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SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864 PUC DOCKET NO. 49421

APPLICATION OF CENTERPOINT	§	BEFORE THE STATE OFFICE
ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC	§	\mathbf{OF}
FOR AUTHORITY TO CHANGE RATES	§	OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

REDACTED

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

JUNE M. DIVELY, CPA, CFF, CRFAC, DABFA

ON BEHALF OF

OFFICE OF PUBLIC UTILITY COUNSEL

JUNE 6, 2019

SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864 PUC DOCKET NO. 49421

REDACTED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JUNE M. DIVELY, CPA, CFF, CRFAC, DABFA TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	WITNESS INTRODUCTION		3
II.	PUR	POSE OF TESTIMONY	4
III.	BAC	CKGROUND	7
IV.	RAT	TE BASE	9
	A.	REGULATORY ASSETS	9
		1. Hurricane Expenses	13
		2. Medicare Part D	16
		3. Texas Gross Margin Tax	20
		4. Smart Meter Texas	27
		5. REP Bad Debt	30
	В.	PREPAYMENTS	33
V.	CAP	PITAL STRUCTURE AND RATE OF RETURN	35
VI.	EXP	PENSES	36
	A.	COMPENSATION FOR USE OF CAPITAL	36
	В.	INCENTIVE COMPENSATION	40
		1. LTI Plan	43
		2. STI Plan	44
VII.	AFF	ILIATE COSTS – VECTREN TRANSACTION	46
VIII.	SUM	IMARY OF FINDINGS	50
ATT A	CHM	IENTS	53

I. WITNESS INTRODUCTION

- 2 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
- 3 A. My name is June M. Dively. My business address is 3 Lakeway Centre Ct., Suite 110,
- 4 Lakeway, Texas 78734.

- 5 Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
- 6 A. I am employed by IX SI Investment Co, LLC as its CEO. In this case, I am providing
- services through its wholly owned subsidiary, Dively Energy Services Company
- 8 ("DESC"). DESC is a consulting firm specializing in services within the energy industry,
- 9 including utility cost of service. In this proceeding, I am testifying on behalf of the Office
- of Public Utility Counsel ("OPUC").
- 11 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL
- 12 **CREDENTIALS.**
- 13 A. I am a Certified Public Accountant, Certified in Financial Forensics by the American
- Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and a Certified Forensic Accountant. My
- 15 consulting experience in the utility industry began in 1996 when I first started a
- 16 consulting firm to provide services to the natural gas industry. In 2011, I formed Dively
- Energy Services, LLC ("DES"), and in 2017, DES was acquired by IX Si Investment Co,
- 18 LLC and reorganized into DESC. I have participated in a variety of utility-related
- projects, including the preparation and review of utility rate change requests.
- 20 Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE UTILITY REGULATORY
- 21 **BODIES?**

1	A.	Yes. I have testified before the Public Utility Commission of Texas ("Commission"), the
2		Railroad Commission of Texas, the Missouri Public Service Commission, and the
3		Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission. My curriculum vitae is included as Attachment
4		JMD-1.
5		II. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
6	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
7	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to address the appropriate amounts to be included in the
8		calculation of revenue requirement for selected rate base, return, expenses, and other
9		revenue items requested by CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC ("CenterPoint
10		Houston" or the "Company"). In addition, I will present OPUC's adjusted revenue
11		requirement and recommend changes to the Company's proposed riders.
12	Q.	TO THE EXTENT THAT YOU DO NOT ADDRESS A SPECIFIC ITEM OR
13		ADJUSTMENT PROPOSED BY CENTERPOINT HOUSTON, SHOULD THAT
14		BE CONSTRUED TO MEAN THAT YOU AGREE WITH CENTERPOINT
15		HOUSTON'S PROPOSAL FOR THAT ITEM?
16	A.	No. Exclusion from my testimony of specific adjustments or amounts proposed by
17		CenterPoint Houston does not indicate my approval of those adjustments or amounts, but
18		rather that the scope of my testimony is limited to the specific items addressed herein.

WHICH SPECIFIC RATE BASE ITEMS DO YOU ADDRESS?

19

Q.

1	A.	I address the following rate base items:
2	1.	Regulatory Assets and Liabilities
3		a. <u>Deferred Hurricane Harvey Expenses</u> – I recommend amortizing deferred
4		Hurricane Harvey expenses over five years and recovering the Hurricane
5		Harvey regulatory asset and associated amortization expense, net of the
6		Hurricane Ike residual regulatory liability and the adjustments
7		recommended by OPUC witness Karl Nalepa, through a rider.
8		b. Medicare Part D - I recommend amortizing the Medicare Part D
9		regulatory asset over five years and recovering the Medicare Part I
10		regulatory asset and associated federal income tax expense through a rider
11		c. <u>Texas Gross Margin Tax</u> – I recommend disallowing recovery of the Texas
12		Gross Margin Tax regulatory asset in any form.
13		d. Smart Meter Texas ("SMT") - I recommend amortizing the SMT
14		regulatory asset over five years and recovering the SMT regulatory asset
15		and associated amortization expense through a rider.
16		e. Retail Electric Provider ("REP") Bad Debt Deferred Asset – I recommend
17		adjusting the amount of the REP bad debt regulatory asset, removing it
18		from rate base, and amortizing the adjusted REP bad debt regulatory asser
19		over five years to be included as expense in Account 904, Uncollectible
20		Accounts.
21	2.	Prepayments - I recommended adjusting the amount of the thirteen-month
22		average of prepayments to include 5 quarterly charges instead of 6.

1	Q.	WHICH SPECIFIC EXPENSE ITEMS DO YOU ADDRESS?
2	A.	I address the following expense items:
3		1. Compensation for Use of Capital - I recommend disallowing the full amount
4		requested for CenterPoint Houston's affiliate expense described as Compensation
5		for Use of Capital from the cost of service.
6		2. <u>Incentive Compensation</u> – I recommend disallowing the full amount of the
7		expense and associated taxes requested for CenterPoint Houston's long-term
8		incentive compensation plan and the portion of the expense and associated taxes
9		requested for CenterPoint Houston's short-term incentive compensation plan that
10		is associated with financially-based goals.
11		3. Affiliate Expenses - I recommend disallowing the adjustment to the affiliate
12		expenses allocated to CenterPoint Houston to normalize integration planning
13		billings.
14	Q.	DOES YOUR TESTIMONY INCORPORATE RECOMMENDATIONS FROM
15		OTHER OPUC WITNESSES?
16	A.	Yes. Where appropriate and referenced herein, my testimony incorporates adjustments
17		recommended by OPUC witness Karl Nalepa. Additionally, Section VI of my testimony
18		quantifies the impact of OPUC witness Anjuli Winker's recommended capital structure
19		and overall rate of return.
20	Q.	TAKEN IN THE AGGREGATE, WHAT IS THE OVERALL IMPACT OF
21		OPUC'S ADJUSTMENTS ON THE REVENUE REQUIREMENT AND THE

1		NON-BIFASSABLE DELIVERY CHARGE REQUESTED BY CENTERPOINT
2		HOUSTON?
3	A.	The overall impact of OPUC's adjustments on the revenue requirement is a reduction of
4		\$184,889,000. Additionally, OPUC's adjustments to increase riders by \$19,692,000
5		results in a net reduction of \$165,197,000 in the total non-bypassable delivery charge.
6		III. BACKGROUND
7	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE HISTORY OF THIS CASE.
8	A.	On April 5, 2019, CenterPoint Houston filed a Statement of Intent and Application for
9		Authority to Change Rates ("Application"). The Application supports a 7.4% increase in
10		revenues from retail delivery service and an increase of approximately 1.8% in revenues
11		from wholesale transmission service based upon a test year ended December 31, 2018.
12		CenterPoint Houston filed this case in response to the rate scheduling requirements of 16
13		Texas Administrative Code ("TAC") § 25.247(c)(2)(B) and the Company's commitment
14		to file a base rate case no later than April 30, 2019.1
15	Q.	WHEN WAS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S LAST BASE RATE INCREASE
16		APPROVED BY THE COMMISSION?
17	A.	The Commission issued an Order on Rehearing in CenterPoint Houston's last base rate
18		case, Application of CenterPoint Electric Delivery Company, LLC, for Authority to
19		Change Rates, Docket No. 38339, on June 23, 2011. That rate case was based upon a test

¹ Proceeding to Investigate and Address the Effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 on the Rates of Texas Investor-Owned Utility Companies, Project No. 47945, Letter to Commissioners (Feb. 13, 2018); Statement of Intent and Application of CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC for Authority to Change Rates at 1 (Apr. 5, 2019) (Application).

1		year ending on December 31, 2009. Nine years have passed between the Company's test
2		year in Docket No. 38339 and the test year in this case.
3	Q.	WHAT IS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON REQUESTING IN THIS CASE?
4	A.	In this case, CenterPoint Houston is requesting:
5		1. A higher equity ratio of 50% as opposed to its actual equity ratio of 45.5% and the
6		45% equity ratio that was approved in Docket No. 38339;
7		2. A higher cost of equity of 10.4% as opposed to the 10% approved in Docket No.
8		38339;
9		3. The recovery of deferred expenses associated with Hurricane Harvey, including
10		carrying costs;
11		4. A prudency determination on all capital investment made in the transmission and
12		distribution system since January 1, 2010;
13		5. The establishment of a rider to return to customers approximately \$119 million for
14		the excess deferred federal income tax unprotected balance that resulted from the Tax
15		Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA");
16		6. Updated depreciation rates; and
17		7. Approval to clarify and update various non-rate provisions in Chapters 2 and 6 of its
18		Tariff for Retail Delivery Service.
19	Q.	WHICH OF CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUESTS DO YOU ADDRESS IN
20		YOUR TESTIMONY?
21	A.	With respect to CenterPoint Houston's specific requests, I quantify the impact of the
22		capital structure and cost of equity recommended by OPUC witness Anjuli Winker and

1		address the recovery of the deferred expenses associated with Hurricane Harvey. In
2		addition, I address the items summarized in Section III of my testimony.
3		IV. RATE BASE
4		A. REGULATORY ASSETS
5	Q.	WHAT ARE REGULATORY ASSETS?
6	A.	The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") Uniform System of Accounts
7		("USOA") defines regulatory assets and liabilities as assets and liabilities that result from
8		rate actions of regulatory agencies. In particular, they result from specific revenues,
9		expenses, gains, or losses that would have been included in the utility's net income in one
10		period under the general requirements of the USOA, but for it being probable:
11		A. that such items will be included in a different period(s) for purposes of developing
12		the rates that the utility is authorized to charge for its utility services, as in the
13		case of expenses that are deferred for recovery in a future rate case proceeding; or
14		B. in the case of regulatory liabilities, that refunds to customers will be required, as
15		in the case of refunds of Unprotected Excess Deferred Income Taxes ("UEDIT").2
16		Based upon this definition, the Commission must authorize a utility to record a regulatory
17	·	asset or liability, otherwise, the costs recorded as regulatory assets or liabilities would
18		have already impacted the historical net income of the utility.
19	Q.	DO REGULATORY ASSETS BENEFIT CENTERPOINT HOUSTON?

² CFR Title 18, Chapter I, Subchapter C, Part 101 Definitions, No. 31.

1	A.	Yes. For instance, absent a deferral mechanism for storm costs, CenterPoint Houston's
2		net income would have been negatively impacted by the \$64.4 million in expenses
3		associated with recovering from Hurricane Harvey. The ability to seek Commission
4		approval to defer those expenses for recovery from customers in future periods shields
5		the Company's net income from these costs, and therefore, benefits shareholders.
6	Q.	ARE UTILITIES PERMITTED TO INCLUDE REGULATORY ASSETS IN
7	×.	RATE BASE?
8	Α.	The instructions addressing Schedule II-B-12 in the Commission's Rate Filing Package
9		("RFP") for transmission and distribution utilities ("TDUs") state:
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20		The utility shall provide the total amount of requested regulatory assets detailed on an asset-by-asset basis for the Test Year, functionalized pursuant to General Instruction No. 11. For each item the utility claims as a regulatory asset, the utility shall specifically identify the Commission order (including applicable pages) or other authority upon which this claim is based. If the utility relies upon an authority other than a Commission order, a copy of the documents relied upon shall be provided. Supporting workpapers that fully and clearly explain the functionalization of each account or subaccount shall be included in the workpaper section, and any functionalization factors shall be referenced to the appropriate factors in Schedule II-F. ³
21		Therefore, a utility may "request" to recover regulatory assets in rate base by providing
22		specific evidence, either a Commission order or other documentary authority, to support
23		the inclusion of these assets in rate base.
24	Q.	IS A UTILITY GUARANTEED TO EARN A RETURN ON ALL OF THE
25		REGULATORY ASSETS THAT IT INCLUDES IN ITS RFP?

³ Transmission & Distribution (TDU) Investor-Owned Utilities Rate Filing Package for Cost-of-Service Determination at 19 (Nov. 19, 2015) (TDU RFP).

No. The RFP sets forth the process and documentation required to request recovery of
regulatory assets through rate base; however, following this process does not guarantee
that these assets will be included in rate base. For instance, the Commission has
previously authorized the recovery of deferred hurricane expenses through a Hurricane
Cost Recovery Factor ("HCRF") Rider, rather than including those expenses in rate
base.4 Additionally, the Commission orders that created the regulatory assets that
CenterPoint Houston is requesting did not specify whether the assets would be included
in rate base and recovered as part of the cost of service used to set the Company's base
rates.

A.

A.

Q. WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF RECOVERING A REGULATORY ASSET AS PART OF RATE BASE?

When a regulatory asset is included as part of rate base, the utility will earn a return on the regulatory asset and recover the amortization expense on the regulatory asset every year until the utility files its next rate case. For example, CenterPoint Houston has requested that a Hurricane Harvey regulatory asset of \$73.1 million be included in rate base with a 3-year amortization. After the first year, the balance of the regulatory asset would be approximately \$48.7 million, but the Company would still be earning a return on the \$73.1 million that it included in rate base. Similarly, at the end of the second year, the balance of the regulatory asset would be approximately \$24.3 million, but the Company would still be earning a return on the \$73.1 million that it included in rate base.

⁴ Application of Texas-New Mexico Power Company to Change Rates, Docket 48401, Findings of Fact Nos. 62-66 (Dec. 20, 2018).

1		By the fourth year, CenterPoint Houston would have recovered the entire Hurricane
2		Harvey regulatory asset over its 3-year amortization period, but the Company would still
3		be earning a return on the original \$73.1 million and recovering the related amortization
4		expense of \$24.4 million per year on a fully depreciated asset.
5	Q.	WHEN IS IT APPROPRIATE TO RECOVER REGULATORY ASSETS
6		THROUGH A RIDER RATHER THAN THROUGH BASE RATES?
7	A.	It is appropriate to recover regulatory assets through a rider, rather than including them in
8		rate base, when the regulatory assets represent non-recurring costs in an amount that is
9		reasonably small enough to be recovered over a relatively short period of time (i.e., 5
10		years or less). This method of recovery reflects the general rate-making principle that
11		base rates are set using a cost of service that is representative of the typical costs incurred
12		by a utility each year. Additionally, a rider will allow a utility to only recover the full
13		amount requested for a regulatory asset; thereby, preventing the utility from earning a
14		return and recovering amortization expense on a fully amortized regulatory asset once the
15		amortization period has ended.
16	Q.	WHAT RECOVERY PERIOD DO YOU GENERALLY RECOMMEND FOR A
17		REGULATORY ASSET?
18	A.	Generally, I recommend a 5-year amortization period, because 5 years strikes a balance
19		between achieving intergenerational equity and moderating the impact on current
20		customer rates. Intergenerational equity is achieved when the recovery of costs is more
21		closely matched with the customers that existed at the time that the costs were incurred

by the utility.

1 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE REGULATORY ASSETS INCLUDED IN 2 CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S RFP.

A. CenterPoint Houston is requesting to include \$135.6 million in regulatory assets in its rate base amortized over a three-year period. The request is comprised of the following:

5		<u>Million</u>
6	Hurricane expenses	\$ 73.1
7	Postretirement-Medicare Part D	33.2
8	Texas Gross Margin Tax	19.6
9	Smart Meter Texas	6.9
10	REP Bad Debt	1.6
11	Expedited Switching Costs	1.2_
12	Total	\$ 135.6

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A.

13 Q. WHICH OF THESE REGULATORY ASSETS DO YOU ADDRESS?

14 A. In this section of my testimony, I address all of the regulatory assets requested by

15 CenterPoint Houston, except Expedited Switching Costs, in the order presented above.

1. Hurricane Expenses

17 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUEST REGARDING 18 HURRICANE HARVEY RESTORATION EXPENSES.

CenterPoint Houston has requested to include \$73.1 million in deferred Hurricane Harvey restoration expenses in rate base as a regulatory asset. This amount is comprised of \$64.4 million in deferred hurricane recovery expenses and \$8.7 million in carrying costs. In addition, CenterPoint Houston has requested recovery of the Hurricane Harvey regulatory asset over a three-year period as amortization expense, after a reduction of \$4.0 million related to residual Hurricane Ike restoration recoveries. The Company's request would result in an annual amortization expense of \$23.0 million calculated as follows:

2 3 4 5 6		Hurricane Harvey restoration expenses Hurricane Ike residual recovery, net Total Requested amortization period Requested annual amortization expense \$ 73,148 (4,031) 69,117 23,039
7	Q.	WHAT DOES THE HURRICANE IKE RESIDUAL RECOVERY REPRESENT?
8	A.	The \$4.0 million reduction represents a sales tax refund net of the additional costs
9		incurred related to Hurricane Ike restoration, plus carrying charges. ⁵
10	Q.	HOW HAS THE COMMISSION RECENTLY TREATED HURRICANE
11		HARVEY RESTORATION EXPENSES?
12	A.	On December 20, 2018, the Commission's Order concerning the hurricane restoration
13		expenses incurred by Texas-New Mexico Power ("TNMP") moved those costs to a Rider
14		HCRF, with the balance amortized over five years. ⁶
15	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING CENTERPOINT
16		HOUSTON'S HURRICANE RESTORATION EXPENSES?
17	A.	Consistent with the Commission's Order in Docket No. 48401, I recommend that
18		CenterPoint Houston's Hurricane Harvey costs be moved to a Rider HCRF and amortized
19		over five years. Additionally, I recommend structuring and implementing Rider HCRF in
20		a manner consistent with the Commission's Order in that case. Specifically, any carrying
21		charges recovered via Rider HCRF should be limited to those accrued through the last
	<u> </u>	

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(\$1,000s)

⁵ Direct Testimony of Kristie L. Colvin at 37:5-10 (Apr. 5, 2019) (Colvin Direct).

⁶ Docket 48401, Findings of Fact Nos. 62-66; see also Application of Texas-New Mexico Power Company for Authority to Change Rates, Docket No. 36025, Finding of Fact No. 25 (Aug. 21, 2009) (approving a settlement agreement allowing TNMP to amortize costs for system restoration associated with Hurricane Ike over five years and to recover those costs via a rate rider).

day before the effective date of the rates that are approved in this case; within 30 days of
the issuance of an order in this case, CenterPoint Houston should initiate a compliance
docket related to Rider HCRF to review the reasonableness of the final amount of the
carrying charges and the carrying charge rate applied; and CenterPoint Houston should
collect Rider HCRF in rates only for as long as is necessary to recover the final Rider
HCRF amounts approved in the compliance docket.

7 Q. WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF YOUR RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENT TO THE

RECOVERY OF HURRICANE HARVEY COSTS ON CENTERPOINT

9 HOUSTON'S COST OF SERVICE?

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10 A. By reducing rate base by \$59,623,000 and moving the recovery of Hurricane Harvey
11 restoration expenses to Rider HCRF, I have reduced the cost of service by \$27,802,000,
12 calculated as follows:

13		(\$1,000s)
14	Remove Hurricane Harvey regulatory asset	\$ (73,148)
15	Increase ADFIT	13,525
16	Net Reduction to Rate Base	(59,623)
17	Recommended Rate of Return	6.55%
18	Reduction to Return	(3,905)
19	Remove Amortization Expense	(23,039)
20	Adjust Texas Gross Margin Tax	(198)
21	Adjust Federal Income Tax	(660)
22	Total Reduction to Cost of Service	\$ (27,802)

Q. WHAT IS THE RESULTING AMOUNT OF RIDER HCRF?

A. To reflect moving the recovery of Hurricane Harvey restoration costs to Rider HCRF, net of the recovery related to Hurricane Ike, reduced by adjustments recommended by OPUC

1		witness Karl Nalepa, and a five-year amortization period, I recommend that Rider HCRF
2		recover an annual amortization expense of \$11.7 million as follows:
3 4 5 6 7 8 9		Hurricane Harvey restoration expenses \$ 73,148 Hurricane Ike residual recovery, net (4,031) Adjustment recommend by OPUC ⁷ (10,799) Total 58,318 Recommended amortization period 5 Recommended annual recovery \$ 11,644
10	Q.	AFTER CONSIDERING YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO COST OF SERVICE AND
11		THE ESTABLISHMENT OF RIDER HCRF, WHAT IS THE NET IMPACT ON
12		CUSTOMERS?
13	A.	The net impact on customers is a reduction of \$16,139,000, comprised of a reduction to
14		cost of service of \$27,802,000 and an increase in charges through Rider HCRF of
15		\$11,644,000.
16		2. Medicare Part D
17	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE LEGISLATIVE HISTORY UNDERLYING
18		CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S EXPENSES RELATED TO MEDICARE PART D.
19	A.	The Medicare Prescription Drug Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 expanded
20		Medicare coverage to include prescription drug benefits for retirees that are equivalent to
21		the benefits provided through Medicare Part D. The Act also provided a 28% non-taxable
22		subsidy for an employer's cost for providing prescription drugs to its retirees. This
23		subsidy did not diminish the tax deductibility of the subsidized prescription drug benefits

⁷ Direct Testimony of Karl Nalepa at Section V.C. (Jun. 6, 2019) (Nalepa Direct).

that CenterPoint Houston paid. However, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act
and Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 ("PPACA") eliminated the
non-taxable status of the subsidy beginning January 1, 2013. The actual amounts of the
Medicare Part D subsidy that a company received prior to January 1, 2013 continued to
be nontaxable, while amounts received during 2013 and beyond effectively became
taxable. Consequently, CenterPoint Houston experienced an increase in income tax
expense relating to the Medicare Part D subsidy beginning January 1, 2013 that was not
included in the base rates established in its last rate case.

9 Q. DID THE COMMISSION ADDRESS THE INCREASE IN INCOME TAX 10 EXPENSE IN CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S LAST BASE RATE CASE?

A.

Yes. The Commission addressed the increase in income tax expense attributable to Medicare Part D in Docket No. 38339. In that case, CenterPoint Houston proposed to amortize a \$9.3 million regulatory asset over a three-year period to account for its Medicare Part D subsidy receivable. The Commission denied recovery of the regulatory asset because the Commission concluded that PPACA's effective date of January 1, 2013 was too far into the future to address in the rates set in that proceeding. However, the Commission did authorize CenterPoint Houston to continue to record as a regulatory asset the difference between what their rates assumed the Medicare Part B subsidy tax expense would be and the amount that the Company was actually required to pay. The

⁸ Application of CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC, Docket No. 38339, Order on Rehearing at 10 (Jun. 23, 2011).

1		Commission stated that the regulatory asset should be addressed in CenterPoint Houston's
2		next rate case, 9 which is this case.
3	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUEST IN THIS
4		CASE REGARDING MEDICARE PART D EXPENSES.
5	A.	CenterPoint Houston has included a 3-year amortization of Medicare Part D in its
6		calculation of federal income tax expense, rather than as amortization expense, and a
7		regulatory asset in rate base. ¹⁰
8	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE AMORTIZATION
9		OF MEDICARE PART D?
10	A.	I recommend that the Medicare Part D regulatory asset be removed from rate base and
11		moved to a Rider MEDD with a 5-year amortization period.
12	Q.	WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF YOUR RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENT TO THE
13		RECOVERY OF MEDICARE PART D EXPENSES ON CENTERPOINT
14		HOUSTON'S COST OF SERVICE?
15	A.	By reducing rate base by \$26,231,000 and moving the recovery of the Medicare Part D
16		tax expense out of federal income tax expense and into Rider MEDD, I have reduced
17		CenterPoint Houston's cost of service by \$13,171,000, calculated as follows:

⁹ *Id*.

¹⁰ Direct Testimony of Charles Pringle at 45:4-12 (Apr. 5, 2019) (Pringle Direct).

1			(\$1,000s)
2		Remove Medicare Part D regulatory asset	\$ (33,204)
3		Increase ADFIT	6,973
4		Net Reduction to Rate Base	(26,231)
5		Recommended Rate of Return	6.55%
6		Reduction to Return	(1,718)
7		Adjust Texas Gross Margin Tax	(94)
8		Adjust Federal Income Tax	(11,359)_
9		Total Reduction to Cost of Service	\$ (13,171)
10	Q.	WHAT IS THE RESULTING AMOUNT OF RID	ER MEDD?
11	A.	To reflect moving the recovery of the Medicare Part	D deferred regulatory asset to Rider
12		MEDD, and a five-year amortization period, I recom	mend that Rider MEDD recover an
13		annual amortization of \$6.6 million calculated as follows	ows:
14 15		Medicare Part D Regulatory Asset ¹¹	(\$1,000s) \$ 33,204
16		Recommended amortization period	5
17		Recommended annual recovery	\$ 6,641

18 Q. AFTER CONSIDERING YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO THE COST OF SERVICE

19 AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF RIDER MEDD, WHAT IS THE NET IMPACT

20 **ON CUSTOMERS?**

21 A. The net impact on customers is a reduction of \$6,530,000, comprised of a reduction to

cost of service of \$13,171,000 and an increase in charges through Rider MEDD of

23 \$6,641,000.

¹¹ Includes gross up for tax on tax.

3. Texas Gross Margin Tax

- 2 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUEST FOR A

 TEXAS GROSS MARGIN TAX REGULATORY ASSET.
- CenterPoint Houston seeks to recover \$19.6 million in Texas Gross Margin Tax as a 4 A. 5 regulatory asset in rate base. The Company claims that it has been recording the Texas 6 Gross Margin Tax as a regulatory asset because in past Commission proceedings, the 7 Commission has allowed the Company to recover the amount of Texas Gross Margin Tax that it paid during the test year, even though the taxable year on which the payment is 8 based is the year prior to the test year. 12 Rather than continuing this accounting treatment, 9 10 CenterPoint Houston is proposing to instead include the accrued amounts in base rates so that the accrued tax expense can be charged to income during the same period when it is 11
- 13 Q. WHY IS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON REQUESTING THIS TREATMENT?
- 14 A. The Company asserts that it is proposing this change in response to an issue that arose in

 CenterPoint Houston's recent Distribution Cost Recovery Factor ("DCRF") proceeding. 14
- 16 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE WHAT HAPPENED IN THE DCRF PROCEEDING?
- 17 A. In Docket No. 45747, CenterPoint Houston and Commission Staff disagreed over the 18 correct way to calculate the amount of the Texas Gross Margin Tax used to calculate 19 "Current Other Taxes as Related to Current Net Distribution Capital" under 16 TAC

earned by the Company. 13

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¹² Pringle Direct at 37:11-14.

¹³ Colvin Direct at 38:18-39:3.

¹⁴ *Id.* at 39:3-5.

§ 25.243(d). 15 CenterPoint Houston included an amount based on the 2014 revenues and
0.95% tax rate used to calculate the Texas Gross Margin Tax payment that it made during
the 2015 calendar year. 16 However, Commission Staff recommended using the 2015
revenues and the current tax rate of 0.75% because this amount was more closely related
to the "Current Net Distribution Capital" included in the Company's Application, which
covered investments made in calendar year 2015. ¹⁷ To justify its interpretation,
CenterPoint Houston relied on the methodology used to calculate the Texas Gross Margin
Tax expense in its last rate case, Docket No. 38339, as well as the Commission's decision
in Docket No. 29526, which addressed the Company's stranded costs and other true-up
balances after unbundling. ¹⁸ However, the DCRF proceeding was ultimately resolved by
settlement, and therefore, the treatment of the Texas Gross Margin Tax was not litigated
in that case. 19
WHAT COMMISSION ORDER OR OTHER AUTHORITY HAS CENTERPOINT

13 Q. WHAT COMMISSION ORDER OR OTHER AUTHORITY HAS CENTERPOINT 14 HOUSTON CITED AS EVIDENCE SUPPORTING ITS TEXAS GROSS MARGIN

15 TAX REGULATORY ASSET?

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16 A. CenterPoint Houston contends that the Commission approved this accounting practice in
17 Docket No. 29526 and the Company is requesting the same approval in this case.²⁰

¹⁵ Application of CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC, Docket No. 45747, Direct Testimony of Ruth Stark at 5:13-7:15 (Jun. 3, 2016) (Stark Direct).

¹⁶ Docket No. 45747, Direct Testimony of Mary A. Kirk at 25:3-11 (Apr. 4, 2016) (Kirk Direct).

¹⁷ Docket No. 45747, Stark Direct at 7:1-7, 9:13-10:9.

¹⁸ Docket No. 45747, Kirk Direct at 27:1-28:2.

¹⁹ Docket No. 45747, Ordering Paragraph Nos. 1-2 (Jul. 20, 2016).

²⁰ Colvin Direct at 40:1-6.

1	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S ACCOUNTING
2		TREATMENT OF THE TEXAS GROSS MARGIN TAX REGULATORY ASSET
3		IN THIS CASE?
4	A.	No. I do not agree for the following five reasons, which I discuss in more detail below:
5		• The purpose of the regulatory rate-making process is to establish rates that
6		will allow a utility a reasonable opportunity to earn a reasonable return on its
7		invested capital and not to prescribe future accounting treatment unless
8		specifically addressed in a Commission Order;
9		The Commission's Order in Docket No. 29526 does not support CenterPoint
10		Houston's request;
11		• CenterPoint Houston did not include a regulatory asset related to the Texas
12		Gross Margin Tax in its last base rate case, Docket No. 38339;
13		• CenterPoint Houston's current rates include an expense for the Texas Gross
14		Margin Tax and the Company has not asserted that it has been denied
15		recovery of a reasonable amount for Texas Gross Margin Tax; and,
16		• CenterPoint Houston's accounting treatment, if based upon the Company's
17		interpretation of generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), is
18		flawed.
19	Q.	PLEASE DISCUSS THE REGULATORY RATE-MAKING PROCESS AND HOW
20		IT IMPACTS ACCOUNTING TREATMENT.
21	A.	The purpose of the regulatory rate-making process is to establish a utility's overall
22		revenues at an amount that will allow the utility a reasonable opportunity to earn a

	reasonable return on its invested capital in excess of reasonable and necessary operating
	expenses. ²¹ The process sets rates at a level that will generate the overall revenues
	approved by the Commission. Typically, the methods used to determine the amounts that
	comprise the overall revenues include the application of GAAP. To maintain uniformity
	across the industry, a utility should not apply an accounting treatment that departs from
	GAAP absent a Commission order to do so. This aspect of the rate-making process is
	reflected in the Commission's requirement that a utility provide evidence of the
	Commission order or other authority that authorizes each requested regulatory asset.
Q.	WHAT ESTABLISHES THE ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES THAT UTILITIES
	ARE REQUIRED TO FOLLOW?
A.	The accounting principles that utilities must follow are determined by the FERC USOA,
	which utilities are required to use under 16 TAC § 25.72(c), and GAAP. Neither the
	FERC USOA nor GAAP allow a departure from established accounting principles absent
	specific authorization from a regulatory agency.
Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S CLAIM THAT THE
	COMMISSION'S DECISION IN DOCKET NO. 29526 SUPPORTS THE
	COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR A TEXAS GROSS MARGIN TAX
	REGULATORY ASSET?
A.	No. Docket No. 29526 specifically dealt with stranded costs and other true-up balances
	under PURA § 39.262 related to the transition to competition. Under regulation, utilities
	were required to invest in generation assets that would not hold their value in a

²¹ PURA § 36.051.

competitive market. To address the now uneconomic portion of these assets, the	he
Legislature authorized the recovery of these stranded costs if certain conditions were m	ıet
by the utility. In Docket No. 29526, CenterPoint Houston was allowed to record	a
regulatory asset to recover \$14,187,517 in deferred debits resulting from the	he
proportionate share of its Texas Franchise taxes (what is now the "Texas Gross Marg	in
Tax") related to uneconomic generation assets. ²² The Commission's decision in Dock	cet
No. 29526 authorized the recovery of stranded costs. The fact that those stranded costs	sts
resulted from the Texas Franchise taxes was not the basis for the decision. Additional	ly,
the stranded-cost proceedings stemmed from a regulatory change (i.e., the transition	to
competition) ²³ and is not applicable here where no change in regulation has occurred.	
HAS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON MET THE TDU RFP REQUIREMENT T	O'
IDENTIFY THE COMMISSION ORDER, INCLUDING APPLICABLE PAGE	S,
OR OTHER AUTHORITY TO SUPPORT ITS CLAIM FOR A TEXAS GROS	SS

15 A. No, as discussed above, CenterPoint Houston has not specifically identified a
16 Commission order, including applicable pages, or other authority that supports its request
17 for a Texas Gross Margin Tax regulatory asset.

MARGIN TAX REGULATORY ASSET?

18 Q. PLEASE DISCUSS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUEST FOR
19 REGULATORY ASSETS IN ITS LAST BASE RATE CASE.

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Q.

²² Application of CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC, Reliant Energy Retail Services, LLC and Texas Genco, LP to Determine Stranded Costs and Other True-Up Balances Pursuant to PURA § 39.262, Docket No. 29526, Order on Rehearing at 47 (Dec. 17, 2004).

²³ *Id*.

1	A.	Attachment JMD-2 provides a copy of Schedule II-B from CenterPoint Houston's RFP
2		from Docket No. 38339, which shows total regulatory assets of \$58,340,000. Attachment
3		JMD-2 also provides a copy of Schedule II-B-12 from the Company's Docket No. 38339
4		RFP, which shows the breakdown of the regulatory assets as \$57,887,000 for Deferred
5		Pension Costs under PURA § 36.065 and \$453,000 for Expedited Switching. CenterPoint
6		Houston did not include a regulatory asset related to the Texas Gross Margin Tax in its
7		last RFP and should not be allowed to do so in this rate case.
8	Q.	DID THE COST OF SERVICE THAT WAS APPROVED IN CENTERPOINT
9		HOUSTON'S LAST BASE RATE CASE INCLUDE AN AMOUNT FOR THE
10		TEXAS GROSS MARGIN TAX?
11	A.	Yes. Attachment JMD-3 provides a copy of Schedule II-E-2 from CenterPoint Houston's
12		RFP from Docket No. 38339, which shows Texas Margin Taxes of \$16,338,000, and
13		Schedule I-A-1 which shows the Company's total request for Taxes Other than Income
14		Taxes of \$223,865,000 (line 3, column 3), inclusive of Texas Margin Taxes. Although
15		CenterPoint Houston included an amount for the Texas Gross Margin Tax in its last base
16		rate case, it did not include a regulatory asset.
17	Q.	HAS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON ASSERTED THAT IT HAS BEEN DENIED
18		RECOVERY OF ITS TEXAS GROSS MARGIN TAX EXPENSE?
19	A. ·	No. CenterPoint Houston has not asserted that it has been denied recovery of its Texas
20		Gross Margin Tax expense. However, CenterPoint Houston is claiming that it is entitled
21		to recover a \$20 million regulatory asset, in addition to the Gross Margin Tax expense,

- solely because of the difference between its accounting treatment and its regulatory treatment.
- 3 Q. WHY IS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S ACCOUNTING TREATMENT
- 4 FLAWED?
- 5 Even if CenterPoint Houston had identified a Commission order or other authority as A. 6 required by the TDU RFP, the Company recorded the amounts in Account 179, which is not a valid account under the FERC USOA.²⁴ In addition, the cost of service on which the 7 Company's current rates are based includes an amount for its Texas Gross Margin Tax 8 9 expense and the Company recovers this expense each year. Therefore, the only 10 unrecovered amount that could result from the transition to the accrual method of 11 accounting is the difference between the cumulative historical accrual-based amounts 12 incurred by the Company and the historical amounts recovered in rates for the same 13 periods. However, the Company's approach would constitute strictly-prohibited 14 retroactive rate-making by attempting to set future rates in a manner that will allow 15 CenterPoint Houston to recoup past losses.²⁵
- 16 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING CENTERPOINT
 17 HOUSTON'S TEXAS GROSS MARGIN TAX REGULATORY ASSET?
- 18 A. I recommend that CenterPoint Houston's request to recover the \$19,627,000 regulatory

 19 asset related to the Texas Gross Margin Tax be denied by the Commission.

²⁴ In response to RFI COH 03-41 (Attachment JMD-4), CenterPoint Houston provided a schedule showing the detail for Account 179060.

²⁵ See State v. Pub. Util. Comm'n of Tex., 883 S.W.2d 190, 198-99 (Tex. 1994).

1	Q.	WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF YOUR RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENT TO THE
2		TEXAS GROSS MARGIN TAX REGULATORY ASSET ON CENTERPOINT
3		HOUSTON'S COST OF SERVICE?
4	A.	By reducing rate base by \$19,627,000 for the Texas Gross Margin Tax regulatory asset, I
5		have reduced the cost of service by \$8,103,000, calculated as follows:
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13		Remove Texas Gross Margin Tax regulatory asset \$ (19,627) Recommended Rate of Return 6.55% Reduction to Return (1,286) Remove Amortization Expense (6,543) Adjust Texas Gross Margin Tax (58) Adjust Federal Income Tax (217) Total Reduction to Cost of Service \$ (8,103)
14		4. Smart Meter Texas
15	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE NATURE OF CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S
16		REQUESTED REGULATORY ASSET RELATED TO SMART METER TEXAS
17		COSTS.
18	A.	SMT costs are the costs incurred to develop, operate, and maintain the common web
19		portal required by 16 TAC § 25.130(d), (g) and (j), and authorized in CenterPoint

Q. HAS THE COMMISSION PREVIOUSLY ADDRESSED CENTERPOINT
HOUSTON'S SMT REGULATORY ASSET AND ITS RECOVERY?

Houston's Advanced Metering System ("AMS") deployment plan.²⁶

²⁶ Application of CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC for the Final Reconciliation of Advanced Metering Costs, Docket No. 47364, Finding of Fact No. 13(e) (Dec. 14, 2017).

Yes. In Docket No. 47364, the Commission allowed CenterPoint Houston to establish a
regulatory asset in which to record SMT costs incurred after the end of the final
reconciliation period in that case, and prior to the implementation date of new base rates
resulting from its next comprehensive base rate proceeding. ²⁷ In addition, the
Commission allowed CenterPoint Houston to recover all SMT costs found reasonable
using an appropriate amortization period to be determined in the next base rate
proceeding. ²⁸ This rate case is that proceeding. However, while the Commission stated
that the costs could be recovered using an appropriate amortization period, it is important
to note that the Commission was silent as to whether those costs would be included in
rate base.

11 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUEST REGARDING

12 THE RECOVERY OF SMT COSTS.

- 13 A. CenterPoint Houston has included a regulatory asset of \$6,939,000 in rate base for the
- SMT costs that it incurred after the end of the final reconciliation period in Docket No.
- 15 47364 and has requested an amortization period of three years.

16 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE RECOVERY OF

17 SMT COSTS?

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A.

18 A. I recommend that SMT costs be removed from rate base and placed in an SMT cost 19 recovery rider ("Rider SMTCR") with a 5-year amortization period. My recommendation 20 is based on Commission precedent approving a similar amortization period for the

²⁷ *Id*.

²⁸ *Id*.

- recovery of significant Hurricane Harvey costs, as discussed above, and the 5-year amortization period that was authorized for TNMP's under-collection of AMS-related costs in Docket No. 48401 that included SMT costs.²⁹
- 4 Q. WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF YOUR RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENT TO THE
- 5 RECOVERY OF SMT COSTS ON CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S COST OF
- 6 **SERVICE?**
- A. By reducing rate base by \$5,441,000 and moving the recovery of SMT costs to Rider SMTCR, I have reduced the cost of service by \$2,749,000, calculated as follows:

9		(\$1,000s)
10	Remove SMT regulatory asset	\$ (6,939)
11	Increase ADFIT	1,498
12	Net Reduction to Rate Base	(5,441)
13	Recommended Rate of Return	6.55%
14	Reduction to Return	(356)
15	Remove Amortization Expense	(2,313)
16	Adjust Texas Gross Margin Tax	(20)
17	Adjust Federal Income Tax	(60)
18	Total Reduction to Cost of Service	\$ (2,749)

19 Q. WHAT IS THE RESULTING AMOUNT OF RIDER SMTCR?

- A. To reflect moving the recovery of SMT costs to Rider SMTCR, and a five-year amortization period, I recommend that Rider SMTCR recover \$1.39 million annually,
- calculated as follows:

²⁹ Docket 48401 at Finding of Fact No. 69.

1		(\$1,000s)_
2		SMT costs \$ 6,939
3		Recommended amortization period5_
4		Recommended annual recovery \$ 1,388
5	Q.	AFTER CONSIDERING YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO COST OF SERVICE AND
6		THE ESTABLISHMENT OF RIDER SMTCR, WHAT IS THE NET IMPACT ON
7		CUSTOMERS?
8	A.	The net impact on customers is a reduction of \$1,361,000, comprised of a reduction to
9		cost of service of \$2,749,000 and an increase in charges through Rider SMTCR of
10		\$1,388,000.
11		5. REP Bad Debt
12	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE NATURE OF CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S
13		REQUESTED REGULATORY ASSET RELATED TO REP BAD DEBT.
14	A.	REPs collect CenterPoint Houston's receivables from the distribution of electricity to
15		their own retail customers. Historically, various adverse economic conditions or financial
16		difficulties have caused a REP to default on its payment to the Company. Under 16 TAC
17		§ 25.107(f)(3)(B), CenterPoint Houston is allowed to establish a regulatory asset for bad
18		debt expenses resulting from a REP's default, net of collateral and bad debt currently
19		included in rates. In addition, the Company is allowed to request amortization of the
20		regulatory asset as a recoverable cost in a rate case proceeding; however, the rule is silent
21		as to whether the Company will be allowed to earn a return on the regulatory asset.
22	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUEST REGARDING
23		THE RECOVERY OF REP BAD DEBT.

1	A.	CenterPoint Houston has requested a regulatory asset of \$1.6 million in rate base related
2		to REP bad debt that it has incurred and has requested an amortization period of 3 years.

Q. HOW DID CENTERPOINT HOUSTON CALCULATE ITS REGULATORYASSET?

5 A. In response to RFI COH 03-41, CenterPoint Houston provided the calculation of its REP
6 bad debt regulatory asset.³⁰ The calculation includes \$511,290 in bad debt from
7 specifically identified REPs plus \$1,058,255 that represents a credit reversal of \$12,026
8 per month from the period beginning September 2011 through December 2018.
9 Attachment JMD-5 is a copy of WP II-D-2.2.1 from Docket No. 38339 showing net
10 credits of \$144,308 for REP bad debt. The \$12,026 monthly amount is calculated by
11 dividing the \$144,308 by 12.

12 Q. HAVE YOU IDENTIFIED A PROBLEM WITH CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S 13 REGULATORY ASSET BALANCE RELATING TO REP BAD DEBT?

Yes. As previously discussed, the Commission requires REP bad debt to be calculated net of collateral and bad debt currently included in rates. CenterPoint Houston's current rates do not include REP bad debt, but rather, the \$144,308 credit described above. Typically, credits like this represent recoveries of bad debt, and not bad debt expense. If this credit is a recovery, it is a recovery for bad debt incurred outside of the test year used in Docket No. 38339, since CenterPoint Houston had no offsetting bad debt expense during the test year in that case. Additionally, the Company has not provided a justification for reversing

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³⁰ Attachment JMD-4.

1		the credit included in its last rate case to yield a material adjustment to its REP bad debt	
2		regulatory asset in this case that increases the balance of the asset by 200%.	
3	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE RECOVERY OF	
4		THE REP BAD DEBT REGULATORY ASSET REQUESTED BY	
5		CENTERPOINT HOUSTON?	
6	A.	I recommend reducing the balance of CenterPoint Houston's REP bad debt regulatory	
7		asset by \$1,058,255, to exclude the credit reversal, removing the remaining balance from	
8		rate base, and amortizing it as bad debt expense over 5 years.	
9	Q.	WHY HAVEN'T YOU RECOMMENDED A RIDER TO RECOVER THE REP	
10		BAD DEBT REGULATORY ASSET?	
11	A.	I have not recommended a rider because REP bad debt expense is a recurring expense	
12		that is charged to Account 904, Uncollectible Accounts, in accordance with the FERC	
13		USOA. Therefore, CenterPoint Houston's cost of service should include an amount that	
14		is representative of the REP bad debt expense that CenterPoint Houston incurs annually	
15		as a reasonable and necessary expense that is recoverable through base rates.	
16	Q.	WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF YOUR RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENT TO REP	
17		BAD DEBT EXPENSE ON CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S COST OF SERVICE?	
18	A.	By reducing rate base by \$1,240,000, reducing the balance of CenterPoint Houston's	
19		REP bad debt regulatory asset by \$1,058,255, and amortizing the adjusted regulatory	
20		asset over 5 years, I have reduced the cost of service by \$520,000, calculated as follows:	

1			(\$1,000s)
2		Remove REP Bad Debt regulatory asset	\$ (1,570)
3		Increase ADFIT	330
4		Net Reduction to Rate Base	(1,240)
5		Recommended Rate of Return	<u>6.55%</u>
6		Reduction to Return	(81)
7		Bad debt expense	(421)
8		Adjust Texas Gross Margin Tax	(1)
9		Adjust Federal Income Tax	(14)_
10		Total Reduction to Cost of Service	\$ (520)
11		B. PREPAYMENTS	
12	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE NATURE OF THE P	REPAYMENTS INCLUDED IN
13		CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUESTED RA	TE BASE.
14	A.	Prepayments are expenses that have been paid by a	company in one period but are not
15		actually incurred until a future period. CenterPoint H	ouston is requesting recovery of an
16		adjusted 13-month average of prepayments of \$190	4 million. The components of the
17		adjusted prepayments are as follows: \$5.9 million of	Prepay-Insurance, \$5.3 million of

20 Q. HAS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON MADE ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO ITS

Prepay-Other Taxes, \$2.9 million of Prepay-Other, and \$176.3 million of Prepay-

21 **PREPAYMENTS?**

Pension.³¹

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³¹ RFP Schedule II-B-10.

- 1 A. Yes. CenterPoint Houston has excluded a 13-month average of \$3.8 million related to
 2 Prepay-Exec Benefits. The Company has also excluded certain items in the Prepay-Other
 3 account related to Global Positioning Services that were charged to an affiliate.³²
- 4 Q. ARE THERE ANY OTHER ADJUSTMENTS THAT ARE NECESSARY TO
 5 CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUESTED PREPAYMENTS?
- A. Yes. I found an extra quarterly charge during the 13-month period based on my analysis of the Prepay-Other Taxes account detail provided in TB-Monthly tab supporting WP II
 B-10.³³ This charge resulted in the erroneous inclusion of 6 quarterly charges, rather than

 5. To correct this error, I recommend that the 13-month average of prepayments be adjusted to remove the extra charge, as follows:

11 12		Company Request	OPUC Adjusted
13	12-2017	\$ 11,546,338	\$ 11,546,338
14	01-2018	•	, ,
15	02-2018		
16	03-2018	11,546,338	11,546,388
17	04-2018		
18	05-2018		
19	06-2018	11,478,689	11,478,689
20	07-2018		
21	08-2018	11,479,733	
22	09-2018		11,479,733
23	10-2018		
24	11-2018	11,479,733	
25	12-2018	11,479,733	11,479,733
26	13-Month Average	\$ 5,308,505	\$ 4,425,449

³² *Id*.

³³ WP II-B-10.

1	Q.	WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF YOUR RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENT TO	
2		PREPAYMENTS FOR OTHER TAXES ON CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S COST	
3		OF SERVICE?	
4	A.	By reducing rate base by \$883,056 (\$5,308,505 - \$4,425,449), I have reduced the cost of	
5		service by \$68,000, calculated as follows:	
6 7 8 9 10 11 12		Adjustment to 13-month average \$ (883) Recommended Rate of Return 6.55% Reduction to Return (58) Adjust Texas Gross Margin Tax (0) Adjust Federal Income Tax (10) Total Reduction to Cost of Service \$ (68)	
13		V. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND RATE OF RETURN	
14	Q.	WHICH OPUC WITNESS SUPPORTS OPUC'S RECOMMENDED CAPITAL	
15		STRUCTURE AND RATE OF RETURN IN THIS CASE?	
16	A.	The direct testimony of OPUC witness Anjuli Winker supports OPUC's recommended	
17		capital structure and rate of return.	
18	Q.	WHAT RATE OF RETURN DOES MS. WINKER RECOMMEND?	
19	A.	Ms. Winker recommends an overall rate of return of 6.55%. ³⁴	
20	Q.	DID YOU RECALCULATE CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S TOTAL ADJUSTED	
21		REVENUE REQUIREMENT USING MS. WINKER'S RECOMMENDED RATE	
22		OF RETURN?	

³⁴ Direct Testimony of Anjuli Winker at 4:12-17 (Jun. 6, 2019).

2		to the Total Adjusted Revenue Requirement of \$72,087,000 (\$53,888,000 in return +
3		\$17,686,000 in federal income taxes + \$513,000 in Texas Gross Margin Tax).
4		VI. EXPENSES
5		A. COMPENSATION FOR USE OF CAPITAL
6	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUEST RELATED TO
7		COMPENSATION FOR USE OF CAPITAL.
8	A.	CenterPoint Houston has included in its cost of service a payment of \$7,786,463
9		described as Compensation for Use of Capital. The amount is based upon the recently
10		filed 2018 FERC Form 60 for CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC (the "Service
11		Company") and reflects the bundled services charged to CenterPoint Houston by various
12		Service Company business units. ³⁵
13	Q.	HOW DOES CENTERPOINT HOUSTON DESCRIBE THE PURPOSE OF
14		COMPENSATION FOR USE OF CAPITAL?
15	A.	Based on the Company's response to RFI PUC 02-37, the purpose of Compensation for
16		Use of Capital is to provide the Service Company a return on the assets that it owns and
17		uses to provide bundled services to CenterPoint Houston and its other affiliates. The
18		\$7,786,463 payment from CenterPoint Houston to the Service Company is the portion of
19		the total return on investment the Service Company earns on these shared assets that is
20		allocated to CenterPoint Houston.
	5	

Yes. Using Ms. Winker's recommended rate of return results in a downward adjustment

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A.

³⁵ Attachment JMD-6, CenterPoint Houston's Response to RFI PUC 02-37.

Q.	WHAT	IS	THE	STANDARD	USED	TO	EVALUATE	PAYMENTS	TO	AN
	AFFILI	ATI	E ?							

- A. PURA § 36.058 allows a utility to recover costs paid to an affiliate entity if the utility demonstrates that the payments are reasonable and necessary for each item or class of items as determined by the Commission, and if the price charged by the affiliate to the utility is no higher than the price charged by the affiliate to other purchasers. The affiliate transaction standard is a heightened standard because affiliate transactions are not armslength, and therefore, raise the possibility for self-dealing.³⁶
- 9 Q. HAS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON MET THE AFFILIATE TRANSACTION
 10 STANDARD REGARDING ITS PAYMENT TO THE SERVICE COMPANY FOR
 11 COMPENSATION FOR USE OF CAPITAL?
 - No. The instructions for the TDU RFP require that Schedule V-K-7 show "the categories of services included in the affiliate transmission and distribution costs; the amount in the Test Year; a discussion of necessity and reasonableness of the services/costs; and a 'no higher than' standard analysis." CenterPoint Houston has failed to meet this requirement because its testimony does not address the Compensation for Use of Capital embedded in its revenue requirement. Without evidence showing the types of bundled services that are provided using these assets, there is no way to analyze whether it is reasonable and necessary to provide the Service Company with a return on these assets.

A.

³⁶ R.R. Comm'n of Tex. v. Rio Grande Valley Gas Co., 683 S.W.2d 783, 786 (Tex. App.—Austin 1984, no writ).

³⁷ TDU RFP at 67.

		•
2		Capital meets the affiliate transaction standard.
3	Q.	HAVE YOU IDENTIFIED ANY PROBLEMS WITH THE REASONABLENESS
4		OF CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S CALCULATION OF THE \$7,786,463 IN
5		COMPENSATION FOR USE OF CAPITAL?
6	A.	Yes. In response to RFI GCCC 01-09, CenterPoint Houston provided its calculations. ³⁸
7		Based on the response, I have identified problems with the net book value of the assets
8		used in the calculation and with the rate of return.
9	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROBLEMS YOU IDENTIFIED WITH THE NET
10		BOOK VALUE OF THE ASSETS USED BY CENTERPOINT HOUSTON TO
11		CALCULATE COMPENSATION FOR USE OF CAPITAL.
12	A.	CenterPoint Houston described the \$115,021,629 net book value of the assets used in the
13		calculation as "Estimated Net Book Value as of 12/31/2017". The Company also
14		included a footnote stating, "Net Book Value Estimate is calculated during the planning
15		process using June 30, 2017 Net Book Value and adjusted for the remaining 2017
16		depreciation and adjustments."39 The Company did not provide any of the calculations
17		supporting the estimated amounts, precluding a review of the estimated depreciation, the
18		depreciation rates applied, or the adjustments referenced in the footnote. Additionally,
19		the test year in this case ended December 31, 2018 and CenterPoint Houston failed to
20		explain why it used 2017 amounts rather than using the actual balances for the Service
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Therefore, CenterPoint Houston has not demonstrated that the Compensation for Use of

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³⁸ Attachment JMD-7, CenterPoint Houston's Response to RFI GCCC 01-09.

³⁹ *Id*.

1		Company's shared assets as of December 31, 2018, which was available in time for
2		inclusion in its RFP.
3	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PROBLEMS YOU IDENTIFIED WITH THE RATE
4		OF RETURN USED BY CENTERPOINT HOUSTON TO CALCULATE
5		COMPENSATION FOR USE OF CAPITAL.
6	A.	CenterPoint Houston applied an unreasonable overall rate of return of 11.37% to the
7		Estimated Net Book Value of the Service Company's shared assets as of December 31,
8		2017. The Company provided its calculation of the rate of return in response to RFI PUC
9		02-38.40 I identified the following problems with CenterPoint Houston's calculation of its
10		overall rate of return:
11		• The cost of debt included in the calculation is 6.92%, rather than the 4.38%
12		requested by CenterPoint Houston in this case;
13		• The return on equity is 11.25%, rather than the 10.40% requested by CenterPoint
14		Houston in this case;
15		• The capital structure is 60% debt and 40% equity, rather than the 50% debt and
16		50% equity requested by CenterPoint Houston in this case; and
17		• A tax gross-up factor of 1.6044 was used, which appears to use a 35% federal tax
18		rate plus approximately 4.29% in undisclosed other taxes.
19	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE AMOUNT OF
20		COMPENSATION FOR USE OF CAPITAL THAT SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN
21		CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S COST OF SERVICE?

 $^{^{\}rm 40}\,$ Attachment JMD-8, CenterPoint Houston's Response to PUC 02-38.

1	A.	I recommend that the cost of service be reduced by the full \$7,786,463 included for
2		Compensation for Use of Capital, because CenterPoint Houston has not demonstrated
3		that this payment to its affiliate is just and reasonable under PURA § 36.058. The
4		required reduction to cost of service is calculated as follows:
5 6 7 8		Reduce operations and maintenance expense \$ (7,786) Adjust Texas Gross Margin Tax (56) Total Reduction to Cost of Service \$ (7,842)
9		B. INCENTIVE COMPENSATION
10	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S REQUEST REGARDING
11		INCENTIVE COMPENSATION.
12	A.	CenterPoint Houston has requested recovery of costs associated with both a Long-term
13		Incentive Compensation Plan ("LTI Plan") and a Short-term Incentive Compensation
14		Plan ("STI Plan").
15	Q.	ARE INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLANS A REASONABLE AND
16		NECESSARY COMPONENT OF COMPENSATION?
17	A.	Yes. Many utilities provide incentive compensation plans to attract and retain employees.
18	Q.	WHAT DETERMINES WHETHER CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S INCENTIVE
19		COMPENSATION PLANS ARE REASONABLE AND NECESSARY FOR THE
20		PROVISION OF UTILITY SERVICE?
21	A.	Whether the cost of an incentive compensation plan is reasonable and necessary for the
22		provision of utility service is dependent upon the goals used to determine the payouts to
23		employees under the plan. Incentive compensation tied to financially-based goals, like

earnings per share, primarily benefits shareholders and is not reasonable and necessary to provide utility service. In contrast, incentive compensation tied to performance-based goals, such as safety, reliability, and customer service, provides benefits to customers and is reasonable and necessary to provide utility service. I discuss the goals associated with each of CenterPoint Houston's incentive compensation plans in their respective sections later in my testimony.

7 Q. HAS THE COMMISSION EVER DENIED RECOVERY OF FINANCIALLY-8 BASED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION?

A. Yes. The following are examples from Commission Orders in two recent cases:

The Commission has repeatedly ruled that a utility cannot recover the cost of financially-based incentive compensation because financial measures are of more immediate benefit to shareholders and financial measures are not necessary or reasonable to provide utility services.⁴¹

It is well-established that a utility may not include in its rates the costs of incentives that are tied to financial-performance measures. The Commission agrees with the SOAH ALJs' characterization of the annual incentive plan as "complicated" and notes that when a utility elects to adopt a compensation plan that involves both financially-based and performance-based metrics, the utility still must show it has removed all aspects of the financially-based goals from its requested expense. Based on the testimony of the experts offered by AXM and OPUC, the Commission is not convinced SPS's adjustment fully captured the financial aspects of the annual incentive plan. Yet, SPS has sufficiently demonstrated that some portion of the plan is tied to performance-based objectives and is part of the necessary expense of attracting and retaining qualified Xcel employees. Therefore, removing all the expense of the plan would likewise be improper. Ultimately, the Commission adopts the amount of plan expense that OPUC recommended as an alternative. This

⁴¹ Application of Entergy Texas, Inc. for Rate Case Expenses Pertaining to PUC Docket No. 39896, Docket No. 40295, Order at 2 (May 21, 2013).

1 2 3		amount better reflects that the plan has a financially-based earnings-per- share trigger and requires Xcel employees to meet metrics that include financial goals, in addition to performance-related goals. ⁴²
4		These prior cases confirm that the Commission does not allow recovery of financially-
5		based incentive compensation and that the Commission will seek to remove financially-
6		based portions of an incentive compensation plan from rate base.
7	Q.	HAS THE COMMISSION EVER DENIED CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S
8		REQUEST FOR INCENTIVE COMPENSATION?
9	A.	Yes. In Docket No. 38339, the Commission found that the Company's LTI was "not a
10		reasonable and necessary component of CenterPoint's Total compensation package."43
11	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR OPINION OF CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S TESTIMONY
12		SUPPORTING HOW INCENTIVE PLANS BENEFIT CUSTOMERS?
13	A.	CenterPoint Houston witness Lynne Harkel-Rumford states that the achievement of
14		strong financial performance is a direct benefit to customers. Ms. Harkel-Rumford states
15		that strong financial performance is a direct result of the Company's prudent management
16		of operating expenses and that total shareholder return growth attracts capital for
17		maintaining and investing in the Company's infrastructure. ⁴⁴ However, these financial
18		performance measures impact the Company's shareholders before they impact its

⁴² Application of Southwestern Public Service Company for Authority to Change Rates, Docket No. 43695, Order at 5 (Dec. 18, 2015); see also Application of Southwestern Electric Power Company for Authority to Changes Rates and Reconcile Fuel Costs, Docket No. 40443, Finding of Fact No. 215 (Oct. 10, 2013); Application of AEP Texas Central Company for Authority to Change Rates, Docket No. 33309, Finding of Fact No. 82 (Mar. 4, 2007); Application of AEP Texas Central Company for Authority to Change Rates, Docket No. 28840, Findings of Fact Nos. 164-170 (Aug. 15, 2005).

⁴³ Docket No. 38339, Finding of Fact No. 82.

⁴⁴ Direct Testimony of Lynne Harkel-Rumford at 32:19-9 (Apr. 5, 2019) (Harkel-Rumford Direct).

2		evidence to support her assertion that the Company's incentive compensation plans yield
3		these direct benefits for consumers.
4	Q.	IF RECOVERY IS DENIED, DO YOU BELIEVE THAT CENTERPOINT
5		HOUSTON SHOULD END ITS INCENTIVE PLANS?
6	A.	No. CenterPoint Houston should consider modifying the goals associated with its
7		incentive compensation plans to ensure recovery in a future rate case.
8		1. LTI Plan
9	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR FINDINGS REGARDING CENTERPOINT
10		HOUSTON'S LTI PLAN.
11	A.	I reviewed CenterPoint Houston's proposed expense for its LTI Plan. I concluded that all
12		of the goals associated with the Company's LTI Plan are exclusively shareholder
13		oriented, and therefore, the LTI plan should not be included in the Company's cost of
14		service.
15	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THE LTI PLAN?
16	A.	According to Ms. Harkel-Rumford, the LTI Plan is essential for attracting, retaining, and
17		motivating its plan participants, particularly the Company's executives and other key
18		employees who can influence the Company's long-term performance. The LTI Plan is
19		designed to focus the Company's plan participants on sustained improvements in the
20		Company's performance over longer periods of time, typically three years. 45

customers in a subsequent rate case. Additionally, Ms. Harkel-Rumford does not provide

45 Harkel-Rumford Direct at 29:8-13 (emphasis added).

1

1	Q.	WHAT WERE THE PERFORMANCE GOALS OF CENTERPOINT
2		HOUSTON'S LTI PLAN BASED ON?
3	A.	CenterPoint Houston's LTI Plan costs during the test year are represented by the
4		performance shares and restricted stock during the three-year periods that overlap with
5		the 2018 test year: 2016 through 2018, 2017 through 2019, and 2018 through 2020. The
6		LTI Plan goals for these periods are based on total shareholder return and operating
7		income for 2016 and 2017, and on total shareholder return and net utility income for
8		2018.46 Tying the amount of LTI benefits that a plan participant can earn to the return
9		earned by CenterPoint Houston's shareholders and the Company's income would shift
10		the plan participant's focus to financially-based goals. The financially-based goals would
11		primarily benefit the Company's shareholders.
12	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING CENTERPOINT
13		HOUSTON'S LTI PLAN COSTS?
14	A.	Because the LTI Plan is based exclusively on financially-based goals, I recommend a
15		complete disallowance of the LTI Plan costs. My recommended disallowance is a
16		\$12,116,000 reduction to the cost of service, comprised of \$11,250,000 in LTI Plan
17		expenses, \$780,000 in payroll taxes, and \$86,000 in Texas Gross Margin Tax.
18		2. STI Plan
19	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR FINDINGS REGARDING CENTERPOINT
20		HOUSTON'S STI PLAN.

⁴⁶ *Id.* at 30:20-23.

1	A.	I reviewed CenterPoint Houston's WP II-D-3.6.1a, which provided the percentage of
2		overall funding for its STI Plan by goal. I concluded that 82.68% of the employee goals
3		in the STI Plan were financially-based goals, and therefore, 82.68% of the STI Plan costs
4		should be removed from cost of service.

5 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THE STI PLAN?

- A. According to CenterPoint Houston witness Lynne Harkel-Rumford, the STI Plan provides the opportunity for all employees to earn incentive pay based on the attainment of annual goals that include operating income, earnings per share, operations and maintenance expenditure management, customer satisfaction, and safety.⁴⁷
- 10 Q. DO YOU BELIEVE THAT CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S STI PLAN IS
 11 REASONABLE AND NECESSARY FOR THE PROVISION OF UTILITY
 12 SERVICE?
- A. Partially. The STI Plan goals associated with operating income, earnings per share, and operations and maintenance expenditure management are financially-based goals and should not be recoverable by CenterPoint Houston. These goals focus plan participants on conduct that foremost benefits shareholders, rather than customers. However, the STI Plan goals associated with customer satisfaction and safety should be recoverable by the Company since these goals foremost benefit consumers.
- 19 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING CENTERPOINT
 20 HOUSTON'S STI PLAN COSTS?

⁴⁷ Harkel-Rumford Direct at 29:8-13 (emphasis added).

1	A.	Because 82.68% of the STI Plan's goals are financially-based, I recommend disallowing
2		82.68% of the STI Plan costs. My recommended disallowance is a \$12,579,000 reduction
3		to the cost of service, comprised of \$11,656,000 in STI Plan expenses, \$834,000 in
4		payroll taxes, and \$90,000 in Texas Gross Margin Tax.
5		VII. AFFILIATE COSTS - VECTREN TRANSACTION
6	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE NATURE OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE
7		SERVICE COMPANY AND CENTERPOINT HOUSTON.
8	A.	The Service Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of CenterPoint Energy ("CNP") that
9		provides various corporate and administrative services to CNP's operating divisions,
10		including CenterPoint Houston. Schedule V-K-1 includes a total of \$323.8 million of
11		affiliate expenses allocated to CenterPoint Houston in the test year, including expenses
12		from the Service Company.

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WERE THERE ANY CHANGES TO THE ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE 13 Q.

14 **OF CNP THAT** MAY **AFFECT** THE RELATIONSHIP **BETWEEN**

CENTERPOINT HOUSTON AND ITS AFFILIATED ENTITIES?

16 Yes. On February 1, 2019, CNP merged with Vectren Corporation ("Vectren"), which A. 17 served over 1 million natural gas and electricity customers in the states of Ohio and 18 Indiana as of the date of the transaction. By comparison, CenterPoint Houston served approximately 2.5 million customers at the end of the test year. 48 19

⁴⁸ Direct Testimony of Kenny M. Mercado at 1 (Apr. 5, 2019).

1	Q.	DID CNP PREVIOUSLY SERVE ANY CUSTOMERS OR HAVE ANY
2		OPERATIONS IN THE STATES OF INDIANA OR OHIO PRIOR TO THE
3		VECTREN ACQUISTION?
4	A.	No. CNP had not previously operated in these states. ⁴⁹
5	Q.	HAS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON MADE ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO THE
6		AMOUNT OF THE AFFILIATE EXPENSES THAT IT REQUESTED IN THE
7		RFP AS A RESULT OF THE VECTREN ACQUISITION?
8	A.	Yes. CenterPoint Houston made multiple adjustments to its affiliated expenses, which
9		totaled \$5.2 million. Included in these adjustments was an increase to the revenue
10		requirement of \$1.6 million to normalize integration planning billings. ⁵⁰ This adjustment
11		was comprised of an increase to the revenue requirement of \$1,512,347, with an
12		additional \$60,941 being charged to construction work in progress and not included in
13		rate base. ⁵¹
14	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PURPOSE OF THE \$1.6 MILLION ADJUSTMENT
15		TO THE REVENUE REQUIREMENT TO NORMALIZE INTEGRATION
16		PLANNING BILLINGS.
17	A.	Integration planning refers to employee activities related to the merger with Vectren. The
18		\$1.6 million amount is the estimated cost of the time that the Service Company

19

20

employees spent on integration planning activities. The Company asserts that the entire

\$1.6 million represents the Service Company employee time that would have otherwise

⁴⁹ Attachment JMD-9, CenterPoint Houston's Response to RFI OPUC 01-12 at subpart a.

⁵⁰ Direct Testimony of Michelle M. Townsend at 46:7-10 (Apr. 5, 2019).

⁵¹ Application at WP V-K-6; Attachment JMD-10, CenterPoint Houston's Response to RFI GCCC 01-13.

1		been charged to CenterPoint Houston had the merger not occurred. According to
2		CenterPoint Houston witness Michelle Townsend, the planning phase of the integration
3		"ended on the day the merger occurred." 52
4	Q.	IS IT APPROPRIATE FOR CENTERPOINT HOUSTON TO INCLUDE
5		ESTIMATED AMOUNTS IN THE REVENUE REQUIREMENT?
6	A.	No. Commission rules define allowable expenses as a utility's "historical test year
7		expenses as adjusted for known and measurable changes."53 The adjustment to test year
8		affiliate expenses to normalize integration planning costs is an estimate, not a known and
9		measurable amount. There is no real way to know if all of the employee time would have
10		been billed to CenterPoint Houston absent the Vectren acquisition, or will be billed to
11		CenterPoint Houston in the future.
12	Q.	DOES THE SERVICE COMPANY EXPECT TO REALIZE ANY COST
13		SAVINGS FOR CENTERPOINT HOUSTON RELATED TO THE VECTREN
14		ACQUISITION?
15	A.	Yes. According to Ms. Townsend, the Vectren acquisition caused increases in the
16		affiliate charges allocated to Vectren and decreases in the affiliate charges allocated to
17		other business units, including CenterPoint Houston. However, the Company
18		acknowledged that the full amount of the change is not known at this time. ⁵⁴

⁵² Attachment JMD-10.

⁵³ 16 TAC § 25.231(b).

⁵⁴ Attachment JMD-9 at subpart d.

	HAS CENTERPOINT HOUSTON PROVIDED ANY ADDITIONAL
	INFORMATION THAT SUPPORTS KNOWN AND EXPECTED CHANGES AS
	A RESULT OF THE VECTREN ACQUISITION?
A.	
	.55 Further, the Vectren
	acquisition resulted in a reduction of headcount of 32 FTEs. ⁵⁶
Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S ADJUSTMENT TO
	INCREASE THE REVENUE REQUIREMENT BY \$1.6 MILLION TO
	NORMALIZE INTEGRATION PLANNING BILLINGS?
A.	No. I recommend that the full \$1.6 million adjustment to normalize affiliate billings for
	integration planning be disallowed.
Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR RATIONALE FOR DISALLOWING THE \$1.6
	MILLION ADJUSTMENT TO NORMALIZE INTEGRATION PLANNING
	BILLINGS.
A.	I recommend disallowance of the \$1.6 million increase to the revenue requirement for the
	following reasons:
	As previously discussed:
	o the amount of the adjustment is estimated and not known and measurable;
	o CNP knows and expects that it will realize savings and such analysis is
	typical of pre-acquisition activities;

⁵⁵ Attachment JMD-11, CenterPoint Houston's Response to RFI GCCC 01-14 (Confidential).

⁵⁶ Attachment JMD-12, CenterPoint Houston's Response to RFI PUC 02-15.

1		o When CNP acquired Vectren, entirely new service area was added with
2		over 1 million customers;
3		o the acquisition has already caused a reduction of 32 FTEs; and
4		o CNP knows that the affiliate charges to Vectren will increase and the
5		affiliate charges to CenterPoint Houston will decrease.
6		• Although the integration planning phase has terminated, the implementation phase
7		of the merger is ongoing. Considering the type of functions that the Service
8		Company billed during integration planning, such as customer solutions,
9		technology, and human resources, it is reasonable to assume that some of these
10		same functions would be billed as part of the implementation of the merger. ⁵⁷
11	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENT TO THE REVENUE
12		REQUIREMENT?
13	A.	I recommend reducing the revenue requirement by \$1,523,202, which is comprised of the
14		\$1,512,347 charged to accounts for affiliate expenses plus the related Texas Gross
15		Margin Tax of \$10,855.
16		VIII. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
17	Q.	PLEASE PROVIDE A SUMMARY OF OPUC'S ADJUSTED REVENUE
18		REQUIREMENT, INCLUDING THE ADJUSTMENTS OF OTHER OPUC
19		WITNESSES.
20	A.	The following provides a summary OPUC's adjusted revenue requirement:
		57 Attachment IMD-10

1				(\$1,000s)
2		CenterPoint Houston's proposed Cost of Service	\$	2,284,110
3		Impact of OPUC Recommended Adjustments:		
4		Hurricane Harvey regulatory asset		(27,802)
5		Medicare Part D regulatory asset		(13,171)
6		Texas Gross Margin Tax regulatory asset		(8,103)
7		SMT regulatory asset		(2,749)
8		REP bad debt		(520)
9		Prepayments		(68)
10		Compensation for Use of Capital		(7,842)
11		LTI Plan		(12,116)
12		STI Plan		(12,579)
13		Vectren		(1,523)
14		Rate of Return adjustment by OPUC witness Anjuli Winker		(72,087)
15		Adjustments by OPUC witness Karl Nalepa:		
16		Distribution Vegetation Management		(6,896)
17		Storm Loss Reserves		(1,642)
18		Capital Expenditure Prudency		(12,837)
19		Change in Capitalization Policy		(3,965)
20		Loss on the Sale of Land		(732)
21		SMT Expense	_	(256)
22		Total Reduction to Revenue Requirement		(184,889)
23		Total Adjusted Revenue Requirement	<u>\$</u>	2,099,221
24	Q.	PLEASE PROVIDE A SUMMARY OF OPUC'S ADJUSTED	RID	ERS.
25	A.	The following provides a summary of OPUC's recommended adjust	sted	riders:
26				(\$1,000s)
27		CenterPoint's Proposed Riders	\$	301,221
28		Impact of OPUC Recommended Riders:		
29		HCRF ⁵⁸		11,664
30		MEDD		6,641
31		SMTCR		1,388
32		Total Recommended Increase to Riders		19,692
33		Total Adjusted Riders	\$	320,913

⁵⁸ As adjusted by OPUC witness Karl Nalepa.

1 Q. WHAT IS THE NET IMPACT OF OPUC'S RECOMMENDED ADJUSTMENTS 2 ON CENTERPOINT HOUSTON'S TOTAL NON-BYPASSABLE DELIVERY

3 CHARGE?

- 4 A. The net impact of OPUC's recommended adjustments on CenterPoint Houston's total
- 5 non-bypassable delivery charge is a reduction of \$165,197,000, calculated as follows:

6		(\$1,000s)
7	Total Adjusted Revenue Requirement	\$ 2,099,221
8	Total Adjusted Riders	320,913
9	Total Adjusted Non-bypassable Delivery Charge	2,420,134
10	CenterPoint Houston's Requested Total Non-bypassable	
11	Delivery Charge	2,585,331
12	Net Recommended Reduction	<u>\$ 165,197</u>

13 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

14 A. Yes.

ATTACHMENTS

JUNE M. DIVELY, CPA, CFF, CRFAC, FABFA

CONTACT INFORMATION

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PROFILE

Based in Lakeway, Texas, June Dively has over thirty years of experience specializing in financial, forensic, and regulatory matters in the energy industry, including electric, natural gas, and water. She is CEO of IX Si Investment Co and its subsidiary entities, including Dively Energy Services Company, through which she provides consulting services to the energy industry, and SiEnergy, LP, a natural gas distribution company. Ms. Dively has testified as an expert witness in both written and oral form on behalf of a number of clients. She assists attorneys in various phases of proceedings, including: early case assessment; analyzing financial, accounting and economic issues; developing strategies; preparing interrogatories and document requests; preparing expert reports; and providing expert testimony. As SiEnergy's CEO, she directs the management team consisting of the executives responsible for gas utility operations, engineering and construction, development, contracts and risk management, gas supply, accounting and human resources. She has managed all aspects of the company including negotiation of gas cost contracts, reconciliation of gas cost mechanisms, regulatory accounting and reporting compliance, rate increase requests, and corporate financing.

CERTIFICATIONS AND DESIGNATIONS

- Certified Public Accountant, Texas (CPA)
- Certified in Financial Forensics by the AICPA (CFF)
- Certified Forensic Accountant (CRFAC)
- Fellow of the American Board of Forensic Accounting (FABFA)

PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATIONS

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants
- American Board of Forensic Accounting

SELECTED ENGAGEMENTS

- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel Expert and forensic services and testimony related to the Application of Texas-New Mexico Power Company for Authority to Change Rates. PUC Docket No. 48401
- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel Expert and forensic services and testimony related to the Review of the Rate Case Expenses Incurred by Southwestern Electric Power Company and Municipalities in Docket No. 46449. PUC Docket No. 47141
- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel Expert and forensic services and testimony related to the Review of the Rates Case Expenses incurred in Docket 45414. PUC Docket No. 45979
- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel -- Expert and forensic services and testimony related to the Review of the Rates of Sharyland Utilities, L.P. PUC Docket No. 45414
- Confidential Individual Expert and forensic services related to a dispute involving alleged misappropriation of assets involving multiple business entities.
- C.P. Foster, Jr. and C.P. Foster Oil & Gas LP Expert and forensic services related to C.P. Foster, Jr. and C.P. Foster Oil & Gas LP vs. Chestnut Exploration and Production, Inc. and Mark Plummer alleging fraudulent inducement and misappropriation of revenues involving multiple business entities.
- Pioneer Natural Resources USA, Inc. Expert services and determination of revenue requirement to establish common carrier rates for West Texas LPG Pipeline Limited Partnership.
- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel Expert and forensic services and testimony related to the Application of El Paso Electric Company to Change Rates. PUC Docket No. 44941
- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel Expert and forensic services and testimony related to the Joint Report and Application of Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC, Ovation Acquisition I, LLC, Ovation Acquisition II, LLC, and Shary Holdings, LLC for Regulatory Approvals pursuant to PURA §§14.101, 37.154, 39.262(I)-(m), and 39.915. PUC Docket No. 45188

- XOG Operating, LLC, and Geronimo Holding Corporation Expert services and report regarding asserted violation of agreements by Chesapeake Exploration Limited Partnership and Chesapeake Exploration, LLC. Cause No. 12,375 in the District Court of Wheeler County TX 21st Judicial District.
- Peregrine Pipeline Company and Peregrine Field Services Expert services and testimony regarding Peregrine Pipeline Company and Peregrine Field Services v. XTO Energy Inc. breach of contract.
- Midstream Capital Partners Group Expert services related to \$185 million acquisition of gathering assets by Ares EIF Group from WPX Energy, Inc. and operated by Midstream Capital Partners
- Starfish Pipeline Company Financial accounting and regulatory oversight
- Midstream Capital Partners Group Financial acquisition due diligence related to offshore transmission and gathering pipelines and onshore separation and administrative facilities
- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel Expert services related to the application of water and sewer rate/tariff
 changes for Aqua Texas, Inc in the southeast region in Chambers, Liberty, and Jefferson counties TCEQ
 Docket No. 2013-2007-UCR
- Ute Indian Tribe, Utah Feasibility services related to waxy crude upgrader refinery in the Uintah Basin.
- Peregrine Pipeline Company and Peregrine Field Services Expert services to analyze cost of service and
 market factors and recommend rate increases in accordance with the provisions of natural gas gathering
 contracts and compression and dehydration contracts. Prepare rate increase notifications and defend increases
 in accordance with Railroad Commission of Texas informal complaint procedures.
- Ute Indian Tribe, Utah Consulting Expert regarding upstream and midstream royalty, working, and investment interests.
- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel Expert services and testimony related to the appeal of Austin Energy's rate increase by Homeowners United for Rate Fairness.
- Moore and White, Individual Royalty Interest Holders Expert and forensic services regarding potential breach
 of continuous drilling clause.
- Clayton Williams Energy Inc. Monthly and annual regulatory compliance filings. Assistance with regulatory accounting requirements.
- Texas General Land Office Concurring partner on audit to assess the accuracy of remittances made by Reliant Energy to the State of Texas pursuant to Reliant's contractual obligation to provide electrical power service to Public Retail Customers participating in the State Power Program
- Peregrine Pipeline Company Prepare monthly producer settlement statements and gas purchase invoices related to natural gas gathering services. Prepare annual regulatory compliance reports. Prepare and file tariffs with regulatory authorities.
- Peregrine Pipeline Company and Peregrine Field Services Expert services regarding cost of service and market factors to recommend rate increases in accordance with the provisions of natural gas gathering contracts and compression and dehydration contracts
- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel Expert services related to the application of Southwestern Power Company to change rates and to reconcile fuel costs. PUC Docket No. 38147
- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel Expert services and testimony related to the application of CenterPoint Electric to change rates and to reconcile fuel costs. PUC Docket No. 38339.
- Texas State Natural Gas-Statement of Intent to Increase Rates in Eagle Pass, Texas
- David H. Arrington Oil & Gas Expert and forensic services related to royalty owner claims
- Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel Expert services and testimony related to the application of El Paso Electric Company to change rates, to reconcile fuel costs, to establish formula-based fuel factors, and to establish an energy efficiency cost recovery factor
- CoServ Gas, Ltd.-G.U.D. 9909 Statement of Intent to increase rates in unincorporated areas within Collin, Denton and Kaufman counties
- Peregrine Pipeline Company, L.P. Expert orensic services related to disputed producer settlement charges
- Clayton Williams Energy Inc. Expert and forensic services regarding the Complaint of Clayton Williams Energy, Inc. against Energy Transfer Fuel, L.P.-G.U.D. 9820
- CoServ Gas, Ltd.-Statement of Intent to Change Rates in 27 cities in North Texas
- SiEnergy, LP-G.U.D. 9799-Statement of Intent to Increase Rates-Fort Bend County
- Texas State Natural Gas-Statement of Intent to Increase Rates in Eagle Pass, Texas
- CoServ Gas, Ltd.-G.U.D. 9762-(and Consolidated Cases) Stmt. of Intent Filed by Atmos Energy Corp. to Increase Utility Rates in the Unincorporated Areas Serviced by Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-Tex Division and

Petition for de Novo Review of the Denial of the Stmt. of Intent Filed by Atmos in Various Municipalities— Expert services for intervener re. proposed change in rates

- Closely held TX Corp with \$12 Mill. in Revenues Investigative services-partner dispute
- Morgan & Luttrell, L.L.P. —Sarah Horton and George Matassarin v. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Case No. A-03-CA-150-SS in the United States District Court for the Western District of TX.—Expert analytical and rebuttal services for defendant regarding alleged default, case settled
- CoServ Gas, Ltd. -G.U.D. 9670 Petition for de Novo Review of the Reduction of the Gas Utility Rates of Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-Tex Division-Cities of Addison, Benbrook, Blue Ridge, et. al., and Statement of Intent Filed by Atmos Energy Corp., Mid-Tex Division to Change Rates in the Company's Statewide Gas Utility System Expert rebuttal services
- Texas Gas Service Statement of Intent to Increase Rates in its Rio Grande Valley Region Expert services regarding cost of providing services
- CoServ Gas, Ltd.-Smt. of Intent to Increase Environs Rates
- Black Warrior Transmission-Development of transportation rate setting manual
- Crosstex Energy Services, Ltd.—Compliance reporting support for Commissions in the States of Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama
- Crosstex Energy Services, Ltd.-§311 rate filings before the Federal Energy Commission.
- Crosstex Energy Services, Ltd.—Development of processes to support regulatory requirements in connection with conversion to PeopleSoft Accounting Systems
- CoServ Gas, Ltd.-Functional implementation of Oracle Software.
- Texas State Natural Gas-Statement of Intent to Increase Rates in Eagle Pass, Texas
- Texas State Natural Gas-Gas distribution system acquisition due diligence review
- SiEnergy, LP Statement of Intent to Increase Rates-Fort Bend County, Texas Service Area
- VTEX Energy, Inc. -Application to Consider Reduction in Financial Assurance Required Pursuant to Statewide Rule 78(G) for Various Leases in Kleberg County, Texas
- Texas General Land Office-Revenue remittance compliance agreed upon procedures audit of Reliant Energy contract regarding the Public Customer Power Program
- Texas General Land Office-TXU Rate Case G.U.D. 9500
- CoServ Gas, Ltd.-Statement of Intent to Change Rates in 25 cities in North Texas
- Texas Gas Service-Statement of Intent to Change Rates-South Jefferson County, Texas
- Office of the Attorney General, Consumer Protection Division The State of Texas v. Hispanic Air Conditioning and Heating, Inc. No. 99-CI-14965 (57th Dist. Bexar) Expert forensic consulting services on a litigation matter under investigation.
- Missouri Gas Energy-Case No. GR-2001-292 General rate increase
- Missouri Gas Energy-Business plan to implement workforce automation technology
- PG Energy Case-No. R-00005119 General rate increase
- Southern Union Company-City of Pharr v. SUC, 92nd Dist. Court-Hidalgo County, TX.
- Missouri Gas Energy-Case No. GO-99-258-Request for AAO re Y2K compliance expenses
- Southern Union Gas-Statement of Intent to Change Rates-El Paso and Andrews, TX
- CoServ Gas. Ltd.-Smt. of Intent to Establish Initial Rates in twelve Texas Cities
- Southern Union Gas-Appeal from the Action City of El Paso, Texas G.U.D. No. 8878
- Southern Union Gas-Statement of Intent to Change Rates in Devers and Nome, Texas
- Southern Union Gas-Statement of Intent to Increase Rates in the Environs-Cities of Devers and Nome and Unincorporated Areas of Hull and Raywood, Texas. G.U.D Nos. 8766-8769
- Missouri Gas Energy-Business plan to implement automated meter reading technology
- Missouri Gas Energy—Case No. GO-99-150 Request for AAO to accelerate the Service Line Replacement Program.
- Missouri Gas Energy-Case No. GR-98-140 General rate increase
- Southern Union Company-Internal franchise tax audit
- Missouri Gas Energy—Case No. GR-96-285 General rate increase. Development of Company-wide Corporate Allocation/Shared Services methodology and models for rate case support.
- Southern Union Gas—City of Edinburg v. the Rio Grande Valley, Valero, SUG, et. al., District Court of Hidalgo County, Texas. Cause No. C4558-95-A

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC II-B SUMMARY OF RATE BASE TEST YEAR ENDING 12/31/2009 DOCKET 38339 (THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Page 1 of 2 SPONSOR: WALTER L. FITZGERALD

						4				0
Line No.	Description	Reference Schedule	Test Year Total Electric	Company Adjustments	Company Total Request	TRAN	DIST	MET	TDCS	Total TX-Retail
1	Original Cost of Plant	II-B-1	6.631.307	83,714	6,715,021	1,813,998	4,489,104	365,642	46,278	6,715,021
	General Plant	II-B-2	279,865	(7,928)	271,937	35,870	199,642	35,328	1,098	271,937
-	Communication Equipment	II-B-3	274,369	(30,797)	243,572	26,028	171,253	37,749	8,542	243,572
ă l	Total Plant		7,185,541	44,989	7,230,530	1,875,895	4,859,998	438,719	55,918	7,230,530
5			.,,	,	.,	.,,	.,,			.,,
•	Minus: Accumulated Depreciation	II-B-5	(3,043,527)	56,743	(2,986,784)	(630,290)	(2,067,180)	(249,466)	(39,848)	(2,986,784)
7	·									
8	Net Plant in Service		4,142,014	101,732	4,243,746	1,245,606	2,792,818	189,252	16,069	4,243,746
9										
10	Other Rate Base Items:									
11	CMP	11-B-4	141,749	(141,749)	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Cash Working Capital	II-B-9	74,330	(25,269)	49,061	7,316	29,834	7,610	4,301	49,061
13	Prepayments	II-B-10	10,521	(6,087)	4,434	1,301	2,918	198	17	4,434
14	Materials & Supplies	11-B-8	68,356	-	68,356	22,974	41,444	3,937	-	68,356
15	Plant Held for Future Use	II-B-6	14,214	(13,997)	217	31	186	-	-	217
16	Accumulated Provisions, ADIT, FAS 109 Accts.	II-B-7	(663,869)	(64,182)	(728,050)	(148,387)	(539,885)	(34,474)	(5,304)	(728,050)
17	Rate Base Other	II-B-11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Regulatory Assets	II-B-12	32,331	26,009	58,340	8,834	36,445	8,974	4,087	58,340
19	Subto	tal	(322,368)	(225,274)	(547,642)	(107,931)	(429,058)	(13,754)	3,101	(547,642)
20										
21	TOTAL RATE BASE		3,819,646	(123,542)	3,696,104	1,137,675	2,363,760	175,498	19,171	3,696,104
22 23	Rate of Retu	m II-C-1.1	9.00%	9,00%	9,00%	9,00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
23	Tate of Note		2.00%	2,2070	2,3070	2,30 %	2,3070	2,30 /0	2.00%	2,0070
25	RETURN ON RATE BASE		343,768	(11,119)	332,649	102,391	212,738	15,795	1,725	332,649

Page 2 of 2

SPONSOR, WALTER L. FITZGERALD

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS
CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC
III-B-12 RATE BASE ACCOUNTS - REGULATORY ASSETS
TEST YEAR ENDING 12/31/2009
DOCKET 38339

	(THOUSAND	S OF DOLLARS)	•	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	. 8	•	10	11	12
Line No.	Account Number	Description	Reference Schedule	Total Company	Nen-Regulated or Non-Electric	Known Change	Company Total Electric	FF #	Functionalization Factor Name	Allocation to Texas	TRAN	DIST	MET	TDCS	Total
1 2	Other Rate S Regulatory	Base items Assets/(Nabilities) in Rate Bası	II-8-12												
4 5 6		Deferred Pension Costs PURA 36 065 Expedited Switching		31,87 8 453	:	28,009	57,887 453	:	PAYXAG DIRECT	57, 88 7 453	8,534	36,445	8,521 453	4,087	57,887 453
8	TOTAL REG	ULATORYASSETS	II-8-12	32,331						59,340	8,834	38,445	8,974	4,087	\$8,340
10 11	TOTAL OTH	ER RATE BASE ITEMS	8-4 thru N-8-12	(464,117)		(83,525)	(547,642)			(547,642)	(107,931)	(429,056)	(13,754)	3,101	(547,842)
12 13	TOTAL RAT	E BASE N	8-1 thru II-8-12	3,819,646		(123,642)	1,696,104			3,696,104	1,137,675	2,363,760	175,498	19,171	3,696,104
14 15 16	Rate of Retu	ın.	II-C-1.1	9,00%	9.00%	9 00%	9.00%			9.00%	9 00%	9.00%	9,00%	9,00%	9.00%
17	RETURNON	RATE BASE		343,768		(11,119)	332,649			332,649	102,391	212,736	15,796	1,725	332,649

Page 1 of 2

SPONSOR: WALTER L. FITZGERALD

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC HE-2 TAKES OTHER THAN FEDERAL INCOME TAXES TEST YEAR ENDING 12/31/2009 DOCKET 38339 (THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

					1	2	3	4	5	66	7		9	10	11	12
Line No	Account Number	Descript	bon	Reference Schedule	Total Cempany	Nen-Regulated or Non-Electric	Known Change	Cempeny Total Electric	FF #	Functionalization Factor Name	Allocation to Texas	TRAN	DIST	MET	TOCS	Tetal
1	Taxes Other	than Income Taxes		Ú-E-2												
3	Payroll-Rela	stad		8-E-2												
ă	, Lyton tell	FICA			9,959	-	203	10,162	٠	PAYXAG	10,162	1,551	6,398	1,496	717	10,162
5		Unemployment			171	-	107	270	•	PAYXAG	278	42	175	41	20	278
7			Total Payroli Related		10,130		310	10,440			10,440	1,593	6,573	1,637	737	10,440
8	Property Re	1-4-4		N-E-2												
10	Property Re	Ad Valorem		4-2-2	68,740	-	(286)	68,454	•	DIRECT	68,454	19,099	45,000	4,222	133	68,454
11																
12 13			Total Property Related		68,740	•	(286)	61,454			68,454	19,099	45,000	4,222	133	€8,454
14																
15	Revenue Re			11-E-2												
16		City Franchise Fees			139,093	-	(460)	138,633	:	DIST	138,633		138,533		<u>.</u>	138,633
17		Texas Margin Tax			16,364	-	(26)	16,338	•	TOTREV	16,338	4,528	9,889	1,392	530	16,338
18 19 20			Total Revenue Related		188,457	•	(486)	154,971			154,971	4,528	148,522	1,392	\$30	1\$4,971
21	TOTAL TAX	ES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES		9-E-2	234,327		(462)	233,865			233,865	25,220	200,094	7,150	1,400	233,865

^{*} Please refer to Schedule II-F

Page 2 of 2

SPONSOR: WALTER L, FITZGERALD

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC I-A-1 SUMMARY OF TEXAS RETAIL TEST YEAR ENDING 12/31/2009 DOCKET 38339

(THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

			1	22	3	4	5	6	7	8
Line No.	Description	Reference Schedule	Test Year Total Electric	Company Adjustments	Company Total Request	Transmission Function (TRAN)	Distribution Function (DIST)	Metering Function (MET)	T&D Customer Service (TDCS)	Total TX-Retail
1	Operating and Maintenance Expenses	II-D-2	766,263	(171,624)	594,639	215,980	270,618	69,028	39,013	594,639
2	Depreciation & Amortization Expenses	, A. II-E-1	264,030	1,017	/ Aut / / /	1 ml 1 m 1 1 m 2 m 2 m 2 m 2 m 2 m 2 m 2 m 2	178,258	30,510	5,169	265,847
3	Taxes Other Than Federal Income Tax	II-E-2	234,327	(462)	233,865	25,220	200,094	7,150	1,400	233,865
4	Federal Income Tax	II-E-3	100,697	6,483	107,179	32,869	68,243	5,314	754	107,179
5										Į.
6	Return on Rate Base	11-B	343,768	(11,119)	332,649	102,391	212,738	15,795	1,725	332,649
7										
8	TOTAL COST OF SERVICE		1,709,085	(174,905)	1,534,179	428,369	929,952	127,797	48,061	1,534,180
9										1
10	Other Non-Bypassable Charges									- 1
11										ŀ
12	Minus: Other Revenues	II-E-5	69,569	(16,515)	53,054	17,918	33,495	1,641	-	53,054
13										
14										- 1
15										
16	TOTAL ADJUSTED REVENUE REQUIREMENT		1,639,515	(158,390)	1,481,125	410,452	896,457	126,156	48,061	1,481,125

CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

Page 1 of 3

CITY OF HOUSTON REQUEST NO.: COH03-41

QUESTION:

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities: For each regulatory asset and liability, provide an analysis of the item showing by month the related revenue or expense, increases and decreases to the account balance with basic descriptive information (i.e. "Storm Damage," Insurance Reimbursements," "Amortization"), and the account balances. This analysis should begin with the later of the origination of the item or the last jurisdictional filing which included the item, and the analysis should continue through latest available date. Please provide the response in Excel compatible format with fully functional formulas.

ANSWER:

Non-Tax Related Regulatory Assets

Regulatory Assets-Bad Debt: Please see COH03-41_Non Tax.xlsx 'Bad Debt Asset' worksheet. Regulatory Assets-Hurricane Harvey: Please see COH03-41_Non Tax.xlsx 'Harvey' worksheet for monthly storm damage deferral.

Regulatory Assets-Expedited Switch: Please see WP II-B-12c Expedited Switch in the RFP for monthly Expedited Switches expense deferral.

Regulatory Assets-SMT: Please see COH03-41_Non Tax.xlsx 'SMT' worksheet for monthly SMT expense deferral.

Tax Related Regulatory Assets

Regulatory Assets- Margin Tax: The Texas Margins Tax (TMT) expense was included in Docket No. 38339. The Company has been deferring the current cost each year until it is recovered in rates the next year, creating a regulatory asset. Thus, there is a one-year lag between the taxable year and the payment year. However, adjustment is being made to current filing to change the request to discontinue booking a TMT tax regulatory asset. The Company is proposing to transition to include the accrual amounts in base rates. Please see COH03-41_Tax.xlsx.

Reg Asset-Postretirement (RDS): Please see COH03-41_Tax.xlsx.

Excess Acumm. Deferred Taxes & Other (Current and Non-Current): EDIT resulting from tax rate changes prior to TCJA was included in Docket No. 38339. Please see COH03-41_Tax.xlsx.

Non-Tax Related Regulatory Liabilities

Regulatory Liability-Pension: Please see COH03-41_Non Tax.xlsx 'Pension PURA' worksheets. Regulatory Liability Pension BRP and Postretirement: Please see COH03-40.

Tax Related Regulatory Liabilities

Reg NC Liab EDIT – Plant: Please see COH03-41_Tax.xlsx.
Protected EDIT: Please see Pringle testimony beginning page 15 of 47.

SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Charles Pringle/Kristie Colvin (Charles Pringle/Kristie Colvin)

RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:

COH03-41_Non Tax.xlsx COH03-41_Tax.xlsx

Page 2 of 3

CenterPoint Houston Regulatory Assets- Margin Tax Period 01/01/2010 - 03/31/2019

GL 179060

Fiscal Year Beginning Balan	Posting Period	Accrual	Amortization	Total Activity	Cumulative Balance 16,959,189	
2010	1	4,090,940	(4,090,940)	-	16,959,189	
2010	3	3,962,151	(4,239,798)	(277,647)	16,681,542	
2010	6	8,013,761	(8,200,468)	(186,707)	16,494,835	
2010	9	5,391,979	(4,239,798)	1,152,181	17,647,016	
2010	12	4,740,843	(4,239,798)	501,045	18,148,061	
2011	3	4,058,702	(4,537,015)	(478,313)	17,669,748	
2011	. 6	4,769,915	(4,537,015)	232,900	17,902,648	
2011	9	6,409,849	(4,537,015)	1,872,834	19,775,482	
2011	12	7,551,097	(4,661,751)	2,889,346	22,664,828	
2012	3	5,950,106	(5,666,207)	283,899	22,948,727	
2012	6	6,400,394	(5,666,207)	734,187	23,682,914	
2012	9	6,725,081	(5,666,207)	1,058,874	24,741,788	
2012	12	108,926	(5,666,207)	(5,557,281)	19,184,507	
2013	3	4,260,922	(4,796,127)	(535,205)	18,649,302	
2013	6	5,620,285	(4,796,127)	824,158	19,473,460	
2013	9	4,919,099	(4,796,127)	122,972	19,596,432	
2013	12	5,258,252	(4,796,127)	462,125	20,058,557	
2014	3	4,819,181	(4,796,127)	23,054	20,081,611	
2014	6	5,504,282	(5,087,477)	416,805	20,498,416	
2014	9	6,631,527	(5,087,477)	1,544,050	22,042,466	
2014	12	4,605,949	(5,090,227)	(484,278)	21,558,188	
2015	3	5,057,296	(5,389,547)	(332,251)	21,225,937	
2015	6	3,425,259	(5,389,547)	(1,964,288)	19,261,649	
2015	9	5,375,698	(5,389,547)	(13,849)	19,247,800	
2015	12	4,333,099	(5,389,547)	(1,056,448)	18,191,352	
2016	3	4,792,398	(4,547,838)	244,560	18,435,912	
2016	6	3,816,318	(4,547,838)	(731,521)	17,704,391	
2016	9	5,675,531	(4,547,838)	1,127,693	18,832,084	
2016	12	4,587,358	(4,547,838)	39,520	18,871,604	
2017	3	4,837,153	(4,717,901)	119,252	18,990,856	
2017	6	4,818,242	(4,717,901)	100,341	19,091,197	
2017	9	4,860,895	(4,717,901)	142,994	19,234,192	
2017	12	5,111,287	(4,717,901)	393,386	19,627,578	
2018	3	4,947,909	(4,906,895)	41,015	19,668,593	
2018	6	4,961,740	(4,906,895)	54,845	19,723,438	
2018	9	5,025,959	(4,906,895)	119,064	19,842,502	
2018	12	5,091,641	(4,906,895)	184,746	20,027,248	
WP II-B-12 Adj 10			·	(399,670)		Schedule II-B-12
2019	3	5,128,367	(5,006,812)	121,555	19,749,133	
Grand Total .		191,639,390	(188,449,776)	2,789,944		

SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864
PUC Docket No. 49421
COH03-41_Non Tax
Page 1 of 1

Page 3 of 3

CenterPoint Houston
Bad Debt Regulatory Asset G/L 179023
June 2011 through March 2019

General Ledger Posting		Abacus Resources		TruSmart	Competitive Retailer Bad		
Month-Year	Description	Energy, LLC	TexRep1, LLC	Energy, LLC	Debt in Rates (1)	TOTAL	Cumulative Balance
June-11	Competitive Retailer Bad Debt Deferral	21,341.52				21,341.52	21,341.52
March-13	Competitive Retailer Bad Debt Deferral		206,953.76			206,953.76	228,295.28
April-17	Competitive Retailer Bad Debt Deferral			288,678.45		288,678.45	516,973.73
July-17	Competitive Retailer Bad Debt Deferral			(5,683.78)		(5,683.78)	511,289.95
October-18	Cost of Service Amount Docket 38339 10/2011-10/2018				1,022,178.19	1,022,178.19	1,533,468.14
November-18	Cost of Service Amount Docket 38339 11/2018				12,025.63	12,025.63	1,545,493.77
December-18	Cost of Service Amount Docket 38339 10/2011-10/2018*				(1,022,178.19)	(1,022,178.19)	
December-18	Cost of Service Amount Docket 38339 09/2011-10/2018*				1,034,203.82	1,034,203.82	
December-18	Cost of Service Amount Docket 38339 12/2018				12,025.63	12,025.63	1,569,545.03
January-19	Cost of Service Amount Docket 38339 01/2019	İ		L	12,025.63	12,025.63	1,581,570.66
March-19	Cost of Service Amount Docket 38339 02/2019			L	12,025.63	12,025.63	
March-19	Cost of Service Amount Docket 38339 03/2019				12,025.63	12,025.63	1,605,621.92

^{*}Correction entry since new rates began September 2011

⁽¹⁾ A credit of \$144,307.51 was included in Final Order Cost of Service Docket No. 38339 WP II-D-2.2a.8. Substantive Rule 25.107 (3)(B) states to include the bad debt already included in its rates in the regulatory asset. \$144,307.51 ÷ 12 = \$12,025.63 per month.

CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric Bad Debt Expense Account 562040 Company 0003 Year to Date December, 2009

DA ARO Write Offs	January	February	March	<u>April</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>	<u>July</u>	August	September	October	November	December	Totals
DA ARO Write Offs DA ARO Write Offs ARO accrual			(100)	-	-	107,546	0	- 94,173	(439)	- 49,915	362,868	- 73,400	(539) 687,902
	-	-	(100)	-	-	107,546	0	94,173	(439)	49,915	362,868	73,400	687,363 🗸
REP													
REP Accrual	1,637,269												1,637,269
REP Write off	(1,637,269)		(142,156)						0	(2,152)			(1,781,577)
	-	-	(142,156)	-	-	-	-	-	0	(2,152)	-	-	(144,308) 12
Other Move to 123010 Interest Pd to TDSP													-
Non Revenue CMR		(1,311)	258								(56)	1,059	(50)
Bad Debt CIS		• • •		(197)	(22)	(30)					(91)	1,000	(340)
Bad Debt BES	356										• •		356
Bad Debt CRR	(412)	(74)	(10)					(114)	1,619				1,009
	(57)	(1,385)	248	(197)	(22)	(30)	•	(114)	1,619	-	(147)	1,059	975 √3
Total Cumulative Total	(57)	(1,385) (1,442)	(142,008) (143,450)	(197) (143,646)	(22) (143,668)	107,516 (36,152)	0 (36,152)	94,058 57,907	1,180 59,087	47,763 106,850	362,721 469,570	74,459 544,030	544,030 √ TB

FERC Trial Balance (ZF16) Report Name: FERC-016
Company: 0003 CNP Houston Electric, LLC
Profit Center Group: * Company: 0003 Profit Center Group: Cost Center: Rolling Period 1, 2009 to 12, 2009 Lead column 12 2009 Total 297999 Retained Earnings 562040 Cust&Mktg Exp-Total Bad Debts 562070 Cust&Mktg Exp-Bad Debts-Uncollect 9040 Uncollectible Accts 0.00 544,028.96 0 00 74,459.35 6,716.32 550,745.20 6,716.32 81,175.67

81 175 67

550,745.28

To: WP II-D-2.2 To: WP II-D-2.2

Natural Account Sorted by FERC Account

To: WP II-D-2.2

CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC02-37

QUESTION:

Affiliates - Shared Assets

Has the Company included any amounts for carrying costs associated with shared assets that have been charged by an affiliate in its revenue requirement? If so, please provide, by FERC account, the amount in total, the amount that is debt based, and the amount considered equity return.

ANSWER:

Consistent with the 'Compensation For Use of Capital' as filed in the FERC Form 60, the amount of return billed to CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric for shared assets held at the Service Company are listed below:

FERC*	<u>Total</u>	Debt	<u>Equity</u>
5600	899,432	328,534	570,899
5620	105	38	67
5630	105	. 38	67
5640	105	38	67
5700	105	38	67
5710	210	77	133
5720	105	38	67
5800	3,336,154	1,218,589	2,117,565
5820	105	38	67
5830	210	77	133
5840	210	77	133
5850	210	77	. 133
5860	105	38	67
5870	105	38	67
5930	105	38	67
5970	105	38	67
9020	47,121	17,212	29,909
9030	81,269	29,685	51,584
9030	504,708	184,354	320,354
9302	2,915,124	1,064,800	1,850,323
9350	765	279	485
Total	7,786,463	2,844,143	4,942,320
*FFRC assign	nment is estimated	based on total 2	2018 Service

*FERC assignment is estimated based on total 2018 Service Company billings

SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Michelle Townsend (Michelle Townsend)

RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:

None

CENTERPOINT ENERGY HOUSTON ELECTRIC, LLC 2019 CEHE RATE CASE DOCKET 49421-SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

GULF COAST COALITION OF CITIES REQUEST NO.: GCCC01-09

QUESTION:

Please refer to the CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC Form 60 filed for 2017 at page 307 line 1, which indicates \$7,780,732 charged to CEHE for "Compensation For Use of Capital."

- a. Please describe how this amount was computed for 2017.
- b. Please provide copies of the sources of such capital amounts used in the calculation during 2017.
- c. Please indicate how this amount was recorded on the books of CEHE during 2017 and how they were reflected in CEHE's rate case filing.
- d. Please indicate whether any changes have been made to the calculation or recording of such charges since the end of 2017. If so, please describe any changes.

ANSWER:

Note: After clarification from GCCC, the Company is providing information from the recently filed 2018 CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC's Form 60. The methodology used to calculate the amount charged to CenterPoint Houston Electric in 2017 was the same used to calculate the 2018 amounts included in GCCC01-09 Attachment 1.xlsx.

- a. Please see GCCC01-09 Attachment 1.xlsx for the 2018 calculation.
- b. Please see GCCC01-09 Attachment 1.xlsx for the 2018 capital.
- c. The amount is recorded in various Service Company functions based on ownership of the assets and becomes a portion of the total bundled service. The functions allocate to CenterPoint Houston Electric and are assigned a FERC depending on the service provided.
- d. The process to calculate and record the 'Compensation For Use of Capital' has not changed since 2017.

SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Michelle Townsend (Michelle Townsend)

RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:

GCCC01-09 Attachment 1.xlsx

Attachment JMD-7 Page 2 of 9
SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864
PUC Docket No. 49421
GCCC 1-9 Attachment 1
Page 1 of 8

CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC Compensation for Use of Capital Calculation

Total Service Company:

 Net Book Value Assets 12/31/2017*
 115,021,629

 Rate of Return
 11.37%

 Total Return
 13,077,968

CenterPoint Houston Portion:

Allocation % to Houston Electric 59.54%
Total Return Allocated to Houston Electric 2018 7,786,463

^{*}Net Book Value Estimate is calculated during the planning process using June 30, 2017 Net Book Value and adjusted for remaining 2017 depreciation and adjustments

SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864 PUC Docket No. 49421 GCCC 1-9 Attachment 1 Page 2 of 8

CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC Assets Used in Calculation

Estimated* Net Book Value as of

,	Net Book value as of	
Asset Description	12/31/2017	
GRP 773 Computer Equipment	5,000	
GRP 773 Computer Equipment	2,535	
GRP 762 COMPUTER EQUIPMENT	10,033	
GRP 773 Mailing Equipment	5,903	
IO 13061499 OSS - Bar Coding Software	5,686	
GRP 773 STORES EQUIPMENT	530	
GRP 773 COPY CENTER EQUIPMENT	68,956	
Audio/Visual Equipment	9,514	
GRP 773 COPY CENTER EQUIPMENT	15,580	
Incident and Case Mgmt Software	35,378	
GRP 773 COPY CENTER EQUIPMENT	7,485	
Audio/Visual Equipment	4,693	
Adobe Acrobat- Finance	96,241	
2012 Check Print - Hardware/Sof	11,156	
Electronic Security System	(75)	
Folder, inserter	8,246	
Windows 2008 Std Ed.	961	
WAUSAU Server and Software Upgrade	33,785	
WAUSAU Software Upgrade	49,650	
Upgrade Bulk Import (Das/Remit)	101	
Remittance Opex Model 72	16,427	
Remittance Opex Upgrade	1,249	
2017 Remit Processing Multi-function	5,075 ·	
2008 Educ/Training Prod Pak	922	
Cap Replace Vinnet 2009	27,092	
Printer, Color laser	30,764	
Projector	248	
Screen, Projector	(24)	
2011 Financial Systems - Projector	255	
2017 Fin Systm 125070-HP Laserjet Print	. 961	
GRC - RM Software	(12,363)	
2012 Financial Services - Copier	1,995	
Printer, Laser Quality	457	
2017 Financial Services - Copier	5,453	
Financial Accounting Copier	1,164	
2017 Financial Acctg -Surface Pro	1,916	
2017 Assistant Controller - Office Equip	2,373	
Income Tax Accrual System	324,052	
2011 - Tax Provision Software	39,516	
2009 Sales Tax Matrix	1,790,052	
2012 Corporate Tax Scanner	(19)	
	11	

Page 3 of 8

SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864 PUC Docket No. 49421 GCCC 1-9 Attachment 1

Estimated*
Net Book Value as of

Asset Description	Net Book Value as of 12/31/2017
HP LASERJET ENT 600 M602X	. 845
2017 Property Accounting - ZBook	2,519
2017 Gas Cost Acctg-Varidesks	1,608
2017 Regulatory Reporting - HP Printer	1,951
2017 Regulatory Reporting - ZBook	4,992
2017 Electric Billing - Varidesk	536
2009 IT Replace Vinnett	104,008
Computer Hardware	3,779
Copier MP8001	1,951
Copier	48
Scanner; Fujitsu Fi-6670	1,175
Office Furniture	2,053
multifunction copier	1,410
IT Identity Management	722,250
IT SailPoint IIQ - Phase 3	556,272
AntiVirus/SCCM	304,713
EAI Technology Change	188,364
SCCM Phase 2	404,024
IT Systems Management	162,664
IT EAI Technology Change	368,056
IT Capital Projects Internal	184,969
Enterprise PM Initiative	250,674
IT Sensitive Data Management	232,829
IT Systems Management	269,171
SAP Archiving Solution	802,320
SAP ERP Upgrade	205,769
Internal Controls	413,628
IT Internal Controls	778,181
IronPort Refresh	246,670
Windows Server Refresh	438,972
SAP Modernization	2,777,962
IT BSS Purchasing & Logis	749,444
ISAS Upgrade	434,885
Codebase Modernization	90,253
Business Innovation Analytics	353,647
Data Replication Automation	555,445
Records Management	3,633,910
Corporate IT Backup Data	2,154,862
IT Systems & Utilities	113,613
IT Project Portfolio	599,032
IT Internal Controls	337,831
LAN Infrastructure	169,926
Filenet Upgrade to P8	1,601,571

SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864 PUC Docket No. 49421

Estimated*

GCCC 1-9 Attachment 1
Page 4 of 8

Asset Description	Net Book Value as of 12/31/2017
Contract Mgmt & Sourcing	2,067,842
VOIP Refresh	55,818
IT Systems Management	2,578,821
Filenet Monitoring System	266,373
Quest Migration	442,792
IBM ELA Software	65,652
SAP ERP Upgrade	86,098
Contract Management & Sourcing Soft.	1,605
Duet Licensing (SAP)	38,739
SAP Software	25,695
SAP ERP Software	2,855,719
Enterprise Web Content Mgmt Software	997
Tivoli Software	83,825
Disaster Recovery - Remitt Processing	580
Rumba Software	41,278
Microsoft Intiative software	287,217
Genesys upgrade	11,144
Report Distribution Software	109,515
Microsoft Intiative software	146,085
Microsoft Intiative software	32,522
UB2-UDB Tools Software	4,277
IBM ELA Software	188,423
IBM Enhancement Software	54,110
SAP Contract Management	2,192,290
SAP. ERP Upgrade	181,864
Sailpoint Software	200,402
2009 DB2 z/OS Replatform	997
2009 CNP.COM Failover Site	19,900
Bus Mandatory Teamconnect Wndws Auth	9,125
Riskmaster X Server Upgrade	960
SAP Production Support	194
SAP SQL Landscape	3,929
2009 Teamconnect Integ. w/ Filenet	15,824
2010 Team Connect Data Whouse Imp-Lega	8,477
2008 SAP Archiving Solution	10,636
2008 Energy Audit and Bill Analysis	27,158
IT Client Sppt Ctr Refurb	•
2010 - Data Modeling Services	9,897 847,352
2010 - Data Modeling Services 2010 IT Microsoft Software	•
	55,341 1 482 244
Records Management System - Cap	1,483,244
2009 Filenet Upgrade to P8	473,595
2009 Sailpoint IIQ - Phase 1	520,878
BI/BW Upgrade	1,018,070

SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864

PUC Docket No. 49421 GCCC 1-9 Attachment 1

Estimated* Net Book Value as of

Page 5 of 8

Asset Description	Net Book Value as of 12/31/2017
SAP BO Foundation	232,202
Unicode Upgrade Project (BI)	127,903
2011 SAP Testing Strategy	115,871
2010 Internal Controls Compliance	70,036
2010 IBM ELA	657,135
2010 System Management	563,297
2010 Microsoft Initiative	462,761
2010 RPM - Resource/Portfolio Manageme	405,078
2010 Contract Management & Sourcing Sf	293,645
TEO Implementation	109,807
Project Portfolio Mgmnt Enhancements	120,519
2011 IT Microsoft Software	84,808
IT Technology Transformation Project	764,691
2011- Enterprise Enabler Virtuoso	279,779
SAP Mobile Platform	711,812
SAS Software	299,620
2008 Buy Right-Pay Right	503,044
BI Proof Concept Re-platform DB2 - SQL	58,689
2010 Telephone Infrastructure Software	6,131
2010 Systems & Utilities Support Softw	18,304
2010 Sensitive Data Management Softw	225,992
2010 Database Environment Software	6,824
2011 Sailpoint IIQ - Phase 2 Software	513,844
2012 IT Microsoft Software	489,753
2012 IT - IBM ELA	274,277
lob Scheduler	11,273
BM ELA	215,735
Automated Provision of DB Accts	388,658
Database Environment	1,381,684
Storage Capacity	295,577
Network Infrastructure Support	4,173
/OIP Refresh	38,613
T Internet ReDesign v2.0	1,037,784
Jnix Infrastructure	32,240
T Systems & Utilities Support	93,553
T Sensitive Data Management	203,781
T Project Portfolio Management	411,105
Microsoft Software	693,369
SAP Testing Strategy	575,271
egal Capital Pro	101,300
Human Resource Cap	446,281
SAP EhP6 Upgrade	578,983
Enterprise Outage Management	274,731

Page 6 of 8

Estimated* Net Book Value as of

Asset Description	Net Book Value as of 12/31/2017
Common Authentication	3,523,416
Premise Equipment Barcoding	179,561
Mainframe Legacy Consolidation	559,777
Release Management	401,945
SAP HANA Strategy	5,703,026
Internet Redesign	2,806,188
BW Content Conversion to HANA	184,616
IT Sensitive Data Mgmt	390,492
Technology Rationalization	719,583
Mailstream Plus/Finalist Conversion	767,207
ITSM Program	1,034,001
Innovate Data	8,188,121
Employee Recognition	470,259
2016 New Software assets not yet unitized - est	29,769,293
Group Asset: Transportation Equipment-System Wide	1,239
Group Asset: Transportation Equip - System Wide	9,946
Group Asset: Transportation Equipment-System Wide	33,836
Telephone infrastructure equipment	603,141
SEC - Galaxy Card Access Austin 2011	1,221
Telephone System - VOIP	2,558,166
2012 IT - PBX Unified Communications U	119,163
Telephone Infrastructure Equipment	36,006
2014 Storage Capacity	295,407
2014 Telephone Infrastructure Equipment	37,231
2014 Infrastructure Test Lab	15,808
2014 Network Refresh Project	789,400
lan hardware	41,370
STORAGE	27,394
SERVERS	419,013
storage	3,091
computer hardware - system	1,540,735
servers	1,035
computer hardware - system	22,943
SERVERS	470,606
SERVERS	39,430
Storage	9,628
Servers	. 14,510
Servers	13,774
Servers ·	11,399
2014 PC Replacement	410,763
computer hardware - system	101,219
2015 PC Replacement	229,020
computer hardware - system	29,690

SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864 PUC Docket No. 49421

Estimated* Net Book Value as of

GCCC 1-9 Attachment 1
Page 7 of 8

Asset Description	Net Book Value as of 12/31/2017
LAPTOP PC	9,439
MC-PRINTER, LASER QUALITY	953
LASER PRINTER, COLOR	62
IO 13072924 Operations Analytic	392
PC, Tablet	3,258
Server	457
Automated Mapping System	162,944
Repository Storage System	629,433
Network Refresh - Hardware	98,857
LOCAL AREA NETWORK (LAN)	94,760
Local Area/Wide Area Netw	95,692
computer hardware	24,349
computer hardware	30,881
computer hardware	11,815
computer hardware	17,316
computer hardware	5,976
STORAGE	397,403
2010 Wireless Network Solutions	6,521
2010 Database Environment	17,188
LAN HARDWARE	85,766
Cust Svc - Business Continuity Process	23,927
2010 SAP ERP Unicode Conversion - Cap	21,021
2011 Sailpoint IIQ - Phase 2	16,631
STORAGE	181,643
Hardware	5,839
Hardware	37,564
SERVERS	198,603
STORAGE	43,519
STORAGE	289,553
Network Communication System	18,188
NETWORK HARDWARE	173,091
NETWORK HARDWARE	58,924
NETWORK HARDWARE	186,652
Refresh Transmission	56,979
2010 Lab Virtualization	4,604
e-Recruitment Functional Upgrade	3,058
0435 Computer Equipment	10,926
Computer Equipment	77,476
Computer hardware	21,543
COMP HW	8,613
Computer, Laptop	1,154
Hardware	95,545
2016 CWIP HARDWARE NOT YET UNITIZED	28,433,840

Attachment JMD-7 Page 9 of 9 **SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864**

PUC Docket No. 49421 GCCC 1-9 Attachment 1

Page 8 of 8

Estimated* Net Book Value as of

Asset Description	12/31/2017
VIDEO EQUIPMENT	24,002
ADIT Estimate for Total Technology Assets	(32,791,288)

^{*}Net Book Value Estimate is calculated during the planning process using June 30, 2017 Net Book Value and adjusted for remaining 2017 depreciation and adjustments

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC02-38

QUESTION:

Affiliates — Shared Assets

Please provide the rate of return, cost of equity, and cost of debt utilized in determining the carrying costs associated with shared assets that have been charged to the Company by an affiliate.

ANSWER:

	Cost	Ratio	Weighted		Return to Houston Electric
Debt	6.92%	60%	4.15%	4.15%	2,844,143
Equity	11.25%	40%	4.50%	7.22%	4,942,320
			Total	11.37%	7,786,463

SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Michelle Townsend (Michelle Townsend)

RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:

None

OFFICE OF PUBLIC UTILITY COUNSEL REQUEST NO.: OPC01-12

QUESTION:

Please refer to Schedule "V-K-9.1 Corporate Services SK.Fs_CONFIDENTIAL" and the direct testimony of Michelle M. Townsend, Pages 36 and 37 of 50.

- a. If 2019Q1 data is available, please provide the data shown in the 2018Q4 tabs for 20l9Q1, both including and excluding Vectren. Please provide support for all assumptions regarding the numbers used for Vectren.
- b. If 2019Q1 data is not available, please provide the data shown in the 2018Q4 tabs including Vectren. Please provide support for all assumptions regarding the numbers used for Vectren.
- c. Please list and update any other allocators used to determine the amount of costs distributed among entities to include the impact of Vectren and provide the calculations and support for all assumptions.
- d. By affiliate, please categorize the total amount of charges to each affiliated entity during the test year as direct-billed (\$115.2 million for CenterPoint Houston, according to Ms. Townsend) and by individual allocator (totaling \$178.2 million for CenterPoint Houston, according to Ms. Townsend) and using the allocators adjusted to include the impact of Vectren, please provide an adjusted affiliate charge distribution of the allocated costs for each affiliate charging CenterPoint Houston.
- e. Please provide the total affiliate charges to CenterPoint Houston by FERC account as adjusted to include the impact of Vectren and provide the total adjustment to test year expense.

ANSWER:

- a. Please see GCCC 1-12 for updated 2019 allocation factors.
- b. Please see part a
- c. In addition to the allocation factors referenced in part a, the CERC customer count allocation factor has also been updated to include Vectren customers. This allocation factor does not impact how CERC allocates costs to Houston Electric. Please see OPUC01-12 Attachment 1 (Confidential) xlsx for the CERC customer count allocation factors.
- d. If viewed in isolation without regard to other changes in the Company's cost of service, the addition of Vectren companies to the allocation schedule caused, where applicable, an increase to the Vectren companies and a decrease to other business units, including CenterPoint Houston. An analysis to identify the Service Company functions and departments that support Vectren business units is ongoing, and only those functions and departments identified as supporting Vectren business units allocate costs to Vectren. As this analysis is ongoing, the full amount allocating to Vectren is not known at this time. Of the services allocated to CenterPoint Houston in the test year totaling \$178.2 million, only a subset of those services will allocate to Vectren business units until the integration is complete.
- e. Please see part d

The attachment OPUC01-12 Attachment 1 (Confidential).xlsx is confidential and is being provided pursuant to the Protective Order issued in Docket No. 49421.

SPONSOR (PREPARER):
Michelle Townsend (Michelle Townsend)

RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:
OPUC01-12 Attachment 1 (Confidential).xlsx

This page contains

Confidential Material

GULF COAST COALITION OF CITIES REQUEST NO.: GCCC01-12

QUESTION:

Refer to the Direct Testimony of Michelle Townsend at page 42, lines 14-16 discussing the quarterly calculations of the various allocation ratios for each quarter of 2018.

- Please provide the quarterly calculations of the allocation ratios for the last quarter of 2018 and for each applicable quarter thus far in 2019.
- b. Please describe how the 2019 and going forward allocation ratios have been or will be affected by the February 1, 2019 merger with the Vectren Corporation.

ANSWER:

- a. For the last quarter of 2018 allocation ratios please see Schedules V-K-09 and V-K-11. For 2019 allocation ratios please see GCCC01-12 Attachment 1.xlsx.
- b. Please see GCCC01-12 Attachment 1.xlsx for the 2019 first quarter allocation ratio files. Vectren companies were incorporated into the allocation ratios beginning February 2019. Adding the Vectren companies did not impact the legacy CenterPoint companies' inputs into these factors.

Please note, if viewed in isolation without regard to other changes in the Company's cost of service, the addition of Vectren companies to the allocation schedule caused, where applicable, an increase to the Vectren companies and a decrease to other business units, including CenterPoint Houston. An analysis to identify the Service Company functions and departments that support Vectren business units is ongoing, and only those functions and departments identified as supporting Vectren business units allocate costs to Vectren.

The attachment is confidential and is being provided pursuant to the Protective Order issued in Docket No. 49421.

SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Michelle Townsend (Michelle Townsend)

RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:

GCCC01-12 Attachment 1.xlsx

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Confidential Material

This page contains

Confidential Material

Page 1 of 4

GULF COAST COALITION OF CITIES REQUEST NO.: GCCC01-13

QUESTION:

Refer to the Direct Testimony of Michelle Townsend at page 46 discussing the \$1.6 million adjustment for CenterPoint Energy Service Company, LLC's employee labor that would have been billed to CEHE during the time of integration planning in 2018 for the Vectren merger.

- a. Please provide all workpapers utilized to compute the referenced calculations in electronic format with all formulas intact.
- b. Please explain why there is no assumption that the integration planning and implementation for the Vectren merger will continue into 2019 and going forward that will continue to decrease the employee labor billings to CEHE.

ANSWER:

- a. Please see GCCC01-13 Attachment 1.xlsx.
- b. The integration planning process ended on the day the merger occurred, February 1st. At that point we entered the integration implementation phase which is a business activity to implement the initiatives designed by the integration teams. Therefore the resources working on implementation remain within their business areas and only their incremental costs for travel to participate in integration meetings are charged to the Integration Management Office.

SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Michelle Townsend (Michelle Townsend)

RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:

GCCC01-13 Attachment 1.xlsx

Estimated Service Company Integration Billings Allocated to CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC

		Service Co Billed to		ost Center Allocat		CEHE Portion
Cost Center	Description	Integration Planning	Total Billed	CEHE Portion	% to CEHE	Integration Billing
	Corp Fin Ping & Perf	36,650.88	909,840.75	493,220.25	54.2%	19,868
	Corp Communications	173,003.57	864,463.10	315,335.68	36,5%	63,108
	Corp Legal	304,118.46	1,269,646.48	518,493,55	40.8%	124,195
	i Central Legal	11,220.00	1,863,131.50	1,009,701.54	54.2%	6,081
	ENVIRONMENTAL SRVS	103,333	405,968	270,135	66.5%	68,758
) Local Relations	49,216	225,036	159,517	70.9%	34,887
	Compliance/Records	21,217	2,725,125	1,177,478	43.2%	9,167
	6 Community Relations	55,692	2,936,100	1,752,065	59.7%	33,233
	Chief Acctg Officer	42,292	784,508	425,487	54.2%	22,938
	Fin Rep/Corp Acctg	23,630	3,116,149	1,683,173	54.0%	12,764
	Property Accounting	16,955	1,281,641	524,935	41.0%	6,944
	Trans & Ad Val Tax	17,527	1,818,376	1,077,980	59.3%	10,568
125123	BUS & OPS SUPPORT VP	99,178	513,606	306,177	59.6%	59,123
125127	7 Lg Comm& Indus Bill	11,007	613,379	613,379	100.0%	11,007
125132	Regulatory Rptg Gas	15,965	876,775	296,576	33.8%	5,400
125171	I HR - Recruitment Str	29,189	857,214	347,147	40.5%	11,821
125176	Talent Acquisition S	33,003	547,912	221,386	40.4%	13,335
125181	I HR-Learning & Organi	71,868	3,251,281	1,125,301	34.6%	24,874
125210	Long Term Financing	97,200	1,099,053	595,774	54.2%	52,690
125307	SVP & Chief HR Offcr	129,292	2,546,483	1,380,498	54.2%	70,092
125402	Chief Risk Officer	97,824	1,703,254	921,426	54.1%	52,921
125405	5 Audit - B	15,776	792,153	429,609	54.2%	8,556
125420) Legal Regulatory	214,723	(958,369)	(390,179)	40.7%	87,420
125421	l Legal Litigation	307,619	(487,751)	(198,361)	40.7%	125,104
156145	P&L PURCH & MM DIR	99,194	1,192,498	509,269	42.7%	42,362
156148	P&L PROCUR & SOURCE	31,755	928,510		0.0%	
156150	P&L GAS PURCH MGR	6,675	273,770		0.0%	-
156155	P&L CONTRACT ADMIN.	56,994	712,425	232,237	32.6%	18,579
156160	SEC SECURITY DIR	1,742	1,863,269	1,260,937	67.7%	1,179
156201	Technology System Co	44,215	847,059		0.0%	
156207	7 Technology Security	24,565	7,259,334	3,895,088	53.7%	13,181
156211	Technology Sys Infra	31,068	820,649		D 0%	-
156219	Tech Consulting Svc	163,221	834,522		0.0%	•
156223	Bus User Supp/Svc Desk	26,773	1,319,729	727,591	55.1%	14,760
156225	5 Archit/Tech Risk	162,499	2,294,341	1,234,500	53.8%	87,435
156226	Customer Solutions	298,980	1,579,196	729,589	46.2%	138,129
156231	1 TO Advance Finance	58,344	1,517,790		0.0%	
156239	9 Mkt/Field/Logistics	12,799	58,120	28,287	48.7%	6,229
156250	Contact Center Tech	471	4,153,291		0.0%	•
156265	5 Technical Operations	35,035	558,488	300,355	53.8%	18,842
156267	7 Portfolio & Integrat	3,597	1,297,615	697,341	53.7%	1,933
156269	9 Org. Read/Risk Mgmt	112,476	1,075,314	578,243	53.8%	60,483
158801	1 HR - Electric Ops	48,842	1,261,702	1,261,702	100.0%	48,842
158802	2 HR - Compensation	37,256	1,342,554	509,446	37,9%	14,137
	3 HR - Benefits	57,928	1,216,603	461,313	37.9%	21,965
158809	5 HR - Gas Ops	47.851	1,946,202	•	0.0%	-
	2 Regulatory	182,970	595,362	232,722	39,1%	71,521
	2 Houston Call Center	40,071	3,696,807	478,673	12.9%	5,189
	4 Claims	43,305	1,686,532	993,019	58.9%	25,498
	1 Fleet & Shop Srv Adm	45,321	737,487	518,453	70,3%	31,861
	1 Marketing Communicat	5,154	2,665,648	1,001,363	37.6%	1,936
	2 Bill Print/Insert Ops	42,972	2,087,897	.,,-50	0.0%	-
	0 Gas Sales and CIP Im	52,353	297,184		0.0%	
	3 Strategic Marketing	35,627	1,102,817	444,959	40.3%	14,374
,0505.		3,787,852	76,777,692	31,151,342	,0.07	1,573,288
	-			- 1, 10 1, - VA		

SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864 PUC Docket No. 49421 GCCC01-13 Attachment 1 Page 2 of 3

Page 3 of 4

Estimated Service Company Allocated to CenterPoint Ene

								iter FERC Alloc						
Description	Cost Center	4261	4264	4265	5600	5800	9020	9030	9090	9210	9250	9302	1070 T	
Corp Fin Ping & Perf	125007			3,055								490,165		493,220
Corp Communications	125019			6								315,329		315,336
Corp Legal	125020		30,477	1,710								486,306		518,494
Central Legal	125021											1,009,702		1,009,702
ENVIRONMENTAL SRVS	125036											270,135		270,13
Local Relations	125050		142,298									17,220		159,517
Compliance/Records	125055											1,177,478		1,177,478
Community Relations	125056	77,416										1,674,649		1,752,06
Chief Acctg Officer	125100			643								424,844		425,487
Fin Rep/Corp Acctg	125101											1,683,173		1,683,173
Property Accounting	125104											524,935		524,93
Trans & Ad Val Tax	125109											1,077,980		1,077,980
BUS & OPS SUPPORT VP	125123			2,938								303,239		306,177
_g Comm& Indus Bill	125127											613,379		613,379
Regulatory Rptg Gas	125132											296,576		296,576
HR - Recruitment Str	125171											347,147		347,147
Falent Acquisition S	125176											221,386		221,386
IR-Learning & Organi	125181											1,125,301		1,125,30
Long Term Financing	125210			2,146								593,629		595,774
SVP & Chief HR Offcr	125307			2,073								1,378,424		1,380,498
Chief Rısk Officer	125402											921,426		921,426
Audit - B	125405											429,609		429,609
Legal Regulatory	125420		(23,063)	31								(367,147)		(390,179
Legal Litigation	125421		(11,808)	1,602								(188, 155)		(198,36
P&L PURCH & MM DIR	156145												509,269	509,269
P&L PROCUR & SOURCE	1561 4 8													
P&L GAS PURCH MGR	156150													
P&L CONTRACT ADMIN.	156155												232,237	232,23
SEC SECURITY DIR	156160											1,260,937	•	1,260,937
Technology System Co	156201													
Technology Security	156207				406,441	1,768,289	30,040	530,199				1,160,119		3,895,086
Technology Sys Infra	156211							•						, ,
Tech Consulting Svc	156219													
Bus User Supp/Svc Desk	156223				148,234	549,421	7,622	13,301				9,013		727,59
Archit/Tech Risk	156225				129,067	560,159	9,360	166,243	•			369,670		1,234,50
Customer Solutions	156226				72,801	315,681	3,790	181,766				155,551		729,58
TO Advance Finance	156231				,	,	-,					,		,
Mkt/Field/Logistics	156239				1,546	6,138	81	11,740				8,782		28,28
Contact Center Tech	156250				.,							-,		
Technical Operations	156265				31,359	136,523	2,313	41,669				88,491		300.35
Portfolio & Integrat	156267				72,717	316,281	5,383	96,170				206,790		697,34
Org. Read/Risk Mgmt	156269				60,521	260,780	4,516	80,470				171.956		578.24
HR - Electric Ops	158801				00,02,	200,100	4,010	00,110				1,261,702		1,261,70
HR - Compensation	158802											509,446		509,44
HR - Benefits	158803											461,313		461,31
HR - Gas Ops	158805											,01,010		401,01
Regulatory	159022		40,175	869								191,678		232,72
Houston Call Center	159032		40,775	003				478,673				101,010		478,67
Claims	159044							410,010			993,019			993,01
	159044									518,445	220,012	8		518,45
Fleet & Shop Srv Adm	159051								1,001,363	010,740		•		1,001,36
Marketing Communicat									1,001,003					1,001,30
Bill Print/Insert Ops	159082													
Gas Sales and CIP Im	159090							435,247				0.740		444,95
Strategic Marketing	159093	77.446	470.000	45.072	022 686	2 042 274	C2 40E	2,035,479	1,001,363	518,445	993,019	9,712	744 EOC	
		77,416	178,080	15,072	922,686	3,913,271	63,105	2,035,419	1,001,3637	010,440	223,013	20,091,900	741,506	31,151,34

SOAH DOCKET NO. 473-19-3864 PUC Docket No. 49421 GCCC01-13 Attachment 1 Page 3 of 3

Page 4 of 4

Estimated Service Company Allocated to CenterPoint Ene

Description	Cost Center	4261	4264	4265	5600	5800	9020	ljustment to 9030	9090	9210	9250	9302	1070 1	otal
Corp Fin Plng & Perf	125007	-	-	123			-	-	-	-		19,745	-	19,868
Corp Communications	125019	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,106	-	63,108
Corp Legal	125020	-	7,300	410	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	116,485	-	124,195
Central Legal	125021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	6,081	-	6,081
ENVIRONMENTAL SRVS	125036	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		68,758	-	68,758
Local Relations	125050	-	31,121	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	3,766	-	34,887
Compliance/Records	125055	-	~		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,167	_	9,167
Community Relations	125056	1,468	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	~	31,765	-	33,233
Chief Accta Officer	125100		-	35	-	-	-	_	-	-		22,903	_	22,938
Fin Rep/Corp Acctg	125101	_		-	_	_	٠.	-	_	-		12,764	_	12,764
Property Accounting	125104			-	-	-	_	_		_	_	6,944	_	6,944
Trans & Ad Val Tax	125109	-			_	-	_	-	_	_		10,568	-	10,568
BUS & OPS SUPPORT VP	125123	_	-	567	_	-	_	_	_	_		58,556	-	59,123
La Comm& Indus Bill	125127	_		-				-	_	-	•	11,007	-	
Regulatory Rptg Gas	125132	_						_	•	-	-	5,400	-	11,007
HR - Recruitment Str	125171	_		-		-	_		-	-	•		-	5,400
Talent Acquisition S	125176	_		Ī	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	11,821	-	11,821
HR-Learning & Organi	125181	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,335	•	13,335
	125210	-,	-	190	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	24,874	-	24,874
Long Term Financing SVP & Chief HR Offcr	125210	-	-	105	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,500	-	52,690
	125307	•	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,987	-	70,092
Chief Risk Officer		-	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	52,921	-	52,921
Audit - B	125405	-	5 407	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	8,556	-	8,556
Legal Regulatory	125420	•	5,167	(7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	82,259	-	87,420
Legal Litigation	125421	-	7,447	(1,010)	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	118,667	.	125,104
P&L PURCH & MM DIR	156145	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,362	42,362
P&L PROCUR & SOURCE	156148	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P&L GAS PURCH MGR	156150	-	~	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P&L CONTRACT ADMIN.	156155	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,579	18,579
SEC SECURITY DIR	156160	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,179	-	1,179
Technology System Co	156201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Technology Security	156207	-	-	-	1,375	5,984	102	1,794	-	-	-	3,926	-	13,181
Technology Sys Infra	156211	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tech Consulting Svc	156219	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bus User Supp/Svc Desk	156223	-	-	•	3,007	11,146	155	270	-	-	•	183	-	14,760
Archit/Tech Risk	156225	-	-	-	9,141	39,674	663	11,774	-	-	-	26,182	-	87,435
Customer Solutions	156226	-	-	-	13,783	59,766	718	34,413	_	-	~	29,450	-	138,129
TO Advance Finance	156231	-	-	-		-	-	· -	-	_	~	· .	-	-
Mkt/Field/Logistics	156239	-	-	_	340	1,352	18	2,585	-	-		1,934	_	6,229
Contact Center Tech	156250	-	-	-	_		-		-	-	-		_	-,
Technical Operations	156265	-	-	-	1,967	8,564	145	2.614	_	-		5,551	-	18,842
Portfolio & Integrat	156267	_		-	202	877	15	267	_	_	_	573	_	1,933
Org. Read/Risk Mgmt	156269	_	_	_	6,330	27,277	472	8,417	_	_	_	17,986		60,483
HR - Electric Ops	158801	_	_		0,000	27,211	7/2	0,417	_			48,842	-	48.842
HR - Compensation	158802	_		-		_	_		-	-	•	14,137	-	•
HR - Benefits	158803	-	-		-	_	-	-	-	•	•		-	14,137
HR - Gas Ops	158805	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	21,965	-	21,965
		•	10 247	207	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	74 504
Regulatory	159022 159032	-	12,347	267	-	-	•	- - 100	-	-	-	58,907	-	71,521
Houston Call Center		•	•	•	-	-	-	5,189	-	-	25 405	-	-	5,189
Claims	159044	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	25,498		-	25,498
Fleet & Shop Srv Adm	159051	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	4 000	31,860	-	1	-	31,861
Marketing Communicat	159081	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	1,936	-	~	-	-	1,936
Bill Print/Insert Ops	159082	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gas Sales and CIP im	159090	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Strategic Marketing	159093							14,061			-	314		14,374
		1,468	63,382	681	36,147	154,639	2,287	81,383	1,936	31,860	25,498	1,113,066	60,941	1,573,288

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS REQUEST NO.: PUC02-15

QUESTION:

Payroll

Has the Company experienced any reductions in force since the end of the test year or does the Company anticipate any reductions in force during the rate year? If yes, please describe and quantify.

ANSWER:

As discussed in the Direct Testimony of M. Shane Kimzey, the transaction between CenterPoint Energy, Inc. (CNP) and Vectren Corporation closed on February 1, 2019, after the test year for this rate filing. The completion of this transaction resulted in the restructuring of several departments across the enterprise. As a result, the Company experienced a reduction in headcount of 32 FTEs.

SPONSOR (PREPARER):

Lynne Harkel-Rumford (Lynne Harkel-Rumford)

RESPONSIVE DOCUMENTS:

None