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APPLICATION OF CENTERPOINT § BEFORE THE STATE OFFICE ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC § FOR AUTHORITY TO CHANGE RATES § ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

#### **REBUTTAL TESTIMONY**

OF

#### MARTIN W. NARENDORF JR.

#### **ON BEHALF OF**

#### **CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC**

June 2019

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Exhibit R-MWN-1	Responses to Requests for Information
Exhibit R-MWN-2	Project Cost Comparisons
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#### 1 **REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF MARTIN NARENDORF JR.** 2 INTRODUCTION I. 3 PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND OCCUPATION. Q. 4 My name is Martin W. Narendorf Jr. I am employed by CenterPoint Energy A. 5 Houston Electric, LLC ("CenterPoint Houston" or "the Company") as Vice 6 President of High Voltage Operations. 7 ARE YOU THE SAME MARTIN W. NARENDORF THAT FILED DIRECT Q. 8 **TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?** 9 Α. Yes. 10 0. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF YOUR REBUTTAL 11 **TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?** 12 The purpose of my rebuttal testimony in this proceeding is to respond to intervenor Α. 13 positions challenging the prudency, reasonableness, and necessity of both the operations and maintenance ("O&M") expenses incurred by my organization and 14 15 the approximately \$3.0 billion in transmission, substation, and Major Underground 16 capital investment placed in service from January 2010 through December 2018. 17 My testimony reiterates the thorough approach CenterPoint Houston takes to 18 ensuring capital is prudently spent and demonstrates that the capital disallowances 19 proposed by the intervenors and Public Utility Commission of Texas ("PUC" or 20 "Commission") Staff should be rejected in their entirety. Specifically, I rebut the 21 direct testimony of City of Houston witness Scott Norwood, and his suggested 22 disallowance related to the Company's Major Underground Rehabilitation 23 Program. I also rebut Office of Public Utility Counsel witness Karl Nalepa's 24 challenges to four capital projects. In addition, I demonstrate why Staff witnesses

1 Tom Sweatman's and Blake P. Ianni's proposed disallowance of certain substation 2 and transmission capital costs should be rejected. Finally, I will address 3 Mr. Norwood's contention that the Company has not sufficiently supported its 4 requested level of O&M expenses in FERC Account 560 and 570.

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#### II. <u>SUMMARY OF INTERVENOR AND STAFF POSITIONS</u>

### 6 Q. DO OTHER COMPANY WITNESSES ALSO RESPOND TO THE 7 POSITIONS TAKEN BY MR. NORWOOD, MR. NALEPA, AND MR. 8 SWEATMAN?

9 Yes. While I address Mr. Norwood's proposed disallowance of the Major A. 10 Underground Rehabilitation Program, Company witness Randal M. Pryor 11 addresses Mr. Norwood's claim regarding the Underground Cable Assessment and 12 Life Extension Program. Company witnesses Michelle M. Townsend and 13 Kristie L. Colvin address Mr. Norwood's incorrect contention that CenterPoint 14 Houston included "indirect corporate costs" in its prior Distribution Cost Recovery 15 Factor ("DCRF") filings. With regard to Mr. Nalepa's five proposed adjustments 16 related to capital projects, Ms. Colvin addresses why two of the capital projects are 17 properly booked to plant in service based on the FERC Uniform System of 18 Accounts. I address reasonableness and prudency of the remaining three capital 19 projects identified by Mr. Nalepa. Finally, Mr. Pryor and Ms. Townsend also 20 address the reasonableness of the test year O&M expense in the FERC accounts 21 identified in Mr. Norwood's Table 3.

#### 22 Q. SHOULD ANY OF THE INTERVENOR POSITIONS DESCRIBED ABOVE

#### **BE ADOPTED BY THE COMMISSION?**

A. No. My testimony coupled with that of other CenterPoint Houston witnesses

1		clearly establishes that each of the capital projects challenged by Mr. Norwood,
2		Mr. Nalepa, and Mr. Sweatman was prudently constructed and managed and that
3		the cost associated with these capital projects was reasonable. These projects are
4		necessary for system safety and reliability and, as such, the Company should be
5		allowed to recover its costs associated with the investment.
6	III.	<b>RESPONSE TO INTERVENOR CAPITAL INVESTMENT ARGUMENTS</b>
7 8		A. Description of CenterPoint Houston's Asset Investment Strategy ("AIS") Tool
9	Q.	DO YOU HAVE ANY GENERAL COMMENTS REGARDING MR.
10		NORWOOD'S PROPOSAL TO REMOVE CAPITAL INVESTMENT
11		ASSOCIATED WITH THE COMPANY'S UNDERGROUND CABLE LIFE
12		EXTENSION PROGRAM AND MAJOR UNDERGROUND
12 13		EXTENSION PROGRAM AND MAJOR UNDERGROUND REHABILITATION PROGRAM? <sup>1</sup>
12 13 14	А.	EXTENSIONPROGRAMANDMAJORUNDERGROUNDREHABILITATION PROGRAM?1Yes. Mr. Norwood's proposal appears to be the result of his misunderstanding of
12 13 14 15	A.	EXTENSIONPROGRAMANDMAJORUNDERGROUNDREHABILITATION PROGRAM?1Yes. Mr. Norwood's proposal appears to be the result of his misunderstanding ofhow the Company uses its AIS tool. He also fails to recognize the substantial
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<ol> <li>12</li> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> </ol>	А. <b>Q.</b>	EXTENSIONPROGRAMANDMAJORUNDERGROUNDREHABILITATION PROGRAM?1Yes. Mr. Norwood's proposal appears to be the result of his misunderstanding ofhow the Company uses its AIS tool. He also fails to recognize the substantialbenefits provided by these programs.MR. NORWOOD'S TESTIMONY SUGGESTS THAT A LOW AIS SCORESUPPORTS A CONCLUSION THAT A CAPITAL PROJECT WAS NOTPRUDENT. DO YOU AGREE?
<ol> <li>12</li> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> </ol>	А. <b>Q.</b> А.	EXTENSIONPROGRAMANDMAJORUNDERGROUNDREHABILITATION PROGRAM?1Yes. Mr. Norwood's proposal appears to be the result of his misunderstanding ofhow the Company uses its AIS tool. He also fails to recognize the substantialbenefits provided by these programs.MR. NORWOOD'S TESTIMONY SUGGESTS THAT A LOW AIS SCORESUPPORTS A CONCLUSION THAT A CAPITAL PROJECT WAS NOTPRUDENT. DO YOU AGREE?No. Mr. Norwod's conclusion incorrectly assumes that CenterPoint Houston

is incorrect.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Direct Testimony of Scott Norwood at 14-17.

1

Q.

#### WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THE AIS TOOL?

2 AIS is an evaluation tool that was developed to help the Company understand the A. 3 relative value of select programs and projects. It does that by determining a project's benefit (value) by calculating the load that is at risk (expressed in Mwh) 4 if the project is not executed. The risk calculation in the tool does not represent any 5 6 monetary benefit to the customer. Rather, it is a "non-monetized" benefit/cost calculation in that "monetary" benefits are not calculated for a project in 7 8 determining its value. In addition, not all capital projects are evaluated using the 9 AIS tool. For these reasons, the AIS tool should not be misconstrued as a tool 10 utilized by the Company to justify capital investments.

#### 11 Q. HOW IS THE AIS TOOL USED BY THE COMPANY?

12 A. AIS is a tool that is simply used to assist in the *optimization* of the Company's 13 annual capital portfolio. All of the capital projects entered into the AIS tool are 14 developed, analyzed, and justified apart from the AIS process. Basic project 15 information for the Project Evaluation Forms ("PEFs") is developed prior to input 16 into the AIS tool. Cost information and operational benefits, as well as design or 17 reliability criteria violations that may drive the need for the projects are inputs into 18 the AIS tool. In fact, the AIS tool does not optimize all capital projects but only a 19 select amount. In sum, relying on the output of the tool for project justification as 20 Mr. Norwood is not appropriate and is not a proper use of the tool's output.

1	Q.	MR. NORWOOD ALSO SUGGESTS THAT, IN ORDER TO
2		DEMONSTRATE THAT A CAPITAL PROJECT IS PRUDENT, THE
3		UTILITY MUST SHOW THAT IT REPRESENTS MONETARY
4		(ECONOMIC) BENEFIT TO CUSTOMERS. <sup>2</sup> HOW DO YOU RESPOND?
5	A.	CenterPoint Houston regularly invests capital in order to continue to provide safe
6		and reliable electric service to its customers. While these capital investments
7		cannot readily be linked to direct economic benefit to specific customers, in
8		general, the provision of safe and reliable electric service to CenterPoint Houston's
9		customers provides economic benefit to all customers depending on the provision
10		of safe and reliable electric service to their residences, businesses and enterprises.
11		This is the basic test of prudent capital investment that the investment is reasonable
12		and necessary to allow the supply of safe and reliable delivery of electric service to
13		customers.
14	Q.	IS MR. NORWOOD'S UNDERSTANDING OF THE PEFS REFERENCED

#### 15 IN HIS TESTIMONY CORRECT?

A. No. While AIS does generate the PEF as part of its reports, the data is based on
input by a project sponsor. AIS does not automatically retrieve input from any
other sources or systems other than project sponsors. The PEFs are simply the
compilation of sponsor input into a standard template that is then used to compare
the relative value of each project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Direct Testimony of Scott Norwood at 16-17.

- 1
- **B.** Capital Program Prudence

# Q. MR. NORWOOD CLAIMS THAT CENTERPOINT HOUSTON HAS NOT PROVIDED SUFFICIENT DOCUMENTATION TO JUSTIFY RECOVERY OF THE INVESTMENT ASSOCIATED WITH THE MAJOR UNDERGROUND REHABILITATION PROGRAM.<sup>3</sup> DO YOU AGREE?

6 A. No, I do not. CenterPoint Houston's capital investment in the Major Underground 7 Rehabilitation Program is supported by the Company's books and records and the 8 capital project reports included in the Company's Rate Filing Package in 9 WP RMP-2. This program comprises approximately \$57 million of the \$3 billion 10 in High Voltage Operations capital investment that the Company seeks to recover 11 in this case. It is both impractical and unrealistic to expect the Company to provide 12 detailed information on each capital program or project that comprises this total. 13 More importantly, Mr. Norwood offers no challenge to the reasonableness and necessity of the program nor does he argue that the costs associated with the Major 14 Underground Rehabilitation Program were imprudent. He simply complains that 15 16 more information should have been provided.

17 Q. IF MR. NORWOOD DESIRED ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
18 REGARDING THE UNDERGROUND CABLE REHABILITATION
19 PROGRAM, COULD HE HAVE REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION AS
20 PART OF THE DISCOVERY PROCESS?

A. Yes. However, no such request was made. In fact, although the Company
 responded to more than 1,300 requests for information, including subparts,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Direct Testimony of Scott Norwood at 14.

throughout the discovery process, not a single request sought information regarding
 CenterPoint Houston's Major Underground Rehabilitation Program.

### 3 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE MAJOR UNDERGROUND REHABILITATION 4 PROGRAM.

5 Α. The Major Underground Rehabilitation Program has been in place at the Company 6 for over thirty years. Anytime there is a failure or operation of underground cable 7 or equipment, the Company tests the remaining cable and equipment in the area. If 8 the testing indicates any additional problems or causes additional failures, the cable 9 and equipment are proactively replaced. Customers served by the Major 10 Underground infrastructure have redundancy in their service so they are switched 11 to another feed when there is a fault or operation, but that fault or operation is 12 typically an indication that the assets are beginning to fail, which is why the 13 Company chooses to perform testing at that point.

## 14 Q. WHY IS THE ABILITY TO IDENTIFY POTENTIAL MAJOR 15 UNDERGROUND CABLE AND EQUIPMENT FAILURES BEFORE THEY 16 OCCUR IMPORTANT TO CENTERPOINT HOUSTON?

A. Unlike overhead transmission and distribution facilities, the underground cable
system is unique and does not lend itself to routine testing and maintenance because
of the inability to visually inspect the cables and associated equipment which are
installed below ground. However, the underground assets are well protected from
interference from external elements and are able to maintain cooler temperatures
which helps extend the useful life of the cable. Although customers have enjoyed
a reliability benefit of underground service, this reliability is threatened by aging

infrastructure that is difficult to access for quick repair and service restoration. For
 these reasons, the Company employs a proactive approach to Major Underground
 Rehabilitation.

### 4 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE CUSTOMERS SERVED BY THE MAJOR 5 UNDERGROUND SYSTEM.

6 The Major Underground system serves the majority of the central business center A. 7 in downtown Houston, the Texas Medical Center, and many other areas of critical 8 and highly important businesses and commercial customers. These customers 9 depend on continuous supply of safe and reliable electric service to their building 10 facilities to conduct business in the Houston area and provide a multitude of 11 services to Houston residents and businesses. The proactive inspection and 12 maintenance of the Major Underground facilities that serve these customers is vital 13 to the continuous supply of reliable power to these customers. Through this 14 proactive maintenance program, issues with Major Underground cable and 15 equipment can be determined proactively and resolved preventing unplanned 16 outages to these customers. Additionally, if the assets are allowed to run to failure, 17 the chance of violent failures with environmental and safety repercussions 18 increases.

### 19 Q. ARE MAJOR UNDERGOUND CABLE AND EQUIPMENT FAILURES 20 EASILY REPAIRED?

A. Failures in the underground three phase network system require a significant effort
 and response to restore. Initially crews must determine the exact location of the
 fault and isolate that faulted area from the rest of the cable system. Considering

1 that all this equipment is located underground, this fault location effort can be 2 difficult to perform and can take numerous hours before the location of the faulted 3 cable or equipment is identified. Second, the crews must isolate the faulted area of 4 the underground system for restoration work that needs to be conducted to repair 5 the faulted section of the system. If possible, customers outside of the isolated 6 faulted area are restored as rapidly as possible. Next, the crews must safely and 7 efficiently make the repairs necessary to restore the faulted section of the cable 8 system. This may require replacing faulted cable and may require the replacement 9 of damaged equipment and relay controls and other devices. The last step of the 10 sequence is to make sure all crews have completed work and are clear of the isolated 11 section and obtain a release to the switching order that provided the isolation of the 12 faulted section and reenergize and restore to normal operations the area where the 13 fault occurred. In many cases, this step to restore the system to normal operations 14 can cause additional necessary switching outages to customers as CenterPoint 15 Houston restores the system back to normal condition. By proactively replacing 16 damaged or faulty equipment that is identified through proactive inspections of the 17 underground system, these lengthy outages can be avoided for our customers 18 providing a higher level of reliable service.

#### 19

20

#### Q. WHAT BENEFIT DO CUSTOMERS RECEIVE FROM THE MAJOR UNDERGROUND REHABILITATION PROGRAM?

A. Customers receive enhanced reliability because the program allows for the
 proactive replacement of cable and other underground equipment. Unscheduled
 outages due to failures can be avoided and the proactive replacements can often be
 completed without a customer outage. Customers also see a cost benefit because

1 the costs associated with violent failures of Major Underground equipment can be 2 significant for both the Company and the customer. As I mentioned earlier, customers served by the major underground infrastructure include the Houston 3 4 Medical Center, Galveston Medical Center, parts of the Galleria, Bush 5 Intercontinental Airport, and all downtown Houston. Any outage experienced by 6 these customers could present a significant impact to hundreds, if not thousands, of 7 individuals living, working or receiving medical treatment. Moreover, proactive 8 maintenance of these assets allows the Company to perform work during scheduled 9 outages to mitigate or minimize impacts to customers that are particularly sensitive 10 to service interruptions.

11 Q. MR. NORWOOD SUGGESTS THAT IN ORDER TO JUSTIFY
12 RECOVERY OF THE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE MAJOR
13 UNDERGROUND REHABILITATION PROGRAM, THE COMPANY
14 MUST DEMONSTRATE A MATERIAL IMPROVEMENT IN ITS
15 EXISTING LEVEL OF SERVICE RELIABILITY.<sup>4</sup> DO YOU AGREE?

A. No. As with the Company's Underground Cable Life Extension Program, it is not
possible to calculate the direct benefit to SAIDI for customer reliability of projects
or programs that are proactive and predictive in nature. Proactive work resolves a
problem before the problem occurs—the Major Underground cable or equipment
does not fail, the underground cable doesn't fault—therefore, no service
interruption from which to calculate reliability metrics such as SAIDI has occurred,
and no customers have unnecessarily experienced outages due to equipment that

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Direct Testimony of Scott Norwood at 17-18.

1	has been allowed to "run to failure." However, there is certainly a positive and
2	direct reliability impact for these and similar proactive programs, such as proactive
3	pole replacement, it just cannot be <i>directly</i> calculated. The Company for some time
4	now has committed to understanding its system and making appropriate proactive
5	replacements. The Company should not forgo proactive inspection and
6	replacement of equipment simply because it can't "directly" calculate the SAIDI
7	impact.

### 8 Q. IS THE COMPANY'S MAJOR UNDERGROUND REHABILITATION 9 PROGRAM REASONABLE AND NECESSARY?

10 Α. Yes. The Major Underground Rehabilitation Program has been in place at the 11 Company for over thirty years. Customers receive enhanced reliability because the 12 program allows for the proactive replacement of cable and other underground 13 equipment. Unscheduled outages due to failures can be avoided and the proactive 14 replacements can often be completed without a customer outage. This is especially 15 important given that the Major Underground system serves the majority of the 16 central business center in downtown Houston, the Texas Medical Center, and many 17 other areas of critical and highly important businesses and commercial customers.

18 C. Capital Project Prudence

#### 19 Q. HOW DO YOU RESPOND TO MR. IANNI'S RECOMMENDATION THAT

#### 20 COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH LINE CLEARANCE PROJECT HLP/00/1055

- 21 BE CLASSIFIED AS O&M INSTEAD OF CAPITAL?
- A. As stated in the Company's response to PUC RFI No. 6-22, which is attached to
   my testimony as Exhibit R-MWN-1, the work associated with this project includes
   modifications to, not maintenance of, existing transmission and distribution circuits

which includes the replacement of retirement units such as poles, towers, conductors, and other capital facilities. These clearance issues develop over time and it is necessary to correct them to meet NESC requirements. Specific in-service dates of the transmission and distribution lines that needed to be modified is immaterial to the nature of the work being performed.

## 6 Q. HOW DO YOU RESPOND TO MR. NALEPA'S RECOMMENDATION 7 THAT TWO SUBSTATION PROJECTS (HLP/00/0011 AND HLP/00/0012) 8 SHOULD HAVE BEEN EXPENSED RATHER THAN CAPITALIZED?<sup>5</sup>

9 A. Mr. Nalepa incorrectly categorizes these two projects as involving activities
 10 necessary to maintain a capital asset. In reality, these projects involved the
 11 replacement of capital equipment or structures on a scheduled or unscheduled basis.

12 The larger of these two projects, HLP/00/0011, includes capital labor and 13 equipment costs incurred while replacing failed equipment on an unscheduled 14 basis. Types of equipment included in this category are breakers, micro-processor 15 relays, power line carrier systems, SCADA sets, disconnect switches, and other 16 essential substation capital equipment that has failed.

The second project, HLP/00/0012, deals with the scheduled replacement of equipment and structures. Types of equipment replaced in this category includes battery banks, battery chargers, addition or upgrade of carrier systems, varmint control fence installation, relay scheme upgrades, and SCADA replacements. The work included in this project is retirement unit replacement work, not repair of existing equipment, which is why it is properly capitalized and not expensed as

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Direct Testimony of Karl Nalepa at 36-37.

1	Mr. Nalepa suggests. Ms. Colvin further supports the Company's accounting
2	treatment of these two projects in her rebuttal testimony.

#### **3 Q. SHOULD LANGUAGE IN THE PROJECT DESCRIPTION BE A REASON**

4

#### TO DISALLOW PROPERLY RECORDED CAPITAL INVESTMENT?

A. No. The language used for the project descriptions is intended to provide a general description of the work performed—no more, no less. The project description is not an indicator used to determine if a project is treated as capital or O&M.
Whether the project should be capitalized is driven by the FERC USOA, which, as Ms. Colvin testifies, the Company is required to follow. Mr. Nalepa does not dispute that the projects at issue are required to be capitalized by the FERC USOA. In fact, his testimony ignores those instructions altogether.

#### 12 Q. HOW DO YOU RESPOND TO MR. NALEPA'S ASSERTION THAT

### FOUNDATION REPLACEMENTS DUE TO ALKALI-SILICA REACTION SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM PLANT IN SERVICE?<sup>6</sup>

15 Mr. Nalepa wrongly states that the project costs associated with foundation A. replacements due to the presence of Alkali-Silica Reaction ("ASR") in the 16 17 foundation were incurred because of errors in the original installation of these foundations. CenterPoint Houston made no errors that caused the ASR issue. 18 19 Rather, ASR is a condition that exists due to the concrete materials, not the method 20 of installation. When the cracking issues associated with ASR were first identified, 21 CenterPoint Houston implemented actions to mitigate the impacts to Company 22 facilities. Once CenterPoint Houston was aware of the ASR issue, changes were

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Direct Testimony of Karl Nalepa at 38.

made to the concrete specification to reduce the risk of this occurring in newly 1 2 poured concrete. Additionally, CenterPoint Houston proactively took actions to 3 replace foundations that are showing effects of ASR. In short, it is not reasonable 4 for Mr. Nalepa to expect that the Company could have or should have been aware 5 of the issues associated with ASR at the time the original foundations were laid. 6 Mr. Nalepa also does not challenge the prudence of the corrective actions taken by 7 CenterPoint Houston to mitigate the impacts of ASR on the Company's facilities 8 and these capital costs should be recovered through rates.

9 Q. ARE MR. NALEPA'S AND MR. SWEATMAN'S RECOMMENDATIONS
10 REGARDING CAPITAL ADJUSTMENTS FOR THE SELECTED
11 TRANSMISSION AND SUBSTATION PROJECTS APPROPRIATE?

12 A. No. CenterPoint Houston should be allowed to recover the full amount spent on 13 these projects. As I discuss below, both Mr. Nalepa and Mr. Sweatman 14 inappropriately rely on the initial estimates for the subject projects as support for 15 their recommended disallowances. In addition, Mr. Nalepa and Mr. Sweatman 16 selectively ignore information provided during discovery that supports the full 17 recovery of the investments made in the challenged capital projects. During the 18 discovery phase of this proceeding, the Company responded to numerous detailed 19 questions regarding transmission and substation projects. The Company has 20 provided project lists, estimated costs, actual costs, and explanations of any 21 variances. This documentation supports the reasonableness of the actual costs 22 incurred for these capital projects and demonstrates that CenterPoint Houston's

1	variance percentage between its estimates and final project costs evidences the
2	importance CenterPoint Houston places on capital project cost control.

## 3 Q. PLEASE ADDRESS THE REASONABLENESS OF THE FINAL COSTS 4 ASSOCIATED WITH THE ALEXANDER ISLAND AND LA MARQUE 5 SUBSTATION PROJECTS.

A. The Company's response to PUC RFI No. 6-24, which is attached to my rebuttal
testimony as Exhibit R-MWN-1 explains the reasons for the variances for the
Alexander Island and La Marque projects.

9 While the explanation for Alexander Island did include discussion of 10 construction errors, this is not the sole reason for the difference in the initial 11 estimate and final project cost. As you can see in Exhibit R-MWN-2, the Company 12 filed an updated final cost estimate of \$536k prior to construction. This final cost 13 estimate was developed after detailed engineering and construction input and 14 reflects an expectation that the project would cost more than we initially estimated 15 due to scope changes. During construction, two flat tap structure foundations were 16 staked in the wrong direction, requiring rework. While some material had to be 17 reordered, the Company was able to chip out stub angles and reuse them on the new foundations, saving as much money as possible on the material reorder. 18

19 The Company's discussion of LaMarque substation also included reference 20 to a material error but again, construction errors were not solely responsible for the 21 variance in cost. The original estimate submitted to the Commission provided for 22 a total of four structures but after detailed engineering, seven structures were 23 ultimately required. During construction, one structure had to be moved and rotated

to avoid underground utilities. One structure was staked in close proximity to the 1 next, which required one foundation to be rebuilt. Again, the Company saved and 2 3 reused as much material as possible to minimize the financial impacts of any errors. 4 Q. YOU STATED EARLIER THAT THE COMPANY'S VARIANCE RATE 5 **ON CAPITAL PROJECTS DEMONSTRATES THE ATTENTION PAID TO** 6 **PROJECT COST CONTROL. PLEASE EXPLAIN.** 7 A. The Company's response to PUC 1-38, which is attached to my rebuttal testimony 8 as Exhibit R-MWN-1, lists all new transmission lines that were filed on the 9 Monthly Construction Progress Report ("MCPR") between January 1, 2010 and 10 December 31, 2018. Please refer to Exhibit R-MWN-2 for a modification of the 11 Company's response to PUC RFI No. 1-38. If all customer funded projects are 12 removed from the response to PUC RFI No. 1-38, the remaining projects for which 13 the Company is seeking recovery evidence an average cost variance of approximately -8.5%. For the sum of these projects, the total amount initially

14 approximately -8.5%. For the sum of these projects, the total amount initially 15 estimated was approximately \$57.3 million and the total actual costs was 16 approximately \$53.4 million. These numbers speak to the conscientious approach 17 CenterPoint Houston takes toward managing its capital spend on transmission 18 projects.

### 19 Q. HOW DOES THE COMPANY DEVELOP AND REPORT TRANSMISSION 20 PROJECT ESTIMATES?

- 20 PROJECT ESTIMATES?
- A. MCPR instructions provided on the Commission's website<sup>7</sup> require updated
   estimates at the start of construction for CCN projects, but not for non-CCN

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> <u>https://www.puc.texas.gov/industry/electric/forms/transconsrt/MCPR\_Instructions.pdf</u>.

1	projects. The Initial Estimated Project Costs for both CCN and non-CCN projects
2	filed as part of the MCPR are developed prior to detailed engineering or
3	construction analysis. They are also used internally for project approval and
4	budgeting purposes. The estimates are based on very preliminary design without
5	any geotechnical or subsurface engineering data or right of way research and very
6	limited construction input, so they rely heavily on assumptions. After the Company
7	has been able to secure right of way access and conduct soil analysis, detailed
8	engineering is completed and the designs are sent to construction for detailed
9	estimates. While this Final Estimated Project Cost is still an estimate, it is created
10	with more detailed information than the initial estimate. The MCPR allows for
11	updated estimates to be filed as the project progresses, and the Company makes
12	every effort to update these estimates as project specifics change even on non-CCN
13	projects where it is not a requirement.

## 14 Q. HAVE MR. NALEPA AND MR. SWEATMAN RELIED ON INITIAL 15 PROJECT ESTIMATES RATHER THAN FINAL PROJECT ESTIMATES 16 TO SUPPORT THEIR POSITIONS?

17 A. Yes. In fact, Mr. Sweatman suggests that the recovery of capital project costs
18 should be capped at no more than 10% of the initial cost estimate.

19 Q. IS THIS REASONABLE?

A. No. As I explained, the Initial Estimated Project Costs rely heavily on assumptions
 and are prepared and developed prior to detailed engineering or construction
 analysis. For this reason, if any comparison is to be drawn between estimates and

the final actual cost of a capital project, it should be based on the Final Estimated
 Project Cost.

## 3 Q. WHY DOES THE COMPANY FILE PROJECTS WITH INITIAL 4 PROJECT ESTIMATES INSTEAD OF WAITING FOR FINAL 5 ESTIMATES?

6 A. Transmission projects filed on the MCPR must be approved prior to the start of 7 construction. These projects can be administratively approved if no comments are 8 received within 45 days. CenterPoint Houston balances several factors while 9 planning for transmission projects including internal budgeting and resource 10 scheduling, ERCOT outage restrictions, and customer outage coordination. 11 CenterPoint Houston endeavors to file projects as early as practicable to allow 12 ample time for the review and approval process while also providing the flexibility 13 to execute projects at the most fitting time. CenterPoint Houston's Final 14 Construction Reports compare the final actual cost to the final estimate, rather than 15 the initial estimate. The Company uses the reporting tools available to keep parties 16 updated on changing project information, including cost and schedule, and reviews 17 final project information during the closeout process to gather lessons learned and 18 apply them to continuous improvement of capital project execution.

## 19Q.HOW DOES THE COMPANY DEVELOP SUBSTATION ESTIMATES20AND WHY MIGHT THEY DIFFER FROM ACTUAL SUBSTATION21COSTS?

A. For all substations, the estimated cost is usually made at least a year and a half in
advance of construction. Estimates are based on projected costs, rule of thumb

1 guidelines, and a preliminary understanding of actual conditions, including 2 environmental conditions, and project scope, before the work order is prepared. 3 These estimates are used for "planning purposes." The Engineering Project 4 Justification and Construction Summaries for distribution substations, 5 Exhibit DB-5 in Dale Bodden's direct testimony, are planning documents and 6 reflect planning estimates. As such, there will be a difference between the 7 estimated cost and the actual cost.

#### 8 Q. DID CENTERPOINT HOUSTON PROVIDE INFORMATION THAT 9 RECONCILED THE ESTIMATED AND ACTUAL COSTS OF 10 SUBSTATION PROJECTS IN RESPONSE TO DISCOVERY?

A. Yes. The actual costs of these projects were provided in response to PUC RFI
No. 1-39, and a reconciliation between the estimated costs of several distribution
substations in Ms. Bodden's direct testimony Exhibit DB-5 and the actual costs
shown in PUC RFI No. 1-39 was provided in response to PUC RFI No. 5-8. Both
of these RFI response are provided in Exhibit R-MWN-1. The purpose of this
reconciliation was to provide an "apples to apples" comparison of the cost of the
substation, inside the substation fence.

1	Q.	MR. SWEATMAN ARGUES THAT 10-15% IS A REASONABLE
2		EXPECTATION FOR CONTINGENCY OR COST VARIANCE IN A
3		TRANSMISSION OR SUBSTATION PROJECT. <sup>8</sup> HOW DO YOU
4		RESPOND?
5	A.	I would generally agree if Mr. Sweatman based his 10-15% contingency on
6		CenterPoint Houston's final cost estimates, rather than the Company's initial cost
7		estimates. I would also point out that any utility, including CenterPoint Houston
8		should have the opportunity to rebut a 10% contingency cap on cost recovery if the
9		utility presents well-substantiated reasons for the overrun.
10	Q.	DOES MR. SWEATMAN AGREE?
11	A.	I believe that he does. Mr. Sweatman testifies on page 6 of his testimony that it is
12		reasonable for the final cost of projects to differ from the estimate. He goes on to
13		recommend that cost overruns be limited to 10% of the estimate "absent a well-
14		substantiated justification."
15	Q.	HAS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON PROVIDED WELL-SUBSTANTIATED
16		JUSTIFICATIONS FOR ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS CHALLENGED BY
17		MR. SWEATMAN?
18	A.	Yes. The information provided in my direct and rebuttal testimonies, the direct
19		testimony of Ms. Bodden, and CenterPoint Houston's responses to PUC RFI
20		Nos. 1-37, 1-38, 1-40, 6-24, 11-1 and 11-2, which are included as

- 21 Exhibit R-MWN-1 to my rebuttal testimony, provide ample justification to explain
- the reasonableness and necessity of any cost overrun of 10% or higher.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Direct Testimony of Tom Sweatman at 5-6.

1Q.PLEASESUMMARIZETHECOMPANY'SEVIDENCE2DEMONSTRATING THAT THE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE3CAPITAL PROJECTS CHALLENGED BY MR. SWEATMAN WERE4REASONABLE, NECESSARY, AND PRUDENTLY INCURRED.

A. Below is a detailed response explaining the justification for the costs associated
with each of the following capital projects identified in Mr. Sweatman's direct
testimony. I have discussed previously in this testimony why Mr. Sweatman's
conclusions regarding the Alexander Island and LaMarque substation costs are
misplaced.

10 1. Sandy Point Substation: As Mr. Sweatman states on page 10 of his 11 testimony, the Company identified the Sandy Point Substation project twice 12 because only transmission work is filed on the MCPR. Depending on the nature of 13 the RFI, the Company would have provided either a transmission-only or 14 substation-only response. Mr. Sweatman offers no factual support for his opinion 15 that better management and oversight should have been able to compensate for the 16 extra work required due to the substation site changing. In reality, a change in 17 substation siting can directly impact the cost of a transmission project because the 18 route of the transmission line needed to interconnect the substation changes and 19 essentially becomes a different project. Depending on when this change or other 20 changes occur, it may be necessary to build temporary bypass to meet the project 21 schedule and/or avoid long-term outages. Mr. Sweatman's statement that changes 22 to this project went unnoticed is also not accurate. As I explained in my direct 23 testimony, the Company has well-established cost control processes in place to

monitor and ensure the reasonableness and necessity of costs as a project progress
 from start to finish. Ultimately, the project is necessary to serve load and the cost
 was not unreasonable, simply different than what we initially expected.

Dow Substation: To be clear, CenterPoint Houston has not included
 costs associated with this project in its rate base. This project was a customer
 funded project as confirmed in the Company's response to PUC RFI No. 6-24,
 which is included as Exhibit R-MWN-1 to my rebuttal testimony. For this reason,
 Mr. Sweatman's proposed adjustment for the Dow Substation should be rejected.

9 3. Flewellen to Fort Bend: PUC RFI No. 6-24(c) asks for information 10 regarding "Flewellen to Rosenburg" with a cost variance of 49%. The response the 11 Company provided for "Flewellen to Rosenburg" is the proper response for the 12 project in question - "Flewellen to Fort Bend." As stated in the Company's 13 response to PUC RFI No. 6-24, this project occurred in parallel to a substation 14 upgrade project, converting 69kV circuits and substation to 138kV. Since the initial 15 estimates do not include detail design plans or construction input, the additional 16 coordination that was needed to ensure continuity of service was not fully budgeted. 17 These costs were prudently spent and necessary for the scope of the project even 18 though they were not accounted for in the initial estimate. Again, this demonstrates 19 the reasonableness of budget updates as more information becomes available.

4. Fort Bend to Rosenberg: The primary reason for cost variance on this
 project was the change in line routing due to ROW constraints which necessitated
 additional bypass work and construction crew mobilization. While Mr. Sweatman
 opines that better management and oversight could have identified this issue, the

1 fact is that easement and land right research and negotiations cannot be finalized 2 prior to the route selection process. From a practical perspective, there is inherent 3 ROW risk associated with every project and it is not possible to identify all issues 4 in advance of project initiation. When presented with difficult land right 5 circumstances, the Company does its best to complete important project work 6 within the planned budget and timeframe while ensuring continuity of service for 7 customers and operating the grid safely and effectively. In this case, that meant 8 building additional bypass and making construction crews available for other 9 important jobs.

105. W.A. Parrish Substation: This project had a cost variance of11approximately 10.7% from its initial budget. For this project, the Company filed12an updated estimate of \$446,000. When comparing the final actual cost to the final13estimate, the project actually came in 5.7% under budget. Please see14Exhibit R-MWN-2 for a list of projects provided in response to PUC RFI No. 1-3815and any associated updated estimates.

16 6. Jones Creek: As Mr. Sweatman states, the Company responded with a 17 thorough explanation of cost increases for the Jones Creek Project in PUC RFI 18 No. 11-2, attached as Exhibit R-MWN-1. The response included discussion of a 19 raised distribution site and Mr. Sweatman asserts that the Company did not address 20 the need for this substation. To be clear, the Company has not yet constructed the 21 distribution substation at the Jones Creek site, but the need was anticipated at the 22 time so preliminary site work was performed. The Jones Creek project had many 23 scope changes throughout the project that caused costs to increase. CenterPoint

Houston has internal governance procedures that required the project cost variance
 to be approved by the Executive Committee. The presentation used for that
 approval is attached as Exhibit R-MWN-3.

4 7. Springwoods: Mr. Sweatman states that the Company has indicated a 5 15.8% cost overrun for the transmission construction portion of Springwoods 6 substation, which is incorrect. As stated in the Company's response to PUC RFI 7 No. 6-24, which is attached as Exhibit R-MWN-1, the transmission-only portion of 8 this project had a -10% difference, or a 10% underspend on transmission work. As 9 stated in the Company's response to PUC RFI No. 5-8, the initial estimated cost for 10 the substation-only portion of Springwoods was \$10.6 million and the actual cost 11 was approximately \$11.8 million. Cost variance for the construction of 12 Springwoods substation inside the fence was primarily driven by increased site 13 improvement costs for vegetation clearing and additional dirt backfill quantities 14 (\$800,000) and unplanned wire-wall security fence (\$300,000), for a total of 15 \$1,100,000 which was not included in the initial estimate.

16 8. Tanner: Mr. Sweatman states that the Company has indicated a 15.8% cost overrun for the transmission construction portion of Tanner substation, which 17 is incorrect. As stated in the Company's response to PUC RFI No. 6-24, the 18 19 transmission-only portion of this project had a -10.5% difference, or a 10.5% 20 *underspend* on transmission work. As stated in the Company's response to PUC 21 RFI No. 5-8, the estimated cost for the substation-only portion of Tanner was 22 \$13,334,667 and the actual cost was \$11,655,667, representing a -12.6% 23 underspend. The estimated costs included site improvements for a transmission

laydown yard that was not built on the backside of the site and the removal of the
mulch yard which was no longer required because the owner became responsible
for this removal (minus \$2,600,000). The estimated cost did not include site
security (\$250,000), additional construction and commissioning resources to meet
the schedule (\$150,000), and the increased cost for the substation power
transformers (\$430,000).

7 9. Sandy Point: The Company's response to PUC RFI No. 6-24 explains 8 that the substation site changed after the initial estimates were completed for the 9 transmission portion of the Sandy Point substation project and that this change 10 increased the actual cost of the project. The Company had to acquire new land for 11 facilities, lease a lay down yard, build additional temporary facilities, demobilize 12 and remobilize crews which resulted in increased cost. While Mr. Sweatman 13 opines that this was an "oversight," the fact is that these costs were prudently spent 14 to build the facilities needed to serve load in this area.

As stated in the Company's response to PUC RFI No. 5-8, the estimated cost for the substation-only portion of Sandy Point was \$7,619,697 and the actual cost was \$9,360,513. The estimated cost did not foresee pipeline removals, environmental sampling and disposal (\$400,000). Also, the estimate underestimated the labor for site security, overtime to meet the schedule, and additional labor for foundation installation due to unfavorable soil conditions near the Port of Houston (\$1,100,000).

In sum, this information establishes that CenterPoint Houston has met any
 perceived burden to substantiate and justify final capital project costs in excess of
 its final budget estimate.

## 4 Q. IS A BUDGET OVERRUN ON ANY GIVEN PROJECT INDICATIVE OF 5 COST CONTROL ISSUES ASSOCIATED WITH A UTILITY'S CAPITAL 6 PROGRAM?

No, especially when viewed in light of the \$3 billion in transmission capital 7 A. 8 investment that CenterPoint Houston has made between 2010 through 2018. In 9 fact, Mr. Nalepa was only able to find two projects totaling approximately 10 \$3.5 million that he claims overran their budgets due to construction errors. By 11 applying his arbitrary and unsupported 10% overrun cut off, Mr. Sweatman is only 12 able to identify \$20,328,742 of capital he incorrectly felt should be disallowed. 13 These recommended disallowances represent approximately 0.12% and 0.68%, 14 respectively, of the approximately \$3.0 billion High Voltage Operations capital for which the Company is seeking recovery. This remarkably low error rate proves 15 16 that CenterPoint Houston manages its projects professionally and prudently, and as a result has a very near perfect track record in managing projects. S ince total project 17 18 perfection is an unrealistic goal for any organization, and 0.12% to 0.68% is a more 19 than reasonable margin of error, the Company believes that it has fully supported 20 the prudence of the full \$3.0 billion of transmission and substation capital for which 21 we are requesting recovery.

#### 1 2

#### IV. TEST YEAR ACCOUNT 560 AND 570 O&M EXPENSES ARE REASONABLE

## 3 Q. MR. NORWOOD ARGUES THAT THE TEST YEAR LEVEL OF EXPENSE 4 IN ACCOUNT 560 AND 570 ARE NOT REASONABLE WHEN 5 COMPARED TO PRIOR YEARS.<sup>9</sup> HOW DO YOU RESPOND?

6 A. As Ms. Colvin testifies, the Company's request is based on actual test year expenses—which is the standard used by the Commission to set the Company's 7 8 cost of service. This alone provides a basis to reject Mr. Norwood's proposal to 9 establish the Company's O&M expense based on a multi-year average. 10 Importantly, Mr. Norwood does not dispute the need for or reasonableness of any 11 of the Company's test year O&M activities, including those reflected incurred 12 Account 560 and 570. He simply believes they are too high as compared to prior 13 years. His conclusion, however, ignores the facts that are driving these costs and 14 the reality that these costs are representative of on-going activities and the expense 15 associated with those activities. Mr. Pryor and Ms. Townsend address the reasonableness of the O&M expense in the other FERC accounts shown in 16 Mr. Norwood's Table 3. 17

#### 18 Q. HAS THE COMPANY EXPLAINED AND SUPPORTED THE INCREASE

#### 19 IN TRANSMISSION O&M EXPENSE FROM 2010 TO 2018?

A. Yes. As the Company explained in its direct testimony, CenterPoint Houston added
 approximately 400,000 customers between 2010 and 2018—a growth rate of
 almost 20% over the period. To serve that growth, the Company engineered and
 constructed a significant amount of new infrastructure. As existing infrastructure

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Direct Testimony of Scott Norwood at 11-13.

ages and new infrastructure is installed, it stands to reason that the corrective and
 preventive maintenance costs will also increase over time.

### 3 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COSTS CAPTURED IN ACCOUNT 560 AND 4 570.

5 A. FERC account 560 contains costs for supervision and engineering related to 6 transmission activities. These costs include oversight of field activities, policy and 7 compliance support, engineering support for standards and materials, asset 8 management and other management and engineering activities. FERC account 570 9 contains costs related to maintenance of transmission class station equipment. This 10 includes corrective and preventive maintenance costs for various transmission class 11 station equipment such as autotransformers, breakers, relays, switches, SCADA, 12 PT/CTs as well as other equipment within a substation. FERC account 570 also 13 includes field support for NERC/CIP compliance requirements, equipment surveys, 14 switching and deploying relay settings changes.

### 15 Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHAT DROVE 2018 COSTS IN ACCOUNT 560 AND 16 570 TO BE HIGHER THAN IN PRIOR YEARS.

A. The increases in account 560 are mostly attributable to the reassignment of FERC
accounts for various CenterPoint Houston cost centers. The Company periodically
reviews FERC assignments by cost center for updates/changes. For example, the
FERC allocations to FERC account 560 were adjusted for various departments
including Policy and Compliance, Standards and Materials, Planning and Design,
Regulatory and Benchmark Support, and Grid Performance to reflect current level
of engineering and supervision support of transmission activities.

1		The increase to FERC 570 was primarily due to increased corrective and
2		preventive maintenance, including transformer oil servicing. Field support for
3		NERC/CIP compliance increased due to increased requirements. Transformer oil
4		servicing costs increased due to increase in transformer population. As the quantity
5		of installed substation equipment has grown, more preventive maintenance work
6		will be required to keep equipment operating safely and reliably. Likewise, as
7		equipment ages, we expect our corrective maintenance levels to continue to
8		increase.
9	Q.	DOES CENTERPOINT HOUSTON MONITOR CHANGES IN SERVICE
10		COMPANY COSTS, INCLUDING THOSE BOOKED TO ACCOUNT 560
11		AND 570?
12	A.	Yes. While Mr. Norwood complains that the Company does not perform O&M
13		variance analysis by FERC account, the Company does maintain internal
14		management reporting that is performed on a GAAP basis and employs various
15		controls and processes to ensure that management has proper ongoing control over
16		O&M expenses. I discuss these cost controls and processes in my direct testimony.
17		Further evidence of CenterPoint Houston's awareness of cost drivers is found in
18		Exhibit R-MWN-1, which is the Company's response to GCCC RFI No. 2-17. This
19		discovery response explains the primary drivers of the O&M amounts incurred in
20		Account 560 and 570.
21	Q.	ARE THE TEST YEAR COSTS BOOKED TO ACCOUNT 560 AND 570

- 22 **REASONABLE AND NECESSARY**?
- 23 A. Yes. These costs are reflective of reasonable and necessary activities performed by

High Voltage Operations Division for CenterPoint Houston during the test year and
 are reflective of the level of activities that will continued to be provided in the future
 based on the existing organizational structure.

V. <u>MISCELLANEOUS ISSUES</u>

4

Q. MR. NALEPA ARGUES THAT CUSTOMERS SHOULD NOT EQUALLY
SHARE IN THE LOSS ON SALES OF LAND ASSOCIATED WITH THE
BRAZOS VALLEY CONNECTION TRANSMISSION PROJECT. WAS
THE ORIGINAL PURCHASE PRICE AND SUBSEQUENT SALE OF THE
LAND REASONABLE?

10 Yes. There were 14 tracts of land associated with the Brazos Valley Connection A. 11 Project sold during the test year. The Company completed construction on and 12 energized the Brazos Valley Connection in March 2018. When land was 13 purchased, entire lots had to be purchased instead of just acreage for the proposed 14 right-of-way easement. Many of the tracts included improvements, such as homes 15 or other structures at the time of purchase. In order to make the land useful for the project, the land was cleared and this required the demolition of these 16 17 improvements. Upon completion of the project, the Company sold off the excess 18 areas of fee-purchased land that was no longer suitable for the utility to own. With 19 the improvements no longer existing, the property can only be assessed for the 20 value of the land, resulting in a reduction from the original purchase price. The Company experienced a loss of \$1.46 million<sup>10</sup> on the tracts sold. Ms. Colvin 21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> WP II-B-13a Brazos Valley Connection Tracts.

- 1 discusses the Commission precedent supporting the Company's proposal that
- 2 shareholders and customers equally bear this loss.

#### **3 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?**

4 A. Yes.

STATE OF TEXAS § SCOUNTY OF HARRIS §

#### AFFIDAVIT OF MARTIN W. NARENDORF JR.

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Martin W. Narendorf Jr. who having been placed under oath by me did depose as follows:

- 1. "My name is Martin W. Narendorf Jr.. I am of sound mind and capable of making this affidavit. The facts stated herein are true and correct based upon my personal knowledge.
- 2. I have prepared the foregoing Rebuttal Testimony and the information contained in this document is true and correct to the best of my knowledge."

Further affiant sayeth not.

Martin W. Narendørf Jr

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME on this  $\frac{3^{+n}}{2}$  day of  $\frac{1}{2}$ , 2019.

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas

My commission expires:  $M - 27 \cdot 2020$ 

GĮNA QUIJANO NOTARY ID #1195350-3 ly Commission Expires April 27, 2020

#### CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET NO. 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

#### PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC01-37

#### QUESTION:

MCPR - Monthly Construction Progress Reports filed with the Commission

For any facilities you seek to recover for which the commission granted a CCN, provide the following information:

- a. The PUC docket number for the amendment
- b. The first MCPR on which the project was reported (control number, item number, project numbers)
- c. The final MCPR on which the project was reported (control number, item number, project numbers)
- d. The initial estimated project cost from internal utility project approval, the estimated cost in the CCN for the option certificated, the percent of contingency cost included in the CCN estimate, the final project cost, and the percent difference from the estimated cost in the CCN
- e. A breakdown by FERC account (and subaccount) for the total project costs booked to each account that were associated with the CCN
- f. Was a cost in aid of construction charged? If not, why not? If so, please answer the following:
  - i. What was the amount?
  - ii. How was the amount of the contribution calculated?

#### **ANSWER:**

Please see attached PUC01-37 Attachment 1.xlsx.

#### SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Martin Narendorf (Martin Narendorf)

#### **RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:**

PUC01-37 Attachment 1.xlsx

2
	Project	Zenith 138kV	Springwoods	Oyster Creek	Zenith - Franz	Brazos Valley Connection		
a)	PUC Docket	38307	40049	41749	44242	<b>4</b> 4547		
b)	First MCPR	7/15/2010	1/15/2012	9/15/2013	3/15/2015	5/15/2015		
	Control Number, Item Number,							
	Project Number	Utility Project Number 730	Utility Project Number 768	Utility Project Number 834	Utility Project Number 864	Utility Project Number 872		
c)	Final MCPR	8/15/2012	11/15/2015	9/15/2018	12/15/2017	12/15/2018		
	Initial estimated cost from internal							
	approval	\$ 6,091,000	\$ 9,547,000	\$ 12,552,000	\$ 11,200,000	\$ 275,596,000		
	estimated cost in the CCN for option							
	certificated	\$ 6,091,000	\$ 9,547,000	\$ 12,552,000	\$ 11,200,000	\$ 296,270,000		
d)	% contingency included in the CCN	For each project, cost estimates v	vere based on historical information ga	thered from past projects and the mos	it recent manufacturer quotes for	15%		
	estimate		construction materials and labor. No ac	ditional contingency was documented		15/4		
	Final project cost	\$ 6,413,673	\$ 8,593,292	\$ 15,304,542	\$ 10,827,005	\$ 276,213,325		
	% difference from the estimated cost							
	in the CCN	5%	-10%	22%	-3%	-7%		
e)	Breakdown by FERC account (and subaccount) for the total project costs booked to each account that were associated with the CCN							
	Was a CIAC charged?	Νο	No	CIAC was not charged for the interconnection since it was for a generator but the customer securitized costs associated with the project	No	No		
f)	Why or why not?	The project addressed system reliability concerns and was not driven by a single customer	The project addressed system reliability concerns and was not driven by a single customer	The upgrades were necessary in order to connect Freeport LNG's generator	The project addressed system reliability concerns and was not driven by a single customer	The project addressed system reliability concerns and was not driven by a single customer		
	). What was the amount?	n/a	n/a	\$300k securitization for the CCN development \$18,792,000 securitization for the transmission line and generator lead to their plant	n/a	n/a		
	II How was the amount of the							
	contribution calculated?	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		

For any Facilities you seek to recover for which the commission granted a CCN, provide the following information

## CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET NO. 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

# PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC01-38

# QUESTION:

MCPR - Monthly Construction Progress Reports filed with the Commission

For any new transmission lines that did not require a CCN, complete the following:

- a. Explain the need for the new facility.
- b. If the need was to connect a new single-point load customer or generation source, was a cost in aid of construction charged? If not, why not? If so,
  - i. What was the amount?
  - ii. How was the amount of the contribution calculated?
- c. The first MCPR on which the project was reported (control number, item number, project numbers)
- d. The final MCPR on which the project was reported (control number, item number, project numbers)
- e. The initial estimated project cost from internal utility project approval, the percent of contingency cost included in the estimate, the final project cost, and the percent difference from the estimated cost
- f. A breakdown by FERC account (and subaccount) for the total project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.

# ANSWER:

Please see PUC01-38 Attachment 1.

#### SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Martin Narendorf (Martin Narendorf)

**RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:** PUC01-38 Attachment 1.xls

2

C01-38 Attachment 1								
	a) explain the need for the project	a) explain the need for the project b			b) If the need was to connect a single point load customer or gener			
Project Name	Description	Type of Project (New Customer Service, Network Improvement, Relocation)	Y/N	If not, why not?	If so, what was the amount?			
Kirby Substation	138 kV service to Kirby Substation within one mile of Ckt 90A	n within one mile of Ckt 90A Network Improvement		The project carned system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
W.A. Parish Substation	345 kV service to W.A. Parish Substation within one mile of Ckt. 64A and 72A	Network Improvement	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Fry Road Substation	138 kV service to Fry Road Substation within one mile of Ckts. 09J and 76A	Network Improvement	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Fort Bend Substation	69 kV service to Fort Bend Substation within one mile of Ckt. 49B	Network Improvement	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/e			
Fort Bend-Rosenberg	Partial Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt. 49B to 138 kV, Partial Rebuild and Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt 49A, 138 kV service to Fort Bend Substation within one mile of Ckt. 49B	Network Improvement	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Flewellen-Fort Bend	Partial Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt 49A to 138 kV, Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt 49A, Installation, on an existing frammission line, of an additional 138 kV circuit not previously certificated 138 kV service to Fort Bend Substation within one mile of Ckts. 49A and 09G	Network Improvement	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
TEXAS_ Substation	138 kV service to TEXAS_ Substation within one mile of Ckt. 87E	New Customer Service	No	This service extension was part of a 69kV to 138kV conversion project.	n/a			
CRSBAY Substation	138 kV service to CRSBAY substation within one mile of Ckt. 84A	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$1,357,000			
DUNCAN Substation	138 kV service to DUNCAN substation within one mile of Ckt. 86D	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$2,950,000			
SCRDLE Substation	138 kV service to SCRDLE substation within one mile of Ckt. 92A	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$5,885,000			
DEPOT Substation	138 kV service to DEPOT Substation within one mile of Ckt. 84A	New Customer Service	Yes	n/e	\$1,794,000			
WINFRE Substation	138 kV service to WINFRE Substation within one mile of Ckt. 86C	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$1,848,500			
BARNES Substation	135 kV service to BARNES Substation within one mile of Ckt. 888	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$1,263,000			
NORTON Substation	138 kV service to NORTON Substation within one mile of Ckt. 86C	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$5,698,898			

JC01-38 Attachment 1			<u> </u>				
	a) explain the need for the project	b) If the	b) If the need was to connect a single point load customer or gener				
Project Name	Description	Type of Project (New Customer Service, Network Improvement, Relocation)	Y/N	If not, why not?	if so, what was the amount?		
TANKER Substation	138 kV service to TANKER Substation within one mile of Ckt 94K	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$805,000		
MILLER Substation	138 kV service to MILLER Substation within one mile of Ckt. 882	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$2,100,000		
RALYND Substation	138 kV service to RALYND Substation within one mile of Ckt 86C and 86F	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$2,380,000		
SEADOC Substation	138 kV service to SEADOC Substation within one mile of Ckt. 02F, Installation, on an existing transmission kine, of an additional 138 kV circuit not previously certificated	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$4,050,000		
LNGSTN Substation	138 kV service to LNGSTN Substation within one mile of Ckts. 86C and 86K	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$4,207,000		
CONNER Substation	136 kV service to CONNER Substation within one mile of Ckts. 86D and 86J	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$3,855,000		
MCCABE Substation	138 kV service to MCCABE Substation within one mile of Ckt. 96B	New Customer Service	Yes	Na	\$951,000		
RANGER Substation	138 kV service to RANGER Substation within one mile of Ckt 84G	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$12,780		
ALKANE Substation	138 kV service to ALKANE Substation within one mile of Ckt. 96D	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$1,827,000		
MARINE Substation	138 kV Service to MARINE Substation within one mile of Ckt. 47C	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$3,974,600		
MOORE_ Substation	138 kV Service to MOORE_ Substation within one mile of Ckt 08F	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$3,747,255		
FOSTER Substation	138 kV Service to FOSTER Substation within one mile of Ckt 25E	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$230,000		
CAMDEN Substation	138 kV Service to CAMDEN Substation within one mile of Ckl. 26E	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$1,778,435		
BUNKER Substation	138 kV Service to BUNKER Substation within one mile of Ckt 088	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$2,648,765		
COPPER Substation	138 kV Service to COPPER Substation within one mile of Ckt 02E	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$2,206,000		
MIRAGE Substation	138 kV Service to MIRAGE Substation within one mile of Ckt. 968, Partial Rebuild of 38 kV Ckts. 968 and 96F	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$1,469,000		
CORTEZ Substation	138 kV Service to CORTEZ Substation within one mile of Ckts 59I and 59K	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$2,266,485		
TEXWAL Substation	69 kV Service to TEXWAL Substation within one mile of Ckt. 10A	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$1,655,000		
HUDSON Substation	138 kV Service to HUDSON Substation writhin one mile of Ckts. 04A	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$907,500		

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UC01-38 Attachment 1							
	<ul> <li>explain the need for the project</li> </ul>			b) If the need was to connect a single point load customer or genera			
Project Name	Description	Type of Project (New Customer Service, Network Improvement, Relocation)	Y/N	if not, why not?	lf so, what was the amo⊔nt?		
PATRIK Substation	138 kV Service to PATRIK Substation within one mile of Ckt 06J, Partial Rebuild of 69 kV Ckts. 16A and 23A	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$1,850,000		
RUSSEL Substation	138 kV Service to RUSSEL Substation within one mile of Ckt. 84F	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$2,099,000		
GLOBAL Substation	138 kV Service to GLOBAL Substation within one mile of Ckt. 82D	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$4,385,000		
WINMIL Substation	138 kV Service to WINMIL Substation within one mile of Ckt. 26B	New Customer Service	Yes	r/a	\$1,725,000		
DALTON Substation	138 kV Service to DALTON Substation within one mile of Ckt 861, Modification of 138 kV Ckt. 861 for fiber optics cable.	New Customer Service	Yes	n/a	\$3,760,000		
Rothwood Substation	138 kV and 345 kV service to Rothwood Substation within one mile of Ckts. 66C and 74B	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a		
Meadow Substation	345 kV service to Meadow Substation within one mile of Ckt. 99A	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a		
Dow Substation	345 kV service to Dow Substation within one mile of Ckt. 18A	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a		
Atascocita Substation	138 kV service to Atascocita Substation within one mile of Ckt. 66E	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a		
Crabb River Substation	138 kV service to Crabb River Substation within one mile of Ckt. 80B	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a		
Jordan Substation	138 kV and 345 kV service to Jordan Substation within one mile of Ckts. 86C, 86D, and 99G	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a		
Alexander Island Substation	138 kV service to Alexander Island Substation within one mile of Ckts. 84B and 87D	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a		
Rothwood Substation	345 kV service to Rothwood Substation within one mile of Ckts. 74H and 75B	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a		
Fort Bend Substation	69 kV service to Fort Bend Substation within one mile of Ckt. 49B	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a		
Ellington Substation	138 kV service to Ellington Substation within one mile of Ckts. 06K, 07A, and 91A	Service to a Substation	No	The project carned system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a		

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PUC01-38 Attachment 1								
	a) explain the need for the project			b) If the need was to connect a single point load customer or genera				
Project Name	Description	Type of Project (New Customer Service, Network Improvement, Relocation)	Y/N	If not, why not?	If so, what was the amount?			
Lyondell Substation	138 kV Service to Lyondell Substation within one mile of Ckt. 03G	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Rothwood Substation (Phase 2)	138 kV Service to Rothwood Substation within one mile of Ckts. 66C and 66I	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Tanner Substation	138 kV Service to Tanner Substation within one mile of Ckts. 24A and 76A	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Orchard Substation	138 kV Service to Orchard Substation within one mile of Ckt. 60A	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Tiki Island Substation	138 kV Service to Tiki Island Substation within one mile of Ckt 01B	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
La Marque Substation	Partial Rebuild and Partial Reconductor of 138 kV Ckt. 01B, 138 kV Service to La Marque Substation within one mile of Ckts. 63D, 63E, and 93B	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Bailey Substation	345 kV Service to Bailey Substation within one mile of Ckt. 72C	Service to a Substation	No	The project carned system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Franz Substation	138 kV Service to Franz Substation within one mile of Ckts. 09H and 66A, Partial Rebuild of 345 kV Ckts. 71D and 99F	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Jones Creek Substation	138 kV Service to Jones Creek Substation within one mile of Ckts. 02F, 48F, and 59K, 345 kV Service to Jones Creek Substation within one mile of Ckt. 18A	Service to a Substation	No	The project carned system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Sandy Point Substation	138 kV Service to Sandy Point Substation within one mile of Ckt 96F	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			
Bringhurst Substation	69 kV Service to Bringhurst Substation within one mile of Ckt. 12A, Partial Rebuild of 69 kV Ckt. 12A	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a			

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PUC01-38 Attachment 1						
	a) explain the need for the project	b) If th	b) If the need was to connect a single point load customer or genera			
Project Name	Description	Type of Project (New Customer Service, Network Improvement, Relocation)	Y/N	If not, why not?	if so, what was the amount?	
Southwyck Substation	138 kV Service to Southwyck Substation within one mile of of Ckt. 26A, Installation, on an existing transmission line, of an additional 138 kV circuit not previously certificated	Service to a Substation	No	The project carried system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a	
FOSTER Loop	Installation, on an existing transmission line, of an additional 138 kV circuit not previously certified.	Service to a Substation	No	The project carned system wide benefit and was not specific to a single customer	n/a	

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JC01-38 Attachment 1							
	lion source, was a CIAC charged?	source, was a CIAC charged? c) The first MCPR on which the project reported and the project number		d) The final MCPR on whic was reported and the pro	h the project ject number	<ul> <li>e) The initial estimated project cost from inter contingency cost included in the estimate, the fi from the estim</li> </ul>	
Project Name	How was it Calculated?	Initial MCPR Date	Utility's Project Number	Final MCPR Date	Utility's Project Number	Filed Initial Estimated Project Cost	% Contingency Cost
Kirby Substation n/a Novemb		November 15, 2011	770.0	07/15/12	770.0	\$565,000	0%
W A. Parish Substation	n/a	July 15, 2012	805.0	11/15/13	805.0	\$380,000	0%
Fry Road Substation	n/a June 15, 2014 614.0 06/15/15 614.0 \$191		\$191,000	0%			
Fort Bend Substation	orl Bend Substation n/a Ma		853.2	04/15/16	853.2	\$488,000	0%
Fort Bend-Rosenberg	n/a	July 15, 2014	853,3	11/15/15	853.3	\$1,913,000	0%
Flewellen-Fort Bend	Flewellen-Fort Bend n/a		853.5	11/15/15	853.5	\$509,000	0%
TEXAS_ Substation	n/a	October 15, 2010	718.0	05/15/12	718 0	\$1,034,000	0%
CRSBAY Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	January 7, 2011	763.0	10/15/11	763.0	\$1,357,000	0%
DUNCAN Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	January 17, 2011	781 0	09/15/11	781.0	\$2,950,000	0%
SCRDLE Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	September 15, 2011	793.0	08/15/12	793.0	\$5,885,000	0%
DEPOT Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	February 15, 2012	799.0	12/14/12	799.0	\$1,794,000	0%
WINFRE Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	June 15, 2012	812.0	08/15/13	812.0	\$1,848,500	0%
BARNES Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	May 15, 2012	792.0	08/15/13	792 0	\$1,263,000	0%
NORTON Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	September 15, 2012	813.0	04/15/14	813.0	\$5,698,898	0%

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PUC01-38 Attachment 1							
	tion source, was a CIAC charged?	c) The first MCPR on which the project was reported and the project number		d) The final MCPR on which the project was reported and the project number		<ul> <li>e) The initial estimated project cost from inte contingency cost included in the estimate, the from the estim</li> </ul>	
Project Name	Project Name How was it Calculated? Initial MCPR Date Project Numbe		Utility's Project Number	Final MCPR Date	Uhlity's Project Number	Filed Initial Estimated Project Cost	% Contingency Cost
TANKER Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	January 15, 2013	844.0	12/15/13	844.0	\$805,000	0%
MILLER Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	December 15, 2012	833.0	02/14/14	833 0	\$2,100,000	0%
RALYND Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	March 15, 2013	846.0	04/15/14	846.0	\$2,380,000	0%
SEADOC Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	June 15, 2013	850 0	05/15/15	850.0	\$4,050,000	0%
LNGSTN Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	July 15, 2013	852.0	05/15/15	852.0	\$4,207,000	0%
CONNER Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	September 15, 2013	849.0	05/15/15	849.0	\$3,855,000	0%
MCCABE Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	March 14, 2014	848.0	05/15/15	848.0	\$951,000	0%
RANGER Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	December 15, 2014	895.0	10/15/15	895.0	\$12,780	0%
ALKANE Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	December 15, 2014	917.0	07/14/17	917.0	\$1,827,000	0%
MARINE Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	February 15, 2015	904.0	02/15/17	904.0	\$3,974,600	0%
MOORE_ Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	May 15, 2015	855 0	11/15/16	855.0	\$3,747,255	0%
FOSTER Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	November 15, 2015	853.8	08/15/16	853.8	\$230,000	0%
CAMDEN Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	November 15, 2015	937.0	11/15/16	937.0	\$1,778,435	0%
BUNKER Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	January 15, 2016	965.0	03/15/17	965.0	\$2,648,765	0%
COPPER Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	November 15, 2015	960.0	04/16/17	960 0	\$2,206,000	0%
MIRAGE Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	August 15, 2016	978.0	06/15/17	978 0	\$1,469,000	0%
CORTEZ Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	September 15, 2016	865 0	07/15/18	865 0	\$2,266,485	0%
TEXWAL Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	June 15, 2017	993.0	02/15/19	993 0	\$1,655,000	0%
HUDSON Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	October 13, 2017	1005.0		1005.0	\$907,500	0%

PUC01-38 Attachment 1							
	tion source, was a CIAC charged?	c) The first MCPR on which the project was reported and the project number		d) The final MCPR on whi was reported and the pro	ch the project oject number	<ul> <li>e) The initial estimated project cost from inte contingency cost included in the estimate, the from the estim</li> </ul>	
Project Name	How was it Calculated?	Initial MCPR Date	Utility's Project Number	Final MCPR Date	Utility's Project Number	Filed Initial Estimated Project Cost	% Contingency Cost
PATRIK Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	November 15, 2017	991.0		991.0	\$1,850,000	0%
RUSSEL Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	March 15, 2018	1001.0		1001.0	\$2,099,000	0%
GLOBAL Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	May 15, 2018	981.2		981.2	\$4,385,000	0%
WINMIL Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	May 15, 2018	996 0		996.0	\$1,725,000	0%
DALTON Substation	The CIAC is the estimated cost for the facility extension	January 15, 2018	1132.0		1132.0	\$3,760,000	0%
Rothwood Substation	n/a	April 15, 2009	707 0	09/15/10	707.0	\$2,366,000	0%
Meadow Substation	n/a	September 15, 2009	665.0	11/15/10	665.0	\$2,250,000	0%
Dow Substation	n/a	February 15, 2012	764 0	07/15/12	764.0	\$48,000	0%
Atascocita Substation	n/a	January 15, 2013	836.0	09/16/13	836.0	\$153,000	0%
Crabb River Substation	n/a	January 15, 2013	842.0	04/15/14	842.0	\$267,000	0%
Jordan Substation	n/a	June 15, 2013	811.1	01/15/15	811.1	\$7,367,000	0%
Alexander Island Substation	n/a	November 15, 2014	903.0	05/15/16	903 0	\$358,000	0%
Rothwood Substation	n/a	November 15, 2014	900.0	01/15/16	900 0	\$2,186,000	0%
Fort Bend Substation	n/a	December 15, 2014	853.6	11/15/15	853.6	\$430,000	0%
Ellington Substation	n/a	October 15, 2014	902.0	09/15/15	902.0	\$345,000	0%
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PUC01-38 Attachment 1					<u> </u>		
	ion source, was a CIAC charged?	c) The first MCPR on which the project was reported and the project number		d) The final MCPR on which the project was reported and the project number		<ul> <li>e) The initial estimated project cost from inter contingency cost included in the estimate, the fr from the estim</li> </ul>	
Project Name	How was it Calculated?	Initial MCPR Date	Date Utility's Project Fina Number		Utility's Project Number	Filed Initial Estimated Project Cost	% Contingency Cost
Lyondell Substation	n/a	August 15, 2015	August 15, 2015 948.0 07/14/17 948.0 \$		\$295,000	0%	
Rothwood Substation (Phase 2)	n/a	January 15, 2016	900.1	09/15/16	900.1	\$834,000	0%
Tanner Substation	n/a	April 15, 2015	vpril 15, 2015 894.0 02/15/17 894.0 \$7,417,0		\$7,417,000	0%	
Orchard Substation	n/a	n/a November 15, 2015 952.0 08/15/16 95:		952 0	\$204,000	0%	
Tiki Island Substation	n/a	November 15, 2015	912.1	11/15/16	912.1	\$197,000	0%
La Marque Substation	n/a	November 15, 2015	912.0	01/16/17	912.0	\$1,446,000	0%
Beiley Substation	Bailey Substation n/a Novembe		949 0	01/16/17	949.0	\$2,115,000	0%
Franz Substation	n/a	September 15, 2016	1183.0	11/15/17	1183 0	\$2,867,000	0%
Jones Creek Substation	n/a	April 15, 2016	840.0	10/13/17	840.0	\$15,021,000	0%
Sandy Point Substation	n/a	October 15, 2016	857.0	09/15/17	857.0	\$2,619,000	0%
Bringhurst Substation	Bringhurst Substation n/a February 15, 2017		1157.0	06/15/18	1157.0	\$1,395,000	0%

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PUC01-38 Attachment 1							
	tion source, was a CIAC charged?	c) The first MCPR on which the project was reported and the project number		d) The final MCPR on which the project was reported and the project number		e) The initial estimated project cost from inter contingency cost included in the estimate, the fi from the estim	
Project Name	How was it Calculated?	Initial MCPR Date	Utility's Project Number	Final MCPR Date	Utility's Project Number	Filed Initial Estimated Project Cost	% Contingency Cost
Southwyck Substation	n/a	January 15, 2018	954.3	9/27/2018	954 3	\$1,635,000	0%
FOSTER Loop	n/a	April 15, 2015	853.7		853.7	\$396,000	0%

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PUC01-38 Attachment 1						
	nal utility project approval, the percent of nal project cost, and the percent difference ated cost				f) A break	down by FERC account (and suba
Project Name	Final Actual Project Cost	% Difference	E35001	E35101	E35201	E35401
Southwyck Substation	\$934,026.50	-42.9%				
FOSTER Loop	\$376,104	-5 0%				

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C01-38 Attachment 1					
	ccount) for the total project costs b	booked to each account that were	associated with the project		
				T	
Project Name	E35501	E35601	E35901	E36201	RWIP
Kirby Substation	179,507.01	67,824 23			
W.A. Parish Substation	1,324.39	22,967.73	141,798.00		
Fry Road Substation	49,902.56	27,525 79			
Fort Bend Substation	369,489.95	79,696.84			
Fort Bend-Rosenberg	136,748.75	338,442 19			
Flewellen-Fort Bend	177,629.68	500,265.92			
TEXAS_ Substation	426,703 26	445,887.30			
CRSBAY Substation		30.59			
DUNCAN Substation		(138,168.89)			
SCRDLE Substation	(24,795.70)	(61,167 22)		(100,895.12)	
DEPOT Substation		(39,387.81)			
WINFRE Substation		(6,845 99)			
BARNES Substation	2,804.47	11,124 15			
NORTON Substation	227,082 10	602,826.56			
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

PUC01-38 Attachment 1					
	ccount) for the total project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.				
Project Name	E35501	E35601	E35901	E36201	RWIP
TANKER Substation	(2,265 99)	(15,404.60)			
MILLER Substation		331,300.98			
RALYND Substation	(19,096 10)	(7,732.62)			
SEADOC Substation	(13,954.47)	(393,480.36)			
LNGSTN Substation	(8,153.42)	(76,361.86)			
CONNER Substation	(15,406.94)	(56,090 70)			
MCCABE Substation		(14,643.49)			
RANGER Substation	20,563.50	25,532 12			
ALKANE Substation	19,792.69	34,691.88			
MARINE Substation	(309,911.12)	(93,014.69)			
MOORE_ Substation	35,339.93	92,573.56			
FOSTER Substation		127,035.74			
CAMDEN Substation		15,120.04			
BUNKER Substation	3,124.73	58,099.05			135,445.83
COPPER Substation		110,044.23			
MIRAGE Substation	(31,953.07)	(37,141.54)			81,506.24
CORTEZ Substation		58,371.13			
TEXWAL Substation	30,777.99	94,900.57			
HUDSON Substation					

Project Name       E35501       E35601       E35901       E36201       RWP         PATRIK Substation       Image: Control of the lotal project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.       RWP         PATRIK Substation       Image: Control of the lotal project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.       RWP         PATRIK Substation       Image: Control of the lotal project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.       RWP         RUSSEL Substation       Image: Control of the lotal project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.       RWP         QLOBAL Substation       Image: Control of the lotal project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.       Image: Control of the lotal project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.         QLOBAL Substation       Image: Control of the lotal project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.       Image: Control of the lotal project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.         DALTON Substation       Image: Control of the lotal project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.       Image: Control of the lot of	PUC01-38 Attachment 1						
Project NameE35501E35601E35901E35201RWIPPATRIK Substation </th <th></th> <th colspan="6">ccount) for the total project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.</th>		ccount) for the total project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.					
PATRIK SubstationImage: state	Project Name	E35501	E35601	E35901	E36201	RWIP	
RUSSEL SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationGLOBAL SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationWINNIL SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationDALTON SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationRothwood SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationMeadow SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationDow SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationAtascocita SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationJorden SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationJorden SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationAlexender Island SubstationImage: substation<	PATRIK Substation						
GLOBAL SubstationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationDALTON SubstationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationRothwood SubstationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationMeadow SubstationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationDow SubstationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationCrabb River SubstationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationJordan SubstationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationAlexander Island SubstationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationImage: constraint of the substationAlexander Island SubstationImage: constraint of the substationI	RUSSEL Substation						
WINML SubstationImage: substationImage: substationImage: substationDALTON SubstationControl (Control (Co	GLOBAL Substation						
DALTON SubstationImage: state	WINMIL Substation						
Rothwood SubstationImage: State Sta	DALTON Substation						
Meadow Substation43,477.00Image: Constant of the second sec	Rothwood Substation		86,394.47	35,076.90			
Dow Substation72,453.00Image: Control of Co	Meadow Substation		43,477.00				
Atascocita Substation         41,524.77         36,979.89         Image: Crabb River Substation         167,875.19         82,506.85         Image: Crabb River Substation         1138,271.81         681,085.99         Image: Crabb River Substation         S3,730.50         72,269.62         Image: Crabb River Substation         Image: Crabb River Substation         S3,730.50         72,269.62         Image: Crabb River Substation         Image: Crabb River Substation         S3,730.50         72,269.62         Image: Crabb River Substation         Image: Crabb River Substation         Image: Crabb River Substation         S3,730.50         72,269.62         Image: Crabb River Substation         Image: Crabb River Substation <th imag<="" td=""><td>Dow Substation</td><td></td><td>72,453.00</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th>	<td>Dow Substation</td> <td></td> <td>72,453.00</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Dow Substation		72,453.00			
Crabb River Substation         167,875,19         82,506 85 </td <td>Atascocita Substation</td> <td>41,524.77</td> <td>36,979.89</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Atascocita Substation	41,524.77	36,979.89				
Jorden Substation         138,271.81         681,085.99           Alexander Island Substation         53,730.50         72,269 62	Crabb River Substation	167,875.19	82,506 85				
Alexander Island Substation 53,730.50 72,269 62	Jorden Substation	138,271.81	681,085.99				
	Alexander Island Substation	53,730.50	72,269 62				
Rothwood Substation 82,884 91	Rothwood Substation		82,884 91				
Fort Bend Substation 181,395.39 95,354 26 53,712.46	Fort Bend Substation	181,395.39	95,354 26			53,712.46	
Ellington Substation 19,870 81 53,367.08	Ellington Substation	19,870 81	53,367.08				

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PUC01-38 Attachment 1						
	ccount) for the total project costs b	count) for the total project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project				
Project Name	E35501	E35601	E35901	E36201	RWIP	
Lyondell Substation	77,275.85	27,630.41				
Rothwood Substation (Phase 2)		87,297.12				
Tanner Substation	36,578 43	708,394.75				
Orchard Substation	58,040.58	13,816.91			:	
Tiki Island Substation	32,881.90	67,878.96				
La Marque Substation	91,819.80	337,241.11				
Beiley Substation	477,667.30					
Franz Substation	32,256.90	116,094.01				
Jones Creek Substation	<del>999</del> ,590.19					
Sandy Point Substation	451,229.19	608,969.17				
Bringhurst Substation	52,103.48	106,486.87				

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PUC01-38 Attachment 1					
	count) for the total project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.				
Project Name	E35501	E35601	E35901	E36201	RWIP
Southwyck Substation	43,312.42	778,232 70			112,481.38
FOSTER Loop		376,104 34			

## CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET NO. 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

# PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC01-39

## **QUESTION:**

For any new substation or high voltage switching stations for which the utility seeks rate recovery please complete the following table for the completed station costs:

Project Portion	Cost	FERC Accounts
Design, Planning,		
Engineering		
Land, Land rights,		
and other common		
costs (if T and D)		
Labor		
Total Components		
Transformers		
(total units		
and cost per		
unit)		
Control		
House and		
Communications		
Bus and		
Breakers, and		
Switches		
Total		n/a

# ANSWER:

Please see attachment titled "PUC01-39 Attachment 1.xlsx".

# SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Martin Narendorf (Martin Narendorf)

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# **RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:**

PUC01-39 Attachment 1.xlsx

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# Cost shown are "inside the Substation fence only".

"Other" includes Overheads, Employee Expenses, A&G, Rental, Contribution in Aid of Construction(CIAC), etc.

Substation Name	Springwoods		
Project Portion		Cost	FERC Accounts
Design, Planning, Engineering		272,529.91	E36101/E36201
Land,Land Rights, and other			
common costs (if T and D)		1,442,038.85	E35001
Labor		4,891,749 78	E36101/E36201
Total Components		5,207,280 18	E36101/E36201
Transformers	2 Units @ 1,780,041.35 ea.	3,560,082.70	E36201
Control House and			
Communications		75,446 27	E36101/E36201
Bus and Breakers, and			
Switches		453,090 49	E36101/E36201
Other		882,769 39	E36101/E36201
Total excluding AFUDC		12,696,368.11	N/A
Total including AFUDC		13,505,096.38	

Substation Name Fry Road		
Project Portion	Cost	FERC Accounts
Design,Planning, Engineering	188,744 72	E36101/E36201
Land,Land Rights, and other		
common costs (If T and D)	678,578.12	E36001
Labor	2,683,936 25	E36101/E36201
Total Components	4,980,739 76	E36101/E36201
Transformers 2 Units @ 1,780,041.35 ea	3,560,082.70	E36201
Control House and		
Communications	61,587.93	E36101/E36201
Bus and Breakers, and	1	
Switches	325,276.84	E36101/E36201
Other	644,804.72	E36101/E36201
Total excluding AFUDC	9,176,803.57	N/A
Total Including AFUDC	9,533,912.03	

Substation Name	Tanner		
Project Portion		Cost	FERC Accounts
Design,Planning, Engineering		166,961 21	E36101/E36201/E39701
Land,Land Rights, and other		1	
common costs (if T and D)		3,334,676.77	E36001
Labor		3,256,459.32	E36101/E36201/E39701
Total Components		4,897,583 05	E36101/E36201/E39701
Transformers	2 Units @ 1,814,548 20 ea	3,629,096 40	E36201
Control House and			
Communications		70,434.21	E36101/E36201/E39701
Bus and Breakers, and	1		
Switches		298,429.87	E36201
Other		877.266 10	E36101/E36201/E39701
	1		
Total excluding AFUDC		12,532,946.45	N/A
Total Including AFUDC		12,790,474.13	

.

Substation Name	Sandy Point		
Project Portion		Cost	FERC Accounts
Design, Planning, Engineering		121,939 97	E36101/E36201
Land, Land Rights, and other			
common costs (if T and D)		1,019,697 33	E36001
Labor		4,716,734 58	E36101/E36201
Total Components		3,502,141.35	E36101/E36201
Transformers	1 Unit @ 1,153,896.29 1 Unit @ 1,133,828 90	2,287,725 19	E36201
Control House and Communications		68,488 61	E36201
Bus and Breakers, and			E36301
Switches		223,240 //	
Other		1,373,609 52	E36101/E36201
Total excluding AFUDC		10,734,122.75	N/A
Total including AFUDC		11,042,087.70	

Substation Name	Village Creek		
Project Portion		Cost	FERC Accounts
Design,Planning, Engineering		276,089.30	E36101/E36201
Land, Land Rights, and other			
common costs (if T and D)		1,255,612.00	E36001
Labor		5,072,180 02	E36101/E36201
Total Components		4,523,808 71	E36101/E36201
Transformers	2 Unit 🔮 \$1,656,589 80	3,313,176.60	E36201
Control House and			
Communications		51,511 14	E36201
Bus and Breakers, and			
Switches		357,844.52	E36201
Other		1,087,513 11	E36101/E36201
Total excluding AFUDC		12,215,203.14	N/A
Total Including AFUDC		12,783,584.78	

Substation Name	Jordan 35KV		
Project Portion		Cost	FERC Accounts
Design,Planning, Engineering		73,932 00	E35301
Land,Land Rights, and other			
common costs (if T and D)		0.00	N/A
Labor		1,432,304.46	E35201/E35301/E39701
Total Components		4,587,895 21	E35201/E35301/E39701
Transformers	2 @ 1,766,168 03 ea	3,532,336.06	E35301
Control House and			
Communications		52,273.92	E35201
Bus and Breakers, and			
Switches		300,096 63	E35201/E35301
Other		438,005 93	E35201/E35301/E39701
Total excluding AFUDC		6,532,138.60	N/A
Total Including AFUDC		6,906,745.83	

Substation Name Meadow			
Project Portion	Cost	FERC Accounts	
Design,Planning, Engineering	293,173.23	E35201/E35301	
Land,Land Rights, and other			
common costs (if T and D)	0.00	N/A	
	·····		
Labor	1,505,500 57	E35201/E35301	
Total Components	3,365,024.67	E35201/E35301	
Transformers	000	N/A	
		····	
Control House and			
Communications	109,932 08	E35201/E35301	
Durand Darahara			
Bus and breakers, and			
Switches	1,054,884 73	E35301	
0+L			
	/99,/12.33	E35201/E35301	
Total excluding AEUDC	E 852 410 80	N/A	
Total including ACIDC	5,565,410.80		
	<b>0,324,083.</b> 57	l	

Substation Name	Rothwood		
Project Portion		Cost	FERC Accounts
Design, Planning, Engineering		548,699 44	E35001/E35201/E35301
Land,Land Rights, and other			
common costs (if T and D)		3,820,518.08	E35001
Labor		5,152,848.45	E35001/E35201/E35301
Total Components		9,566,764 03	E35201/E35301
Transformers	1 @ \$4,659,990.35	4,659,990.35	E35301
Control House and Communications		87,776 38	E35201/E35301
Bus and Breakers, and Switches		1.467.164 10	E35201/E35301
Other		1,681,230 98	E35001/E35201/E35301
Total excluding AFUDC		20,770,060.96	N/A
Total including AFUDC		22,185,442.22	

Substation Name Zenith 345KV				
Project Portion	Cost	FERC Accounts		
Design, Planning, Engineering	303,108.31	E35201/E35301		
Land,Land Rights, and other				
common costs (if T and D)	0.00	N/A		
Labor	5,992,373.24	E35201/E35301		
Total Components	5,706,185.82	E35201/E35301		
Transformers	0.00	N/A		
Control House and				
Communications	82,870.00	E35201		
Bus and Breakers, and				
Switches	2,008,419 63	E35201/E35301		
Other	2,105,134.62	E35201/E35301		
Total excluding AFUDC	14,106,801.99	N/A		
Total including AFUDC	15,163,970.50			

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Substation Name Zenith 138KV		
Project Portion	Cost	FERC Accounts
Design, Planning, Engineering	26,464.68	E35201/E35301
Land, Land Rights, and other		
common costs (if T and D)		N/A
Labor	2,958,655.86	E35201/E35301/E35601
Total Components	3,367,252.07	E35201/E35301/E35601
Transformers	0.00	N/A
Control House and		
Communications	7,273 98	E35301
Bus and Breakers, and		
Switches	1,506,389.17	E35301
	743 245 25	
	/43,/46.35	E35201/E35301/E35001
Total excluding AFIIDC	7.0%5.118.95	N/A
Total including AFUDC	7,546,157.37	

Substation Name Jordan 345/138KV			
Project Portion		Cost	FERC Accounts
Design, Planning, Engineering		543,333.47	E35001/E36001/E35201/E35301/E39701
Land,Land Rights, and other			
common costs (if T and D)		2,014,000 00	E35001/E36001
Labor		8,548,331 46	E35001/E36001/E35201/E35301/E39701
Total Components		12,486,604 21	E35201/E35301/E39701
Transformers	1 @ 5,579,205.00	5,579,205.00	E35201
Control House and			
Communications		246,473.24	E35201/E35301/E39701
Bus and Breakers, and			
Switches		2,590,946.16	E35201/E35301
Other		1,877,704.10	E35001/E36001/E35201/E35301/E39701
Total excluding AFUDC		25,469,973.24	N/A
Total Including AFUDC		27,090,598.73	

Substation Name Jones Creek				
Project Portion		Cost	FERC Accounts	
Design, Planning, Engineering		579,206 36	E35201/E35301/E39701	
Land, Land Rights, and other	1			
common costs (if T and D)		0.00	N/A	
Labor		44,043,172.88	E35201/E35301/E39701	
Total Components		16,345,603.94	E35201/E35301/E39701	
Transformers	2 @ 4,276,957 50 ea	8,553,915.00	E35301	
Control House and				
Communications		186,535 84	E35201/E35301/E39701	
Bus and Breakers, and				
Switches		2,240,792.33	E35201/E35301	
Other		5,227,059.94	E35201/E35301/E39701	
Total excluding AFUDC	]	66,195,043.12	N/A	
Total including AFUDC		68,422,608.94		

Substation Name Bailey				
Project Portion		Cost	FERC Accounts	
Design,Planning, Engineering		492,513 36	E35301	
Land, Land Rights, and other				
common costs (if T and D)	ļ	0.00	N/A	
Labor		6,698,737.35	E35201/E35301	
Total Components		4,175,039 57	E35301	
Transformers		0.00	N/A	
Control House and			E2E301	
Communications		82,138,51		
Bus and Breakers, and Switches		1,361,235 01	E35301	
Other	includes (1,500,000) CIAC	(519,488 35)	E35201/E35301	
Total excluding AFUDC		10,846,801.93		N/A
Total Including AFUDC		11,129,293.54	1	

Substation Name	Name Oyster Creek				
Project Portion		Cost	FERC Accounts		
Design,Planning, Engineering		82,733 14	E35201/E35301		
Land,Land Rights, and other					
common costs (if T and D)		0.00	N/A		
Labor		3,974,939,42	E35201/E35301		
Total Components		3,574,889.35	E35201/E35301		
Transformers	· · · ·	0.00	N/A		
Control House and			·····		
Communications		342,286 69	E35301		
Bus and Breakers, and					
Switches		654,049.54	E35301		
Other	Includes (1.030.000) CIAC	22,375 55	E35201/E35301		
Total excluding AFUDC		7,654,937.46	N/A		
Total Including AFUDC		7,872,586.16			

## CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET NO. 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

# PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC01-40

# **QUESTION:**

For any new substation or high voltage switching stations for which the utility seeks rate recovery, provide the following.

- a. Whether the station was included as part of a project discussed in Questions 1-37 or 1-38, above.
- b. The first MCPR on which the project was reported (control number, item number, project numbers)
- c. The final MCPR on which the project was reported (control number, item number, project numbers)
- d. The initial estimated project cost from internal utility project approval, the percent of contingency cost included in the estimate, the final project cost, and the percent difference from the estimated cost
- e. A breakdown by FERC account (and subaccount) for the total project costs booked to each account that were associated with the project.

## ANSWER:

- a. The new substations and high voltage switching stations for which the utility seeks rate recovery may have been part of a project discussed in Questions 1-37 and 1-38, but the costs for the actual substation construction are not included in the estimates or final cost reports.
- b. New substation construction is not filed on the MCPR, only the transmission work to interconnect the new substation.
- c. New substation construction is not filed on the MCPR, only the transmission work to interconnect the new substation.
- d. See attached PUC1-40 Attachment 1
- e. See attached PUC1-40 Attachment 1

# SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Martin Narendorf (Martin Narendorf)

**RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:** PUC01-40 Attachment 1.xlsx

#### SOAH Docket No. 473-19-3864 PUC Docket No. 49421 PUC01-40 Attachment 1 xlsx Page 1 of 1

	Total
Meadow \$ 7,000,000 \$ 6,324,083 0% -9.66% 0.00 262,580.75 6,061,502 52 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	6,324,083.27
Rothwood \$ 21,500,000 \$ 22,185,442 0% 3 19% 4,343,111.96 3,490,297.44 14,352,032.82	22,185,442 22
Zenth 345kv \$ 15,400,000 \$ 15,163,971 0% -1.53% 4,602,554 43 10,561,416.09	15,163, <b>970</b> 52
Zenith 138kv \$ 16,800,000 \$ 7,546,157 0% -55.08% 135,726.99 7,088,332.04 9,373.70 312,724 59	7,546,157.32
Jordan \$ 30,750,000 \$ 27,090,599 0% -11.90% 3,953,653.20 14,086,698.45 2,541,402 99 6,132,155.23 376,688 86	27,090,598.73
Jones Creek \$ 52,900,000 \$ 68,422,609 0% 29 34% 0 00 31,196,835.90 37,140,121 95 0.00 0 00 0 00 0 00 85,651 09 0.0	68,422,608.94
Bailey \$ 13,630,000 \$ 11,129,294 0% -18 35% 0 00 91,822.41 10,964,586 35 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 72,884 7	11,129,293 54
Oyster Creek \$ 13,500,000 \$ 7,872,586 0% -41 68% 0 00 285,772 09 8,537,637.26 0 00 0 00 0 00 0.00 0.00 (950,823 1	7,872,586.16
Springwoods \$ 11,660,000 \$ 13,505,096 0% 15.82% 1,557,633.98 3,769,176.22 8,178,286 18	13,505,096.38
Fry Road \$ 8,745,000 \$ 9,533,912 0% 9.02% 733,910.72 2,030,108 96 6,769,892 35	9,533,912.03
Tanner \$ 11,000,000 \$ 12,790,474 0% 16.28% 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 3,636,192 11 1,402,786.64 7,687,318 89 15,020.72 49,156.1	12,790,474 49
Sandy Point \$ 6,160,000 \$ 11,042,088 0% 79.25% 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2,335,805.63 6,911,089.57 0.00 1,795,192 5	11,042,087.70
Village Creek \$ 11,880,000 \$ 12,783,585 0% 7.61% 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1,255,612.20 671,309.65 10,414,457.83 0.00 442,205.1	12,783,584.78
Jordan 35KV \$ 6,434,799 \$ 6,906,746 0% 7.33% 0.00 62,192 07 6,840,688.52 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 366.38 3,498.8	6,906,745.83

#### CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

## PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC05-08

## **QUESTION:**

Miscellaneous

In reference to the substation costs in Exhibit DB-5:

- a. Are these pre-construction cost estimates or actual final project costs?
- b. If these costs are estimates, please provide the actual final project costs.
- c. For the Tanner Substation, please explain the difference between the Total Amount listed in DB-5 (\$13,452,950) and the 'Total including AFUDC' listed in CenterPoint's response to Staffs 1-39 for this substation (\$12,790,474.13).
- d. For the Springwoods Substation, please explain the difference between the Total Amount listed in DB-5 (\$21,332,237) and the 'Total including' AFUDC' listed in CenterPoint's response to Staffs 1-39 for this substation (~\$13.5M).
- e. For the Sandy Point Substation, please explain the difference between the Total Amount listed in DB-5 (\$8,466,500) and the 'Total including AFUDC' listed in CenterPoint's response to Staffs 1-39 for this substation (\$11,042,087.70).

## **ANSWER:**

In reference to the substation costs in Exhibit DB-5:

- a. These are pre-construction cost estimates for planning purposes.
- b. The actual final substation project costs, as reported in the response to PUC 1-39 are:

1. Springwoods	\$13,505,096
2. Fry Road	\$9,533,912
3. Tanner	\$12,790,474
4. Sandy Point	\$11,042,088
5. Village Creek	\$12,783,585

- c. For Tanner Substation, the Total Amount listed in DB-5 (\$13,452,950) includes major underground (MUG) construction and OH distribution construction. The amount listed in the response to PUC 1-39 includes Overheads and AFUDC (Allowance for Funds Used During Construction). Also, the cost estimate in DB-5 did not include the cost of the property. The net result is the actual cost was less than the estimate. Please see attachment PUC05-08 Substation Costs Attachment 1.xlsx for a detailed reconciliation of these costs and differences.
- d. For Springwoods Substation, the Total Amount listed in DB-5 (\$21,332,237) includes transmission construction, MUG construction and OH distribution construction. The amount listed in the response to PUC 1-39 includes Overheads and AFUDC (Allowance for Funds Used During Construction). The net result is the actual cost was greater than the estimate. Please see attachment PUC05-08 Substation Costs Attachment 1.xlsx for a detailed reconciliation of these costs and differences.
- e. For Sandy Point Substation, the Total Amount listed in DB-5 (\$8,466,500) includes transmission construction, MUG construction and OH distribution construction. The amount listed in the response to PUC 1-39 includes Overheads and AFUDC (Allowance for Funds Used During Construction). Also, the DB-5 estimate did not include the cost of the property and security fencing. The net result is the actual cost was greater than the estimate. Please see attachment PUC05-08 Substation Costs Attachment 1.xlsx for a detailed reconciliation of these costs and differences.

For all of the substations listed in c), d) and e) above, the estimate was made at least a year and a half in advance of construction. Estimates are based on projected costs, rule of thumb guidelines, and a preliminary understanding of actual conditions, including environmental conditions, and project scope, before the work order is prepared. These estimates are used for planning purposes. The Engineering Project Justification and Construction Summaries in DB-5 are planning documents. As such, there will be a difference between the estimated cost and the actual cost.

# SPONSOR (PREPARER): Dale Bodden (Dale Bodden)

# **RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:**

PUC05-08 Substation Costs Attachment 1 xlsx

# PUC 5-8 Substation Costs Attachment 1.xlsx

# **Tanner Substation**

Substation Costs (Inside the fence)

Estimated Costs in DB-5	Purpose	Final Costs in PUC 1-39	Purpose
\$13,452,950		\$12,790,470	
-\$3,150,000	MUG	-\$877,266	Overheads
<u>-\$302,950</u>	OH Dist	-\$257,527	AFUDC
\$10,000,000	Subtotal	\$11,655,677	Subtotal
<u>\$3,334,677</u>	Property		
\$13,334,677	Total	\$11,655,677	Total

# **Springwoods Substation**

Substation Costs (Inside the fence)

Estimated Costs in DB-5	Purpose	Final Costs in PUC 1-39	Purpose
\$21,305,237	Note 1	\$13,505,096	
-\$7,000,000	Transmission	-\$887,769	Overheads
-\$2,867,737	MUG	-\$808,728	AFUDC
-\$68,180	OH Dist	\$11,808,599	Subtotal
<u>-\$769,320</u>	OH Dist		
\$10,600,000	Total	\$11,808,599	Total

Note 1: This number in DB-5 was mistakenly totaled to be \$21,332,237.

# Sandy Point Substation

Substation Costs (Inside the fence)

Estimated Costs in DB-5	Purpose	Final Costs in PUC 1-39	Purpose		
\$8,466,500		\$11,042,087			
-\$2,300,000	Transmission	-\$1,373,609	Overheads		
-\$465,000	MUG	-\$307,965	AFUDC		
<u>-\$101,500</u>	OH Dist	\$9,360,513	Subtotal		
\$5,600,000	Subtotal				
\$1,019,697	Property				
<u>\$1,000,000</u>	Security Fencing				
\$7,619,697	Total	\$9,360,513	Total		

#### CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

# PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC06-22

## QUESTION:

For the project listed under Project Number HLP/00/1055 and described in the WP RMP-2 Capital Project List Summaries (years 2014-2017) as "Distribution line clearance corrections between transmission and distribution facilities to meet National Electrical Safety Code (NESC) requirements" (and also found in the 'WP RMP-2 Capital Project List Detail' spreadsheets for these years).

- a. When were the associated transmission and distribution lines placed into service?
- b. What dollar amount, if any, was incurred during the rebuilding, reconductoring, or upgrading of existing electric facilities?
- c. Please elaborate on why these corrections were necessary and explain how CenterPoint become aware of the need to correct this clearance.
- d. Did a change to NESC requirements necessitate this work? Please provide supporting documentation as needed.
- e. Why does CenterPoint believe this work should be capitalized instead of treated as an operation or maintenance expense?

## ANSWER:

For the project listed under Project Number HLP/00/1055 and described in the WP RMP-2 Capital Project List Summaries (years 2014-2017) as "Distribution line clearance corrections between transmission and distribution facilities to meet National Electrical Safety Code (NESC) requirements", see following responses:

- a. Project 1055 represents CEHE's Lidar based Transmission Line Clearance Program. CEHE performs Lidar surveys on approximately 20% of the transmission system each year to identify and correct NESC transmission line clearance issues. During the 2014-2017 time-period, 204 transmission line clearance issues, involving 158 distribution circuits and 69 transmission circuits, were addressed by modifications to distribution facilities. In addition, 85 transmission clearance issues were resolved by modifications to 55 transmission circuits. Information on the in-service dates for the transmission lines and distribution lines is not readily available.
- b. Between 2014 and 2017, a total of \$19,376,931 was spent on this project.
- c. CEHE's Transmission Line Clearance Program (1055) utilizes LIDAR technology to determine clearances as compared to the NESC standard at the time of survey. Approximately 20% of the transmission system is surveyed each year. Clearance corrections are addressed by modifications to transmission facilities, distribution facilities, or both.
- d. No. This work is not a result of any changes to NESC requirements.
- e. This work should be capitalized because the modifications included the replacement of poles, pole hardware, conductors, and other capital facilities.

## SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Randal Pryor/Martin Narendorf (Randal Pryor/Martin Narendorf)

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RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS: None

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## CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC06-24

#### QUESTION:

In CenterPoint's response to the Staffs first RFI, PUC01-38 Attachment 1, pages 12-15, CenterPoint provides a list of projects and the percentages of cost overruns from the original project cost estimates to the actual project cost. Provide a detailed explanation of, and reasons for, the cost overruns that are greater than 10% of the estimated cost of each of the f ollowing projects. Include and break down the estimated and actual costs into the appropriate FERC accounts: Project Cost Overrun

a.	W. A. Parrish Sub	10.7%
b.	Fort Ben- Rosenberg	40.1 %
С.	Flewellen-Rosenberg	49%
d.	Ranger Sub	7508%
е.	Marine Sub	29%
f.	Dow Sub	51%
g.	Alexander Island Sub	1 <b>04%</b>
ĥ.	La Marque Sub	92%
i.	Sandy Point Sub	89%
j.	Jones Creek Sub	29%
k.	Springwoods Sub	16%
I.	Tanner Sub	16%

#### **ANSWER:**

CenterPoint Houston's response to PUC01-38 provided, among other things, the percent difference between the Filed Initial Estimated Project Cost and the Final Actual Project Cost for the listed projects. For some of those projects, the cost decreased between the Filed Initial Estimated Project Cost and the Final Actual Project Cost, and for other projects, the cost increased. In addition, the Filed Initial Estimated Project Costs are developed prior to detailed engineering or construction analysis. CenterPoint Houston's final construction reports compare the final actual cost to the final estimate, rather than the initial estimate. For the projects identified in PUC06-24, CenterPoint Houston provides the following responses regarding the differences between the Filed Initial Estimated Project Cost:

- a. W. A. Parrish Sub 10.7%: There were no major scope changes to this project, but a variety of small cost differences to labor and materials resulted in a 10.7% cost difference.
- b. Fort Bend Rosenberg 40.1 %: After the Company initially filed this project, the route was significantly modified due to ROW constraints and negotiations with parties such as the Railroad Museum in Rosenberg. While a small amount of bypass work was in included in the initial estimate, additional bypass work was needed. Crews were mobilized and demobilized more than expected due to the scope changes, resulting in increased labor costs.
- c. Flewellen- Rosenberg 49%: This project converted 69kV circuits to 138kV while the substation was also being upgraded. The transmission work needed to be done in parallel with substation work ensure continuity of service. Scheduling parallel work required additional mobilization and demobilization that was not planned for in the initial estimates.
- d. Ranger Sub 7508%: The final actual project cost was paid in full by the customer for this project. The company is not seeking recovery of these costs in this case.

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- e. **Marine Sub 29%:** The final actual project cost was paid in full by the customer for this project. The company is not seeking recovery of these costs in this case.
- f. **Dow Sub 51%:** The final actual project cost was paid in full by the customer for this project. The company is not seeking recovery of these costs in this case.
- g. Alexander Island Sub 104%: Foundations were staked with the wrong line pull orientation which wasn't discovered until after the foundations were built. Foundations were removed and reconstructed. Structures had to be modified and some additional material had to be ordered.
- h. La Marque Sub 92%: Tower design and location changed during detailed engineering phase which led to some material errors. One angle structure had to be removed and replaced.
- Sandy Point Sub 89%: The substation site changed after the initial estimate, requiring more temporary work than expected. Crews were mobilized and demobilized more than expected do the schedule changes, resulting in increased labor costs.
- j. Jones Creek Sub 29%: The Jones Creek substation project included in the Company's response to PUC 1-38 covered only the transmission work to connect Jones Creek Substation. No substation construction costs were included. The initial filed estimate for the project was \$15,021,000 and the final actual project cost was \$13,320,426, representing a -11.3% difference.
- k. Springwoods Sub 16%: The Springwoods substation project included in the Company's response to PUC 1-37 covered only the transmission work to connect Springwoods Substation. No substation construction costs were included. The initial filed estimate for the project was \$9,547,000 and the final actual project cost was \$8,593,292, representing a -10% difference.
- I. Tanner Sub 16%: The Tanner substation project included in the Company's response to PUC 1-38 covered only the transmission work to connect Tanner Substation. No substation construction costs were included. The initial filed estimate for the project was \$7,417,000 and the final actual project cost was \$6,641,378, representing a -10.5% difference.

SPONSOR (PREPARER): Martin Narendorf (Martin Narendorf)

RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS: None

#### CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

# PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC11-01

## QUESTION:

For the following projects which were reviewed and approved by ERCOT, please indicate the total cost that the company spent for the project and show a comparison to the estimated cost at the time of ERCOT approval. Please identify, by PUC docket number, any CCNs, which were approved by the Commission in association with the project. Additionally, identify all the Monthly Construction Progress Reports that were filed with the Commission that report the completion of the project (either the entire project or each of the total project's component projects) and the final costs associated with these projects. If the project has not yet been completed and the company is not seeking inclusion of any associated costs for the project, then please indicate so.

- a. CNP Mount Belvieu Area Upgrade Project
- b. CNP Freeport Area Upgrade Project
- c. CNP Fort Bend Area Uprade Project
- d. CNP Katy Area Upgrades
- e. CenterPoint Energy Jones Creek Project
- f. CNP Houston Region Import Capacity Project
- g. CNP Dow-Velasco Project
- h. Houston Import RPG Project
- i. CenterPoint Energy Angleton to Petson to Monsan Ckt 04 Rebuild Project
- j. CenterPoint Energy Southwyck Algoa Corner Rebuild Project
- k. CenterPoint Energy-Fort Bend to West Columbia 69 kV to 138Kv Circuit 45 Conversion Project
- I. CenterPoint Energy-Freeport Master Plan Project

#### **ANSWER:**

For these projects that were reviewed and approved by ERCOT, please reference PUC11-01 Attachment 1 page 1 for a table showing the estimated cost at the time of ERCOT approval, the total cost that the company spent for the project, a comparison of the two, and any PUC dockets for CCNs associated with these projects.

For a list of all Monthly Construction Progress Report projects associated with the projects listed above. please refer to PUC11-01 Attachment 1 page 2-4.

#### SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Martin Narendorf (Martin Narendorf)

#### **RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:**

PUC11-01 Attachment 1.xlsx

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	Estimate Submitted to ERCOT					т	Final Actual Cost:				% Difference	CCN Docket
	Tran	smission	S	ubstation	Tot	al .	Tranemission	Substation	Tot	(a)	Г	
a) CNP Mont Belvieu area Upgrade Project	\$	13,170,000	) \$	\$ 28,905,000	\$	42,075,000	\$ 13,281,971	\$ 27,787,386	\$	41,069,357	-2.39%	n/a
b) CNP Freeport Area Upgrade Projects	\$	31,950,000	) \$	\$ 15,225,000	\$	47,175,000	\$ 69,048,973	\$ 18,534,574	\$	\$7,583,547	\$5.66%	n/a
c) CNP Fort Bend Area Upgrade Project	\$	7,630,000	) [\$	5 9,284,000	\$	16,914,000	\$ 13,604,891	\$ 7,371,413	Ş	20,976,304	24.02%	n/a
d) CNP Ksty Area Upgrades	\$	7,400,000	5 5	\$ 12,967,000	\$	20,367,000	\$ 13,845,035	\$ 10,779,147	\$	24,624,182	20.90%	44242 Zenith to Franz
e) CenterPoint Energy Jones Creek Project 1	5	25,650,000	5 5	\$ 54,130,000	5	79,780,000	\$ 40,743,578	\$ 72,559,354	\$	113,302,932	42.02%	n/a
f) CNP Houston Region Import Capacity Project <sup>2</sup>			Τ		\$	296,270,000	\$ 284,853,657	\$ 13,617,598	\$	298,471,255	0.74%	44547 Brazos Valley Connection
g) CNP Dow - Velasco Project	\$	17,825,000	5 \$	\$ 1,035,000	\$	18,860,000	\$ 3,007,291	\$ 16,394,533	\$	19,401,824	2.87%	n/a
h) Houston Import RPG Project	This proje					This project	ect is the same as f) CNP Houston Region Import Capa				city Project	
i) CenterPoint Energy Angleton to Petson to Monsan Ckt 04 Rebuild Project	\$	35,300,000	5 5	ş.,	\$	35,300,000	Project is not yet complete			n/a		
j) CenterPoint Energy Southwyck - Algoa Corner Rebuild Project	\$	20,000,000	5]\$	\$-	\$	20,080,000	Project is not yet complete			n/a		
k) CenterPoint Energy - Fort Bend to West Columbia 69kV to 138kV Circuit 45 Conversion Project	\$	23,700,000	) \$	5 28,000,000	\$	51,700,000	Project is not yet complete			n/a		
I) CenterPoint Energy - Freeport Master Plan Project <sup>3</sup>	\$214.4 for Bailey to Jones Creek and \$32 3M for Bridge the Gap Upgrades		Project is not yet complete			ete		48629 Bailey to Jones Creek				

<sup>1</sup> One Transmission sub-project of the Jones Creek Project has not been finalized, therefore the Company is not seeking inclusion of approximately \$22M of the \$113 3M reported in the table above. Per the Monthly Construction Progress Report, we are 98% complete and there will only be minimal charges, if any, added to this total amount

<sup>2</sup> \$296,270,000 was the estimated amount for the route approved by the PUC in the CCN process. The ERCOT review of Houston Region Import Capacity Project included the entire project's cost of \$590M and did not breakout CenterPoint's portion of the project.
<sup>3</sup> In December 2018, ERCOT reaffirmed their recommendation for the Bailey to Jones Creek project an updated estimate of \$481M - \$695M

Monthly Construction Progress Report Information									
	Date Filed with PUC-T	Utility's Project Number	Project Name	Location (City/County)	Description				
a) CNP Mont Belvieu area Upgrade Project	January 15, 2013	811	Crosby-Mont Belvieu	Mont Belvieu, Chambers, Liberty, Harris	Partial Reconductor and Partial Rebuild of 138 kV Ckt. 86				
	June 15, 2013	811.1	Jordan Substation	Mont Belvieu, Chambers	138 kV and 345 kV service to Jordan Substation within one mile of Ckts. 86C, 86D, and 99G				
	September 15, 2013	811.2	Crosby Corner-CONNER Corner	Chambers, Harris, Liberty	Modification of 138 kV Ckt. 86D for new conductor testing.				
	······································								

	June 15, 2013	810	Velasco-SURFSI	Freeport, Brazoria	Rebuild, Reconductor, Bundling, and Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt. 10B to 138 kV
	November 15, 2013	810 1	Velasco-Freeport (Phase 1)	Freeport, Brazoria	Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt. 47B to 138 kV; Rebuild Bundling and Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt. 47B
	March 14, 2014	810.2	QNTANA-SURFSI (Phase 1)	Freeport, Brazoria	Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt. 47C to 138 kV, Partial Rebuild, Bundling, and Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt 47C
b) CNP Freeport Area Upgrade Projects	March 14, 2014	810.3	Freeport-BRYAN_ (Phase 1)	Freeport, Brazoria	Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt 47B to 138 kV; Partial Rebuild and Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt. 47B
	May 15, 2014	810 4	Freeport-BRYAN_ (Phase 2)	Freeport, Brazoria	Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt 47B to 138 kV; Partial Rebuild and Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt. 47B
	August 15, 2014	810.5	QNTANA-SURFSI (Phase 2)	Freeport, Brazona	Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt. 47C to 138 kV; Partial Rebuild and Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt. 47C
	January 15, 2015	810 6	Velasco-Freeport (Phase 2)	Freeport, Brazona	Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt 47B to 138 kV; Rebuild and Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt. 47B
		- <u>t</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864 PUC DOCKET NO. 49421 PUC 11-1 Attachment 1 Page 3 of 4

	January 15, 2014	853	Fort Bend Upgrade (Flewellen-FOSTER)	Fort Bend	Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt. 49A to 138 kV; Partial Rebuild and Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt. 49A
	February 14, 2014	853 1	Fort Bend Upgrade (Brazos Valley- Fort Bend-Orchard)	Rosenberg, Fort Bend	Partial Rebuild of 138 kV Ckts. 60A and 09G
	March 14, 2014	853.2	Fort Bend Substation	Rosenberg, Fort Bend	69 kV service to Fort Bend Substation within one mile of Ckt. 49B
c) CNP Fort Bend Area Upgrade Project	July 15, 2014	853.3	Fort Bend-Rosenberg	Rosenberg, Fort Bend	Partial Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt. 49B to 138 kV, Partial Rebuild and Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt. 49A; 138 kV service to Fort Bend Substation within one mile of Ckt. 49B
	July 15, 2014	853 4	Orchard-Rosenberg	Rosenberg, Fort Bend	Partial Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt. 49A to 138 kV; Partial Rebuild and Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt. 49A
	November 15, 2014	853.5	Flewellen-Fort Bend	Fort Bend	Partial Upgrade of 69 kV Ckt 49A to 138 kV; Partial Reconductor of 69 kV Ckt. 49A; Installation, on an existing transmission line, of an additional 138 kV circuit not previously certificated 138 kV service to Fort Bend Substation within one mile of Ckts. 49A and 09G
	December 15, 2014	853.6	Fort Bend Substation	Rosenberg, Fort Bend	69 kV service to Fort Bend Substation within one mile of Ckt. 49B
	April 15, 2015	853.7	FOSTER Loop	Fort Bend	Installation, on an existing transmission line, of an additional 138 kV circuit not previously certified
	November 15, 2015	853.8	FOSTER Substation	Fort Bend	138 kV Service to FOSTER Substation within one mile of Ckt. 25E

d) CNP Katy Area Upgrades	October 15, 2013 864		Katy-Franz Katy, Walk Harris		Partial Reconductor and Partial Rebuild of 1 kV Ckt. 09H		
	March 15, 2015	864	138 kV Zenith-Franz Project	Harris	Construct a new single-circuit 138 kV transmission line.		

Exhibit R-MWN-1 Page 42 of 46

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#### SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864 PUC DOCKET NO. 49421 PUC 11-1 Attachment 1 Page 4 of 4

e) CenterPoint Energy Jones Creek Project	April 15, 2016	840	Jones Creek Substation	Freeport, Brazoria	138 kV Service to Jones Creek Substation within one mile of Ckts. 02F, 48F, and 59K; 345 kV Service to Jones Creek Substation within one mile of Ckt. 18A
	August 15, 2016	840.3	SEADOC-Velasco	Brazoria	Partial Rebuild of 138 kV Ckt. 02F
	August 15, 2016	840.7	Freeport-CORTEZ	Freeport, Quintana, Brazoria	Parial Rebuild and Partial Reconductor of 138 kV Ckts 59H, 59I, and 59K

f) CNP Houston Region Import Capacity Project	May 15, 2015	872	Brazos Valley Connection	Houston, Waller, Prairie View, Pine Island, Grimes, Harris, Waller	Construct a new double-circuit 345 kV transmission line

g) CNP Dow - Velasco Project	November 15, 2014 896		Velasco-DOW	Freeport, Brazoria	Partial Reconductor of 138 kV Ckts. 82D, 8 a and 26E; 138 kV service to DOW Substat within one mile of Ckt. 82D	
	July 15, 2015	896.1	Velasco-DOW (Phase 2)	Brazoria	Partial Rebuild of 138 kV Ckt. 82D	

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hillerichen Insaach DDC Destaat	This project is the same as it CND Heusten Design Impact Consein Design.
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i) CenterPoint Energy Angleton to Petson to	This project has not yet been completed and the Company is not seeking inclusion of any associated costs for the
Monsan Ckt 04 Rebuild Project	project

j) CenterPoint Energy Southwyck - Algoa Corner	This project has not yet been completed and the Company is not seeking inclusion of any associated costs for the
Rebuild Project	project

k) CenterPoint Energy - Fort Bend to West Columbia 69kV to 138kV Circuit 45 Conversion Project	This project has not yet been completed and the Company is not seeking inclusion of any associated costs for the project				
I) CenterPoint Energy - Freeport Master Plan Proiect	This project has not yet been completed and the Company is not seeking inclusion of any associated costs for the project				

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#### CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

#### PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC11-02

#### QUESTION:

For any projects responsive to Staff 11-1, or their sub-projects, for which the final costs were in excess of the estimated cost at the time of ERCOT approval. please explain, in detail, the reason for the difference in cost.

#### ANSWER:

b) CNP Freeport Area Upgrade Projects - Several necessary but impactful scope changes were made throughout the duration of this project that led to additional infrastructure needs and, therefore, increased costs. Unplanned temporary bypass installations were needed to facilitate the replacement of existing angle structures. Due to existing facilities proximity to the federal levee, the Company needed to purchase additional right of way and relocate to the other side of Brazos River. To accommodate continued expansion in the area, the Company identified a need to install tribundled conductor as opposed to the single conductor included in the original estimate and increase structure size to support that conductor. The geo-tech and subsurface engineering data, which was not available prior to project approval, required the installation of steel casings for concrete poles and larger pier foundations for steel poles.

c) CNP Fort Bend Area Upgrade Project - Please refer to CenterPoint Houston's response to PUC 6-24 b) and c) for discussion of two sub projects included in the Ft. Bend Area Upgrades -- Fort Bend - Rosenberg and Flewellen - Rosenberg.

Additionally, due to the failure of several underream foundations, the Company identified a need to replace several foundations for existing towers in the area.

d) CNP Katy Area Upgrades - The expansion of Franz substation required additional 138kV/345kV that was not part of the initial estimated scope. Due to the failure of several underream foundations, the Company identified a need to replace several foundations for existing towers at Katy substation. The replacement of these towers and foundations required additional bypass that was not included in the initial estimate. To accommodate resource constraints, construction crews were demobilized to work on other projects and remobilized at a later date to resume Katy Area Upgrades.

e) CenterPoint Energy Jones Creek Project - As area load steadily increased throughout the development of the Jones Creek Project, design modifications were necessary to address common tower design criteria violation as well as the need for an additional auto at the substation. The geotech and subsurface engineering data, which was not available prior to project approval, indicated a need for substantially larger foundations than originally estimated. Wetland mitigation requirements also exceeded original estimates. Due to permitting issues, a distribution substation needed to be added to the site and elevated 8' above sea level. Additional permitting issues eliminated the original plans to utilize low water crossings, so the Company constructed two bridges across tidal influence canals. During construction, third party facilities incorrectly installed in our easements halted construction while we coordinated to have them removed.

SPONSOR (PREPARER): Martin Narendorf (Martin Narendorf)

RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS: None

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#### CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

#### GULF COAST COALITION OF CITIES REQUEST NO.: GCCC02-17

#### QUESTION:

Refer to Schedule II-D-1 which shows the O&M expense per books amounts for 2018 and to Schedule II-D-1a which shows the O&M expense per books amounts for each of the years 2015, 2016, and 2017. Refer further to the amounts recorded in 2018 compared to 2017 in FERC account 560, Operations Supervision and Engineering. The 2018 expense is \$13.074 million compared to the 2017 expense amount of only \$11.124 million.

- a. Provide a copy of all variance analyses performed during 2018 and subsequently related to the reasons for the large increase in 2018 expense compared to 2017 for FERC account 560.
- b. Identify, describe, and quantify all amounts recorded in 2018 in FERC account 560 that should be considered non-recurring in nature and indicate whether they were removed in the filing. If none, please explain all reasons for the large increase in this expense amount in 2018 compared to 2017, 2016, and 2015 and explain why the increase in 2018 should be considered recurring.

#### ANSWER:

a. Although CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric (CEHE) does not perform O&M variance analysis by FERC account, internal management reporting is performed on a GAAP basis and various approaches ensure that management has proper ongoing control over O&M expenses. When analyzing O&M on a monthly basis, CEHE compares actual expenses to budget and to the prior year. CEHE's annual budgeting exercise includes an assessment of year-over-year cost increases to ensure that the increases are both reasonable, necessary and explainable.

Every month financial reports similar to the attachments to this response are prepared for use by executives. directors, and managers within CEHE. The reports facilitate discussions about 0&M to identify variances and help management make decisions about future spend. In addition to individual review discussions held within each operational area, a collective budget review discussion is held each month with executives, directors, and managers within CEHE.

Please refer to Dale Bodden, Kristie Colvin, Shachella James, Martin Narendorf, Randy Pryor, John Slanina, Julienne Sugarek, Rebecca Demarr and Michelle Townsend's testimony for additional information about cost controls.

Please see GCCC02-17 Attachment 1 and GCCC02-17 Attachment 2 for examples of the types of O&M analysis performed on a monthly, quarterly, and/or annual basis.

b. All 2018 costs recorded to FERC 5600 are considered recurring.

The increase in amounts recorded to FERC 5600 in 2018 is due to a reassignment of FERC accounts. CEHE periodically reviews FERC assignments by cost center for updates and implement changes as required.

The attachments are confidential and are being provided pursuant to the Protective Order issued in Docket No. 49421.

SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Kristie Colvin (Kristie Colvin)

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RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS: GCCC02-17 Attachment 1 (confidential).xlsx GCCC02-17 Attachment 2 (confidential).xlsx

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Project Name	Initial MCPR Date	Utility's Project Number	Final MCPR Date	Utility's Project Number	Filed Initial Estimated Project Cost	Final Estimated Project Cost	Final Actual Project Cost	% Difference from Initial Estimate	% Difference from Final Estimate
Kirby Substation	November 15, 2011	770 0	07/15/12	770 0	\$565,000	\$449,000 00	\$247,331 00	-56 2%	-44 9%
W A Parish Substation	July 15, 2012	805 0	11/15/13	805 0	\$380,000	\$446,000 00	\$420,531 00	10 7%	-5 7%
Fry Road Substation	June 15, 2014	614 0	06/15/15	614 0	\$191,000	\$201,000 00	\$77,428 35	-59 5%	-61 5%
Fort Bend Substation	March 14, 2014	853 2	04/15/16	853 2	\$488,000	\$488,000	\$449,400 23	-7 9%	-7 9%
Fort Bend-Rosenberg	July 15, 2014	853 3	11/15/15	853 3	\$1,913,000	\$1,913,000	\$2,680,262 08	40 1%	40 1%
Flewellen-Fort Bend	November 15, 2014	853 5	11/15/15	853 5	\$509,000	\$509,000	\$758,533 95	49 0%	49 0%
TEXAS_ Substation	October 15, 2010	718 0	05/15/12	718 0	\$1,034,000	\$1,034,000	\$961,482 94	-7 0%	-7 0%
Rothwood Substation	April 15, 2009	707 0	09/15/10	707 0	\$2,366,000	\$1,669,000 00	\$1,342,765 00	-43 2%	-19 5%
Meadow Substation	September 15, 2009	665 0	11/15/10	665 0	\$2,250,000	\$1,813,000.00	\$1,142,247 00	-49 2%	-37 0%
Dow Substation	February 15, 2012	764 0	07/15/12	764 0	\$48,000	\$76,000 00	\$72,463 00	51 0%	-4 7%
Atascocita Substation	January 15, 2013	836 0	09/16/13	836 0	\$153,000	\$137,000	\$78,505 00	-48 7%	-42 7%
Crabb River Substation	January 15, 2013	842 0	04/15/14	842 0	\$267,000	\$218,000	\$250,283 00	-6 3%	14 8%
Jordan Substation	June 15, 2013	811 1	01/15/15	811 1	\$7,367,000	\$7,367,000	\$7,577,677 00	2 9%	2 9%
Alexander Island Substation	November 15, 2014	903 0	05/15/16	903 0	\$358,000	\$536,000	\$732,051 52	104 5%	36 6%
Rothwood Substation	November 15, 2014	900 0	01/15/16	900 0	\$2,186,000	\$1,204,000	\$862,079 84	-60 6%	-28 4%
Fort Bend Substation	December 15, 2014	853 6	11/15/15	853 6	\$430,000	\$430,000 00	\$330,462 11	-23 1%	-23 1%
Ellington Substation	October 15, 2014	902 0	09/15/15	902 0	\$345,000	\$298,000	\$310,042 01	-10 1%	4 0%

Project Name	Initial MCPR Date	Utility's Project Number	Final MCPR Date	Utility's Project Number	Filed Initial Estimated Project Co <del>s</del> t	Final Estimated Project Cost	Final Actual Project Co <del>s</del> t	% Difference from Initial Estimate	% Difference from Final Estimate
Lyondell Substation	August 15, 2015	948 0	07/14/17	948 0	\$295,000	\$230,000	\$104,906 26	-64 4%	-54 4%
Rothwood Substation (Phase 2)	January 15, 2016	900 1	09/15/16	900 1	\$834,000	\$867,000	\$675,744 00	-19 0%	-22 1%
Tanner Substation	April 15, 2015	894 0	02/15/17	894 0	\$7,417,000	\$7,918,000	\$6,641,378 00	-10 5%	-16 1%
Orchard Substation	November 15, 2015	952 0	08/15/16	952 0	\$204,000	\$166,000	\$71,858 00	-64 8%	-56 7%
Tıkı İsland Substation	November 15, 2015	912 1	11/15/16	912 1	\$197,000	\$197,000	\$100,761 00	-48 9%	-48 9%
La Marque Substation	November 15, 2015	912 0	01/16/17	912 0	\$1,446,000	\$1,446,000	\$2,773,369 00	91 8%	91 8%
Bailey Substation	November 15, 2015	949 0	01/16/17	949 0	\$2,115,000	\$1,951,000	\$2,154,166 00	1 9%	10 4%
Franz Substation	September 15, 2016	1183 0	11/15/17	1183 0	\$2,867,000	\$2,867,000	\$1,831,542 84	-36 1%	-36 1%
Jones Creek Substation	April 15, 2016	840 0	10/13/17	840 0	\$15,021,000	\$14,680,000	\$13,320,426 60	-11 3%	-9 3%
Sandy Point Substation	October 15, 2016	857 0	09/15/17	857 0	\$2,619,000	\$2,619,000	\$4,957,564 92	89 3%	89 3%
Bringhurst Substation	February 15, 2017	1157 0	06/15/18	1157 0	\$1,395,000	\$1,543,000	\$1,115,337 24	-20 0%	-27 7%
Southwyck Substation	January 15, 2018	954 3	9/27/2018	954 3	\$1,635,000	\$1,635,000	\$934,026 50	-42 9%	-42 9%
FOSTER Loop	April 15, 2015	853 7		853 7	\$396,000	\$575,000	\$376,104	-5 0%	-34 6%
			Total for all proj	ects:	\$57,291,000	\$55,482,000	\$53,350,730	-6.88%	-3.84%
		+	Average Varian	ice:				-8.46%	-9.14%
		•	1 · · · ·						

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## Houston Electric Jones Creek Cost Update

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**Executive Committee Meeting** 

April 12, 2017

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#### **Executive Summary**

- Agenda
  - Project Background & Current Status

- Projected Project Costs
- Variance Discussion
- As per the Governance and Policy guidelines, approval is required for new transmission projects greater than \$1MM and previously approved projects with cost increases greater than 10% and \$500k (excluding Maintenance Capital and Distribution Load Growth projects).
- Request: Approval of \$20MM (23%) capital overrun for Jones Creek
  - Initial Estimate Approved in 1Q 2015 \$86.2MM
  - Current Estimate \$106.21M
- Project costs are included in the 2017 capital plan.
- Presentation anticipated at the April BOD meeting (>\$50MM).

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## Jones Creek Vicinity Map

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## Jones Creek Substation Site – 2013 & March 2017





## Jones Creek Substation View - March 28, 2017



45 kV Yard Auto Island 138kV Yard 

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#### **Background & Current Status**

January 2015 (EC Project Approval)

- The Jones Creek Project incorporates:
  - Jones Creek Substation
  - Cortez Substation
  - Quintana Loop Upgrade
- Total Estimated Cost \$86,216,485

#### April 2017

- Jones Creek Substation Projected Completion June 2017 (85% Complete)
  - March 21<sup>st</sup> 138KV Ln02 Velasco Jones Creek energized
    - 138KV Ln02 Jones Creek Franklins Camp/STEC energized
  - March 22<sup>nd</sup> New 138kV LN59 Freeport Jones Creek energized
  - March 30<sup>th</sup> Energized Auto #1
  - April 7<sup>th</sup> New 138kV LN48 Jones Creek Quintana energized
- Cortez Sub Projected Completion June 2017 (80% Complete)
- Quintana Loop Upgrade Projected Completion YE 2017 (20% Complete)
- Total Projected Cost \$106,205,797

## Jones Creek Project – Estimated Costs (From EC Presentation January 26, 2015)



Work Description	<u>kV</u>	Transmission Cost	Substation Cost	
Build a new 345/138 kV CenterPoint Energy "Jones Creek" Substation	345/138	-	\$30,000,000	JCK
Install two 800 MVA normal rating / 1000 MVA emergency rating (800/1000 MVA) 345/138 kV autotransformers at the Jones Creek Substation	345/138	-	\$17,200,000	JCK
Loop in 345 kV DOW-STP ckt 18 into Jones Creek	345	\$5,700,000	-	JCK
Loop the 138 kV Velasco - Freeport circuit 59 0.5 miles into the Jones Creek Substation	138	\$200,000		JCK
Upgrade Velasco 138kV yard to 63kA fault duty	138		\$350,000	JCK
Split/Reconfigure circuits in the Freeport area creating: 138kV Velasco-SURFSI-Freeport-Jones Creek circuit 59, 138kV Velasco-QNTANA-Jones Creek circuit 48, and 138 kV Velasco-Jones Creek circuit 48	138	\$200,000	\$2,350,000	JCK
Upgrade loop to Quintana 735MVA continuous rating	138	\$22,000,000		QLP
Reconfigure 138kV Velasco - Franklins Camp circuit 02 to create 138 kV Jones Creek - Franklins Camp circuit 02	138	\$3,750,000	\$2,200,000	JCK
Freeport LNG - Facility Extension at CORTEZ (CIAC)	138	\$1,510,990	\$755,495	CTZ
	Jones Cre	ek Project Total Cost	\$86, <b>216</b> ,485	
JCK = Jones Creek				
QLP = Quintana Loop				
CTZ = Cortez Substation				

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## **Projected Costs**

	Jones Creek Substation		Cortez Substation		Quintana Loop Upgrade		Total
	Substation	Transmission	Substation	Transmission	Substation	Transmission	
Original Project Estimete	\$52,100,000	\$9,850,000	\$755,495	\$1,510,900	\$0	\$22,000,000	\$86,216,485
Current Substation Estimate	\$72,307,594		\$441,321		\$0		\$72,748,915
Current Transmission Estimate	-	\$15,346,209		\$1,117,953		\$16,992,720	\$33,456,882
Current Project Estimate							\$106,205,797

Costs shown include Capital Overhead

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#### Variances

CHANGE	COST	CHANGE DRIVER
ADD 7 TRANSMISSION STRUCTURES	\$5.0MM	AREA LOAD INCREASES RESULTING IN COMMOM TOWER DESIGN CRITERIA VIOLATION
EXPAND AUTO ISLAND TO 3 UNITS	\$5.0MM	AREA LOAD INCREASES RESULTING IN NEED FOR ADDITIONAL AUTO CAPACITY
RAISE DISTRIBUTION SUB SITE TO 8' ABOVE SEA LEVEL	\$6.0MM	PERMIT ISSUES CREATED INABILITY TO GET DISTRIBUTION CIRCUITS ACROSS BRAZOS RIVER RESULTING IN THE NEED TO BUILD A DISTRIBUTION SUBSTATION
REPLACE CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH SECURITY FENCE	\$1.50MM	PHYSICAL SECURITY DESIGN CRITERIA FOR 345 KV SUBSTATIONS, WITH PRIORITY ON SUBSTATIONS WITH MULTIPLE AUTOS (CIP-014 LESSONS LEARNED )
CONSTRUCT 2 BRIDGES ACROSS TIDAL INFLUENCE CANALS	\$1.5MM	PERMIT ISSUES ELIMINATED PLANNED UTILIZATION OF LOW WATER CROSSINGS
SUBSTATION & TRANSMISSION FOUNDATIONS REQUIRED MORE GIRTH AND DEPTH	\$5.0MM	GEO-TECH AND SUBSURFACE ENGINEERING DATA WAS NOT AVAILABLE FOR FOUNDATION ESTIMATES (LESSONS LEARNED APPLIED TO BVC PROJECT)

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Costs shown include Capital Overhead

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Appendix

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#### Jones Creek Area One-Line





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## Jones Creek Substation View - March 28, 2017





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## Jones Creek Substation View



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## **Jones Creek Substation Chain Walls**





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## Jones Creek Substation Security Fences





## Jones Creek Substation - Cat 5 Hurricane Surge Design



Substation is designed to withstand a Cat 5 Hurricane Storm Surge

- Surge is at 22' above sea level with 2' of wave action
- Critical components at 24' above sea level

