		-		30
Other Governmental Funds		44,744		-		1,420		-		-		46,164
Proprietary Funds												
Water and Sewer Fund		-		1,000		-		133,107		-		134,107
City International Bridge Fund		-		-		-		237,171		-		237,171
Brush Collections		-	_	-		174,081		-		-	_	174,081
	\$	534,977	S	42.228	<u>\$</u>	836,797	<u>s</u>	2,575,747	\$	76.505	\$	3,892,173

NOTE G - INTERFUND PAYABLES/RECEIVABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2022 for the component units were as follows:

		Payabl	le Fu	md	
Receivable Fund	DE	DEDC (4A)			
Component Units					
DCD (4B)	<u>S</u>	595,397	\$	595,397	
	S	595,397	\$	595.397	

The balances generally result from a routine lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between the funds are made. All amounts are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

Certain interfund loans were not expected to be repaid within the next year. These loans are reported as long-term advances. The following advances were made to sustain operations of the City International Bridge Fund, which did not generate revenues to meet operating and debt obligations.

Advances receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Payable Fund								
	City I	nternational							
Receivable Fund	Bri	Total							
Proprietary Fund									
Water and Sewer Fund	\$	198,550	\$	198,550					
	\$	198,550	\$	198,550					

Advances are interfund loans which are not scheduled to be repaid within one year.

Due to/from the primary government and component units at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Paya	ble Fund		
Receivable Fund	Gene	ral Fund	•	Total
Component Units				
TIRZ/#2	<u>S</u>	3,735	\$	3,735
	S	3,735	\$	3,735

NOTE G-INTERFUND PAYABLES/RECEIVABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund transfers during the year for the primary government were as follows:

	Transfer In											
						Other				City		
	(eneral	Da	ht Service	G	overnmental	W	ater and	Int	ternational		
Transfer Out		Fund		Fund		Funds	Se	wer Fund	B	ridge Fund		Total
General Fund	\$	-	S	-	S	22,371	S	2,848	\$	-	S	25,219
Debt Service Fund		-		-		-		-		1,070,000		1,070,000
Other Governmental Funds		-		63,035		-		-		-		63,035
Water and Sewer Fund		120,000		-		-		-		895,832		1,015,832
City International Bridge Fund		-		2,151,767		-		-		398,000		2,549,767
Brush Collections Fund		283.857			_							283.857
	\$	403,857	S	2,214,802	S	22,371	S	2,848	\$	2,363,832	S	5,007,710

Interfund transfers during the year for the primary government and component units were as follows:

		Trans fer In								
	Del	xt Service	Tax In	crement Zone	City Into					
Transfer Out		Fund	Number Two		Fund			Total		
Component Units										
DEDC (4A)	S	126,070	\$	359,000	S	-	\$	485,070		
DCD (4B)		126,070				101,838		227,908		
	S	252,140	\$	359,000	S	101,838	\$	712,978		

Transfers were used primarily to assist with cash flow due to COVID-19 pandemic.

NOTE H - CAPITAL ASSETS

1. PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	1	Balance				Balance
Governmental Activities	Septer	mber 30, 2021	Increases	ncreases Decreases		September 30, 2022
Capital assets, not subject to depreciation:						
Land	\$	2,601,372	\$ -	S -	S -	S 2,601,372
Construction in Progress		92,148				92,148
Total capital assets, not subject to depreciation		2.693.520				2,693.520
Capital assets, depreciable:						
Buildings		2.400.836	-	-	-	2,400.836
Improvements other than buildings		2,513,601	-	-	-	2,513,601
Infrastructure		13.086.533	2,252,807	-	(2,252.807)	13,086.533
Furniture and equipment		6,417,099	726,590	(347,303)	(500)	6,795,886
Total capital assets, being depreciated		24,418,069	2,979,397	(347,303)	(2,253,307)	24,796,856
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings		1.407.284	46,750	-	-	1,454.034
Improvements other than buildings		836,420	120,646	-	-	957,066
Infrastructure		7.414,949	335,176	-	-	7,750.125
Furniture and equipment		3,043,889	410,856	(16,405)		3,438,340
Total accumulated depreciation		12,702,542	913,428	(16,405)		13,599,565
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		11.715.527	2,065,969	(330,898)	(2,253.307)	11,197,291
Governmental Activities, capital assets, net	\$	14,409,047	\$ 2,065,969	<u>S (330,898)</u>	<u>S (2,253,307)</u>	<u>S 13,890,811</u>

Depreciation was charged to Government functions as follows:

Governmen	ıtal	Acti	vities
CONTRIBUTED	нац	αu	MUCS

General government	\$	31,218
Public safety		267,346
Public works		514,868
Culture and recreation		74,103
Public health		9,488
Total depreciation expense - Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	897,023

NOTE H – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balance							Balance
Business-Type Activities	September 30, 2021	Increases		Decreases	Adjustments	September 30, 2022		
Capital assets, not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$ 1,704,69	9 \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,704,699
Construction in Progress	2,995,91	7 _		_	(107,921)			2,887,996
Total capital assets, not subject to depreciation	4,700,61	5 _		_	(107,921)			4,592,695
Capital assets, depreciable:								
Buildings	21,296,00	5	-		(7,738,846)	-		13,557,160
Improvements other than buildings	3,597,57	8	-		-	-		3,597,578
Infrastructure	73,131,72	5	995,280		-	-		74,127,006
Furniture and equipment	3,946,57	<u> </u>	971,692	_		347,303		5,266,565
Total capital assets, being depreciated	101,971,88	<u> </u>	1,967,972	_	(7,738,846)	347,303		96,548,309
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings	6,972,86	5	245,578		(116,083)	-		7,102,361
Improvements other than buildings	1,130,19	0	117,361		-	-		1,247,551
Infrastructure	33,749,13	5	2,485,780		-	-		36,234,915
Furniture and equipment	2,021,43	3 _	226,619		<u> </u>	16,405		2,264,457
Total accumulated depreciation	43,873,62	4 _	3,075,338	_	(116,083)	16,405		46,849,284
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net.	.5%,098,25	<u> </u>	(1,107,366)	_	(7,622,763)	330,898		49,699,025
Business-Type Activities, capital assets, net	\$ 62,798,87	2 <u>\$</u>	(1,107,366)	\$	(7,730,684)	\$ 330,898	\$	54,291,720

Depreciation expense was charged to Business-Type functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities	
Water and Sewer	\$ 2,252,293
City International Bridge Fund	799,999
Brush Collection	 23,046
Total depreciation expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 3,075,338

NOTE H – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

2. COMPONENT UNITS - DEDC-4A AND DCD-4B

A summary of changes in capital assets for the Component Units is as follows:

		Balance						Balance	
Component Units		mber 30, 2021		Increases		Decreases	September 30, 2022		
Capital assets, not subject to depreciation:									
Land	\$	4,788,403	S	-	\$	(1,186,060)	S	3,602,343	
Construction in Progress		1,041,100		454,549		(1,495,649)			
Total capital assets, not subject to depreciation		5,829,503	_	454,549		(2,681,709)		3,602,343	
Capital assets, depreciable:									
Buildings		377,207		-		-		377,207	
Furniture and equipment		67,765						67,765	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		444,972	_	-		-		444,972	
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		323,903		4,749		-		328,652	
Furniture and equipment		37,741		4,329				42,070	
Total accumulated depreciation		361,644		9,078		-		370,722	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		83,328		(9,078)	_			74,250	
Component Units, capital assets, net	\$	5,912,831	<u>s</u>	445,471	\$	(2,681,709)	<u>s</u>	3,676,593	

Depreciation expense for the component units for the year ended September 30, 2022 is as follows:

Component Units	
Component Unit - DEDC (4A)	\$ 5,736
Component Unit - DCD (4B)	 3,342
Total Component Units depreciation expense	\$ 9,078

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

1. PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Combination Tax and Revenue Bonds and General Obligation Refunding Bonds

The City has issued combination tax and revenue bonds, which pledge the full faith and credit of the City as well as the income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Combination tax revenue bonds, and general obligation refunding bonds outstanding at September 30, 2022 are as follows:

Series 2012 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds - due in variable annual installments of \$525,000 to \$680,000 through February 1, 2025; interest at 2.84%, payable semi-annually. Approximately 26.40% is accounted for with governmental activities and 73.60% is accounted for with business-type activities. The original issuance amount of these bonds was \$1,260,600 accounted for with governmental activities and \$3,514,400 accounted for with business-type activities.

Series 2015 Certificates of Obligation - due in variable annual installments of \$145,000 to \$310,000 through February 15, 2035; interest at 2.0% to 4.50%, payable semi-annually. The original issuance amount of these bonds was \$4.065,000 accounted for with governmental activities.

Series 2016 Certificates of Obligations—due in variable annual installments of \$50,000 to \$520,000 through February 15,2036; interest at 2.00% to 4.00%, payable semi-annually. The original issuance amount of these bonds was \$6,000,000. This debt is \$5,000,000 for improvements to the water and new sewer system, and \$1,000,000 for improvements to the international toll bridge.

Series 2017 Certificate of Obligation - due in variable annual installments through February 15, 2033; interest at 2.00% to 4.00%, payable semi-annually. The original issuance amount of these bonds was \$1,848,000 accounted for with governmental activities and \$7,392,000 accounted for with business-type activities.

Series 2019 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds - due in variable annual installments through February 15, 2034; interest at 2.60%, payable semi-annually. The issuance amount of these bonds was \$4,035,000, accounted in business-type activities.

Series 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds – due in variable annual installments through September 15, 2047; interest at 3.61%, payable semi-annually. The original issuance amount of these bonds was \$27, 485,000 accounted for with governmental activities. This debt is for the international bridge toll bridge and related infrastructure.

Utility and Bridge Revenues Pledged

Water and Sewer Fund

The City currently has pledged future water and sewer fund revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay approximately \$13.6M in combination tax and revenue bonds issued in varying years. The bonds are payable through 2034. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require approximately 42 percent of net revenues.

City International Bridge Fund

The City is currently servicing the debt requirements of the City International Bridge Fund's bonded debt with a levy of taxes, assistance from other funds of the City, and bridge operations. Budgets approved for 2021-2022 continue that debt servicing arrangement.

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The changes in bonded debt payable during the year are summarized as follows:

		Balance		Additions /						Balance		Due Within	
Bonds	Septe	mber 30, 2021	Re	fundings	Re	eductions	Adjustments		Septe	mber 30, 2022	O	пе Үеаг	
Primary Covernment													
Governmental Funds													
2012 Limited Tax Refunding Bonds	\$	669,240	S	-	S	(168,960)	S	-	S	500,280	S	162,360	
2015 Certificate of Obligation		3,275,000		-		(175,000)		-		3,100,000		180,000	
2017 Certificate of Obligation		1,583,000		-		(74,000)		-		1,509,000		77,000	
2022 Public Property Finance Contractual Obligation		-		5,190,000		-		-		5,190,000		100,000	
2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Bridge)	_			26,175,000					_	26,175,000			
Total Covernmental Funds Bonds		5,527,240		31,365,000	_	(417,960)	_		_	36,474,280	_	519,360	
Water and Sewer Fund													
2012 Limited TaxRefunding Bonds		1,865,760		-		(471,040)		-		1,394,720		452,640	
2016 Certificates of Obligation		4,562,501		-		(83,333)		895,832		5,375,000		125,000	
2017 Certificates of Obligation		6,332,000		-		(296,000)		-		6,036,000		308,000	
2019 Limited TaxRelunding Bends		3,620,000				(205,000)				3,415,000		210,000	
Total Water and Sower Fund Bonds	_	16,380,261	_	-	_	(1,055,373)	_	895,832	_	16,220,720	_	1,095,640	
City International Bridge Fund													
2016 Combination Taxand Revenue Refunding Bond		25,275,000		-		(25,275,000)		-		-		-	
2016 Certificates of Obligation		912,499				(16,667)		895,832)					
Total City International Bridge Fund Bonds		26,187,499				(25,291,667)		895,832)					
Total Primary Government Bonds	5	48,095,000	<u>s</u> :	31,365,000	5	(26,765,000)	5		5	52,695,000	S	1,615,000	

Debt service requirements for the City's bonds are as follows:

Year ending	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2023	S 519,360	S 1,295,029	S 1,120,640	\$ 508,508	S 1,640,000	S 1,803,537		
2024	527,400	1,276,735	1,172,600	477,424	1,700,000	1,754,159		
2025	555,520	1,257,836	1,264,480	444,382	1,820,000	1,702,218		
2026	544,000	1,236,780	1,011,000	412,790	1,555,000	1,649,570		
2027	563,000	1,213,590	1,047,000	383,042	1,610,000	1,596,632		
2028-2032	6,740,000	5,152,253	5,745,000	1,386,500	12,485,000	6,538,753		
2033-2037	6,980,000	4,057,994	4,860,000	379,479	11,840,000	4,437,473		
2038-2042	8,580,000	2,796,513	-	-	8,580,000	2,796,513		
2043-2047	11,465,000	1,151,760			11,465,000	1,151,760		
Total	S 36,474,280	S 19.438.490	\$ 16,220,720	\$ 3.992.125	S 52,695,000	S 23,430,615		

Notes Payable and Capital Leases

Capital One LED Note - due in semi-annual installments of \$54,735 through September 2023; interest at 3.440%. The original note amount was \$760,000 accounted for with governmental activities.

Motorola Lease - due in annual installments of \$38,981 through May 1, 2021; interest at 4.90%. The original lease amount was \$105,986 accounted for with governmental activities.

First Capital Equipment Lease - due in quarterly installments of \$30,006 through October 2023; interest at 4.12%. The original lease amount was \$539,340 accounted for with governmental activities.

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

John Deere Lease - due in annual installments of \$9,484 through July 2024; interest at 5,95%. The original lease amount was \$39,817 accounted for with governmental activities.

First Capital Equipment Lease - due in annual installments of \$17,099 through December 2025; interest at 4.568%. The original lease amount was \$88,000 accounted for with governmental activities.

Dell Financial Services Lease - due in annual installments of \$5,234 through January 2024; interest at 2.341%. The original lease amount was \$22,365 accounted for with governmental activities.

First Capital Lease - due in annual installments of \$52,465 through October 2026; interest at 3.019%. The original lease amount was \$330,411 accounted for with governmental activities.

First Capital Equipment Lease - due in annual installments of \$194,854 through October 2026; interest at 3.019%. The original lease amount was \$194,824 accounted for with governmental activities.

First Capital Equipment Lease - due in annual installments of \$145,305 through October 2026; interest at 3.019%. The original lease amount was \$145,305 accounted for with governmental activities.

The changes in notes and leases payable during the year are summarized as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
Notes and Leases Payable	September 30, 202	l Reductions	Adjustments	September 30, 2022	One Year	
Governmental Activities						
Capital One LED Note	S 209,840	\$ (103,131)	\$ -	\$ 106,709	S 106,709	
First Capital Equipment Lease	256,539	(111,076)	-	145,463	115,766	
John Deere Lease	25,298	(7,937)	-	17,361	8,423	
First Capital Equipment Lease	74,921	(13,676)	-	61,245	14,301	
First Capital Lease	283,853	-	(283,857)	-	-	
First Capital Equipment Lease	194,82	(30,042)		164,782	31,103	
Total Governmental Activities						
Notes, and Leases Payable	1,045,275	(265,862)	(283,857)	495,560	276,302	
Water and Sewer Fund						
Government Capital Corporation Lease	43,330	(10,285)	-	33,045	10,642	
First Capital Equipment Lease	145,305	(22,406)		122,899	23,198	
Total Water and Sewer Fund						
Notes and Leases Payable	188,630	(32,691)		155,945	33,840	
Brush Collections						
First Capital Equipment Lease	224,630	(34,638)	-	189,992	35,862	
First Capital Lease		(43,842)	283,857	240,015	45,174	
Total Brush Collections						
Notes and Leases Payable	224,630	(78,480)	283,857	430,008	81,036	
Total Notes and Leases Payable	8 1,458,545	\$ (377,033)	\$ -	8 1,081,512	8 391,178	

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Debt service requirements to maturity for the above notes payable are as follows:

Year ending	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type Activities Total Primary Gover			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal Interest		Interest
2023	S 276,303	\$ 15,391	\$ 114,875	S 17,007	\$ 391,178	S 32,398
2024	85,593	6,613	118,326	13,557	203,919	20,170
2025	48.567	4.148	121.880	10.002	170.447	14,150
2026	50.234	2.481	164.672	7.887	214.906	10,368
2027	34.863	753	66.199	1.430	101.062	2,183
Total	S 495,560	S 29,386	\$ 585,952	S 49,883	\$ 1,081,512	S 79,269

Claims Payable

In 2004, the City entered into an agreement with a consultant to perform services regarding the coordination, planning, development and management of the City's financial applications to the Texas Water Development Board and the Border Environmental Cooperation Commission in order to obtain financing for water and sewer improvements. This agreement stipulated that the consultant would be paid a 10% fee of all grants and loans received by the City. The City was awarded significant grants and a loan in 2008 and 2009, wherein the City was billed a total of \$2,062,513 for these types of fees plus an additional fixed fee contract amount of \$213,733 for other services.

Since the City was unable to pay this, the consultant offered a payment agreement that the City accepted and became effective September 30, 2009.

The payment agreement has no stated interest rate and therefore has been discounted to reflect the present values of the claims payable based on interest rates of debts with comparable terms as shown below.

Claims payable by Water and Sewer Fund to consultant are due in monthly installments of \$20,000 including interest through June 1, 2022 with a payment of \$15,609 including interest due July 1, 2022. These claims payable was discounted to a rate of 3.73%.

In 2015, the City entered into an agreement with a consultant to perform services regarding the coordination, planning, development and management of the City's financial applications to the Texas Transportation Commission in order to obtain financing for the construction of the commercial inspection facilities for southbound bridge improvements. This agreement stipulated that the consultant would be paid a 10% fee of all grants and loans received by the City. The City was awarded significant grants in 2015, wherein the City was billed a total of \$1,000,000, less \$184,000 in fees paid to consultant resulting in an \$816,000 balance. Since the City was unable to pay this, the consultant offered a payment agreement that the City accepted and became effective May 19, 2015.

Claims payable by City International Bridge Fund to consultant are due in monthly payments of interest only of \$1,790 through June 19, 2022, then monthly installments of \$20,000 including interest beginning July 19, 2022 through July 19, 2025, with a payment of \$11,034 including interest due August 19, 2025; interest accruing from May 19, 2015 at 3.00%.

In 2016, the City entered into an agreement with a consultant to perform services regarding the creation of a financial plan for the City to refinance or issue new debt for improvements associated with the Donna International Bridge or the City's capital improvement program. The City refunded prior bond Series 2007 Combination Tax and International Toll Bridge Revenue Certificates of Obligation with Series 2016.

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Combination Tax and International Toll Bridge Revenue Refunding Bonds, wherein the City was billed a total of \$1,650,000, less \$50,000 in fees paid to consultant resulting in a \$1,600,000 balance. Since the City was unable to pay this, the consultant offered a payment agreement that the City accepted and became effective February 17, 2016.

The changes in claims payable during the year are summarized as follows:

	Balance	Balance September 30, 2022		
Claims Payable	September 30, 2021			
Water and Sewer Fund		_		
W/8 Claims by SOS	S 886,751	S 886,751		
Total Water and Sewer Fund Claims	886.751	886.751		
City International Bridge Fund				
Bridge Success Fee	716.000	716,000		
Bond Refinance and Grant Success Fee	2,175.044	2,175,044		
Total City International Bridge Fund Claims	2,891.044	2,891.044		
Total Claims Payable	S 3,777.795	S 3,777.795		

Debt service requirements to maturity for the above claims payable are as follows:

Year ending	13u	Business-Type Activities					
September 30,	Prin	cipal	I-	nterest			
2023	\$ 5	02,699	*	197,421			
2024	2	45,576		75,904			
2025	3	24,972		66,747			
2026	4	84,738		<i>55</i> ,262			
2027	4	96,806		43,194			
2028-2032	1,6	25,003		86,032			
2033-2037		98,001		404			
Total	\$ 3,7	77,795	\$	524,964			

2. COMPONENT UNITS

DEDC-4A

Bonds outstanding at September 30, 2022 are:

Series 2018 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds – due in variable installments of \$70,000 to \$110,000, through August 1, 2028; interest is 4.49%, payable semi-annually.

Series 2019 Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds - due in variable installments of \$180,000 to \$265,000 through August 1, 2034; interest is between 4.16% to 4.75%, payable semi-annually.

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

DEDC-4A

		Balance				Balance	Dι	ie Within
DEDX2-4A	Septe	mber 30, 2021	Ro	ductions	Septe	mber 30, 2022	C	пе Үеаг
2018 Sales TaxRevenue Bonds	S	695,000	S	(85,000)	Š	610,000	\$	90),(00)
2019 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds		2,950,000	_	(190,000)		2,760,000	_	200,000
		3,645,000		(275,000)		3,370,000		290,000
Less: Discount on Sales Tax Revenue, and Refunding Bonds		(24,763)		3,810		(20,953)	_	
Total Bonds	<u>S</u>	3,620,237	<u>s</u>	(360,000)	8	3,349,047	\$	290,000

The bonds payable annual debt service requirements to maturity are:

Year ending September 30,	P	rincipal	1	nterest		Total
2023	\$	380,000	\$	130,126	\$	510,126
2024		390,000		116,584		506,584
2025		410,000		102,593		512,593
2026		425,000		87,880		512,880
2027		440,000		72,582		512,582
2028-2032		805,000		178,776		983,776
2033-2037		520,000		21,431		541,431
Total	\$:	3,370,000	<u>\$</u>	709,972	<u>\$</u>	4,079,972

On June 27, 2016, the DEDC-4A entered into a loan agreement with Texas National Bank in the amount of \$4,500,000 for the purchase and development of an approximate 15-acre tract of land located at the northwest corner of FM 493 and U.S. Hwy 83 in Hidalgo County, Texas. The following summarizes the DEDC-4A debt relating to this land.

		Balance				Balance	Due	Within
DEDC- 4A	Septe	mber 30, 2021	R	eductions	Septe	mber 30, 2022	On	e Year
Texas National Bank Loan	\$	1,193,636	\$	(610,584)	\$	583,052	\$	

The notes payable annual debt service requirements to maturity are:

Year ending						
September 30,	F	Principal	Ц	nterest		Total
2023		583,052		10,078	-\$	593,129
2024		-		-		-
2025		-		-		-
2026						
Total	\$	583,052	\$	10,078	\$	593,129

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

DCD-4B

Bonds outstanding at September 30, 2022 are:

Series 2009 Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds - due in variable installments of \$70,000 to \$285,000 through August 1, 2034; interest is between 4.07% to 4.75%, payable semi-annually.

		Balance				Balance	100	ie Within
DCD-4B	Septe	ember 30, 2021	R	eductions	Septe	mber 30, 2022	C	те Үелг
2019 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$	2,900,000	\$	(190,000)	S	2,710,000	\$	195,000
		2,900,000		(190,000)		2,710,000		195,000
Less: Discount on Sales TaxRevenue and Refunding Bonds		(36,329)	_	2,794		(33,535)	_	
TotalBonds	\$	2,863,671	\$	(187,206)	5	2,676,465	\$	390,000

The bonds payable annual debt service requirements to maturity are:

Year ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 195,000	\$ 73,170	\$ 268,170
2024	195,000	67,905	262,905
2025	205,000	62,640	267,640
2026	210,000	57,105	267,105
2027	215,000	51,435	266,435
2028-2032	1,175,000	166,590	1,341,590
2033-2037	515,000	20,925	535,925
Total	\$ 2,710,000	\$ 499,770	\$ 3,209,770

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Revenues Pledged in Connection with Compliance Unit Debt

DEDC-4A

The City has pledged future sales tax revenues to repay \$3.68 million in sales tax revenue and refunding bonds issued in December 2009. Proceeds from the bonds provided a refunding of prior bonds and financing for projects related to the bridge projects, industrial park and related infrastructure. The bonds are payable through 2034. In addition, the City has pledged future sales tax revenues to repay \$4.50 million in notes payable issued in June 2016. Proceeds from the notes provided for the purchase and development of an approximate 15-acre tract of land located at the northwest corner of FM 493 and U.S. Hwy 83 in Hidalgo County, Texas. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds and notes are expected to require 100 percent of net revenues.

DCD-4B

The City has pledged future sales tax revenues to repay \$3.61 million in sales tax revenue and refunding bonds issued in December 2009. Proceeds from the bonds provided a refunding of prior bonds and financing for projects related to the bridge projects, industrial park and related infrastructure. The bonds are payable through 2034. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 100 percent of net revenues.

Bond Compliance Requirements

The combination tax and revenue bond ordinances require that during the period in which the bonds are outstanding the City must create and maintain certain accounts or funds to receive the proceeds from the sale of the bonds and to account for the revenues, which are pledged to the extent the City elects to not levy a tax. The assets can be used only in accordance with the terms of the bond ordinance and for the specific purpose(s) designated therein. The City is generally required to make a monthly transfer to debt service funds equal to one-twelfth of the annual debt service. The City has complied with these requirements.

The City is also required under its present ordinances to provide certain monthly reports, set aside certain funds for future requirements, submit continuing disclosure reporting and annual financial statements. The City was current on these reporting and funding.

NOTE I – LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

3. CHANGES IN LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Balance September 30, 2021	Additions Reductions		Adjustments	Balance September 30, 2022	Duc Within One Year	
Governmental activities							
Bonds payable							
Bonded debt	S 5,527,240	\$ 31,365,000	S (417,960)	\$ -	S 36,474,280	\$ 519,360	
Premium on bonds	362,714		(28,061)		334,653		
Total bonds payable	5,889,954	31,365,000	(446,021)		36,808,933	519,360	
Notes and Leases payable							
Capital One LED Note	209,840	-	(103,131)	-	106,709	106,709	
First Capital Equipment Lease	256,539	-	(111,076)	-	145,463	115,766	
John Deere Lease	25,298	-	(7,937)	-	17,361	8,423	
First Capital Equipment Lease	74,921	-	(13,676)	-	61,245	14,301	
First Capital Lease	283,857	-	-	(283,857)	-	-	
First Capital Equipment Lease	194,824		(30,042)		164,782	31,103	
Total notes and leases payable	1,045,279		(265,862)	(283,857)	495,560	276,302	
Subtotal	6,935,233	31,365,000	(711,883)	(283,857)	37,304,493	795,662	
Compensated absences	291,363	18,434			309,797		
Net pension liability							
TMRS	2,274,232	-	(490,406)	(7,564)	1,776,262	-	
Firemen's retirement plan	18,321				18,321		
Total net pension liability	2,292,553		(490,406)	(7,564)	1,794,583		
Covernmental activities long-term liabilities	s 9,227,786	\$ 31,365,000	S (1,202,289)	\$ (291,421)	S 39,099,076	\$ 795,662	
Business-type activities							
Bonds payable							
Bonded debt	S 42,567,760	\$ -	S (26,347,040)	\$ -	S 16,220,720	\$ 1,095,640	
Premium on bonds	4,164,988	-	(212,490)	-	3,952,498	-	
Total bonds payable	46,732,748		(26,559,530)		20,173,218	1,095,640	
Notes and Leases payable							
Government Capital Corporation Lease	43,330	-	(10,285)	-	33,045	10.642	
First Capital Equipment Lease	369,935	-	(57,044)	-	312,892	59,060	
First Capital Lease	· -	-	(43,842)	283,857	240,015	45,174	
Total notes and leases payable	413,266	-	(111,171)	28.3,857	585,952	114,876	
Claims payable	3,777,795	-	-	3,777,795	3,777,795	-	
Compensated absences	120,743		(29,154)		91,589		
Subtotal	51,044,552		(26,699,855)	4,061,652	24,628,554	1,210,516	
Net pension liability - TMRS	659,195		(117,042)		542,153		
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	<u>S 51,703,747</u>	<u>s - </u>	<u>S (26,816,897)</u>	\$ 4,061,652	<u>s 25,170,707</u>	<u>\$ 1,210,516</u>	

NOTE J - OTHER ASSETS AND PAYABLES

1. COMPONENT UNITS

Other Non-Current Liabilities - Component Unit

TIRZ #2 has accrued expenses of \$2,499,696 for completed infrastructure by developers. These amounts will be reimbursed to the extent that future tax increment funding becomes available.

NOTE K – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description

The City of Donna participates as one of 892 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Sections 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.tmrs.org.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

NOTE K - TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2021, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	40
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	100
Active employees	149
Total	289

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 11.11% and 11.03% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The city's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$853,691, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, for TMRS and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability at December 31, 2021 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Investment rate of return	6.75%
Overall payroll growth	2.75%

NOTE K - TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 3-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2109 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2022 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
		Expected Real
		Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.0%	7.55%
Core Fixed Income	6.0%	2.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	5.68%
Other Public and Private Markets	12.0%	7.22%
Real Estate	12.0%	6.85%
Hedge Funds	5.0%	5.35%
Private Equity	10.0%	10.00%
Total	100.0%	

NOTE K – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 13,172,448	\$ 10,196,497	\$ 2,975,951
Changes for the year			
Service cost	1,015,082	-	1,015.082
Interest	903,604	-	903.604
Difference between expected/actual experience	55,642	-	55,642
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	789,191	(789,191)
Contributions - employee	-	497,241	(497.241)
Net investment income	-	1,333,219	(1,333.219)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(543,634)	(543,634)	-
Administrative expenses	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(6,150)	6,150
Other charges	-	42	(42)
Net changes	1,430.694	2,069.909	(639.215)
Balance at December 31, 2021	S 14,603.142	S 12,266.406	S 2,336.736

Net pension liability amount is in the primary government on the statement of net position.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's net pension liability for the TMRS pension, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's net pension liability and proportionate share of the net pension liability allocated would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)	Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)
City's net pension liability	\$ 2,743,900	\$ 2,336,736	S 353,125
Total net pension liability	\$ 2.743.900	\$ 2.336.736	S 353,125

NOTE K – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$569,435 for the TMRS pension plan. At September 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to TMRS pension from the following sources:

	Ou	Deferred Aflows of Assources	Int	Deferred flows of
1808		sources		sources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience (net of current year amortization)	\$	93,323	\$	19,859
Changes in actuarial assumptions		41,922		-
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings				
(net of current year amortization)		-		673,468
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		628,968		-
Total	_\$_	764,213	\$	693,327

The city includes contributions made subsequence to the measurement date (12/31/2021) through the City's fiscal year end (9/30/2022) as deferred outflows resources.

\$628,968 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	City	
Year ended September 30,		
2023	\$ (76,475)	
2024	(224,770)	
2025	(131,848)	
2026	(124,989)	
Thereafter		
	\$ (558,082)	

NOTE L - FIREMEN'S PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS) administers a cost-sharing multiple employer pension system (the System) established and administered by the State of Texas to provide pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without significant monetary renumeration. Direct financial activity for the System is classified in the financial statements as pension trust funds. The System issues a stand-alone financial report that is available to the public at www.tesrs.org.

Of the nine-member state board of trustees, at least five trustees must be active members of the pension system, one of whom must represent emergency medical services personnel. One trustee may be a retiree of the pension system, and three trustees must be persons who have experience in the fields of finance, securities investment, or pension administration. At August 31, 2020, there were 238 fire and/or emergency services member departments participating in TESRS. Eligible participants include volunteer emergency services personnel who are members in good standing of a member department.

Benefits Provided

Senate Bill 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977), created TESRS and established the applicable benefit provisions. The 79th Legislature, Regular Session (2005), re-codified the provisions and gave the TESRS Board of Trustees authority to establish vesting requirements, contribution levels, benefit formulas, and eligibility requirements by board rule. The benefit provisions include retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Members are 50% vested after the tenth year of service, with the vesting percent increasing 10% for each of the next five years of service so that a member becomes 100% vested with 15 years of service.

Upon reaching age 55, each vested member may retire and receive a monthly pension equal to his vested percent multiplied by six times the governing body's average monthly contribution over the member's years of qualified service. For years of service in excess of 15 years, this monthly benefit is increased at the rate of 6.2% compounded annually. There is no provision for automatic postretirement benefit increases.

On and off-duty death benefits and on-duty disability benefits are dependent on whether or not the member was engaged in the performance of duties at the time of death or disability. Death benefits include a lump sum amount or continuing monthly payments to a member's surviving spouse and dependent children.

Covered Membership

On August 31, 2020, the pension system membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3,843
Terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1,706
Active participants	3,571

Funding Policy

Contributions are made by governing bodies for the participating departments. No contributions are required from the individuals who are members of the System, nor are they allowed. The governing bodies of each participating department are required to make contributions for each month a member performs emergency services for a department (this minimum contribution is \$36 per member and the department may make a higher monthly contribution for its members). This is referred to as a Part One contribution, which is the legacy portion of the System contribution that directly impacts future retiree annuities.

According to the state law governing the System, the state is required to contribute an amount necessary to make the System "actuarially sound" each year, which may not exceed one-third of the total of all contributions made by participating governing bodies in a particular year.

NOTE L – FIREMEN'S PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The board rule defining contributions was amended in 2014 to add the potential for actuarially determined Part Two contributions that would be required only if the expected future annual contributions from the state are not enough with the Part One contributions to provide an adequate contribution arrangement as determined by the most recent actuarial valuation. This Part Two portion, which is actuarially determined as a percent of the Part One portion (not to exceed 15%), is to be actuarially adjusted every two years based on the most recent actuarial valuation. Based on the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation, the Part Two contributions are not required for an adequate contribution arrangement.

Additional contributions may be made by governing bodies within two years of joining the System, to grant up to 15 years of credit for prior service per member. Prior service must have occurred before the department began participation in the System.

A small subset of participating departments have a different contribution arrangement whichis being phased out over time. In this arrangement, contributions made in addition to the monthly contributions for active members, are made by local governing bodies on a pay-as-you-go basis for members who were pensioners when their respective departments merged into the System. There is no actuarial impact associated with this arrangement as the pay-as-you-go contributions made by these governing bodies are always equal to benefit payments paid by the System.

Contributions Required and Contributions Made:

The contribution requirement per active emergency services personnel member per month is not actuarially determined. Rather, the minimum contribution provisions are set by board rule, and there is no maximum contribution rate. For the fiscal year ending August 31, 2020, total contributions of \$10,728 were paid into TESRS by the City.

The purpose of the biennial actuarial valuation is to determine if the contribution arrangement is adequate to pay the benefits that are promised. Actuarial assumptions are disclosed in Section I(B)(1).

The most recently completed biennial actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020 stated that TESRS has an adequate contribution arrangement for the benefit provisions recognized in the valuation based on the expected total contributions, including the expected contributions both from the governing body of each participating department and from the state. The expected contributions from the state are state appropriations equal to (1) the maximum annual contribution (one-third of all contributions to TESRS by governing bodies of participating departments in a year) as needed in accordance with state law governing TESRS and (2) approximately \$675,000 each year to pay for part of the System's administrative expenses.

Net Pension Liability

The System's net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020.

Total Pension Liability	\$ 266,219
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	 247,898
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 18,321
Plan fiduciary Net Position as a	
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	93.1%

NOTE L – FIREMEN'S PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00% Salary increases N/A

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 (public safety) below-median income mortality tables for employees and for retirees, projected for mortality improvement generationally using projection scale MP-2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future net real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These components are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage (currently 4.6%) and by adding expected inflation (3.0%). In addition, the final 7.5% assumption was selected by rounding down. The target allocation and expected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Equities		
Large cap domestic	20%	5.83%
Small cap domestic	10%	5.94%
Developed international	15%	6.15%
Emerging markets	5%	7.25%
Global infrastructure	5%	6.41%
RealEstate	10%	4.48%
Multi asset income	5%	3.84%
Fixed income	30%	1.99%
Cash	0%	0.00%
Total	100%	_

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. No projection of cash flows was used to determine the discount rate because the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation showed that expected contributions would pay the normal cost and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) in 30 years using the conservative level dollar amortization method. Because of the 30-year amortization period with the conservative amortization method, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is expected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE L – FIREMEN'S PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability for the Firemen's Relief pension, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in		1% և	l% Increase in		
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Disc	ount Rate		
	(6.5%)		(8.5%)		
Firemen's Net Pension Liability	\$59,880	\$18,321	\$	(9,422)		

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2020, the City reported its proportionate share of TESRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Def	erred	De	ferred	
	Outflows of		Infl	ows of	
	Reso	urces	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	725	
Changes in assumptions		-		25	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		17,156	
City contribution subsequent to measurement date				-	
Total	\$	_	\$	17,906	

The deferred outflows and (inflows) of resources related to pensions will be amortized and recognized in pension expenses as follows:

		Net Deferred Outflows Minus Deferred						
	Inflows	of Resources						
Year ended August 31,								
2022	\$	(4,839)						
2023		(2,980)						
2024		(5,624)						
2025		(4,463)						
	\$	(17,906)						

^{*2022} Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS) report was not available at the time of the City of Donna's financial report release.

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE M – CONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENT COMMITMENTS

At September 30, 2022, the City had the following contractual commitments outstanding:

The City of Donna and Donna International Bridge Project

The City of Donna has three Donation Acceptance Agreement Applications that have been approved. The application is as followed:

- Phase 1
 - Construction was completed during October 2020.
- Phase 2 Two Proposals Combined into a Single Project
 - FY 2016 Northbound Empty Commercial Inspection Facilities.
 - o FY 2017 Loaded Commercial Inspection Facilities GSA and CBP requested a planning study related to commercial traffic at the Donna-Rio Bravo International Bridge which was completed October 2017. This planning study was used to justify the size of the facilities and provide design direction for CBP Facilities Management & Engineering. The project plans are complete. The timeline for the project is to begin July 2020. Project construction estimate is 18 months. The estimated construction cost is \$43,900.000. It will include latest technology available for 100% Non-Intrusive Inspection (NII) of commercial vehicles, NII Command Center, Secondary Inspection Loading Docks, Cargo Processing Offices, Exit Control booth and Roadway Improvements.
- Phase 3 and 4 Future DAP Applications
 - TBD Expansion Northbound Commercial Secondary Dock (Will be necessitated by Truck Crossing Volumes).

NOTE N – FUND BALANCES

The City has classified its fund balances with the following hierarchy:

Nonspendable: The City's nonspendable fund balances totaled \$30,571 represented in inventory.

Spendable: The City has classified the spendable fund balances as Restricted and Unassigned and considered each to have been spent when expenditures are incurred. The City currently has no funds classified as Assigned.

Restricted for Federal and State Programs. Debt Service. Tax Increment and Capital Projects:

Federal Laws, Texas Statutes and local ordinances require that certain revenues be specifically designated for the purposes as determined by state and local regulations, debt service, and capital projects. The funds have been included in the restricted category of fund balance. The restricted fund balances totaled \$7,066,983 and represented \$5,343,897 in local and state and \$1,723,086 in debt service.

• <u>Unassigned:</u>

The unassigned fund balances totaled \$4,378,947, in the general fund and \$171,767 in other governmental funds.

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NOTE O – CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City maintains general liability and automotive liability insurance in addition to contractor, law enforcement and public officials' policies designed to minimize the City's exposure to claims. The extent to which insurance coverage may satisfy claims, if any, is not known. The City is in active litigation in several suits which it intends to vigorously defend.

The City participates periodically in Federal and State assisted grant programs. The principal grant programs the City currently participates in are with the Community Development Block Grant and the Disaster Recovery Texas CDBG. Under the terms of the Community Development Block Grant, Hidalgo County (the County) includes the surface area and population of the City of Donna in its application to the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Consequently, the County is the grantee of these funds. Also, the County assumes responsibility for the eligibility of activities, environmental assessments, awarding of contracts, approval and payment for completed contracts, project close out, and audits for the projects. The City's grant programs are subject to financial and compliance audits. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

City International Bridge Fund

All financial projections for the City International Bridge Fund operations were based on having both passenger and commercial traffic. The projections for a combination of both passenger and commercial traffic indicated that in the near term the international bridge would have been a self- supporting operation. However, since the bridge opened in December 2010 as a passenger traffic only international bridge, the City has and will have to continue providing a significant level of debt service funding for the debts of the international bridge with a levy of taxes and assistance from other funds of the City.

NOTE P – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management of the City has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure through the date of the Independent Auditors' Report, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE Q - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Business Type Activities

During fiscal year 2021 the City understated capital assets by \$330,998 and net pension by \$6,610. The effect of these adjustments increased prior period's business-type activities net position by \$324,388.

Component Unit

During fiscal year 2021 the City overstated cash by \$35,208. The effect of these adjustment decreased prior period's component unit net position by \$35,208.

EXHIBIT 5-A

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive
REVENUES	Budget	Budget	Acutai	(Negative)
Property taxes	\$ 4,805,966	\$ 4,805,966	\$ 5,015,970	\$ 210,004
Nonproperty taxes	4,000,734	4,000,734	4,760,505	759,771
Fees and charges for services	2,630,300	2,630,300	2,650,965	20,665
Fines and forfeitures	137,647	137,647	120,608	(17,039)
Licenses and permits	192,770	192,770	314,176	121,406
Intergovernmental	796,310	796,310	598,973	(197,337)
Investment earnings	1,250	1,250	15,976	14,726
Miscellaneous income	28,894	28,894	47,891	18,997
Total revenue	12,593,871	12,593,871	13,525,064	931,193
EXPENDITURES				
General government:				
City council	34,350	28,850	24,931	3,919
City manager	380,681	380,681	507,191	(126,510)
Municipal court	202,072	210,072	220,070	(9,998)
Finance	653,761	716,978	709,672	7,306
Information & technology	174,559	168,359	168,555	(196)
City hall	146,357	169,156	175,370	(6,214)
City secretary	90,143	88,688	90,736	(2,048)
Tax assessor collector	171,395	170,070	169,142	928
Planning and development	178,929	139,676	137,982	1,694
Non-departmental	925,272	1,395,065	556,816	838,249
Total general government	2,957,519	3,467,595	2,760,465	707,130
Public safety:				
Police	3,937,345	3,977,345	4,253,478	(276,133)
Fire	415,970	415,970	629,560	(213,590)
Inspections	87,939	105,939	109,749	(3,810)
Total public safety	4,441,254	4,499,254	4,992,787	(493,533)
Public works:				
Public works department	1,560,980	2,160,980	2,155,740	5,240
City vehicle maintenance	52,608	56,108	56,334	(226)
Sanitation	1,135,672	923,909	914,605	9,304
Street and roadways	1,253,522	630,522	551,988	78,534
Total public works	4,002,782	3,771,519	3,678,667	92,852

EXHIBIT 5-A (Cont'd)

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Dauget	Dikiget	Actual	
Culture and recreation:				
Community support	35,500	62,500	60,016	2,484
Parks and recreation	451,025	506,025	483,166	22,859
Swimming pool	69,101	72,101	69,792	2,309
Library	364,447	364,447	309,338	55,109
Total culture and recreation	920,073	1,005,073	922,312	82,761
Public health:				
Code enforcement and health inspections	132,996	174,996	180,978	(5,982)
Animal control	138,284	183,284	185,150	(1,866)
Cemetery	83,044	84,044	79,520	4,524
Total public health	354,324	442,324	445,648	(3,324)
Capital outlay	585,246	155,438	170,387	(14,949)
Total capital outlay	585,246	155,438	170,387	(14,949)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	410,863	410,863	558,722	(147,859)
Interest and fiscal agent fees	25,831	25,831	28,209	(2,378)
Total debt service	436,694	436,694	586,931	(150,237)
Total expenditures	13,697,892	13,777,897	13,557,197	220,700
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,104,021)	(1,184,026)	(32,133)	1,151,893
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Insurance proceeds	-	-	16,276	16,276
Capital lease proceeds	504,793	504,793	-	(504,793)
Transfers in	300,000	300,000	403,857	103,857
Transfers (out)	(25,219)	(25,219)	(25,219)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	779,574	779,574	394,914	(384,660)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(324,447)	(404,452)	362,781	767,233
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,935,738	3,515,526	4,046,737	531,211
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT				
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$_3,611,291	\$ <u>3,111,074</u>	\$4,409,518	\$ 1,298,444

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

1. Budgetary Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

During the year ended September 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows in the General Fund.

Department	General fund Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations
City Manager	\$ 126,510
Municipal Court	9,998
Information & Technology	196
City Hall	6,214
City Secretary	2,048
Police	276,113
Fire	213,590
Inspections	3,810
City Vehicle Maintenance	226
Code enforcement and health inspection	5,982
Animal Control	1,866
Capital Outlay	14,949
Principal retirement	147,859
Interest and fiscal agent fees	2,378
	\$ 811,739

2. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

EXHIBIT 5-B

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Plan Y	ear End	ed Decem	ber 31,
--------	---------	----------	---------

	Tian Teat End	ica December 51,	,			
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
A. Total pension liability						
Service Cost	\$ 1,015,082	\$ 880,735	\$ 847,124	\$ 790,000	\$ 567,001	\$ 546,200
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	903,604	814,221	711,120	643,876	529,082	477,136
Change in benefit terms	-	-	-	934,668	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	55,642	(11,289)	152,450	(104,734)	(18,136)	82,844
Changes of assumptions	-	-	126,333	-	-	_
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions	(543,634)	(309,661)	(343,154)	(379,827)	(467,109)	(226,986)
Not shows in total namina linkility	1 420 404	1 274 006	1 402 972	1 002 002	410,020	970 104
Net change in total pension liability	1,430,694	1,374,006	1,493,873	1,883,983	610,838	879,194
Total pension liability - beginning	13,150,965	11,776,959	10,283,086	8,399,103	7,788,265	6,909,071
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 14,581,659	\$ 13,150,965	\$ 11,776,959	\$ 10,283,086	\$ 8,399,103	\$ 7,788,265
B. Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - Employer	\$ 789,191	\$ 684,222	\$ 655,367	\$ 495,296	\$ 405,473	\$ 329,520
Contributions - Employee	497,241	431,431	409,239	337,967	284,212	285,881
Net Investment Income	1,333,219	664,578	1,075,485	(200,772)	788,860	335,867
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions	(543,634)	(309,661)	(343,154)	(379,827)	(467,109)	(226,986)
Administrative Expenses	(6,150)		(6,062)	,	(4,083)	(3,789)
Other	42	(167)	(182)	(202)	(207)	(204)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2,069,909	1,466,115	1,790,693	248,588	1,007,146	720,289
Plan fiduciary not position, havinging	10 104 409	9 720 202	6.020.600	6.601.103	5 692 056	4 062 667
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	10,196,498	8,730,383	6,939,690	6,691,102	5,683,956	4,963,667
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 12,266,407	\$ 10,196,498	\$_8,730,383	\$ 6,939,690	\$ 6,691,102	\$ 5,683,956
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,315,252	\$ 2,954,467	\$ 3,046,576	\$ 3,343,396	\$ 1,708,001	\$ 2,104,309
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			· ,	 ,	<u> </u>	
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	84.12%	77.53%	74.13%	67.49%	79.66%	72.98%
E. Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,103,443	\$ 6,163,299	\$ 6,082,718	\$ 5,482,305	\$ 4,736,848	\$ 4,636,673
F. Net position liability as a percentage of						
covered employee payroll	32,59%	47.94%	50,09%	60,99%	36,06%	45,38%

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,											
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Actuarial determined contribution	\$	853,691	\$	727,398	\$	674,856	\$	616,810	\$	447,760	\$	383,354
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	(853,691)	_	(727,398)	_	(674,856)	_	(616,810)		(447,760)		(383,354)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Covered employee payroll	\$	7,725,046	\$	6,553,876	\$	6,082,718	\$	5,825,341	\$	5,226,060	\$	4,686,623
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		11.05%		11.10%		11.09%		10.59%		8.57%		8.18%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization period 25 years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.50% to 10.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019

valulation pursuant to an experience study of period 2010-2014

Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and

female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

ICXHIBIT 5-D

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		August 31,		August 31,		August 31,		August 31,		September 30,			
Plan Year		2021	_	2020	_	2019		2018		2017	_	2016	
A. Total pension liability													
Service Cost	\$	_ *	S	4,292	S	2,687	\$	3,012	\$	3,792	S	318	
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		-		25,298		15,196		18,719		22,534		1,203	
Changes of benefit terms		-		6,875				5,340		-		-	
Actuarial determined contribution		-				-		-		-		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		(4,520)		-		(171)		-		1,096	
Changes of assumptions		-		(156)		-		-		-		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee													
contributions	_	-	-	(15.828)	-	(9.262)	_	(11.037)	_	(11.977)	-	(2.400)	
Net change in total pension liability		-		15,960		8,621		15,863		14,349		217	
Total pension liability - beginning	_		-	330.052	_	198.021		244,040	_	292,959	_	29,772	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	s_		s_	346.013	s_	206.641	\$ <u></u>	259,903	<u>\$</u>	307.308	\$_	29,989	
B. Plan fiduciary net position													
Contributions - City	S	-	S	8,637	S	5,012		7,747	\$	11,929	S	-	
Contributions - State		-		3,057		1,914		2,514		3,770		-	
Contributions - Employer								-		-		2,400	
Net Investment Income		-		28,041		1,642		21,383		23,268		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee													
contributions		-		(15,828)		(9,262)		(11,037)		(11,977)		(2,400)	
Administrative Expenses		-		(737)		(327)		(299)		(439)		-	
Other	_		-	-	-	-	_		_		_	(250)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-		23,171		(1,020)		20,308		26,551		(250)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_		_	264.858	_	166.844		198,676	_	223.634	_	1.016	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	s		S_	288.028	s_	165.824	\$ <u></u> 2	218,984	\$_	250.185	s_	766	
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$		S_	57.985	s_	40.818	s_	40,919	\$_	57.123	s_	29.223	
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		0.00%		83.24%		80.25%		84.26%		81.41%		2.55%	
E. Number of Active Members				8		8		5		7		10	
F. System's Net Pension Liability per Active Member	S	-	S	-	S	6,938	S	7,657	\$	5,846	\$	5,932	

GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

^{*} At the time of release of the financial report the Firemen's Pension report was not available from Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS).

EXHIBIT 5-E

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND RETIREMENT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	August 31,	A	August 31,		August 31,		August 31,		September 30,				
Plan Year	2021		2020	_	2019		2018	_	2017	_	2016		
Actuarial determined contribution	S -	* S	10,728	\$	6,446	\$	9,070	s	11,520	s	2,363		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution			(10,728)	_	(6, 146)	_	(9,070)	_	(11,520)	_	(2,400)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)		_		_		_		_		_	(37)		
Covered employee payroll	N/2	A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N//	١	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age
Amortization Method Level dollar
Remaining Amortization period 30 years

Asset Valuation Method Market value adjusted for unrecognized gains and losses

from prior years

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Inflation} & 3.0\% \\ \text{Salary Increases} & \text{N/A} \end{array}$

Investment Rate of Return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Retirement Age Age 55 with 20 years' experience

Mortality 200 RP Mortality Tables for males and females with Blue

Collar adjustment

Other Information:

- This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.
- Determined from the end of year total pension liability using the roll back procedure allowed for the initial year of implementing GASB 67.
- 3. There is no compensation for active members, so number of active members is used instead.
- Determined from the beginning of year total pension liability using the roll forward procedure allowed by GASB 67.

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for resources legally restricted to expend for specific purposes. A special revenue fund continues in existence as long as governmental resources are allocated to its specific purposes. Included in the Special Revenue Funds are:

Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources from the Hotel Occupancy Tax levied by the City. These monies are to be spent to promote the progress, development and growth of tourism development of the City within the guidelines set forth on disposition of revenues collected under the authority of the Texas Hotel Occupancy Tax Act. The City ordinance levying this tax provides that these monies are to be spent for activities and/or facilities that will attract nonpermanent visitors to the City of Donna.

Fire Equipment Service Fee Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources from the City Ordinance establishing and fixing a monthly charge to defray costs for the acquisition of firefighting equipment.

Texas Confiscated Forfeitures Fund accounts for monies obtained through forfeited "contraband" provisions pursuant to Chapter 59 of the Texas Code of Criminal Procedure. The City's share of adjudicated forfeitures are to be used solely for law enforcement purposes as provided by Article 59.06 of the Code.

Tax Note Equipment Fund is used to account for the proceeds of tax notes issued for the purchase of various equipment.

Parks Improvement Fee Fund accounts for fees collected under the City ordinance establishing and fixing a charge for the purpose of improvements to City parks.

Urban County CDBG Program Fund accounts for funds received from the federal government by Hildalgo County and administered by Hidalgo County on behalf of the City.

Wastewater Impact Fee Fund accounts for a fee charged to new development of offset increase demand on existing water and wastewater system.

Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone One (TIRZ #1) is a reinvestment zone created by the City of Donna pursuant to Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code to provide property.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those by financed proprietary funds and trust funds. The City has the following capital projects funds:

The Certificates of Obligation Bonds Series 2017 Fund is used to account for streets and water and sewer improvements.

EXHIBIT 6-A

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Nonmajor Special Revenue		nmajor apital ojects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	161,103	\$	-	\$	161,103	
Receivables, net:							
Property taxes		224,404		-		224,404	
Accounts		25,001		-		25,001	
Due from other funds		49,899		-		49,899	
Due from component units		(81,252)				(81,252)	
Total assets	\$	379,155	\$		\$	379,155	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALAN	CES						
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	582	\$	-	\$	582	
Accrued liabilities		60,580		-		60,580	
Due to other funds		42,228				42,228	
Total liabilities	_	103,390				103,390	
Fund balances:							
Restricted for							
Tourism		3,256		-		3,256	
Fire equipment debt service		52,532		-		52,532	
Law enforcement		(3,787)		-		(3,787)	
Park improvements		51,997		-		51,997	
Unassigned		171,767				171,767	
Total fund balances		275,765				275,765	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$_	379,155	\$		\$	379,155	

EXHIBIT 6-B

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Nonmajor Special Revenue	(onmajor Capital Tojects		Total Jonniajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES	ф	122 702	ф		ф	100 700
Nonproperty taxes	\$	133,783	\$	-	\$	133,783
Fines and forfeitures Charges for services		24,198 131,815		-		24,198 131,815
Miscellaneous income		1,638		-		1,638
Interest and investment income		322		-		322
	_	-				
Total revenues	_	301,756				301,756
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		529,537		-		529,537
Tourism		8,675		-		8,675
Public safety		6,838		-		6,838
Culture and recreation		5,820		-		5,820
Capital outlay		7,388				7,388
Total expenditures	_	558,258			_	558,258
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
(OVER) UNDER EXPENDITURES	_	(256,502)				(256,502)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		384,219		(2,848)		381,371
Transfers (out)		(63,035)				(63,035)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	321,184		(2,848)		318,336
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		64,682		(2,848)		61,834
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	211,083		2,848	_	213,931
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	_					
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$_	275,765	\$		\$	275,765

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Hotel Occupancy <u>Tax</u>			Fire juipment rvice Fee	Texas Confiscated Forfeitures	
ASSETS			_			
Cash and investments	\$	80,482	\$	44,165	\$	26,575
Receivables, net:						
Taxes		-		-		-
Accounts		18,054		6,947		-
Due from other funds		-		1,420		-
Due from component unit		(81,252)		-		-
Prepaid expense						
Total assets	\$	17,284	\$	52,532	\$	26,575
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	582	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		2,580		-		-
Due to other funds		10,866		-		30,362
Unearned revenues				_		-
Total liabilities		14,028				30,362
Fund balances:						
Restricted for						
Tourism		3,256		-		-
Fire equipment debt service		-		52,532		-
Law enforcement		-		-		(3,787)
Park improvements		-		-		-
Unassigned		-				
Total fund balances		3,256		52,532		(3,787)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	17,284	\$	52,532	\$	26,575

Parks Improvement Fee		Improvement		Improvement		Improvement Impact F				Total Nonmajor Special Revenu Funds		
\$	7,753	\$	500	\$	1,628	\$	161,103					
					224,404		224,404					
	_		_		224,404		25,001					
	44,744		_		3,735		49,899					
	-				-/-, / ./-		(81,252)					
\$	52,497	\$	500	<u>\$</u>	229,767	<u>\$</u>	379,155					
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	582					
	- 500		500		58,000		60,580 42,228					
	-		-		<u>-</u>		42,220					
	500		500		58,000		103,390					
	-		-		-		3,256					
	-		-		-		52,532					
	-		-		-		(3,787)					
	51,997		-		-		51,997					
					171,767		171,767					
	51,997			_	171,767		275,765					
\$	52,497	\$	500	\$	229,767	\$	379,155					

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Hotel Occupancy Tax	Fire Equipment	Texas Confiscated Forfeitures	Tax Note Equipment
REVENUES				
Nonproperty taxes	\$ 133,783	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	24,494	75,821	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	24,198	-
Intergovernmental revenue	10,000	-	-	-
Miscellaneous income	1,633	-	-	-
Interest and investment income	10	312		
Total revenues	169,920	76,133	24,198	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	334,537	-	-	-
Tourism development	8,675	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	6,838	-
Culture and recreation	5,820	-	-	-
Capital outlay			7,388	
Total expenditures	349,032		14,226	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(179,112)	76,133	9,972	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	25,219	-	-	-
Transfers (out)		(63,035)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	25,219	(63,035)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(153,893)	13,098	9,972	-
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	157,149	39,434	(13,759)	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 3,256	\$ 52,532	\$ (3,787)	\$

	Parks provement Fee	County Program	Wastewater Impact Fee		Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone One		Total Ionmajor ial Revenue Funds
\$	31,500	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 133,783 131,815 24,198
	5 - 31,505	 - - -		- - -		- - -	10,000 1,638 322 301,756
	31,303						.301,730
	-	-		-		195,000	529,537
	-	-		-		-	8,675
	-	-		-		-	6,838
	-	-		-		-	5,820
		 					 7,388
		 				195,000	 558,258
	31,505	 				(195,000)	 (256,502)
	-	-		-		- 250,000	-
	-	-		-		359,000	384,219
_		 				250,000	 (63,035)
		 				359,000	 321,184
	31,505	-		-		164,000	64,682
	20,492	 				7,767	 211,083
\$	51,997	\$ 	\$		\$	171,767	\$ 275,765

EXHIBIT 6-E

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Obli	ficate of igation cs 2017	Nor Capita	otal imajor I Projects unds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	<u>\$</u>		\$	
Receivables-other		-		-
Due from general fund		-		_
Due from component units		-		-
Long-term investments				_
Total assets	\$		\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds				
Total liabilities				
Fund balances:				
Restricted				
Total fund balances		-		-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$	

EXHIBIT 6-F

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Certificate of Obligation Series 2017	Total Nonmajor Captal Projects Funds		
REVENUES				
Interest and investment income	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ - </u>		
Total revenues				
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay				
Total expenditures				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	(2,848)	(2,848)		
Transfers (out)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,848)	(2,848)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,848)	(2,848)		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	2,848	2,848		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$</u>	<u>s - </u>		

EXHIBIT 7-A

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Amounts		Variance With Final Budget - Positive
	Budget	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	A 1 420 225	e 1.400.005	ф. 1.472.102	e 24.050
Property taxes	\$ 1,428,225 185	\$ 1,428,225 185	\$ 1,463,183	\$ 34,958
Interest and investment income			8,297	8,112
Total revenue			1,471,480	43,070
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	417,960	417,960	417,960	-
Interest and fiscal agent fees	224,582	244,582	856,870	(612,288)
Issuance costs			522,470	(522,470)
Total expenditures	642,542	662,542	1,797,300	(1,134,758)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	785,868	765,868	(325,820)	(1,091,688)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from Refunding Bond	-	-	26,175,000	26,175,000
Escrow on Refunding bond	-	-	(27,801,052)	27,801,052
Transfers in	315,175	315,175	2,466,942	(2,151,767)
Transfers out	_(1,070,000)	_(1,070,000)	(1,070,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(754,825)	(754,825)	(229,110)	51,824,285
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	31,043	11,043	(554,929)	(565,972)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	2,331,585	2,331,585	2,331,585	-
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT				
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 2,362,628	\$_2,342,628	\$ <u>1,776,656</u>	\$ (565,972)

Governmental

The **Donna Economic Development Corporation (4A)** – was organized exclusively for the purposes of benefiting and accomplishing public purposes of the City of Donna, by promotion and development of commercial, industrial and manufacturing enterprises, and in promoting and encouraging employment and the public welfare for the city of the State Act, Section 4A.

The **Development Corporation of Donna, Inc. (4B)** – was organized for the same Purposes as mentioned above, except under Section 4B of the State Act.

The **Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Number Two (TIRZ #2)** – is a reinvestment zone Created by the City of Donna pursuant to Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code to provide property tax increment funding to support qualifying development activities within the TIRZ #2 zone area.

Exhibits 8-A and 8-B present the combining government fund financial statements for all three component units.

Presented on Exhibits 8-C, 8-E, 8-G are the respective reconciliations of the governmental fund balance sheets to the statement of net position. Additionally, presented on Exhibits, 8-D, 8-F, and 8-H are the respective reconciliation of the statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of these governmental funds to the statement of activities.

EXHIBIT 8-A

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET COMPONENT UNITS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Do	Donna Economic Development Corporation		Development Corporation of Donna		Tax Reinvestment Zone Two		Total Funds
ASSETS	_				_			
Cash and investments	\$	9,074	\$	238,984	\$	14,775	\$	262,833
Restricted eash and investments		597,908		493,275		-		1,091,183
Receivables, net:								
Taxes		275,586		275,586		65,334		616,506
Accounts		13,087		181,128		-		194,215
Due from other funds		-		595,397		-		595,397
Due from primary government		-		511				511
Total assets	\$	895,655	\$	1,784,881	\$	80,109	\$	2,760,645
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	73	\$	1,383	\$	55,000	\$	56,456
Accrued liabilities		1,886		1,886		-		3,772
Due to primary government		60,000		20,226		-		80,226
Due to other funds		595,397		-		-		595,397
Total liabilities		657,356	_	23,495		55,000		735,851
Fund balances: Restricted for								
Debt service		597,908		1,761,386		-		2,359,294
Unassigned		(359,609)				25,109		(334,500)
Total fund balances		238,299	_	1,761,386	_	25,109	_	2,024,794
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	895,655	\$	1,784,881	\$	80,109	\$	2,760,645

EXHIBIT 8-B

CITY OF DONNA, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES COMPONENT UNITS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Donna Economic Development Development Corporation Corporation of Donna		orporation		Tax investment one Two		Total Funds
REVENUES		_						_
Nonproperty taxes	\$	1,565,272	\$	1,565,272	\$	-	S	3,130,544
Property taxes		-		-		26,293		26,293
Charges for services		-		12,100		-		12,100
Interest		2,971		5,717		-		8,688
Miscellaneous income		44,200		-		-		44,200
Total revenues		1,612,443	_	1,583,089		26,293		3,221,825
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Economic development		365,720		380,350		5,000		751,070
Capital outlay		454,549		-		-		454,549
Debt service:				****				
Principal retirement		885,583		190,000		-		1,075,583
Interest and fees		165,014	_	78,300		-	_	243,314
Total expenditures		1,870,866		648,650	_	5,000		2,524,516
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(258,423)	_	934,439	_	21,293	_	697,309
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of capital assets		376,969		-		-		376,969
Transfers (out)		-		(101,838)		-		(101,838)
Transfers (out) to primary government		(126,070)		(126,070)		-		(252,140)
Total other financing sources (uses)		250,899		(227,908)	_			22,991
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(7,524)		706,531		21,293		720,300
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	245,823	_	1,054,855	_	39,024	_	1,339,702
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	_		_	<u>-</u>	_	(35,208)	_	(35,208)
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	238,299	\$	1,761,386	\$	25,109	\$	2,024,794

EXHIBIT 8-C

RECONCILIATION OF THE DONNA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund balance of the component unit fund	\$	238,299
Amount reported for government type activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not report in the funds.		3,024,440
Long term liabilities applicable to the component unit's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net assets.		(3,931,557)
Included in the noncurrent assets/liabilities is the recognition of the component unit's not pension asset/(liability) requires by GASB 68 in the amount of \$(10,541), a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$2344, and a deferred resource inflow in the amount of (\$1,112). This results in an increase/(decrease) in not position by		
(\$9,309).		(9,309)
Accrued compensated abscences and Pension reclass are not recorded in the financial funds.	_	9,967
Net position of component unit - Statement of Net Position	\$ <u>(</u>	668,160)

EXHIBIT 8-D

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE DONNA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances

\$ (7,524)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

(2,004,001)

Repayment of notes payable principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

883,679

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued compensated abscences, and net pension in the statement of activities differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the changes in the calculated accrued Compensated abscence and the reclass of net pension.

9,967

Change in net position of governmental component unit - Statement of Activities

\$(1,117,879)

EXHIBIT 8-E

RECONCILIATION OF THE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION OF DONNA, INC. BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund balance of the component unit fund	\$	1,761,386
Amount reported for government type activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not report in the funds.		652,154
Long term liabilities applicable to the component unit's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net assets.		(2,677,829)
Included in the noncurrent assets/liabilities is the recognition of the component unit's net pension asset/(liability) requires by GASB 68 in the amount of \$(10,540), a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$2344, and a deferred resource inflow in		
the amount of (\$1,112). This results in an increase/(decrease) in net position by (\$9,308).		(9,308)
Accrued compensated abscences and Pension reclass are not recorded in the financial funds.	_	10,672
Net position of component unit - Statement of Net Position	\$	(262,925)

EXHIBIT 8-F

RECONCILIATION OF THE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION OF DONNA, INC. TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances	\$	706,531
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not report in the funds.		(232,237)
Repayment of notes payable principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		187,206
Some pension-related expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		9,308
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued compensated abscences, and net pension in the statement of activities differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the changes in the calculated accrued Compensated abscence and the reclass of net pension.		14,271
Change in net position of governmental component unit - Statement of Activities	\$ <u></u>	685,079

EXHIBIT 8-G

RECONCILIATION OF THE TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NUMBER TWO BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund balance of the component unit fund

\$ 25,109

Amount reported for government type activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Long term liabilities applicable to the component unit's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term are reported in the statement of net assets.

(2,499,696)

Net position of component unit - Statement of Net Position

\$ (2,474,587)