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SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-21-2606 DOCKET NO. 52195

APPLICATION OF EL PASO ELECTRIC§BEFORE THE STATE OFFICECOMPANY TO CHANGE RATES§OF§ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

JAMES SCHICHTL

FOR

EL PASO ELECTRIC COMPANY

NOVEMBER 19, 2021

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SUBJECT

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EXHIBITS

Exhibit JS-1R Affidavit Regarding El Paso Electric Company's Rate Case Expenses

1		I. Introduction and Qualifications		
2	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.		
3	A.	My name is James Schichtl. My business address is 100 North Stanton Street, El Paso,		
4		Texas 79901.		
5				
6	Q.	HOW ARE YOU EMPLOYED?		
7	A.	I am employed by El Paso Electric Company ("EPE" or "Company") as Vice President of		
8		Regulatory and Governmental Affairs.		
9				
10	Q.	ARE YOU THE SAME JAMES SCHICHTL WHO SUBMITTED DIRECT		
11		TESTIMONY?		
12	A.	Yes, I am.		
13				
14		II. Purpose of Rebuttal Testimony		
15	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?		
16	A.	First, I update EPE's proposed revenue requirement deficiency as supported by EPE's		
17		rebuttal testimony. Secondly, my rebuttal testimony summarizes at a high level the case		
18		presented by intervenors and Staff and provides a response from the Company's		
19		perspective. I also address positions taken by intervenors on a range of other issues from		
20		a Company policy perspective. These include proposed ratemaking treatment for certain		
21		generation assets, rate case expenses, and financial ring-fencing proposals put forth by		
22		Commission Staff ("Staff").		
23				
24	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COMPANY'S REVISED REQUESTED REVENUE		
25		REQUIREMENT AS SUPPORTED IN EPE'S REBUTTAL.		
26	A.	The Company's original filing presented a revenue deficiency for the Texas retail		
27		jurisdiction of \$41.8 million. Through the process of discovery and in preparing its		
28		rebuttal testimony, the Company identified additional adjustments to its base revenue		
29		requirement. EPE witness Jennifer Borden summarizes these adjustments on a Total		
30		Company basis and EPE witness Adrian Hernandez provides the resulting Texas		
31		jurisdictional revenues utilized in the determination of base rates in his rebuttal		

testimony. After reflecting agreed changes to miscellaneous revenues and the shifting of
 COVID-19 and rate case expenses out of base rates into separate riders for recovery,
 EPE's total adjusted base revenue requirement request is now \$34.973 million. EPE
 witness Manuel Carrasco explains the determination of the rate riders agreed to by EPE
 in rebuttal.

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7

8

Q. IS EPE PRESENTING REBUTTAL FROM ANY WITNESSES WHO DID NOT FILE DIRECT TESTIMONY FOR EPE?

9 Yes. Mr. Paul M. Normand, a Principal with Management Applications Consulting, Inc. A. 10 ("MAC"), provides rebuttal testimony in support of EPE's filed "2017 Analysis of System Losses", which he produced. Because the 2017 loss study was filed in PUCT Docket No. 11 12 50058 and adopted by final order in that case, EPE did not file testimony in support of the study in this case. In spite of that fact, several parties have attacked the approved loss 13 14 study and its use by EPE, some going so far as to recommend the loss factors determined 15 there not be used. Mr. Normand explains in his rebuttal how the issues raised by these 16 parties are inaccurate and the factors developed in the loss study and previously approved 17 by the Commission should be accepted for use in this case.

- 18
- 19

III. Summary of EPE Rebuttal

20Q.PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COLLECTIVE POSITIONS OF THE STAFF AND21INTERVENORS FROM EPE'S PERSPECTIVE.

22 Taken as a whole, the positions of Staff and intervenors would significantly reduce or A. 23 even eliminate the revenue deficiency identified by EPE in its filed case. The City of 24 El Paso for example is recommending a base rate reduction of over \$10.8 million. Staff 25 and the parties taking a position regarding return on equity ("ROE") are recommending a 26 rate below the range of ROE's approved by the Public Utility Commission of Texas 27 ("PUCT") in five of the six cases decided since 2018 where an ROE was adopted.¹ The 28 slowing of cost recovery through longer amortizations or depreciation rate changes and 29 significant disallowances to other test year expenses, including those incurred in response

¹ RRA Regulatory Focus, S&P Global Market Intelligence, November 4, 2021.

1 2 to and in preparation for effects of the COVID 19 pandemic, contribute to the reduced base rate revenue deficiency.

3

4 Q. IS THERE A CONTEXT IN WHICH YOU BELIEVE THE COMMISSION SHOULD 5 CONSIDER EPE'S REQUEST IN THIS CASE?

6 Yes, reliability. The positions of parties in this case may have the effect of eroding EPE's A. 7 ability to maintain reliability in the face of increasing complexity and uncertainty. This 8 can result generally from the continuing pressure on EPE's ability to earn a reasonable 9 return on investment, especially considering the growing need to invest to prepare for 10 potential extreme weather. Or very specifically, EPE's ability to continue to provide reliable service is challenged when parties oppose EPE's ability to recover the cost of 11 12 investing in spare generator parts that can significantly mitigate the extent of outages or in distribution "reliability" projects or even its test-year level of transmission operation 13 14 and maintenance expense. Such recommendations are not supportive of a reliable 15 system. The U.S Energy Information Administration ("EIA") calculates that, on average, 16 U.S. electricity customers experienced just over eight hours of power interruptions in 2020, the most since EIA began collecting reliability data in 2013.² The Commission 17 18 should consider the outcome of this case in light of the growing reliability issues in the 19 industry.

20

21

Q. WHY IS RELIABILITY AN OVERARCHING CONSIDERATION FOR EPE AND 22 **TEXAS**?

23 A. Reliability is a significant concern in Texas and the U.S. The combined effects of 24 extreme weather conditions, the pandemic, and resource constraints resulted in blackouts 25 in the west in 2020, and the February 2021 freeze event in the southwest, and in Texas in 26 particular, revealed serious capacity and reliability issues and resulted in hundreds of 27 deaths. EPE was able to avoid the most serious effects of the freeze event in part because 28 the Company invested in weatherization at its generating stations and dual fuel capability 29 at its newest station. Increasing energy demand with electrification, the expansion of

² U.S. Energy Information Administration, "Today in Energy", November 10, 2021.

1 2

3 4

IV. **Ratemaking for Certain Generation Plant**

renewable generation and storage on the supply side, and environmental uncertainty will

all require electric utilities to plan and prepare for different eventualities than in the past.

5 Q. WITNESS CANNADY FOR THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC UTILITY COUNSEL 6 ("OPUC") AND WITNESS LACONTE FOR FREEPORT-MCMORAN, INC. ("FMI") 7 BOTH RECOMMEND THAT COSTS RELATED TO CERTAIN GENERATING 8 UNITS AT TWO LOCAL PLANTS - RIO GRANDE AND NEWMAN - BE 9 REMOVED FROM BASE RATES AND INSTEAD RECOVERED THROUGH A 10 RIDER. WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THIS RECOMMENDATION?

11 A. Both intervenors cite to EPE's most recently completed 2021 Integrated Resource Plan 12 ("IRP"), and the Loads & Resources ("L&R") included with that report. The L&R table indicates "unit retirements" at the end of 2022 for the three generating units, and these 13 14 witnesses interpret that to mean that it can be concluded these units will no longer be 15 used and useful for providing service after 2022. With that belief, both witnesses 16 recommend that cost recovery for these assets be removed from base rates and assigned 17 instead to a rider that can be terminated at the time of retirement.

18

19

WOULD EPE AGREE WITH THIS CHANGE TO THE EXISTING COST Q. 20 **RECOVERY MECHANISM FOR THE GENERATING UNITS IDENTIFIED?**

21 A. No. There is no compelling reason to deviate from normal regulatory treatment for these 22 facilities. The ratemaking treatment proposed by witness Cannady and LaConte is 23 nowhere found in the Commission's rules or forms. The Commission's rules contemplate 24 adjustments for events affecting rate base that occur after the test-year and specifically 25 address post-test year adjustments for plant in service that is retired (16 Tex. Admin Code 26 (25.231(c)(2)(F)). However, these units would not qualify for a post-test year adjustment 27 because the rule requires, among other things, that the plant be retired prior to the rate 28 year, which is not the circumstance here. And consequently, that is not what these 29 witnesses have proposed.

30 Furthermore, the fundamental defect with this proposed special ratemaking 31 treatment for the three generating units is their assumption regarding the retirement dates.

1 The current IRP and L&R on which witnesses Cannady and LaConte base their proposal 2 is a resource planning analysis, and as explained by EPE witness Hawkins, it does not 3 represent a firm operational decision to stop providing service to Texas customers from 4 these generating units at the end of 2022. EPE witness Hawkins explains in his rebuttal the appropriate context in which the retirement dates for units in EPEs L&R should be 5 6 considered. As he discusses, the decision to permanently remove a unit from operation 7 reflects numerous other considerations, some of which are not incorporated in the L&R. 8 These include the actual condition of the units, changing operational limitations related to 9 fuel or emissions, and changing needs for additional capacity. EPE will place Newman 10 Units 1 and 2 and Rio Grande Unit 7 in inactive reserve for several years after the 11 planning retirement date for use as contingency reserves.

In contrast to the certainty regarding the cessation of use of facilities in the cases cited by these witnesses in their Direct testimony, the uncertainty associated with the date these EPE units would be finally removed from service makes this change in ratemaking unnecessary and improper. The normal ratemaking treatment remains adequate and appropriate for these generating assets.

17

18 Q. CAN YOU EXPLAIN FURTHER HOW THE CASES CITED BY WITNESSES19 CANNADY AND LACONTE DIFFER FROM EPE'S SITUATION?

20 A. Yes. The situation in the retirement of SWEPCO's Dolet Hills power plant, a 650 MW 21 lignite plant, and the situation concerning EPE's three units are fundamentally different. 22 Dolet Hills will definitely be retired on December 31, 2021. (SWEPCO PFD at page 7) 23 Thus, the retirement will occur while SWEPCO's rate case is pending or shortly after the 24 case concludes. Welsh Unit 2, a 528 MW coal fired plant, the treatment of which 25 Ms. Cannady relies upon for her proposal, was already retired at the time the rate case 26 was filed. This timing is not at all comparable to EPE's three generation units, with a 27 combined capacity of 195 MW, which will operate well after this rate case is over.

Likewise, the net book value of the assets is not at all comparable. The ALJs in the SWEPCO case found that the recovery of costs related to Dolet Hills through a separate rider did not comply with the Commission's cost-of-service rule, but that good cause exists for an exception to the rule based in part on the size of the Dolet Hills asset. 1 The relevant net book value of Dolet Hills is \$45.4 million for Texas customers and 2 \$122.8 million on a total company basis. (SWEPCO PFD at 29). In contrast, for EPE's 3 three plants, the Texas jurisdictional net book value is much less, being \$2,741,618, 4 \$1,015,388, and \$1,726,260, for total of \$5,483,266.

5

6 Q. CAN YOU GIVE AN EXAMPLE OF THE RETIREMENT PROCESS FOR A 7 SPECIFIC GENERATING UNIT AND HOW OPERATIONAL CONSIDERATIONS 8 CAN DEVIATE FROM THE L&R AND IRP?

9 Yes. Rio Grande Unit 6 ("RG6"), a 45 MW unit at Rio Grande Power Plant, is shown on A. 10 the 2021 L&R with a 2021 retirement date. Parenthetically, 2014 is identified as the retirement date, and in fact the unit originally was identified in previous L&R tables as 11 12 retiring in 2009. The capacity provided by RG6 was effectively replaced with the 13 addition of the Montana Power Station in 2015-2016. However, RG6 was maintained in 14 inactive reserve, periodically returned to service, and is currently available to EPE for 15 contingency purposes through the summer of 2023. RG6 has remained a valuable 16 contingency reserve used and useful to EPE customers to help maintain reliability at very 17 low cost. Planning for retirement of units like RG6, which will be well past its useful 18 lifespan at 63 years old when it retires in 2023, through the resource planning and L&R 19 analysis is critical to ensure new resources are online and serving load when needed. But 20 regarding a future retirement, as Mr. Hawkins explains, the retirement dates in an L&R 21 do not represent the kind of certainty assumed by Ms. Cannady and Ms. LaConte to 22 support their proposed ratemaking treatment.

23

Q. IS THERE A FORMAL REGULATORY PROCESS THAT MUST OCCUR BEFORE A GENERATING UNIT IS PERMANENTLY REMOVED FROM SERVICE BY EPE?

A. Yes. Newman Units 1 and 2 and Rio Grande Unit 7 have CCNs granted by the
New Mexico Public Regulation Commission and serve customer load in New Mexico.
New Mexico statute requires that EPE receive approval for formal abandonment of a
generating unit before it is removed from service, except for discontinuance of service in
the usual course of business.

31

Q. WHAT IS THE NORMAL TREATMENT OF GENERATING UNIT COSTS IN RATES WITH RETIREMENTS BETWEEN RATE CASES?

A. The base rates established in a rate case reflect the level of rate base and accumulated depreciation for approved capital investment as of the end of the test year. Going forward, these same rates continue to apply even as physical assets continue to depreciate, and new investment is made to replace assets and account for growth. This replacement of invested capital occurs even in the case of fully depreciated assets such as a generating unit in the interim between rate cases.

9

Q. WITNESS LACONTE NOTES THE GENERATION COST RECOVERY RIDER
("GCRR") AND ARGUES THAT THE RIDER TREATMENT AS PROPOSED IS
EQUITABLE TREATMENT WITH GENERATION RESOURCES LEAVING
SERVICE. IS THIS A VALID ARGUMENT IN YOUR OPINION?

14 A. First, there is no valid basis for arguing that these generating units will cease being used 15 and useful in serving customers before EPE's next rate case, as I and Mr. Hawkins 16 explain. So there is no reason to replace the existing ratemaking with a new mechanism 17 to remove them from rates. Secondly, the statute and rule supporting the GCRR are 18 specifically designed to provide cost recovery for a new generating unit, not to account 19 for changes to existing facilities. In fact, the treatment of generating assets as proposed by OPUC and FMI was rejected in the development of the GCRR rule.³ Rather than a 20 21 rider designed to account for new investment and depreciation of existing assets, offset 22 by customer growth, as with the Distribution Cost Recovery Factor, the GCRR was designed simply to add a rate rider for a new generating asset that is providing service 23 24 until the costs can be added to base rates in a rate proceeding.

25 / 26 / 27 / 28 /

³ Project No. 50031, *Rulemaking Related to Generation Cost Recovery Rider (GCRR)*, Order (July 8, 2020), at page 13-14.

1		V. RATE CASE EXPENSES			
2	Dock	tet No. 46831 Expenses			
3	Q.	DOES STAFF WITNESS ANNA GIVENS RECOMMEND ADJUSTMENTS TO EPE'S			
4		REQUEST TO RECOVER DEFERRED EXPENSES RELATED TO DOCKET			
5		NO. 46831?			
6	A.	Yes. Ms. Givens recommends removing \$237,436.51 in legal expenses and \$4,686.15			
7		for reimbursement for the Cities' expenses.			
8					
9	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH COMMISSION STAFF WITNESS GIVENS' ADJUSTMENT			
10		TO REMOVE THESE EXPENSES?			
11	A.	No, given that EPE has since remedied what she had perceived as deficiencies in EPE's			
12		presentation. Ms. Givens removed the expenses for Duggins Wren, Mann & Romero,			
13		LLC ("DWMR") based on EPE's response to Staff 11-1, Attachment 2. In that Request			
14		for Information ("RFI"), Staff asked for the supporting documentation for expenses			
15		provided in EPE's response to Staff 6-1 requesting expenses to be recovered for Docket			
16		No. 46831 after August 31, 2017. Included in Staff 11-1, Attachment 2, were the cover			
17		pages of the invoices for DWMR for October 11, 2021; January 11, 2018; and			
18		February 13, 2018; however, the additional pages of the invoices that contained the hours			
19		worked on the dates the services were performed, tasks performed, name of billing			
20		attorney, and the number of hours worked, and the hourly rate, were inadvertently			
21		omitted.			
22					
23	Q.	HAS EPE PROVIDED THE NECESSARY SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION FOR			
24		THESE COSTS?			
25	A.	Yes. EPE's supplemental response to Staff's 11 th , Staff 11-1 Supplemental,			
26		Attachment-2, filed in this docket on November 5, 2021, includes the required data.			
27					
28	Q.	DID MS. GIVENS RECOMMEND ANY OTHER ADJUSTMENTS TO THE			
29		REQUESTED RECOVERY AMOUNT FOR DOCKET NO. 46831?			
30	A.	Yes. Ms. Givens recommends removing \$4,686.15 for reimbursement for the Cities'			
31		expenses. She states (page 19, lines 4-5):			
~ 1					

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		 "The invoices produced by EPE in its response to Staff's Eleventh RFI demonstrate that some of the Cities' expense relate to the time before August 31, 2017. The Commission's order in Docket No. 46831 only authorized EPE to establish a regulatory asset to record any rate-case expenses associated with that proceeding that EPE and the Cities rendered after August 31, 2017." Therefore, she recommends removing this amount from the amount to be recovered in the rate case rider. 			
10					
11	Q.	DO YOU AGREE THAT THIS ADJUSTMENT WAS APPROPRIATE?			
12	Α.	A. No. While the amount of \$4,686.15 is, as Ms. Givens states, related to services provided			
13	before August 31, 2017, the invoices for these services were provided to EPE after				
14	August 31, 2017. In addition, the invoice also contained charges for work performed				
15	after August 31, 2017, but the amounts were not separated on the invoice. For the				
16	calculation of deferred expenses, EPE used invoices after August 31, 2017, when				
17		invoices were received. Invoices received and paid before August 31, 2017, were			
18	included in the Docket No. 46831 rate case expense rider. Consequently, these costs				
19		have not been recovered by EPE, so inclusion with the current request will not result in			
20	EPE recovering them twice.				
21					
22	Dock	et No. 52195			
23	Q.	DOES COMMISSION STAFF WITNESS GIVENS RECOMMEND ADJUSTMENTS			
24		TO EPE'S REQUEST TO RECOVER RATE CASE EXPENSES RELATED TO			
25		DOCKET NO. 52195?			
26	A.	Yes. Ms. Givens recommends removing \$2,675 in consulting expenses associated with			
27		hourly rates exceeding \$550 per hour and \$3,886.25 due to the missing supporting			
28		documentation for DGC Consulting.			
29					
30	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH COMMISSION STAFF WITNESS GIVENS' ADJUSTMENT			
31		ASSOCIATED WITH HOURLY RATES EXCEEDING \$550 PER HOUR RELATED			
32		TO DOCKET NO. 52195?			

Page 9 of 14

- A. No I do not. The \$550 limit is not specified anywhere in 16 TAC § 25.245. 16 TAC
 § 25.245(c) does state
- 3

6 7

8

4 5 In determining the reasonableness of the rate-case expenses, the presiding officer shall consider the relevant factors listed in subsection (b) of this section and any other factor shown to be relevant to the specific case.

This clearly leaves the decision of what is a reasonable per-hour rate up to the presiding officer.

9 Second, her broad rule of no hourly rates greater than \$550 does not specifically 10 consider whether the hourly rate is appropriate for a witness with a particular specialty. I 11 believe, given the very specialized field that this witness addresses, cash working capital 12 and lead-lag studies; the limited number of qualified persons available on this topic; and 13 his familiarity with EPE, which would expedite his review, his rate is justified. While 14 with attorneys, Ms. Givens no doubt would have comparable rates to reach a conclusion 15 whether a particular rate was excessive, she does not point to any other experts on this 16 topic that charge less.

17 Finally, Ms. Givens also finds support for the limit in the Proposal for Decision in Docket No. 51415, Application of Southwestern Electric Power Company for Authority 18 19 to Change Rates. But in that case the limit was applied to attorneys' hourly rates for 20 which there was evidence of a broad range of rates below the \$550 limit and not to expert 21 witnesses testifying on specialized technical subject matters. Moreover, in that case, the 22 PFD expressly recognized that the \$550 limit should not be considered a rigid rule, 23 stating "...there may be instances in the near term, not present her, where an electric 24 utility could justify a request to recover in excess of \$550 per hour from its customers."⁴

25

Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH COMMISSION STAFF WITNESS GIVENS' ADJUSTMENT TO REMOVE \$3,886.25 DUE TO MISSING DOCUMENTATION FOR DGC CONSULTING?

A. No, because EPE has since addressed the deficiency she perceived with EPE's support. In EPE's response to Staff 11-1, Attachment 1, EPE provided the invoices for costs incurred through July 2021 for Docket No. 52195. EPE has since supplemented that

⁴ Proposal for Decision at 330.

- response with costs incurred through August 2021. The invoice for the difference is
 included in that response.
- 3

4 Q. DO YOU PROPOSE ANY CHANGES TO EPE'S RECOVERY OF EPE'S 5 REQUESTED RATE CASE EXPENSE OF REGULATORY ASSETS ASSOCIATED 6 WITH VARIOUS TEXAS PROCEEDINGS?

- A. Yes, in response to Commission Staff witness Ruth Stark, EPE proposes to remove all
 rate case related regulatory assets from rate base and recover these expenses through a
 rate rider.
- 10

Q. WHAT IS EPE'S PROPOSAL TO RECOVER THE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS RATE CASE AND THE REGULATORY ASSETS REMOVED FROM RATE BASE?

- A. EPE proposes to recover the current rate case expenses and the costs transferred from rate
 base in a rate rider over a three-year period.
- 16 Staff witness Givens recommends "EPE provide an update to the rate-case 17 expense reporting along with its reply brief to support the amount of rate-case expenses 18 incurred during the hearing on the merits and post hearing briefing. This reporting will 19 allow the presiding officer to consider the final rate case expense updates in the Proposal 20 for Decision to be issued in this docket." (page 22, line 6 through page 23 line 2) She 21 also recommends that "EPE record a regulatory asset for its rate-case expenses incurred 22 after it files its post-hearing briefing, along with the expenses incurred by [the City of 23 El Paso]". She recommends that the Commission allow EPE to request recovery of the 24 trailing expenses included in this regulatory asset in its next full base rate case and 25 require it to provide supporting documentation at that time." (page 23, lines 10-14)
- 26
- 27

7 Q. WOULD EPE BE AGREEABLE TO THE STAFF PROPOSAL?

A. Yes. EPE recommends that a rate rider be established based on actual case expenses recorded through post-hearings briefs and expenses recorded for other cited cases, with recovery over a three-year period. EPE will record any case expenses incurred after that point for recovery in a subsequent rate proceeding.

1			
2	Q.	HAS EPE REVIEWED ITS INCURRED LEGAL EXPENSES IN THIS CASE FOR	
3		REASONABLENESS?	
4	A.	I have attached a signed affidavit to my testimony as Exhibit JS-1R attesting to the	
5		review of all legal expenses incurred by EPE in the course of this proceeding.	
6			
7		VI. FINANCIAL RING-FENCING	
8	Q.	STAFF WITNESS SEARS RECOMMENDS THE COMMISSION REQUIRE RING-	
9		FENCING MEASURES IN ADDITION TO THOSE ADOPTED IN EPE'S RECENT	
10		ACQUISITION CASE IN DOCKET NO. 49849. HOW DO YOU RESPOND?	
11	A.	The measures recommended by Staff are unnecessary and no need or deficiency in	
12		existing provisions has been identified. Staff's testimony does not discuss the extensive	
13		provisions adopted by settlement in Docket No. 49849.	
14			
15	Q.	WHAT WAS THE BASIS THEN FOR STAFF'S RECOMMENDATION?	
16	A.	The rationale appears to be that because ring fencing provisions have been included in	
17		Commission orders in three recent rate-related dockets they should be required for EPE.	
18		Ms. Sears testimony states that the proposed measures were used in the other rate-making	
19		dockets. All of the referenced proceedings were resolved by settlement.	
20			
21	Q.	STAFF NOTED THAT CERTAIN PROTECTIVE MEASURES WERE PUT IN	
22		PLACE FOR EPE IN DOCKET NO. 49849, ITS RECENT MERGER PROCEEDING.	
23		WAS THAT PROCEEDING RESOLVED BY SETTLEMENT AS WELL?	
24	Α.	Yes, and all of the protective measures and other commitments were implemented	
25		following close of the acquisition of EPE in July 2020.	
26			
27	Q.	WAS STAFF A PARTY IN THE ACQUISITION DOCKET NO. 49849?	
28	A.	Yes, and they joined in the settlement and stipulation of that recent case, which included	
29		the ring-fencing provisions. Those ring-fencing provisions were the result of an	
30		extensive negotiation between the multiple parties in that proceeding, including the Staff.	

1		Staff's witness does not explain why provisions that were not included in settlement of		
2		the acquisition docket should now be added.		
3				
4	Q.	ARE THE ADDITIONAL RATEMAKING PROVISIONS RECOMMENDED BY		
5		STAFF ACCOUNTED FOR IN THE EXISTING RING-FENCING ADOPTED IN		
6		DOCKET NO. 49849?		
7	A.	While the language of the new Staff provisions is not reflected in the Docket No. 49849		
8		ring-fencing, I believe that the second and third requirements of the three recommended		
9		provisions are accounted for in existing ring-fencing – prohibiting the securing of EPE		
10		debt by non-EPE assets and prohibiting the commingling of assets.		
11				
12	Q.	WHAT ABOUT THE FIRST OF THE THREE RECOMMENDED RING-FENCING		
13		MEASURES?		
14	A.	This measure, which I have included below, is not included in existing ring-fencing for		
15		EPE. The proposed measure is as follows:		
16		" <u>Regulatory Return on Equity (ROE) Commitment</u> . If EPE's issuer credit rating is		
17		not maintained as investment grade by S&P or Moody's, EPE will not use its		
18		below-investment-grade ratings to justify an argument in favor of a higher		
19		regulatory ROE."		
20		This measure, though recommended by Staff in each of the three cases cited by witness		
21		Sears, was, in fact, not reflected in the orders of those cases.		
22				
23	Q.	DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENT ON THIS PROVISION?		
24	A.	Yes. It is not clear how this provision qualifies as financial ring-fencing in the context of		
25		the other requirements, either those included in EPE's acquisition settlement or those		
26		cited by Staff in this case. While it may be appropriate to separate consideration of EPE's		
27		authorized ROE and the debt ratings of the EPE's parent or affiliates, it would not make		
28		sense to restrict EPE from arguing that a relatively low authorized ROE, for example the		
29		one proposed by Staff in this case, has negatively affected its credit ratings, cost of		
30		borrowing, or access to capital. It should also be noted that EPE is not rated by S&P.		
31				

Q. DID STAFF MAKE ANY OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING RING 2 FENCING?

A. Yes. Staff also recommends that "the Commission requires EPE to commit to
maintaining the financial protective policies ordered in Docket 49849." This
recommendation is unnecessary. EPE is very aware of its compliance obligations with
respect to the settlement of ring-fencing issues in Docket No. 49849 and has annual
reporting requirements to that end. An additional order from the Commission in this case
that EPE follow Commission orders from other cases seems excessive.

10	VII.	CONCLUSION

- 11 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 12 A. Yes, it does.

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SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-21-2606 PUC DOCKET NO. 52195

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APPLICATION OF EL PASO ELECTRIC COMPANY TO CHANGE RATES

\$ \$ \$ BEFORE THE STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

AFFIDAVIT REGARDING EL PASO ELECTRIC COMPANY'S RATE CASE EXPENSES

STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF EL PASO

Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Matthew K. Behrens, who, upon being duly sworn, deposed and said the following:

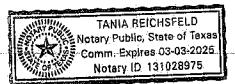
- 1. My name is Matthew K. Behrens. I am over the age of twenty-one years and am of sound mind and competent to testify as to the matters stated herein. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this affidavit, and they are true and correct. I am competent to make this Affidavit.
- 2. I am Director of Energy Solutions for El Paso Electric Company (EPE). I joined EPE in 2017. Before my current role, I was a senior attorney for EPE for four years. Before that, I was Assistant General Counsel for El Paso Water Utilities – Public Service Board for two years; a senior project manager in EPE's Renewable and Emergent Technologies Group for nine months; Assistant City Attorney for the City of El Paso, Texas, for two years; State and Local Tax Director for Hunt Companies in El Paso, Texas, for two years; and a senior tax consultant for Deloitte in Houston, Texas, for five years. I have practiced law for over ten years, including cases before the Public Utility Commission of Texas.
- 3. The purpose of this affidavit is to support the reasonableness of the cost of the legal services procured by EPE for which recovery is requested in Docket No. 52195, which include costs for that proceeding as well as some remaining costs for its previous rate proceeding, Docket No. 46831, and the costs EPE incurred for two Distribution Cost Recovery Factor proceedings, Docket No. 49395 and 51348, and a Transmission Cost Recovery Factor proceeding, Docket No. 49148.
- 4. Duggins, Wren, Mann & Romero, LLP (DWMR) provided legal services to EPE in the course of the four proceedings identified in the previous paragraph. I have reviewed DWMR's billings for those proceedings and believe the time spent on the various tasks were directly in support of EPE's request in those proceedings and were reasonable and necessary. DWMR's billings were consistent with the standards set forth by the Commission in 16 Tex. Admin. Code (TAC) § 25,245 for recovery of rate case expenses.

- 5. EPE's legal consultants were required to perform high-level, complex work. The nature of utility law requires a legal team that not only has specialized legal knowledge and experience in administrative law, but also substantive knowledge of complex utility questions, such as cost of service analysis, transmission, generation, and financial matters. In addition, its regulatory legal counsel has extensive knowledge of the Company and its prior regulatory filings.
- 7. I have reviewed the hourly rates for the legal services EPE employed in the proceedings identified in paragraph 3. I am generally familiar with the rates charged by attorneys in large Texas markets, including El Paso, Dallas, Houston, and Austin, for regulatory work. I also compared the hourly billing rates charged by DWMR to the hourly billing rates submitted by other utilities in Project No. 41622 (related to the Commission's Rate Case Expense Rule, 16 TAC § 25.245). In my estimation, the hourly rates for the legal services EPE used are reasonable, cost-competitive, and appropriate for the work involved in this case.
- 8. In summary, I believe the rate case expenses EPE incurred for professional legal services are reasonable.

Further affiant sayeth not.

Matthew K. Behrens

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me on the 19th day of November, 2021.



7-Phh

Notary Public. State of Texas

Tania Reichsfeld Notary's Printed Name

My commission expires: <u>3/3/2075</u>