CITY OF ALTON, TX COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		relopment rporation 4A		relopment rporation 4B		Facilties & Infrastructur Fund		oan County Grant Fund
ASSETS	,							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	77,019	\$	76,816	\$	184,069	\$	-
Taxes Receivable		-		, -		-		-
Receivables (Net)		27,962		27,962		-		2,141
Due from Other Funds		•		-		-		(2,141)
Total Assets	\$	104,981	\$	104,778	\$	184,069	\$	_
LIABILITIES				_		.		
Accounts Payable	\$	817	\$	4,770	\$	-	\$	-
Wages and Salaries Payable		2,131		1,675		•		-
Due to Other Funds		-	-	-	•	-		-
Due to Others		- ,		-		8,681		-
Total Liabilities		2,948		6,445		8,681		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					-		,	
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		•		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		•		-				•
FUND BALANCES								
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-				-		_
Other Assigned Fund Balance		102,033		98,333	_	175,388		•
Total Fund Balances	_	102,033		98,333		175,388		-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	104,981	\$	104,778	\$	184,069	\$	-

	iezures & orfeitures Fund	You	Alton uth CLub vity Fund		TIRZ Fund		PEG Fund		olunteer irefighter Fund	Alt Cham Comn	ber of		Total lonmajor Special renue Funds		Debt Service Fund
\$	41,913	\$	1,353	\$	1,004	\$	17,580	\$	2,678	\$	871	s	403,303	\$	41,241
•		•	-	•	-	•	1,395	•		·			1,395	•	122,553
	•				-		-		-		-		58,065	•	•
	-		_		88,387		· •	_	-		-		86,246	_	4,360
\$	41,913	\$	1,353	\$	89,391	\$	18,975	\$	2,678	\$	871	\$	549,009	\$	168,154
\$	236	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	•	\$	5,823	\$	
	-				-		-		-		-		3,806		
	-		3,777		· -		-		7		1,325		5,102		32,404
	7,143		-				-		-		-		15,824	_	
	7,379	-	3,777	_	<u>-</u>		-		•		1,325		30,555		32,404
	÷		-		-		<u> </u>		-		-		•		122,553
	-					_	, <u>-</u> .		•		-		-		122,553
	-		_		-		-			-	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		13,197
	34,534		(2,424)		89,391		18,975		2,678		(454)		518,454		-
	34,534		(2,424)		89,391		18,975		2,678		(454)		518,454	_	13,197
\$	41,913	\$	1,353	\$	89,391	\$	18,975	\$	2,678	\$	871	\$	549,009	\$	168,154

CITY OF ALTON, TX COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	•			Total		Total	
		Z Debt		onmajor	Nonmajor Governmental		
	_	ervice		bt Service			
		Fund		Funds		Funds	
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$.	1,198	\$	42,439	\$	445,74	
Taxes Receivable		-		122,553		123,94	
Receivables (Net)		-		-		58,06	
Due from Other Funds		-		4,360		90,60	
Total Assets	\$	1,198	\$	169,352	\$	718,36	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	•	\$	5,82	
Wages and Salaries Payable	•	-		-		3,80	
Due to Other Funds		-		32,404		37,50	
Due to Others						15,82	
Total Liabilities		•		32,404		62,95	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		122,553		122,55	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				122,553		122,55	
FUND BALANCES							
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		1,198		14,395		14,39	
Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		·		518,45	
Total Fund Balances		1,198		- 14,395		532,84	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	1,198	\$	169,352	\$	718,36	

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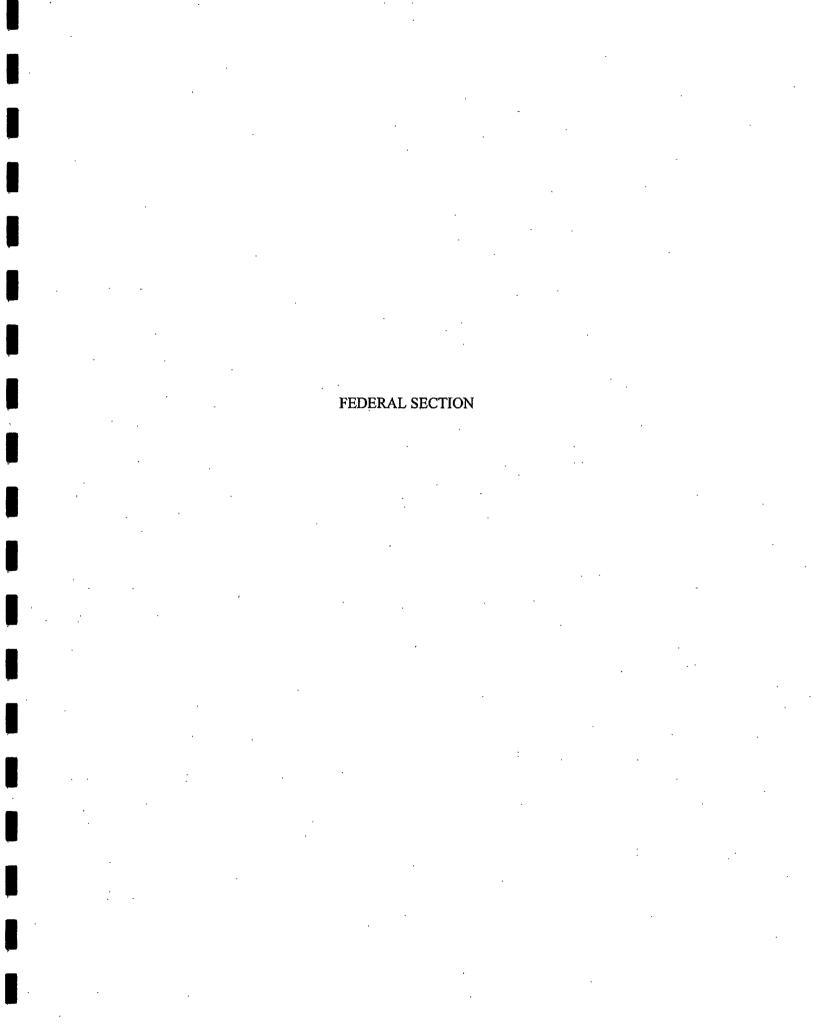
CITY OF ALTON, TX COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		velopment rporation 4A	Development Corporation 4B		Facilties & Infrastructur Fund		Urban County Grant Fund	
REVENUES:							,	
Taxes: Property Taxes	\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$	
General Sales and Use Taxes		182,760		182,760		-		-
Penalty and Interest on Taxes		•		-		-		205 (22
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services		-		-		144,725		205,632
Forfeits		-		-		144,725		-
Special Assessments		-		-		123,757		,
Investment Earnings		103		104		146		-
Rents and Royalties		· ~		-		-		-
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources		-		•		-		•
Other Revenue		-		-				-
Total Revenues		182,863		182,864		268,628		205,632
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public Safety		-		-		•		•
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-	•	•
Conservation and Development		166,602		149,794		-		9,694
Debt Service:								
Bond Principal		-		-				
Other Debt Principal Bond Interest		27,339		27,339		-		190,000
Other Debt Interest		14.859		14,859		-		5.020
Fiscal Agent's Fees		14,033		14,039		-		5,938
Capital Outlay:								
Capital Outlay						79,997		_
Total Expenditures		208,800		191,992		79,997	_	205,632
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	***************************************	(25,937)		(9,128)		188,631		•
Expenditures OTHERFINANCINGSOURCES(USES):								
Transfers In Transfers Out (Use)		-		•		(125,000)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(125,000)	_	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(25,937)		(9,128)		63,631		-
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		127,970		107,461		111,757		-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	102,033	\$	98,333	\$	175,388	\$	•

	iezures & orfeitures Fund	Alton Youth CLub Activity Fund	TIRZ Fund	PEG Fund	Volunteer Firefighter Fund	Alton Chamber of Commerce	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund
					<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
\$		\$ -	· ·	\$ -	.\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 343,996
Ф	_	Ψ - -	т -	.		J -	365,520	φ 545,550 -
	-	_		-	-	_	505,520	20,658
	-	-	131,620	-	-	-	337,252	-
	-	5,807	, =	-	-	-	150,532	-
	5,599	•	-	-	~	-	5,599	- · · · -
	-		-	-	-	-	123,757	-
	53	2	18	15	. 3	2	446	201
		300		-	0.170	15.700	300	-
	•	11 210	*	E 556	2,170	15,700	17,870	-
	7.450	11,318	101 (00	5,556		6,025	22,899	264.055
	5,652	17,427	131,638	5,571	2,173	21,727	1,024,175	364,855
				•				
	11,652		•	_	2,064	-	13,716	_
•	•	17,085	, -		_,00.	22,456	39,541	<u>.</u>
		-	_	-	· , •	,	326,090	_
						•	,	
	=		-		-	-		358,486
		-	· -	, <u>-</u>	-	-	244,678	9,000
	-	-	- '	- ,	· · · · •	•		131,415
	-	_	-		-	~	35,656	18,761
	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	250
	•			,				
	-						79,997	
	11,652	17,085	•	_	2,064	22,456	739,678	517,912
	(6,000)	342	131,638	5,571	109	(729)	284,497	(153,057)
			1				,	
	-	, . .	-			-	-	172,334
	(25,288)	-	(98,000)	, -		-	(248,288)	· -
	(25,288)		(98,000)		+		(248,288)	172,334
	(31,288)	342	33,638	5,571	109	(729)	36,209	19,277
	65,822	(2,766)	55,753	13,404	2,569	275	482,245	(6,080)
	00,022	(2,700)	33,133	13,704	<u></u>		402,243	(0,000)
\$	34,534	\$ (2,424)	\$ 89,391	\$ 18,975	\$ 2,678	\$ (454)	\$ 518,454	\$ 13,197

CITY OF ALTON, TX COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	TIRZ Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:				
Taxes:		•		
Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 343,996	\$ 343,996	
General Sales and Use Taxes	-	· -	365,520	
Penalty and Interest on Taxes	•	20,658	20,658	
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	-		337,252	
Charges for Services	-	•	150,532	
Forfeits	-	-	5,599	
Special Assessments	-	-	123,757	
Investment Earnings	9	210	656	
Rents and Royalties	-	•	300	
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	-		17,870	
Other Revenue	<u> </u>	-	22,899	
Total Revenues	9	364,864	1,389,039	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public Safety	-	-	13,716	
Culture and Recreation	•	-	39,541	
Conservation and Development	-		326,090	
Debt Service:				
Bond Principal	-	358,486	358,486	
Other Debt Principal	205,000	214,000	458,678	
Bond Interest	-	131,415	131,415	
Other Debt Interest	110,812	129,573	165,229	
Fiscal Agent's Fees	-	250	250	
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Outlay	-	•	79,997	
Total Expenditures	315,812	833,724	1,573,402	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(315,803)	(468,860)	(184,363)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			•	
Transfers In	317,000	489,334	. 489,334	
Transfers Out (Use)	317,000	40,554	(248,288)	
	317,000	489,334	241,046	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			211,010	
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,197	20,474	56,683	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	1	(6,079)	476,166	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 1,198	\$ 14,395	\$ 532,849	



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Noel Garza, CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant 4416 S. McColl Rd. Edinburg, TX 78539 956-393-8743

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and the City Council of the City of Alton, Tx Alton, Tx

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alton, Tx, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Alton, Tx's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Alton, Tx's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alton, Tx's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alton, Tx's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Alton, Tx's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standard* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item #2015-01.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of City of Alton, Tx, in a separate letter dated April 22, 2016.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Neel Garza C.P.A. P.C.

Noel Garza, CPA, PC

Edinburg, Tx April 22, 2016

Noel Garza, CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant

4416 S. McColl Rd. Edinburg, TX 78539 956-393-8743

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Superintendent and Board of Trustees of the City of Alton, Tx Alton, Tx

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Alton, Tx's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Alton, Tx's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015. City of Alton, Tx's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Alton, Tx's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Alton, Tx's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Alton, Tx's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Alton, Tx, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Alton, Tx, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Alton, Tx's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alton, Tx's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

New Garza C.P.A., P.C.

Noel Garza, CPA, PC

Edinburg, Tx September 22, 2016

CITY OF ALTON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

I.	Summary of	the Auditor's Results:

A.	The type of report issued:	Unmodified opinion.
B.	Internal control over financial statements:	
	Material Weakness(es) indentified?	No
	Significant Deficiency(ies) identified which	
	were not considered material weaknesses?	No .
C.	Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No
D.	Federal Awards: Type of Report on Compliance	1.
-	with major programs.	Unmodified opinion
E.	Internal control over Major Programs:	
	Material Weakness(es) identified?	No
	Significant Deficiency(ies) identified which	
	were not considered material weaknesses?	No
F.	Findings & Questioned Costs for Federal Awards as	
	defined under Section510(a). OMB Circular 133	No
F.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A	
•	And Type B Federal programs.	\$300,000
G.	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	Yes
H.	Major Federal Program(s)	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act
	•	C.F.D.A # 10.780

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required To Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

2015-01 Expenditures over Appropriations

Criteria: Texas Local Government Code, Title 4, Subtitle A., Chapter 102 Municipal Budget establishes the law governing the annual General Fund budget requirements for the City.

<u>Condition</u>: The City's General Fund had excess expenditures over appropriations totaling \$181,900, for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Cause: The City did not properly amend the budget to allow for the expenditures.

Effect: The City was not in compliance with the Texas Local Government Code.

Recommendation: The City should review their budget throughout the year and propose amendments to ensure compliance with State Law.

Auditee's Response: The City will review and update internal procedures to ensure full compliance with all applicable Local Government Code requirements. Contact: Mrs. Rosie Tello, Finance Director, (956)432-0760.

III. Findings Related to Federal Awards.

None

CITY OF ALTON SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

None

CITY OF ALTON, TX SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(1)	- (2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	•
PASS-THROUGHGRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECETION AGENCY			
Passed through Texas Water Development Board			
Clean Water State Revolving Fund	66.458	G11016	\$ 237
Total Passed through Texas Water Development Board			237
TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECETION AGENCY			237
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE			
Direct Programs			
EDA Grant	11.300	•	29,363
Total Direct Programs			29,363
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE		•.	29,363
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			·
Direct Programs			
A.R.R.A Grant	10.780	TX-00-04	500,000
Total Direct Programs			500,000
TOTAL U.S, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		,	500,000
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & URBAN DEVELOPMENT		•	
Passed Through Hidalgo County Urban Development De	•		
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	,	205,631
Total Passed Through Hidalgo County Urban Develop	ment De		205,631
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & URBAN DEVELOPME	NT		205,631
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 735,231

CITY OF ALTON, TX NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

- The City uses the fund types specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Special
 revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes.
 Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund because it
 is restricted for specific purposes.
- The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus called the modified accrual basis of accounting. Nearly all Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund which is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Usually Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. When Federal grant funds are received before related expenditures are made, they are recorded as deferred revenues.

 The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extends 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Statement.

CITY OF ALTON, TX ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

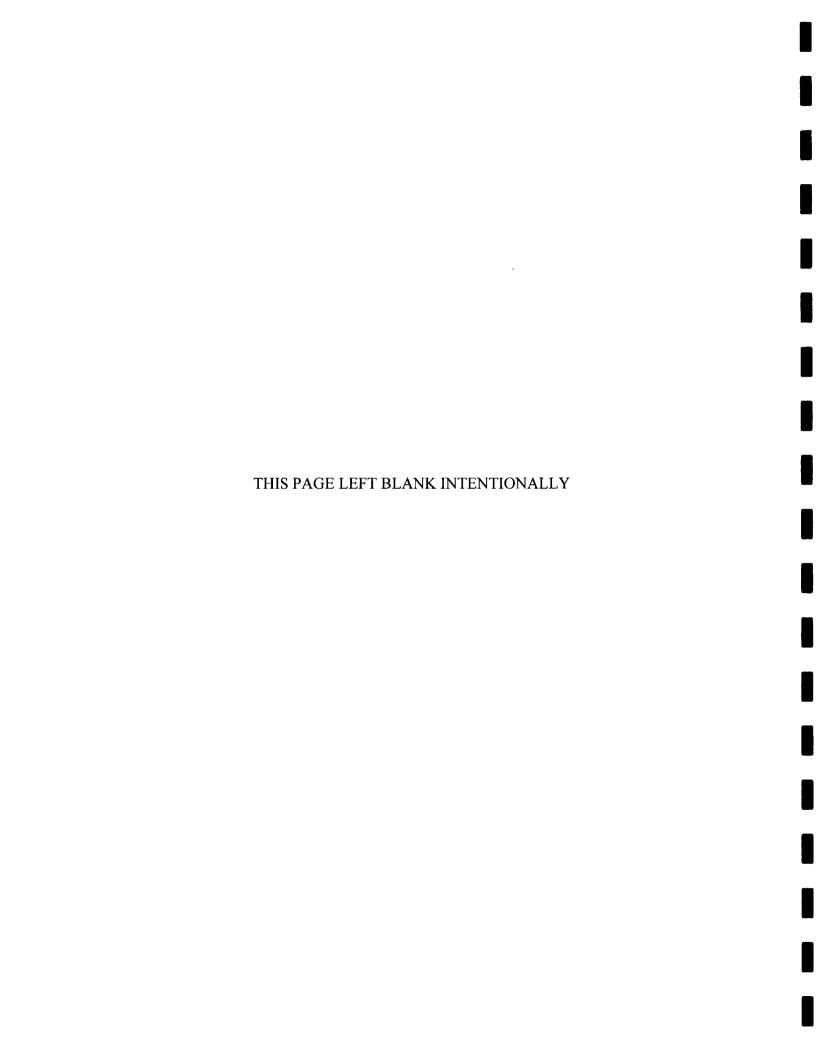
NOEL GARZA, CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant

CITY OF ALTON, TX ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Exhi</u>	<u>bit</u>	Page
I	ndependent Auditors' Report	2
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
	Basic Financial Statements	•
	Government Wide Statements:	
A-1	Statement of Net Position	10
B-1	Statement of Activities	11
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C-1	Balance Sheet	13
C-2	Reconciliation for C-1	15
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	16
C-4	Reconciliation for C-3	18
C-5	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	19
	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
D-1	Statement of Net Position	20
D-2	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	21
D-3	Statement of Cash Flows	22
	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
E-1	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	23
	Notes to the Financial Statements	24
F	Required Supplementary Information	
G-6	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios for TMRS	45
G-7	Schedule of Contributions TMRS Pension Plan	46
9	Combining and Individual Fund Statements	
N	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
H-1	Combining Balance Sheet	47
H-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	50
	Federal Section	
F	Report on Compliance and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based	
	on an audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	Government Auditing Standards	53
F	Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program	
	and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance	55
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	57
	Schedule of Status of Prior Findings	59
K-1 S	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	59
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	60



Noel Garza, CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council of the City of Alton, Tx Alton, Tx

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alton, Tx, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Alton, Tx's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alton, Tx, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information on pages 4-9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Alton, Tx's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 19, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Alton, Tx's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Alton, Tx's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Noel Garza, CPA PC

Edinburg, Tx May 19, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis CITY OF ALTON

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of CITY OF ALTON, discuss and analyze the City's financial performance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditors' Report on page 2, and the City's Basic Financial Statements, which begin on page 10.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position: increased by \$10,258,771 as a result of this year's operations. While net position of our business-type activities: increased by \$1,521,482 net position of our governmental activities: increased, by \$8,739,289. However, net position of governmental activities had a prior period adjustment that increased net position by \$2,147,552, and the business activities had a prior period adjustment that increased net position by \$506,448 resulting in a total increase in net position of \$12,914,773.
- During the year, the City had expenses that were \$ 9,275,164 less than the \$14.194 million generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs (before special items).
- In the City's business-type activities, revenues increased from \$2.59 to \$3.13 million (or 21 percent) while expenses also increased from \$1.95 to \$2.39 million (or 23 percent).
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$662,667.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$622 thousand more than budgeted expenses for the General Fund.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities on pages 10 and 11. These provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements starting on page 13 report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the City were sold to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements (if applicable), provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the City.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 25) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for non-major funds contain even more information about the City's individual funds.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 10. Its primary purpose is to show whether the City is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net position includes all the City's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the City's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The City's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such grants provided by the Outside Sources (general revenues). All the City's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the City, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's facilities.

In the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities-Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including public safety, public works, culture and recreation, economic development and assistance, and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The City charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of providing services such as water, sewer, and solid waste services.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 13 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Laws and/or contracts require the City to establish some funds, such as grants received under the Environmental Protection Agency program. The City's administration establishes several other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The City's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds—Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. They use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds—The City reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the City) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased from \$.19 million to \$ 11.08 million. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was \$491,947 at September 30, 2016.

In 2016, net position of our business-type activities increased by \$2,027,941.

Table I City of ALTON

NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Total
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current and other assets	2,095,067	3,622,271	830,510	711,012	2,925,577	4,333,283
Capital assets	19,477,494	19,068,227	16,451,913	15 <u>,2</u> 67,141	35,929,207	34,335,368
Total assets	21,572,561	22,690,498	17,282,423	15,978,153	38,854,984	38,668,651
Deferred Outflow, Pension Plan	365,277	165,481	80,183	36,309	445,460	201,790
Long-term liabilities	8,857,778	11,654,117	635,447	1,472,055	2,633,743	13,126,172
Other liabilities	1,998,296	11,006,938	501,837	345,015	9,359,615	11,351,953
Total liabilities	10,856,074	22,661,055	1,137,284	1,817,070	11,993,358	24,478,125
Net position:						
Invested in capital assets net of	9,745,777	(475,062)	15,558,384	14,158,851	25,304,161	13,683,789
related debt		• • •				
Restricted	844,041	447,630	0	0	844,041	447,630
Unrestricted	491,947	222,356	666,938	38,540	1,158,885	260,896
Total net position	11,081,764	194,924	16,225,322	14,197,391	27,307,086	14,392,315

Table II City of ALTON

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Total
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	366,988	301,196	3,100,730	2,550,401	3,467,718	2,851,597
Operating grants and contributions General Revenues:	10,595,267	988,800	0	0	10,595,267	988,800
	992,620	1,037,178	0	0	992,620	1,037,178
Maintenance and operations taxes Debt service taxes		358,799	0	0	371,285	358,799
Sales Taxes	371,285	,	0	0	,	
	812,833	731,039	0	-	812,833	731,039
Franchise Taxes	267,315	74,457	-	0	267,315	271,199
Investment Earnings	3,033	5,269	0	0	3,033	5,269
Miscellaneous	1,504,774	1,793,474	30,747	36,565	1,535,521	1,830,039
Total Revenue	14,914,115	5,486,954	3,131,477	2,586,966	18,045,592	8,073,920
Expenses:						
General Government	1,339,259	1,503,434	0	0	1,339,259	1,503,434
Public Safety	2,352,384	2,529,243	0	0	2,352,384	2,529,243
Public Works	600,981	687,956	0	0	600,981	687,956
Health and Welfare	130,181	108,349	0	0	130,181	108,349
Culture & Recreation	225,087	83,657	0	0	225,087	83,657
Economic Development & Asst.	669,026	487,119	0	0	669,026	487,119
Debt Service	321,183	296,644	0	0	321,183	296,644
Fiscal Agent's Fees	850	250	0	0	850	250
Utility Fund Services	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solid Waste Fund Services	0	0	2,388,166	1,949,737	2,388,166	1,949,737
Utility I&S Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenses	5,638,951	5,696,652	2,388,166	1,949,737	8,027,117	7,646,389
Increase in net position before transfers						
and special items	9,275,164	(209,698)	743,311	637,229	10,018,475	427,531
Transfers	(535,876)	697,334	(946,219)	(697,334)	(1,482,095)	127,551
Special Items – Resources	(555,670)	077,334	1,724,390	(077,554)	1,724,390	0
Special Items-Prior Period Adjustments	2,147,552	(2,495 854)	506,448	(4,229)	2,654,000	(2,500,083)
Net position at 10/1/15	194,924	2,203,142	14,197,392	14,261,725	14,392,316	16,464,867
Net position at 9/30/16	11,081,764	194,924	16,225,332	14,197,391	27,307,086	14,392,315
Net position at 9/30/10	11,081,704	194,924	10,223,332	17,177,391	27,307,000	17,372,313

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 5.64 million. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on pages 11 and 12, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through City taxes was only \$1.363 million because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions; \$10.595 million.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on pages 13 reported a combined fund balance of \$1.5 million, which is less than last year's total of \$2.184 million. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a decrease of \$30 thousand in the City's General Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Board revised the City's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into one category. They involved amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated, to programs with resource needs.

The City's General Fund balance of \$662,667 thousand reported on page 13 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$859 thousand reported in the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule on page 19. This is principally due expenditures exceeding the budget in various functional categories.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the 2015-16 year, the City had \$16.45 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities, land, infrastructure, vehicles, and equipment.

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$9.73 million in bonds and notes outstanding, decreasing by \$10.799 million from \$20.65 million, due to the forgiving of debt by the Texas water Development Board in the amount of \$9.6 million.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2015-16 budget tax rates. One of those factors is the economy. The City's population growth during 2000–2010 averaged annual gains of 181.5 percent. More recently, unemployment has remained relatively constant. This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 8.2 percent and the national rate of 9.6 percent. The City also takes the number of households served by the City in developing the budget for the Enterprise fund. The City is currently serving 2,799 residents through its Enterprise fund, providing water, sewer and solid waste services.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2016-17. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$484 thousand, higher than the final 2015-16 budget of \$3.174 million. The City will use its revenues to finance programs we currently offer. Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase to \$5.022 million.

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to remain relatively unchanged by the close of 2016-17.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's administration office, at CITY OF ALTON, 519 S Main Blvd., ALTON, Texas.

CITY OF ALTON, TX STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Primary Government						
	Business						
		overnmental	Type				
		Activities	Activities			Total	
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,332,455	\$	244,332	\$	1,576,787	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	Ψ	898,066	Ψ	429,394	Ψ	1,327,460	
(-		17,329		17,329	
Internal Balances		(139,455)		139,455		1,,525	
Prepaid Items		4,001		-		4,001	
Capital Assets:		1,001				.,001	
Land		3,958,542		25,110		3,983,652	
Infrastructure, net		8,433,985		25,110		8,433,985	
Buildings, net		5,584,899		_		5,584,899	
Improvements other than Buildings, net		3,304,033		16 070 296			
		1 125 010		16,072,386		16,072,386	
Machinery and Equipment, net		1,125,818	354,417			1,480,235	
Construction in Progress		374,250				374,250	
Total Assets		21,572,561		17,282,423		38,854,984	
DEFERREDOUTFLOWOFRESOURCES							
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan	\$	365,277	\$	80,183	\$	445,460	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		365,277		80,183		445,460	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable		153,769		92,846		246,615	
Intergovernmental Payable						56,718	
Unearned Revenues		55,369		1,349			
Current - Notes Payable		118,532		250,002		118,532	
		-		258,083		258,083	
Noncurrent Liabilities						000.000	
Due Within One Year		989,303		-		989,303	
Due in More Than One Year	8,857,778		769,984			9,627,762	
Net Pension Liability		612,891				612,891	
Total Liabilities		10,787,642		1,122,262		11,909,903	
DEFERREDINFLOWOFRESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes							
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan		68,432		15,022		83,454	
							
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		68,432		15,022		83,454	
NETPOSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		9,745,777		15,558,384		25,304,161	
Restricted for:		.,,		. , ,.		- , , -	
Restricted for Capital Construction		96,890		_		96,890	
Restricted for Long Term Debt		81,889		_		81,889	
Restricted for Special Revenues		665,262				665,262	
Unrestricted Net Position		491,947		666,938		1,158,885	
Total Net Position	\$	11,081,764	\$	16,225,322	\$	27,307,086	
TOWN THE TOSITION	Ψ	11,001,704	Ψ	10,22,322	Ψ	21,501,000	

CITY OF ALTON, TX STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

			Program Revenues		
	F	Expenses			
Primary Government:					
GOVERNMENTALACTIVITIES:					
General Government	\$	1,339,259	\$	366,988	
Public Safety		2,352,384		-	
Public Works		600,981		-	
Health and Welfare		130,181		-	
Culture and Recreation		225,087		-	
Conservation and Development		669,026		-	
Bond Interest		129,159		-	
Other Debt Interest		192,024		-	
Fiscal Agent's Fees		850			
Total Governmental Activities:		5,638,952		366,988	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:					
		1,502,242		1,622,735	
		885,924		1,477,995	
Total Business-Type Activities:		2,388,166		3,100,730	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	8,027,118	\$	3,467,718	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service

Sales Taxes

Franchise Taxes

Penalty and Interest

Grants and Contributions Not Restricted

Miscellaneous Revenue

Investment Earnings

Special Item - resource

Transfers In (Out)

Total General Revenues, Special Items, and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Position--Ending

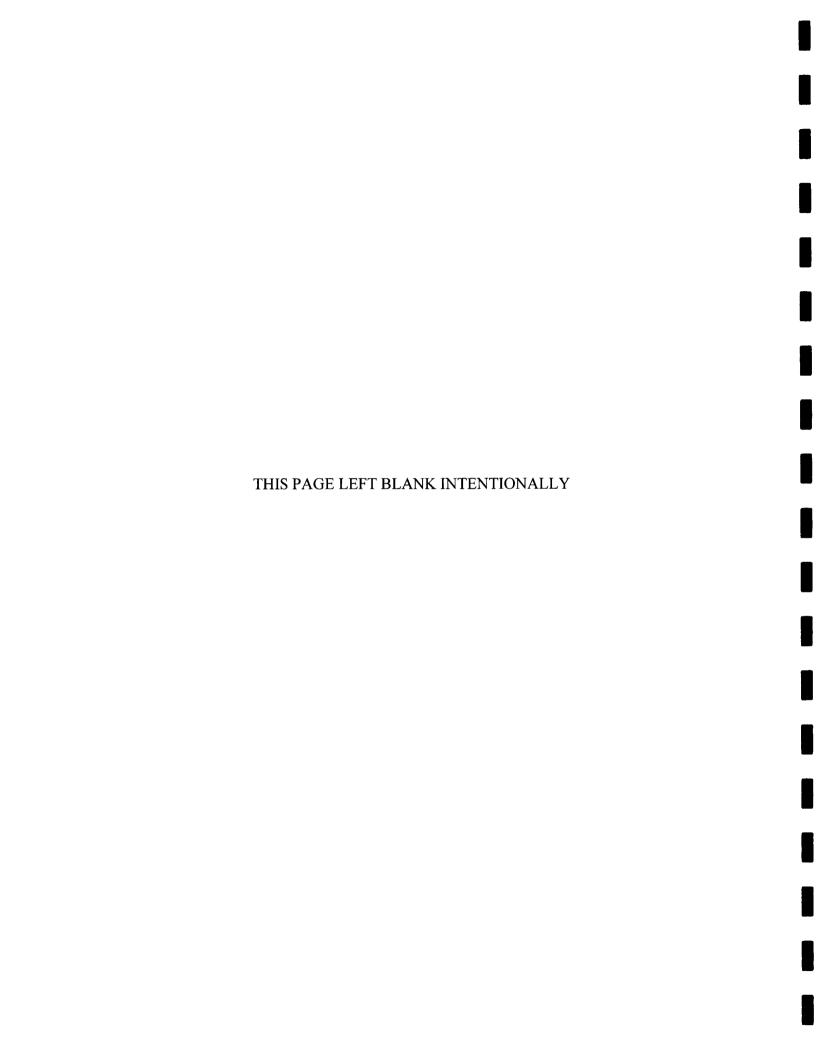
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	t	Government	Primary			
		ness-type	Busi	ental	Governme	
Total		tivities		ies	Activities	
(972,271)	\$	-	\$	2,271)	\$ (97)	
(2,352,384)		-		2,384)		
(600,981)		-		0,981)		
(130,181)		-		0,181)		
(225,087)		-		5,087)		
(669,026)		-		9,026)		
(129,159)		-		9,159)		
(192,024)		-		2,024)	(19)	
(850)		-		(850)		
(5,271,964)		-		1,964)	(5,27	
		120 402				
120,493		120,493		-		
592,071		592,071				
712,564	_	712,564				
(4,559,400)		712,564		71,964)	(5,27	
992,622		_		92,622	99	
371,285		-		71,285		
812,833		-		12,833		
267,315		-		57,315		
91,299		-		91,299	ç	
10,595,267		-		95,267	,	
1,444,222		30,747		13,475	1,41	
3,033		-		3,033		
1,724,390		1,724,390		-		
(1,482,095)		(946,219)		5,876)	(53:	
14,820,170		808,918		11,252	14,0	
10,260,771		1,521,482		39,289	8,7	
14,392,316		14,197,392		94,924	19	
2,654,000		506,448		47,552	2,1	
27,307,086	\$	16,225,322	\$	81,764	11,08	

CITY OF ALTON, TX BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	General Fund		Capital Projects		Capital Projects	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	964,481	\$	16,798	\$	3,012
Taxes Receivable		343,727		-		-
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		(68,507)		-		-
Receivables (Net)		87,195		-		-
Due from Other Funds		17,834		70,057		-
Prepaid Items		4,001		-		-
Total Assets	\$	1,348,731	\$	86,855	\$	3,012
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	29,709	\$	1	\$	-
Wages and Salaries Payable		97,986		-		-
Intergovernmental Payable		55,369		-		-
Due to Other Funds		220,998		-		-
Due to Others		-		-		-
Total Liabilities	otal Liabilities 404,06			1		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		282,002		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		282,002		-		-
FUND BALANCES						
Capital Acquisiion and Contractural Obligation		-		86,854		3,012
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		-		-
Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		-
Unassigned Fund Balance		662,667		-		-
Total Fund Balances		662,667		86,854		3,012
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	1,348,731	\$	86,855	\$	3,012

Other Funds			Total Governmental F unds -
\$	348,164	\$	1,332,455
Ф	124,773	Ф	468,500
	(26,130)		(94,637)
	437,008		524,203
	941		88,832
	-		4,001
\$	884,756	<u>\$</u>	2,323,354
		=	
\$	(1)	\$	29,709
Ψ	4,377	Ψ	102,363
	-		55,369
	7,289		228,287
	21,697		21,697
	33,362		437,425
	97,219	_	379,221
	97,219		379,221
			.
	7,024		96,890
	81,889		81,889
	665,262		665,262
	-		662,667
	754,175		1,506,708
\$	884,756	\$	2,323,354



CITY OF ALTON, TX RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,506,708
The City uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other governmental funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. The net effect of this consolidation is to Increase (decrease) net position.	-0-
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$36,396,908 and the accumulated depreciation was \$17,348,683. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase (decrease) net position.	(68,662)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2016 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	12,155,335
The 2016 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(987,671)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	(1,523,946)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,081,764

CITY OF ALTON, TX STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Capital Projects
REVENUES:			
Taxes:	4	•	•
Property Taxes	\$ 1,078,250	\$ -	\$ -
General Sales and Use Taxes Franchise Tax	406,417 267,315	-	-
Penalty and Interest on Taxes	66,773	-	_
Licenses and Permits	245,011	-	-
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		642,421	509,652
Charges for Services	339,002	-	· •
Fines	442,413	-	-
Forfeits	-	•	-
Special Assessments	1.524	-	-
Investment Earnings	1,524	104	77
Rents and Royalties Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	27,986	-	-
Other Revenue	235,295	-	240,000
Total Revenues	3,109,986	642,525	749,729
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government	1,171,072	_	_
Public Safety	2,600,900	-	-
Public Works	530,758	-	-
Health and Welfare	123,284	-	-
Culture and Recreation	174,840	=	=
Conservation and Development	136,564	-	66,268
Debt Service:			
Bond Principal	-	-	=
Other Debt Principal Bond Interest	-	-	•
Other Debt Interest	-	•	-
Fiscal Agent's Fees	_	-	-
Capital Outlay:			
Capital Outlay	-	646,718	-
Total Expenditures	4,737,418	646,718	66,268
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	(1,627,432)	(4,193)	683,461
Expenditures	(1,027,102)	(1,172)	002,101
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Sale of Real and Personal Property	231,000	-	-
Transfers In	840,288	200	-
Other Resources	526,467	- (155 505)	((50.440)
Transfers Out (Use)	-	(177,725)	(659,449)
Other (Uses)	<u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,597,755	(177,525)	(659,449)
SPECIAL ITEMS:			
Special Item - (Use)	-	-	(21,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(29,677)	(181,718)	3,012
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	688,434	268,572	
Prior Period Adjustment	3,910		_
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)		\$ 86,854	\$ 3,012
rand Datance - September 30 (Ending)	Ψ 002,007	Ψ 00,034	ψ J,012

	Total
Other	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$ 370,492	\$ 1,448,742
406,416	812,833
<u>-</u>	267,315
24,526	91,299
-	245,011
628,911	1,780,984
93,578	432,580
19,913	442,413
127,733	19,913 127,733
1,328	3,033
900	28,886
17,350	17,350
27,818	503,113
1,718,965	6,221,205
1,710,903	0,221,20.
-	1,171,072
23,259	2,624,159
-	530,758
-	123,284
33,758	208,598
379,697	582,529
371,675	271 674
540,820	371,675 540,820
129,159	129,159
192,024	192,024
850	850
	05.
1,590,464	2,237,182
3,261,706	8,712,110
(1,542,741)	(2,490,905)
00.070	
88,378	319,378
1,447,791	2,288,279
(459,105)	526,467
(7,168)	(1,296,279
	(7,168
1,069,896	1,830,677
-	(21,000)
(472,845)	(681,228)
1,227,020	2,184,026
	3,910
\$ 754,175	\$ 1,506,70

CITY OF ALTON, TX

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (681,228)
The city uses some internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities primarily to the governmental funds. The net income (loss) of these internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	-0-
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2016 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	11,793,513
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.	(987,671)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	(1,385,325)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 8,739,289

CITY OF ALTON, TX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
REVENUES:							
Taxes:							
Property Taxes	\$	1,030,251	\$ 1,085,631	\$	1,078,250	\$	(7,381)
General Sales and Use Taxes		376,400	403,162		406,417		3,255
Franchise Tax		280,000 50,570	280,000 66,450		267,315 66,773		(12,685) 323
Penalty and Interest on Taxes Licenses and Permits		137,400	247,150		245,011		(2,139)
Charges for Services		494,463	392,834		339,002		(53,832)
Fines		506,153	437,580		442,413		4,833
Investment Earnings		625	1,510		1,524		14
Rents and Royalties		18,200	28,861		27,986		(875)
Other Revenue		226,481	 231,787		235,295		3,508
Total Revenues		3,120,543	 3,174,965		3,109,986		(64,979)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General Government		959,245	1,107,085		1,171,072		(63,987)
Public Safety		2,105,823	2,049,414		2,600,900		(551,486)
Public Works		567,500	525,955		530,758		(4,803)
Health and Welfare		110,557	119,643		123,284		(3,641)
Culture and Recreation		126,043	176,508		174,840		1,668
Conservation and Development		139,131	 135,867		136,564		(697)
Total Expenditures		4,008,299	4,114,472		4,737,418		(622,946)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(887,756)	 (939,507)		(1,627,432)		(687,925)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Sale of Real and Personal Property		330,000	260,000		231,000		(29,000)
Transfers In		745,288	840,288		840,288		-
Other Resources		-	9,930		526,467		516,537
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,075,288	1,110,218		1,597,755		487,537
Net Change		187,532	170,711		(29,677)		(200,388)
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		688,434	688,434		688,434		-
Prior Period Adjustment		-	•		3,910		3,910
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	875,966	 859,145	<u> </u>	662,667	<u> </u>	(196,478)

CITY OF ALTON, TX STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
		Water & Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	47,829 \$	196,503 \$	244,332	
Accounts Receivable-Net of Uncollectible Allowance		263,627	165,767	429,394	
Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds		-	17,329 150,000	17,329 150,000	
Total Current Assets		311,456	529,599	841,055	
Noncurrent Assets:				011,033	
Capital Assets:					
Land Purchase and Improvements		25,110	_	25,110	
Improvements other than Buildings		18,644,127	-	18,644,127	
Accumulated Depreciation - Other Improvements		(2,571,741)	-	(2,571,741)	
Machinery and Equipment	.4	2,081	947,085	949,166	
Accumulated Depreciation - Machinery & Equipmen	1 <u> </u>	16,099,577	(594,749)	(594,749)	
Total Noncurrent Assets			352,336	16,451,913	
Total Assets		16,411,033	881,935	17,292,968	
DEFERREDOUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan		36,082	44,101	80,183	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		36,082	44,101	80,183	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable		7,198	56,070	63,268	
Wages and Salaries Payable		15,460	14,118	29,578	
Intergovernmental Payable Due to Other Funds		-	1,349 10,545	1,349 10,545	
Notes Payable - Current		35,092	222,991	258,083	
Total Current Liabilities		57,750	305,073	362,823	
NonCurrent Liabilities:					
Bonds Payable - Non-Current:					
Revenue Bonds Payable		265,000	-	265,000	
Notes Payable - Noncurrent		103,777	266,670	370,447	
Net Pension Liability		60,542	73,995	134,537	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		429,319	340,665	769,984	
Total Liabilities		487,069	645,738	1,132,807	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan		6,760	8,262	15,022	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,760	8,262	15,022	
NETPOSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		15,695,708	(137,324)	15,558,384	
Unrestricted Net Position		257,578	409,360	666,938	
Total Net Position	\$	15,953,286 \$	272,036 \$	16,225,322	
				·	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ALTON, TX STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Water &	Solid	Total		
	Sewer	Waste	Enterprise		
	Fund	Fund	Funds		
OPERATINGREVENUES:					
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$ 1,347,292	\$ 1,347,292		
Charges for Sewerage Service	1,622,735	130,703	1,753,438		
Investment Earnings	288	478	766		
Other Revenue	-	29,981	29,981		
Total Operating Revenues	1,623,023	1,508,454	3,131,477		
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages	225,401	196,371	421,772		
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits	75,441	69,283	144,724		
Purchased Professional & Technical Services	100,420	74,351	174,771		
Purchased Property Services	2,588	70,478	73,065		
Other Operating Expenses	658,730	192,872	851,602		
Supplies	545	75,875	76,420		
Depreciation	420,667	185,650	606,317		
Interest Expense	18,451	21,044	39,495		
Total Operating Expenses	1,502,242	885,924	2,388,166		
Operating Income	120,781	622,530	743,311		
NON-OPERATINGREVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Transfers In	45,781		45,781		
Total Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)	45,781	-	45,781		
Income Before Contributions & Transfers	166,562	622,530	789,092		
Capital Contributions	1,724,390	-	1,724,390		
Transfers Out	(548,000)	(444,000)	(992,000)		
Change in Net Position	1,342,952	178,530	1,521,482		
Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning)	14,350,943	(153,551)	14,197,392		
Prior Period Adjustment	259,391	247,057	506,448		
Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 15,953,286	\$ 272,036	\$ 16,225,322		

CITY OF ALTON, TX STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities					
		Water & Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Total Enterprise Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Received from Assessments - Other Funds Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Suppliers Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses Net Cash Provided by Operating	\$	1,492,897 (302,643) (100,586) (680,229) 409,439	\$ 	1,244,878 29,981 (261,517) (109,237) (362,734) 541,371	\$ 	2,737,775 29,981 (564,160) (209,823) (1,042,963) 950,810
Activities	_	107,137				750,010
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Operating Transfer Out	_	(548,000)	_	(444,000)		(992,000)
Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities: Acquisition of Capital Assets Capital Contributed by Other Funds Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital &	_	(1,791,740) 1,724,390	_	(7,350)		(1,799,090) 1,724,390
Related Financing Activities	_	(67,350)		(7,350)		(74,700)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Proceeds from Sale & Maturities of Securities Net Pension Liabilities Prior Period Adjustment		52,654 (257,316) 250,000		(184,350) (211,819) 247,057		(131,696) (469,135) 497,057
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities		45,338		(149,112)		(103,774)
Net Increase(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year:		(160,573) 208,402		(59,091) 255,594		(219,664) 463,996
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year:	\$	47,829	\$	196,503	\$	244,332
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities: Operating Income: Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	120,781	\$	622,530	\$	743,311
Depreciation Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current		420,667		185,650		606,317
Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (increase) in Receivables Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (decrease) in Payroll Deductions Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Increase (decrease) in Sales Tax Payable		(130,126) (83) 71 (1,872)		(233,595) (34,886) 3,907 230 (6,200)		(363,721) (34,969) 3,978 (1,641) (6,200)
Increase (decrease) in Due to General Fund Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u> </u>	409,439	<u> </u>	3,735 541,371	<u> </u>	3,735 950,810
Reconciliation of Total Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash & Cash Equivalents - Statement of Net Assets	<u> </u>	47,829	<u> </u>	196,503	<u> </u>	244,332

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ALTON, TX STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

-		Ag en cy Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,202
Accounts Receivable-Net of Uncollectible Allowance		2,719
Total Assets	\$	6,921
NETPOSITION		
Restricted for Employee Benefits	\$	6,921
Total Net Position		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ALTON

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CITY OF ALTON (the "City") was incorporated on April 1, 1978, under Article XI, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Texas. The City operates under a Home Rule (Mayor, City Commissioners) form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter. The services include public safety (police and fire), public works, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Other services include utilities (water & sewer services and solid waste collection).

The City prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other authoritative sources identified in *Statement on Auditing Standards No. 76* of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Commissioners (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the City is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity."

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of the above criteria, the following is a brief review of the City's component unit addressed in defining the City's reporting entity.

Blended Component Units – Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The City's blended component unit follows.

Included in the Reporting Entity

The City of Alton Development Corporation (4A Corporation) and the City of Alton Community Development Corporation (4B Corporation) were incorporated on July 9, 1996, under the Development Corporation Act of 1979, of the State of Texas. The Development Corporations (4A & 4B) operate as Component Units of the City of Alton, Texas (the "City"). The Corporations' purpose are to promote economic development and encourage employment and public welfare on behalf of the City by developing, implementing, providing and financing projects under the Act as defined in Sections 4A and 4B of the Act.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the CITY OF ALTON nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the City operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the City. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the City to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the City's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Assets and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and on the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and enterprise funds remain on the government-wide statements and appear on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as internal balances and on the Statement of Activities as interfund transfers. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for City operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The City considers some governmental and enterprise funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for un-matured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The City considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The City considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors some times require the City to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The City applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund statement of Net Assets. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. The General Fund The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. The Debt Service Fund The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of, general long term debt principal, interest, and related costs.
- 3. Capital Projects Funds The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund(s):

1. The Utility Funds – The utility fund is used to account for all financial resources derived from providing basic services such as water, sewer services and solid waste services.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

- 1. Special Revenue Funds The City accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the City or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- 2. Capital Projects Funds The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund.

Proprietary Funds:

4. Enterprise Funds – The City's activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund.

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the City considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
- 2. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

3. It is the City's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is a liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

4. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment [and infrastructure assets], are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives. The estimated lives rage from 5 to 7 years for equipment, 45 years for improvements, and 40 years for buildings.

- 5. Restricted Assets-Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.
- 6. Deferred revenues are those for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Monies collected in advance from federal or state agencies are recorded as revenue in the year for which the expenditures are incurred.
- 7. When the City incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
- 8. Encumbrances-The City of Alton, Texas, employs encumbrance accounting; under purchase order, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.
- 9. The City has adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year reporting. The intention of GASB 54 is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the City's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on the uses of those resources. GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable.

Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of these classifications are prepaid items and inventories.

In addition to the nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on hierarchy of spending constraints.

- Restricted: fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government form its highest level of decision making authority. The responsibility to commit funds rests with the City Commissioners. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the governing board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action.
- Assigned: fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose.
- Unassigned: fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose.

When the City incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it used the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net assets for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year were as follows:

Capital Assets at the Beginning of the year	Historic Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Value at the Beginning of the	Change in Net Assets
Land	\$3,467,659	0	<u>Year</u> \$ 3,467,659	
Buildings	5,773,212	(1,779,854)	3,993,358	
Furniture & Equipment	2,844,037	(2,039,893)	804,144	
Construction In Progress	, ,	(2,039,893)	,	
•	2,246,099	•	2,246,099	
Infrastructure	22,065,901	(13,508,933)	8,556,968	
Change in Net Assets				\$ 19,068,228
Long-term Liabilities			Payable at the	
at the Beginning of the year			Beginning of the	
			Year	
Bonds Payable			7,681,000	
Less Deferred Charges			, ,	
Loans Payable			11,862,288	
Change in Net Assets			11,002,200	(11,862,288)
Net Adjustment to Net Assets				<u>\$7,205,940</u>

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibit C-4 provides the reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net asset balance and the change in net assets. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

	Adjustments to	Adjustments to
<u>Amount</u>	Changes in Net	Net Assets

		<u>Assets</u>	
Current Year Capital Outlay			
Various Categories	\$3,417,846		
Total Capital Outlay	<u>\$3,417,846</u>	<u>\$3,417,846</u>	<u>\$3,417,846</u>
Debt Principal Payments			
Bond Principal	614,000		
Loan Principal	9,973,341		
Total Principal	\$10,587,341	10,587,341	10,587,341
Payments			
Total Adjustment to Net Assets		<u>\$14,005,187</u>	<u>\$14,005,187</u>

Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-4 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>	Adjustments to Change in Net Assets	Adjustments to Net Assets
Adjustments to Revenue and Deferred Revenue			
Taxes Collected from Prior Year Levies	\$142,612	\$ (142,612)	-
Uncollected taxes(assumed collectible) from Current Year	68,993	68,993	68,993
Levy			
Uncollected taxes(assumed collectible) from Prior Year	310,222		310,222
Levy			
Reclassify Proceeds of Bonds, Loans & Capital Leases			
Pension expense and Pension Inflow and Outflow	77,758	238,288	(316,046)
Sale of Property	170,195	(132,017)	(170,195)
Prior Period Adjustments		(11,222)	(10,165)
Bond Proceeds	240,000	(240,000)	(240,000)
Reclassify Grant Proceeds	642,421	(642,421)	(642,421)
Capital Lease Proceeds	526,467	(526,467)	(526,467)
Other		2,127	2,127
Total		<u>\$ (1,385,325)</u>	<u>\$(1,283,952)</u>

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Commissioners adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement#34, a City is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for the General Fund. The City compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit C-5.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to October 1, the City prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.

- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be formally amended by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, and are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the City has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were deemed significant.
- 4. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

General Fund expenditures exceeded appropriations by the amount(s) noted below;

Functional Category	<u>Amount</u>
General Government	63,987
Public Works	4,803
Health and Welfare	3,641
Conservation and Development	697
Public Safety	<u>\$551,486</u>
Total Excess of Expenditures	<u>\$624,614</u>

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The funds of the City must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC') insurance.

At September 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) bank balance was \$1,580,989. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2016 and during the year ended September 30, 2016 were entirely covered by FDIC Insurance and securities collateral.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the City to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the City to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The City is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

<u>Credit Risk</u> To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the City limits investments to Certificates of Deposits, Public Funds Investment Pools and Guaranteed Investment Contracts, collateralized by U.S. Government Securities. As of September 30, 2014, the city's investments were secured by FDIC Insurance and securities collateral.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments</u> State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the city complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments maturity scheduling, and financial institutions.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the City requires that the investments shall be monitored by using specific identification.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk for Investments</u> The District limits the risk that changes in exchanges rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31st of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND BALANCES

General Fund Due to:	
Enterprise Fund	150,000
Debt Service	941
Capital Projects	70,057
	221,786
Special Revenue Fund Due to:	
General Fund	7,289
	7.289

Enterprise Fund Due to:	
General Fund	10,545
	10,545
Total Due To:	238,832
General Fund Due From:	
Special Revenue Fund	7,289
Enterprise Fund	10,545
	7,289
Debt Service Fund Due From:	
General Fund	0/1
General Fund	<u>941</u> 941
	771
Enterprise Fund Due From:	
General Fund	150,000
	150,000
Capital Projects Fund Due From:	
General Fund	70,056
	70,056
Total Due From:	238,832
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E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2016, were as follows:

		Property Taxes	_	ranchise Taxes	Go	Other vernments	_	ue From her Funds		<u>Other</u>	Total Receivables
General Fund	\$	343,727	\$	79,860	\$	_	\$	17,834	\$	11,336	\$ 452,757
Special Revenue Funds	3	-		24,737		-		-		170,863	195,600
Debt Service Fund		123,348		-		-		941		-	124,289
Capital Projects Fund		-		-		-		70,057		-	70,057
Enterprise Fund					_	17,329		150,000		459,709	627,038
Total Receivables	\$	467,075	\$	104,597	\$	17,329	\$	238,832	\$	472,869	\$ 1,469,741
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible	\$	(94,638)	<u>\$</u>			-	\$		_	(30,315)	\$ (124,952)
Net Total Receivable	<u>\$</u>	372,438	<u>\$</u>	104,597	<u>\$</u>	17,329	\$	238,832	<u>\$</u>	442,554	<u>\$1,344,789</u>

Payables at September 30, 2016, were as follows:

	i	Accounts Payable		oans, Leases and Bonds Payable - urrent Year	Ī	Salaries and Benefits	<u>Due To</u> <u>Other</u> <u>Funds</u>		Due to Other vernments		<u>Other</u>	<u>F</u>	Total Payables
General Fund	\$	28,921	\$	-	\$	79,692	\$220 998	\$	-	\$	18,294	\$	347,905
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		4,377	7,289		21,697		,		33,363
Debt Service		-		989,303		-	-		-		-		989,303
Enterprise Fund		63,268	_	362,253		29,579	<u>10,545</u>			_	1,349		466,993
Total Payable	<u>\$</u>	92,189	<u>\$</u>	1,351,555	<u>\$</u>	113,647	<u>\$ 238,832</u>	<u>\$</u>	21,697	\$	19,643	<u>\$_</u>	1 <u>,837,564</u>

G. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended September 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Primary Government							
_	Beginning				Ending			
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Balance</u>			
Governmental Activities:								
Governmental Activities.								
Land	\$ 3,467,659	\$ 231,000	\$ (79,462)	\$ 339,345	\$ 3,958,542			
Buildings & Improvements	5,773,212	1,757,705	(101,405)	-	7,429,513			
Furniture and Equipment	2,844,037	649,805	(328,373)	-	3,165,469			
Construction In Progress	2,246,099	368,700	(2,240,549)	-	374,250			
Infrastructure	22,065,901	410,636	(4,500)		22,472,037			
Totals at Historic Cost	\$ 36,396,908	\$ 3,417,846	(2,754,288)	<u>\$ 339,345</u>	\$ 37,399,811			
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(17,328,680)		414,710	339,345	(17,922,316)			
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,	<u>\$19,068,227</u>	<u>\$ 2,430,175</u>	<u>\$(2,339,578)</u>	<u>\$ 339,345</u>	<u>\$ 19,477,494</u>			
Net								
Business-type Activities:								
Land	\$ 25,110	-	-	-	\$ 25,110			
Construction in Progress	9,035,638	-	(9,035,638)	-	-			
Furniture and Equipment	951,816	2,350	(5,000)	-	949,166			
Infrastructure	6,129,486	10,620,378	-	-	16,749,864			
Buildings and Improvements	1,690,263	204,000			1,894,263			
Totals at Historic Cost	<u>\$ 17,832.313</u>	<u>\$10,826,728</u>	\$ (9,040,638)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 19,618.403</u>			
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,565,172)	(601,318)			(3,166,490)			
Business-type Activities Capital Assets,	<u>\$ 15,267,141</u>	<u>\$ 10,225,410</u>	<u>\$ (9,040,638)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 16,451,913</u>			
Net								
	_							
Depreciation expense was charged	to governmental	functions as						
follows:			#240.020					
General Government			\$249,938					
Public Safety			488,761					
Public Works			121,309					
Health & Welfare			22,929					
Culture and Recreation	asiatanaa		15,396					
Economic Development & A	ssistance		<u>89,338</u>					
Total Depreciation Expense			<u>\$ 987,671</u>					

H. BONDS AND LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

At September 30, 2016, long-term debt consisted of the following:

Governmental General Long Term Debt:

\$2,568,000 Series 2007 Certificate of Obligation with annual interest rate of 4.39% to 4.47%; Original date of issuance on January 18, 2008 and maturity date on September 15, 2026.

1,610,000

\$ 2,485,000 Series 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. Original Issue Date is October 14, 2011 Maturity date is September 15, 2023. Annual interest rate of 2.31%.

1,495,000

\$ 950,000 Series 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. Original Issue Date is April 21, 2015 Maturity date is February 15, 2027. Annual interest rate of 3.5%.	895,000
\$1,250,000 Series 2012 Tax Increment Revenue and Limited Tax Certificates of Obligation(TIRZ). Original Issue Date is August 21, 2012 Maturity date is August 15, 2022. Annual interest rate of 3.7%.	840,000
Note Payable to The Bank of New York, dated July 22, 2013 in the original amount of \$500,000; Maturity dated August 1, 2028 with an interest rate of 3.25%	414,803
Note Payable to The Bank of New York, dated July 22, 2013 in the original amount of \$500,000; Maturity dated August 1, 2028 with an interest rate of 3.25%	414,803
CO Series 2014A to Compass Bank, dated August 1, 2014 in the original amount of \$1,955,000 for TIRZ Projects; Maturity date February 25, 2029 with an interest rate of 3.6%.	1,755,000
Note Payable to Motorola, dated October 24, 2014 in the original amount of \$140,554 for Radios; Maturity Date November 1, 2017 with an interest rate of 3.19%.	92,873
Note Payable to KS State Bank, dated September 10, 2015 in the amount of \$526,467 for two vehicles; Maturity date of October 1, 2022 with an interest rate of 2.950%.	526,467
Note Payable to Schertz Bank and Trust, dated November 18, 2014 in the amount of \$72,553 for two vehicles; Maturity date March 1, 2017 with an interest rate of 4.153%.	24,280
Note Payable to Urban County, dated in the amount of \$1,150,000; Maturity Date July 21, 2021 with an interest rate of 2%	950,000
CO Series 2016 to USDA, dated May 4, 2016 in the original amount of \$240,000 for the Construction of the Sewer System; Maturity date May 1, 2056 with an interest rate of 1.750%.	240,000
CO Series 2013 to USDA, dated March 4, 2014 in the original amount of \$500,000 for the Construction of the Firehouse Station; Maturity date June 15, 2043 with an interest rate of 3.125%.	472,000
Total General Long Term Debt	<u>\$9,490,226</u>
Enterprise Funds General Long Term Debt:	
Note Payable to Government Capital Corp, dated February 28, 2012 in the original amount of \$834,296.85 for the purchase of Solid Waste Equipment; Maturity date February 15, 2017 with an interest rate of 3.447%	166,132
Note Payable to Lone Star National Bank, dated September 22, 2014 in the original amount of \$152,603 For the purchase of a; Maturity date of September 22, 2019 with an interest rate of 6.000%.	120,361

Note Payable to Schertz Bank and Trust, dated May 19, 2015 in the original amount of \$300,377; For the purchase of a Brush Truck; Maturity date of February 15, 2022 with an interest rate of 3.748%.

300,364

Note Payable to Schertz Bank and Trust, dated January 27, 2015 in the original amount of \$33,934 For the purchase of a Brush Truck; Maturity date of March 1, 2018 with an interest rate of 5.524%.

23,165

CO Series 2014B to Compass Bank, dated August 1, 2014 in the original amount of \$315,000 for SW Capacity Buy as well as SW improvement & equipment; Maturity date February 25, 2029 with an interest rate of 3.6%

285,000

Total Enterprise Fund Long Term Debt

\$ 895,022

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at September 30, 2016.

The city issued \$2,485,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds – Series 2011 to provide resources to cover the costs of issuance to purchase qualifying securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the refunded debt, Series 1999 and Series 2008. The aggregate difference between the refunding debt and refunded debt is \$418,274. The economic gain on this transaction is a net present value of \$368,201. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements.

I. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS – BONDS/NOTES PAYABLE

Debt service requirements for bonds/notes payable are as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			ENTERPRISE FUNDS				
Year Ending			Year Ending				
September 30	Principal	Interest	September 30	Principal	Interest		
2017	989,303	282,133	2017	362,253	29,472		
2018	1,123,730	256,529	2018	79,160	19,714		
2019	1,115,383	230,770	2019	69,053	16,598		
2020	1,142,448	205,684	2020	70,892	14,039		
2021	903,547	170,637	2021	72,799	11,412		
2022-2026	3,177,822	477,085	2022-2026	165,866	27,973		
2026-2031	836,993	84,926	2027-2031	75,000	5,400		
2032-2036	147,000	36,656					
2037-2041	170,000	20,156					
2042-2043	124,000	2,594					
Total	9,730,226	1,767,170	Total	895,023	124,609		

J. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds and Notes Payable: General Obligation Bonds Loans Payable Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 7,681,000 11,862,288 \$19,543,288	\$ 240,000 526,467 \$ 526,467	\$ (614,000) (9,973,341) \$(10,587,341)	\$ - - 7,812 \$ 9,592	\$7,307,000 <u>2,423,226</u> <u>\$ 9,730,226</u>	344,303
Enterprise Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Notes Payable: Combination Tax & Rev. Bonds Loans Payable Total Bonds and Notes Payable	300,000 807,203 \$ 1,107,203	\$ - <u>\$</u>	(15,000) (197,181) \$(212,181)	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	285,000 610,022 \$ 895,022	238,083
Total Enterprises Activities Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$ 1,107,203</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (212,181)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 895,022</u>	\$ 258,083

K. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Governmental funds report deferred inflows in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

As of August 31,2016 the various components of deferred outflows and inflows of resources are as follows:

At the fund level financial statements, the City has the following Deferred Inflows of Resources:

	<u>Gen</u>	eral Fund	Debt S	Service Fund	Total		
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan	\$	68,432	\$	15,022	\$	83,454	

L. TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE

The City of Alton, on December 29, 2009 through Ordinance 2009-09 created "Reinvestment Zone Number One, City of Alton, Texas. Section 7. The Ordinance reads as follows:

This hereby created and established in the depository bank of the City, a fund to call the "REINVESTMENT ZONE NUMBER ONE, CITY OF ALTON, TEXAS, TEXAS TAX INCREMENT FUND" (HEREIN CALLED THE "Tax Increment Fund"). Money in the Tax Increment Fund, from whatever source, may be disbursed from the Tax Increment Fund, invested and paid as permitted by the Act or by any agreements entered into pursuant to the Act, or as otherwise authorized by law.

As of the end of fiscal year 2016, the County of Hidalgo transferred \$167,423, for fiscal years 2016, while the City transferred \$94,132, to meet the requirements of the TIRZ agreement for the fiscal year.

M. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City of Alton participates as one of 860 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Employees covered by benefit terms.

At the December 31, 2015 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

lnactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	9
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	63
Active employees	74
Total Employees	146

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Alton were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Alton were 8.7% and 9.19% in calendar years 2015 and

2016, respectively. The city's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2016, were \$246,558, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The city's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 28 years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed market; 15% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth 3.5% to 10.50% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table is used, with slight adjustments.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2009, first used in the December 31, 2010 valuation. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2014 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.0%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and

best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASSET CLASS RETURN	TARGET ALLOCATION	LONG TERM EXPECTED RATE O	F
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.80%	
International Equity	17.5%	6.05%	
Core Fixed Income	30.0%	1.50%	
Non-Core Fixed Income	10.0%	3.50%	
Real Return	5.0%	1.75%	
Real Estate	10.0%	5.25%	
Absolute Return	5.0%	4.25%	
Private Equity	5.0%	8.50%	
Total	100.0%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balance at 12/31/2014	3,585,672	2,814,862	334,742
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	489,728	_	489,728
Interest	260,999	-	260,999
Change of benefit terms	_	-	<u> </u>
Difference between expected and	7,936	-	7,936
actual experience			
Changes of assumptions	72,960	-	72,960
Contributions - employer	-	229,877	(229,877)
Contributions - employee	-	187.328	(187,328)
Net investment income	_	4,498	(4,498)
Benefit payments, including	(203,961)	(203,961)	-
refunds of employee			
contributions			
Administrative expense	-	(2,922)	2,922
Other changes	-	(144)	144
Net changes	627,662	214,976	412,686
Balance at 12/31/2015	4,213,334	3,465,906	747,428

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate 6%	Discount Rate 7%	Discount Rate 8%	
City's net pension liability	\$1,557,388	\$747,428	\$112,951	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the city recognized pension expense of \$374,009.

At September 30, 2016, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflo	ws of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	6,128	\$ 83,454
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	56,340	\$ -
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	199,772	\$ 83,454
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date December 31, 2013	\$	183,220	
_ Total	\$	445,460	\$ 83,454

\$183,220 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31

2016	\$ 35,109
2017	\$ 35,109
2018	\$ 56,829
2019	\$ 51,739
2020	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ -

O. LITIGATION

The City is the defendant in several legal proceedings arising from its operations. The City's administration believes the outcome of these proceedings, if not favorable to the City, will not materially affect the City's financial position and therefore no allowances have been made.

P. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City considered all subsequent events through May 19, 2017, the financial statement issuance date.

Q. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The City recognized prior period adjustments in the Government Wide Financial Statements totaling (\$2,147,552) and \$3,910 recognized on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. The following adjustments were made to beginning fund balances were necessary to reflect the actual balances at beginning of the year:

Deferred Revenue on Tower Lease	\$125,282
Sale of Land	(323,644)
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	10,165
Net Pension Liability and Expense	(1,959,354)
Total Prior Period Adjustment – Government Wide	(\$2,147,552)

CITY OF ALTON EXHIBIT G-6

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Plan Year Ended I	December 31,
	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability		-
Service cost	489,728	376,918
Interest (on the total pension liability)	260,999	234,794
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	7,936	(153,570)
Change of assumputions	72,960	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(203,961)	(76,411)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	627,662	381,731
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	3,585,672	3,203,941
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	4,213,334	3,585,672
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - employer	229,877	194,604
Contributions - employee	187,328	158,584
Net investment income	4,798	161,110
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(203,961)	(76,411)
Administrative expense	(2,922)	(1,681)
Other	(144)	(138)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	214,976	436,068
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	3,250,930	2,814,862
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	3,465,906	3,250,930
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	747,428	334,742
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	82.26%	90.66%
Covered Employee Payroll	2,676,107	2,265,479
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	27.93%	14.78%

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EXHIBIT G-7

CITY OF ALTON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	F	iscal Year Ende	ed Sep	tember 30,
		2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	246,558	\$	220,497
Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contribution		(246,558)		(220,497)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,721,719	\$	2,534,440
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		9.06%		8.70%

CITY OF ALTON, TX COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Development Corporation 4A		Devlopment Corporation 4B		Facilities & Infrastructur Fund		Urban County Grant Fund	
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 69,160	\$	54,042	\$	32,218	\$	_	
Taxes Receivable	-		_		-		-	
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)	-		_		_		-	
Receivables (Net)	11,656		11,656		1,824		-	
Due from Other Funds	-		-		-		-	
Total Assets	\$ 80,816	\$	65,698	\$	34,042	\$	-	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Wages and Salaries Payable	2,462		1,915		_		-	
Due to Other Funds	-		-		-		-	
Due to Others	-		-		21,697		-	
Total Liabilities	2,462		1,915		21,697		-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-		-		-		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 -		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCES								
Capital Acquisiion and Contractural Obligation	-		-		-		-	
Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-		-		-		-	
Other Assigned Fund Balance	 78,354		63,783		12,345			
Total Fund Balances	78,354		63,783		12,345		-	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 80,816	\$	65,698	\$	34,042	\$	-	

Total Nonmajor Special evenue Fund		Alton Chamber of Commerce	olunteer refighter Fund	Fi	Leverage Fund Relief	PEG Fund		TIRZ Fund		Alton Youth Club Activity		Seizure & Forfeitures Fund	
5 260,19	\$	\$ 766	2,924	\$	41,921	\$ 23,239	\$	29,922	\$	\$ 55	5	\$ 5,945	\$
1,42		-	-		-	1,425		-		-	-	-	
437,00		-	-		411,872	-		-		-	-	-	
698,62	\$	\$ 766	2,924	\$	453,793	\$ 24,664	\$	29,922	\$	\$ 55	- 5 =	\$ 5,945	\$
	\$	\$ -	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$
4,3° 7,28		3,513	-		-	-		-		3,776	-	-	
21,69	_	3,513				 	_		_	3,776	- -	-	
33,30		3,313				 				3,770	-		
	_					 	_		_		- - -		_
		_	_		_	_				_	-		
		-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-	
665,26	_	(2,747)	2,924		453,793	 24,664		29,922	_	(3,721)	5	5,945	_
665,20	_	(2,747)	2,924		453,793	 24,664		29,922	_	(3,721)	5	5,945	_
698,62	\$	\$ 766	2,924	\$	453,793	\$ 24,664	\$	29,922	\$	\$ 55	5	\$ 5,945	\$

CITY OF ALTON, TX COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Debt Service Fund		TIRZ Debt Service		Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Capital Projects TIRZ Fund	
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	79,078	\$	1,870	\$	80,948	\$	7,024	
Taxes Receivable		123,348		-		123,348		-	
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		(26,130)		-		(26,130)		-	
Receivables (Net)		-		-		-		-	
Due from Other Funds		941		-		941		-	
Total Assets	\$	177,237	\$	1,870	\$	179,107	\$	7,024	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	(1)	\$	-	\$	(1)	\$	-	
Wages and Salaries Payable		-		-		-		-	
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-	
Due to Others		-		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities		(1)		-		(1)		-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		97,219		-		97,219		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	97,219	_			97,219			
FUND BALANCES									
Capital Acquisiion and Contractural Obligation		-		-		-		7,024	
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		80,019		1,870		81,889		-	
Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		80,019		1,870	_	81,889		7,024	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	177,237	\$	1,870	\$	179,107	\$	7,024	

			Total
Capital		N	onmajor
Projects			ernmental
USDA Fun	ıd		Funds
\$	-	\$	348,164
	-		124,773
	-		(26,130)
	-		437,008
	_		941
\$	_	\$	884,756
\$	-	\$	(1)
	-		4,377
	-		7,289
			21,697
			33,362
	_		97,219
	_		97,219
			7,024
	-		•
	-		81,889
	_		665,262
	_		754,175
\$	_	\$	884,756

CITY OF ALTON, TX COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	•		Infra	Facilities & Infrastructur Fund		oan County Grant Fund	
REVENUES:							
Taxes: Property Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
General Sales and Use Taxes	203,208		203,208		-		-
Penalty and Interest on Taxes	-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	-		-		01.075		367,357
Charges for Services Forfeits	-		-		91,075		-
Special Assessments	-		-		127,733		-
Investment Earnings	197		197		187		_
Rents and Royalties	-		-		-		_
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	_		-		_		_
Other Revenue	-		-		-		-
Total Revenues	203,405		203,405		218,995		367,357
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public Safety	-		-		-		-
Culture and Recreation	-		-		-		-
Conservation and Development	184,413		195,284		-		-
Debt Service:							
Bond Principal	-		-		-		-
Other Debt Principal	27,910		27,910		-		200,000
Bond Interest	-		-		-		10,607
Other Debt Interest	14,761		14,761		-		-
Fiscal Agent's Fees	-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay:							
Capital Outlay	 				269,493	_	156,750
Total Expenditures	 227,084		237,955		269,493		367,357
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (23,679)		(34,550)		(50,498)	_	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Sale of Real and Personal Property	-		-		-		-
Transfers In	-		-		-		-
Transfers Out (Use)	-		-		(112,545)		-
Other (Uses)	 					_	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 				(112,545)	_	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(23,679)		(34,550)		(163,043)		-
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	 102,033		98,333		175,388	_	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 78,354	\$	63,783	\$	12,345	\$	

Seizure & Forfeitures Fund		Alton Youth Club Activity		TIRZ Fund		PEG Fund		Leverage Fund Relief	Volunteer Fire fighter Fund		Alton Chamber of Commerce		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	. \$	-	\$	_	\$	- 5	-	
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-	406,416	
	-		-	261,5	- 54	-		-		-		-	628,911	
	-		2,503	201,0	_	-		_		_		_	93,578	
1	19,913		-,		-	-		-		-		-	19,913	
	-		-		-	-		-		-		-	127,733	
	45		2		49	39	1	112		7		2	837	
	-		900		-	-	-	-		-		-	900	
	-		-		-	-		-		3,750	13,60		17,350	
			5,250		_	5,650		12,518			4,40		27,818	
	19,958		8,655	261,6	<u>)3</u>	5,689	· <u></u>	12,630		3,757	18,00	2 -	1,323,456	
2	23,259		_		-	<u>-</u>		_		_		-	23,259	
	-		9,952		-	_		-		3,511	20,29	5	33,758	
	-		-		-	-		-		-	,	-	379,697	
	-		-		-	-	·	-		-		-	255,820	
	-		-		-	-		_		_		-	10,607	
	_		_		_	_		_		_		_	29,522	
	-		-		-	-	•	-		-		-		
					_			169,555					595,798	
2	23,259		9,952		_	····	<u> </u>	169,555		3,511	20,29	5	1,328,461	
(3,301)		(1,297)	261,6	03	5,689		(156,925)		246	(2,293	<u>)</u> _	(5,005)	
	-		-		_	-		88,378		_		-	88,378	
*	-		-		-	-		-		-		-	-	
(2:	5,288)		-	(321,07	2)	-		- (7,168)		-		- -	(458,905) (7,168)	
(2:	5,288)		-	(321,07	2)	-		81,210				 	(377,695)	
(28	8,589)		(1,297)	(59,46	9)	5,689	ı	(75,715)		246	(2,293	6)	(382,700)	
3	34,534		(2,424)	89,39	1	18,975		529,508		2,678	(454	<u>)</u> -	1,047,962	
\$	5,945	\$	(3,721)	\$ 29,92	22	\$ 24,664	\$	453,793	\$	2,924	\$ (2,747)	') \$	665,262	

CITY OF ALTON, TX COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Debt Service Fund		TIRZ Debt Service	De	Total onmajor bt Service Funds	Pı	apital ojects Z Fund
REVENUES:							•
Taxes:							
Property Taxes	\$	370,492	\$ -	\$	370,492	\$	-
General Sales and Use Taxes		<u>-</u>	-		<u>-</u>		-
Penalty and Interest on Taxes		24,526	-		24,526		-
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		-	-		-		-
Charges for Services		-	-		-		-
Forfeits		-	-		•		-
Special Assessments		422	-		420		20
Investment Earnings		433	5		438		36
Rents and Royalties		•	-		-		-
Contributions & Donations from Private Sources		-	_		-		-
Other Revenue					-		
Total Revenues		395,451	5		395,456		36
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public Safety		-	-		-		-
Culture and Recreation		-	-		-		-
Conservation and Development		-	-		-		-
Debt Service:							
Bond Principal		371,675	-		371,675		-
Other Debt Principal		65,000	220,000		285,000		-
Bond Interest		118,552	-		118,552		-
Other Debt Interest		62,097	100,405		162,502		-
Fiscal Agent's Fees		850	-		850		-
Capital Outlay:							
Capital Outlay							810,495
Total Expenditures		618,174	320,405		938,579		810,495
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(222,723)	(320,400)		(543,123)		(810,459)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Sale of Real and Personal Property		_	<u>-</u>		_		-
Transfers In		289,545	321,072		610,617		795,174
Transfers Out (Use)					,		-
Other (Uses)		~	-		_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		289,545	321,072		610,617		795,174
		66 922			67.404		(15.295)
Net Change in Fund Balance		66,822	672		67,494		(15,285)
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		13,197	1,198		14,395		22,309
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	80,019	\$ 1,870	\$	81,889	\$	7,024
				==			

	Total
Capital	Nonmajor
Projects	Governmental
USDA Fund	Funds
OSDA Tunu	Tulius
\$ -	\$ 370,492
-	406,416
-	24,526
-	628,911
-	93,578
-	19,913
- 17	127,733
- 17	1,328 900
_	17,350
-	27,818
17	1,718,965
-	23,259
-	33,758
-	379,697
-	371,675
-	540,820
-	129,159
_	192,024 850
·	
184,171	1,590,464
184,171	3,261,706
(184,154)	(1,542,741)
_	88,378
42,000	1,447,791
(200)	(459,105)
	(7,168)
41,800	1,069,896
(142,354)	(472,845)
142,354	1,227,020
\$ -	\$ 754,175

Noel Garza, CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant

4418 S. McColl Rd. Edinburg, TX 78539 956-393-8743

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and the City Council of the City of Alton, Tx Alton, Tx

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alton, Tx, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Alton, Tx's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 19, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Alton, Tx's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alton, Tx's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alton, Tx's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Alton, Tx's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016-01.

City of Alton, Tx's Response to Findings

City of Alton, Tx's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Alton, Tx's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Noel Garza, CPA PC

Edinburg, Tx May 19, 2017

Noel Garza, CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant

4418 S. McColl Rd. Edinburg, TX 78539 956-393-8743

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and the City Council of the City of Alton, Tx Alton, Tx

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Alton, Tx's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Alton, Tx's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016. City of Alton, Tx's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Alton, Tx's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Alton, Tx's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Alton, Tx's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Alton, Tx complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Alton, Tx, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Alton, Tx's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the

auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Alton, Tx's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Noel Garza, CPA PC

Edinburg, Tx May 19, 2017

CITY OF ALTON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

A. The type of report issued: Unmodified	d oninion	d opinion.
--	-----------	------------

B. Internal control over financial statements:

Material Weakness(es) indentified?

Significant Deficiency(ies) identified which

were not considered material weaknesses? Yes

C. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

D. Federal Awards: Type of Report on Compliance with major programs.

Unmodified opinion

E. Internal control over Major Programs:

Material Weakness(es) identified?

Significant Deficiency(ies) identified which

were not considered material weaknesses?

F. Findings & Questioned Costs for Federal Awards in No

in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

F. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

And Type B Federal programs. \$750,000

G. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? Yes

H. Major Federal Program(s) American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

C.F.D.A # 10.780

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required To Be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

2016-01 Expenditures over Appropriations

<u>Criteria:</u> Texas Local Government Code, Title 4, Subtitle A., Chapter 102 Municipal Budget establishes the law governing the annual General Fund budget requirements for the City.

<u>Condition:</u> The City's General Fund had excess expenditures over appropriations totaling \$622,946, for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Cause: The City did not properly amend the budget to allow for the expenditures.

Effect: The City was not in compliance with the Texas Local Government Code.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The City should review their budget throughout the year and propose amendments to ensure compliance with State Law.

<u>Auditee's Response:</u> The City will review and update internal procedures to ensure full compliance with all applicable Local Government Code requirements. Contact: Mrs. Rosie Tello, Finance Director, (956)432-0760.

III. Findings Related to Federal Awards.

None

CITY OF ALTON SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

2015-01 Expenditures over Appropriations

Status: See Current Finding

CITY OF ALTON, TX SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
FEDERALGRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGHGRANTOR/ PROGRAMorCLUSTER TITLE	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	_	ederal enditures	
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Passed through Texas Water Development Fund					
Clean Water state Revolving Fund	66.458		\$	642,421	
Total Passed through Texas Water Development Fund	d			642,421	
TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY				642,421	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Direct Programs					
A.R.R.A Grant	10.781			509,652	
Total Direct Programs				509,652	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				509,652	
Passed Through Hidalgo County Urban Development De					
Community Development Block Grant	14.218			366,942	
Total Passed Through Hidalgo County Urban Develop		366,942			
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & URBAN DEVELOPMI	ENT			366,942	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	1,519,015	

CITY OF ALTON, TX NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

- The City uses the fund types specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund because it is restricted for specific purposes.
- The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus called the modified accrual basis of accounting. Nearly all Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund which is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Usually Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. When Federal grant funds are received before related expenditures are made, they are recorded as deferred revenues.

The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extends 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, Uniform Guidance.

CITY OF ALTON, TX ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Exhibit		Page
Independent Auditors' Report		2
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4
Basic Financial Statements		
Government Wide Statements:		
A-1 Statement of Net Position		10
B-1 Statement of Activities		11
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:		
C-1 Balance Sheet		13
C-2 Reconciliation for C-1		15
C-3 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change	es in Fund Balance	16
C-4 Reconciliation for C-3		18
C-5 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund		19
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:		•
D-1 Statement of Net Position	T 137 (D 1)	20
D-2 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	i Fund Net Position	22
D-3 Statement of Cash Flows		23
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:		24
E-1 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position		24
Notes to the Financial Statements		25
Required Supplementary Information		
G-6 Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and	Related Ratios for TMRS	44
G-7 Schedule of Contributions TMRS Pension Plan		45
Combining and Individual Fund Statements		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
H-1 Combining Balance Sheet		46
H-2 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	and Changes in Fund Balances	50
Federal Section		
Report on Compliance and Internal Control Over Fin	nancial Reporting Based	
on an audit of Financial Statements Performed in	Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards		54
Schedule of Findings and Responses		56
Schedule of Status of Prior Findings		58
K-1 Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards		59
Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards		60
Corrective Action Plan		61



Noel Garza, CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council of the City of Alton, Tx Alton, Tx

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alton, Tx, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Alton, Tx's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Alton, Tx, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information on pages 4-9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Alton, Tx's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 5, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Alton, Tx's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Alton, Tx's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Noel Garza, CPA PC

Edinburg, Tx April 5, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis CITY OF ALTON

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of CITY OF ALTON, discuss and analyze the City's financial performance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditors' Report on page 2, and the City's Basic Financial Statements, which begin on page 10.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position: decreased by \$205,951, as a result of this year's operations. While net position of our business-type activities: decreased by \$536,485 net position of our governmental activities: increased, by \$330,531. However, net position of governmental activities had a prior period adjustment that increased net position by \$51,757, resulting in a total decrease in net position of \$154,194.
- During the year, the City had expenditures that were \$2.883 million more than the \$5.246 million generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs (before special items).
- In the City's business-type activities, revenues increased from \$3.1 to \$3.31 million (or 10 percent) while expenses also increased from \$2.39 to \$2.91 million (or 18 percent).
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$906,698.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$89 thousand more than budgeted expenses for the General Fund.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities on pages 10 and 11. These provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements starting on page 13 report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the City were sold to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements (if applicable), provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the City.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 25) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for non-major funds contain even more information about the City's individual funds.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 10. Its primary purpose is to show whether the City is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net position includes all the City's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the City's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The City's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such grants provided by the Outside Sources (general revenues). All the City's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the City, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's facilities.

In the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities—Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including public safety, public works, culture and recreation, economic development and assistance, and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The City charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of providing services such as water, sewer, and solid waste services.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 13 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Laws and/or contracts require the City to establish some funds, such as grants received under the Environmental Protection Agency program. The City's administration establishes several other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The City's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds—Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds—The City reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the City) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased from \$ 11.08 million to \$11.47 million. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was \$682,422 at September 30, 2017.

In 2017, net position of our business-type activities decreased by \$536,485.

Table I City of ALTON

NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Total
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Current and other assets	4,665,196	2,095,067	1,211,550	830,510	5,866,746	2,925,577
Capital assets	20,228,495	19,477,494	15,988,388	16,451,913	36,216,883	35,929,207
Total assets	24,883,691	21,572,561	17,199,938	17,282,423	42,083,629	38,854,984
Deferred Outflow, Pension Plan	513,285	365,277	68,769	80,183	582,054	445,460
Long-term liabilities	13,392,791	8,617,778	1,311,366	635,447	14,704,157	2,500,133
Other liabilities	533,350	1,998,296	268,500	501,837	801,850	9,253,225
Total liabilities	13,926,141	10,616,074	1,579,866	1,137,284	15,506,007	11,753,358
Net position:						
Invested in capital assets net of	7,661,689	9,985,777	14,692,023	15,558,384	22,353,712	25,544,161
related debt						
Restricted	3,126,724	844,041	0	0	3,126,724	844,041
Unrestricted	682,422	491,947	996,818	666,938	1,679,240	1,158,885
Total net position	11,470,835	11,081,764	15,688,841	16,225,322	27,159,676	27,547,086

Table II City of ALTON

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental	Governmental	Business-type	Business-type	Total	Total
	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	816,638	366,988	3,308,777	3,100,730	4,125,415	3,467,718
Operating grants and contributions	501,407	10,595,267	0	0	501,407	10,595,267
General Revenues:						
Maintenance and operations taxes	1,030,457	992,620	0	0	1,030,457	992,620
Debt service taxes	467,897	371,285	0	0	467,897	371,285
Sales Taxes	836,652	812,833	0	0	836,652	812,833
Franchise Taxes	287,120	267,315	0	0	287,120	267,315
Investment Earnings	26,232	3,033	0	0	26,232	3,033
Miscellaneous	1,563,028	1,504,774	0	30,747	1,563,028	1,775,521
Total Revenue	5,529,431	15,154,115	3,308,777	3,131,477	8,838,208	18,285,592
Expenses:						
General Government	1,403,453	1,339,259	0	0	1,403,453	1,339,259
Public Safety	2,789,589	2,352,384	0	0	2,789,589	2,352,384
Public Works	601,284	600,981	0	0	601,284	600,981
Health and Welfare	151,850	130,181	0	0	151,850	130,181
Culture & Recreation	250,188	225,087	0	0	250,188	225,087
Economic Development & Asst.	595,111	669,026	0	0	595,111	669,026
Debt Service	337,327	321,183	0	0	337,327	321,183
Fiscal Agent's Fees	2,400	850	0	0	2,400	850
Utility Fund Services	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solid Waste Fund Services	0	0	2,912,958	2,388,166	2,912,958	2,388,166
Utility I&S Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenses	6,131,201	5,638,951	2,912,958	2,388,166	9,044,159	8,027,117
Increase in net position before transfers						
and special items	(601,770)	9,275,164	395,819	743,311	(205,951)	10,258,475
Transfers	932,301	(535,876)	(932,301)	(946,219)	(200,001)	(1,482,095)
Special Items – Resources	732,301	(555,676)	(252,501)	1,724,390	0	1,724,390
Special Items-Prior Period Adjustments	51,757	2,147,552	-	506,448	51,757	2,654,000
Net position at 10/1/16	11,088,547	194,924	16,225,332	14,197,392	2,731,879	14,392,316
Net position at 9/30/17	11,470,835	11,081,764	15,688,847	16,225,332	27,159,682	27,307,086

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$6.131 million. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on pages 11 and 12, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through City taxes was only \$1.498 million because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions; \$.5 million.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on pages 13 reported a combined fund balance of \$4.03 million, which is more than last year's total of \$1.5. million. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$237 thousand in the City's General Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Board revised the City's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into one category. They involved amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated, to programs with resource needs.

The City's General Fund balance of \$906,698 thousand reported on page 13 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$811,233 thousand reported in the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule on page 19. This is principally due revenues and expenditures exceeding the budget in various functional categories.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the 2016-17 year, the City had \$36.77 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities, land, infrastructure, vehicles, and equipment.

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$13.87 million in bonds and notes outstanding, increasing by \$3.27 million from \$10.6 million. The increase is due to a 2016A and 2017 general obligation bond issuances.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2016-17 budget tax rates. One of those factors is the economy. The City's population growth during 2000–2010 averaged annual gains of 181.5 percent. More recently, unemployment has remained relatively constant. This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 8.2 percent and the national rate of 9.6 percent. The City also takes the number of households served by the City in developing the budget for the Enterprise fund. The City is currently serving 2,799 residents through its Enterprise fund, providing water, sewer and solid waste services.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2017-18. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$426 thousand, higher than the final 2016-17 budget of \$4.9 million. The City will use its revenues to finance programs we currently offer. Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase to \$5.28 million.

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to increase slightly by the close of 2017-18.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's administration office, at CITY OF ALTON, 509 S Alton Blvd., ALTON, Texas.

CITY OF ALTON, TX STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Primary Government					
				Business		
		vernmental Activities	Type Activities			Total
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS	•	0.057116	•	556,000	•	4510015
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,957,116	\$	556,099	\$	4,513,215
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Internal Balances		687,407		505,431		1,192,838
Restricted Assets:		10,672		(10,671)		1
110000000000000000000000000000000000000				150,000		150,020
Temp. Restrictied Asset (specify)		-		150,020		150,020
Capital Assets: Land		2 740 207		25 110		2 774 207
Infrastructure, net		3,749,287		25,110		3,774,397 8,893,262
Buildings, net		8,893,262 6,137,699		-		6,137,699
Improvements other than Buildings, net		0,137,099		15,658,446		15,658,446
Machinery and Equipment, net		1,079,547		304,832		1,384,379
Construction in Progress		368,700		304,632		368,700
Total Assets		24,883,691		17,189,267		42,072,958
Total Assets		24,003,091		17,169,207		42,072,936
DEFERREDOUTFLOWOFRESOURCES						
Deferred Outflow Related to Pension Plan	<u>\$</u>	513,285	\$	68,769	<u>\$</u>	582,054
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		513,285	68,769			582,054
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		221,726		101,176		322,902
Intergovernmental Payable		63,665		9,714		73,379
Unearned Revenues		115,157		-		115,157
A		-		126,939		126,939
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Due Within One Year		1,177,460		20,000		1,197,460
Due in More Than One Year		11,521,269		1,301,881		12,823,150
Net Pension Liability		694,062				694,062
Total Liabilities		13,793,339		1,559,710		15,353,049
DEFERREDINFLOWOFRESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		-		-		-
Deferred Inflow Related to Pension Plan		132,802		9,485		142,287
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		132,802		9,485		142,287
NETPOSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		7,661,689		14,692,023		22,353,712
Restricted for:		• •				•
Restricted for Capital Acquistion		2,050,028		_		2,050,028
Restricted for Retirement of Long Term Debt		174,587		-		174,587
Restricted for Other Assigned Funds		902,109		-		902,109
Unrestricted Net Position		682,422		996,818		1,679,240
Total Net Position	\$	11,470,835	\$	15,688,841	\$	27,159,676

CITY OF ALTON, TX STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

			Progra	m Revenues
	E	Expenses		Charges for Services
Primary Government:				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
General Government	\$	1,403,453	\$	816,638
Public Safety		2,789,589		-
Public Works		601,284		-
Health and Welfare		151,850		-
Culture and Recreation		250,188		-
Conservation and Development		595,111		-
Bond Interest		163,101		-
Other Debt Interest		174,226		-
Fiscal Agent's Fees		2,400		
Total Governmental Activities:		6,131,201		816,638
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:				
		1,543,078		1,772,705
		1,369,880		1,532,335
Total Business-Type Activities:		2,912,958		3,305,040
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	9,044,159	\$	4,121,678

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service Sales Taxes Franchise Taxes Penalty and Interest Grants and Contributions Not Restricted Miscellaneous Revenue

Investment Earnings Transfers In (Out)

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning Prior Period Adjustment Net Position--Ending

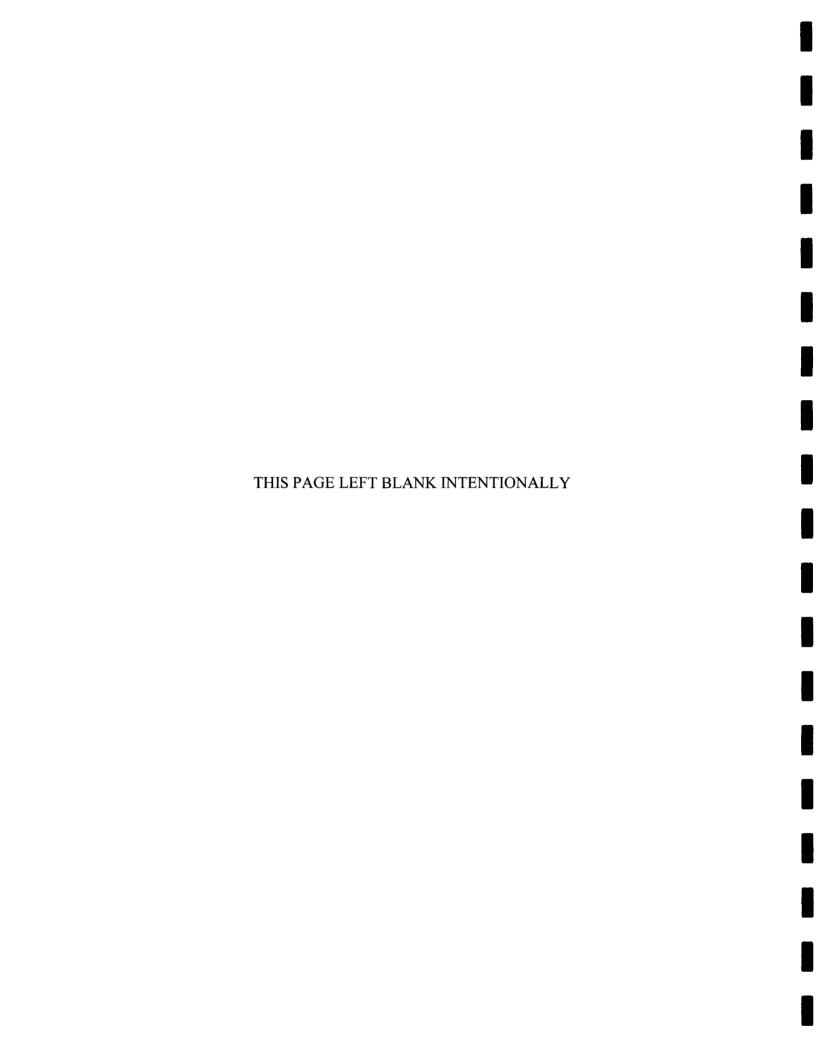
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Primary	Government		
Governmental	Busir	ness-type		
Activities	tivities		Total	
\$ (586,815)	\$	_	\$	(586,815)
(2,789,589)		-		(2,789,589)
(601,284)		-		(601,284)
(151,850)		-		(151,850)
(250,188)		-		(250,188)
(595,111)		-		(595,111)
(163,101)		-		(163,101)
(174,226)		-		(174,226)
(2,400)		-		(2,400)
(5,314,563)			_	(5,314,563)
-		229,627		229,627
_		162,455		162,455
		392,082		392,082
(5,314,563)		392,082		(4,922,481)
1,030,457		-		1,030,457
467,897		-		467,897
836,652		-		836,652
287,120		-		287,120
73,452		-		73,452
501,407		-		501,407
1,489,576		3,737		1,493,313
26,232		-		26,232
932,301		(932,301)		
5,645,094		(928,564)		4,716,530
330,531		(536,482)		(205,951)
11,088,546	1	6,225,323		27,313,869
51,757				51,757
\$ 11,470,835	\$ 1	5,688,841	\$	27,159,676

CITY OF ALTON, TX BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

		General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects	
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,035,429	\$	162,830	\$	2,001,294
Taxes Receivable		359,921		137,216		-
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		(116,758)		(43,996)		-
Receivables (Net)		82,887		-		-
Intergovernmental Receivables		84,800		-		-
Due from Other Funds		21,909		4,898		70,057
Total Assets	\$	1,468,188	\$	260,948	\$	2,071,351
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	76,919	\$	-	\$	26,546
Wages and Salaries Payable		102,790		-		-
Intergovernmental Payable		63,665		-		-
Due to Other Funds		74,954		-		-
Due to Others		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		318,328		-		26,546
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		243,162		93,220		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	243,162		93,220		-
FUND BALANCES						
Capital Acquisiion and Contractural Obligation		-		-		2,044,805
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		167,728		-
Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		-
Unassigned Fund Balance		906,698		-		-
Total Fund Balances		906,698		167,728		2,044,805
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	1,468,188	\$	260,948	\$	2,071,351

 -	Other Funds	G	Total fovernmental Funds
\$	757,563	\$	3,957,116
•	1,539	•	498,676
	-		(160,754)
	181,798		264,685
	-		84,800
	-		96,864
\$	940,900	\$	4,741,387
\$	8,298	\$	111,763
	4,860		107,650
	-		63,665
	11,238		86,192
	2,313		2,313
	26,709		371,583
		_	336,382
	-		336,382
	5,223		2,050,028
	6,859		174,587
	902,109		902,109
			906,698
	914,191		4,033,422
\$	940,900	\$	4,741,387



CITY OF ALTON, TX RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 4,033,422
The City uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other governmental funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. The net effect of this consolidation is to Increase (decrease) net position.	-0-
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$37,399,811 and the accumulated depreciation was \$17,922,316. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase (decrease) net position.	9,511,881
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2017 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	(878,237)
The 2017 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(1,063,984)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	(132,247)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,470,835

CITY OF ALTON, TX STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects
REVENUES:			
Taxes: Property Taxes General Sales and Use Taxes	\$ 1,092,422 418,326	\$ 456,472	\$ -
Franchise Tax Penalty and Interest on Taxes	287,120 52,162	21,290	-
Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants Charges for Services	198,125 - 787,611	- - -	- -
Fines Forfeits Special Assessments	453,245 -	- -	-
Investment Earnings Rents and Royalties Contributions & Donations from Private Sources	6,602 29,027	1,675	14,452
Other Revenue	265,415	_	
Total Revenues	3,590,055	479,437	14,452
EXPENDITURES: Current:			
General Government Public Safety	1,100,692 2,384,225	-	-
Public Works Health and Welfare	713,352 126,554		-
Culture and Recreation Conservation and Development Debt Service:	204,410 180,899	-	-
Bond Principal Other Debt Principal Bond Interest	- 48,398 -	402,652 80,000 63,368	- -
Other Debt Interest Fiscal Agent's Fees Capital Outlay:	1,474	48,966 2,200	-
Capital Outlay	-		1,431,501
Total Expenditures	4,760,004	597,186	1,431,501
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	(1,169,949)	(117,749)	(1,417,049)
Capital-related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds) Sale of Real and Personal Property		-	3,734,053
Non-Current Loans Transfers In Other Resources	955,000 452,199	208,000	- -
Transfers Out (Use) Other (Uses)	- -	(2,542)	(125,000) (234,053)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,407,199	205,458	3,375,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	237,250	87,709	1,957,951
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	662,667	80,019	86,854
Prior Period Adjustment	6,781	-	<u> </u>
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 906,698	\$ 167,728	\$ 2,044,805