(Continued)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	80,819	89,315	99,780	124,735	97,675	118,074	131,993	177,302	192,231	200,125
Public safety	442,690	455,760	485,611	536,132	580,074	576,118	601,112	657,846	719,032	704,566
Transportation, planning, and sustainability	79,840	65,565	74,835	64,247	78,594	83,971	77,349	66,739	72,517	72,240
Public health	81,773	63,215	61,865	75,799	73,186	80,796	85,326	100,195	119,278	117,578
Public recreation and culture	90,307	91,732	106,488	104,026	104,951	117,441	134,567	147,191	161,226	173,333
Urban growth management	121,237	143,884	129,258	93,593	137,478	136,110	135,386	179,081	156,180	176,453
Interest on debt	42,435	44,889	45,154	46,417	48,400	49,617	55,855	61,500	61,879	65,147
Total governmental expenses	939,101	954,360	1,002,991	1,044,949	1,120,358	1,162,127	1,221,588	1,389,854	1,482,343	1,509,442
Business-type activities:										
Electric	1,089,632	1,086,470	1,136,850	1,133,951	1,132,476	1,251,599	1,203,729	1,226,585	1,277,623	1,268,610
Water	200,162	169,708	178,712	223,228	231,774	232,778	294,624	244,907	281,787	312,276
Wastewater	160,962	166,979	170,514	194,650	214,580	221,216	219,320	237,450	219,609	286,736
Airport	98,403	92,780	102,774	101,991	107,389	108,291	120,015	135,860	158,863	184,084
Convention	52,219	51,818	54,231	56,142	62,884	58,763	65,657	63,796	75,377	80,990
Environmental and health services	67,097	66,380	91,151	87,450	81,544	92,997	97,690	102,994	108,658	111,184
Public recreation	10,274	9,715	5,209	5,624	7,185	6,765	8,824	8,266	8,736	9,009
Urban growth management	89,306	106,618	110,996	114,270	129,583	125,983	135,360	173,360	183,532	196,817
Total business-type expenses	1,768,055	1,750,468	1,850,437	1,917,306	1,967,415	2,098,392	2,145,219	2,193,218	2,314,185	2,449,706
Total primary government expenses	2,707,156	2,704,828	2,853,428	2,962,255	3,087,773	3,260,519	3,366,807	3,583,072	3,796,528	3,959,148
Program Revenues		_								
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	11,319	7,902	8,126	17,285	15,223	17,890	15,434	15,915	21,345	27,276
Public safety	51,710	47,530	52,998	51,009	53,826	62,832	65,221	65,087	57,728	57,950
Transportation, planning, and sustainability	3,960	3,792	3,823	4,158	4,431	5,214	5,006	4,572	1,698	1,503
Public health	25,181	7,561	7,592	5,106	9,510	9,720	10,351	9,160	12,374	8,109
Public recreation and culture	3,819	3,456	7,891	7,576	8,753	8,205	8,330	8,781	11,251	12,401
Urban growth management	45,000	38,895	21,305	28,613	32,917	37,848	56,366	78,530	72,244	66,161
Operating grants and contributions	54,022	66,831	66,348	57,818	48,567	50,333	45,470	47,430	45,162	42,489
Capital grants and contributions	85,085	50,546	51,182	35,880	64,781	66,856	70,484	95,486	90,256	107,865
Total governmental program revenues	280,096	226,513	219,265	207,445	238,008	258,898	276,662	324,961	312,058	323,754
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Electric	1,162,286	1,147,676	1,249,139	1,179,872	1,288,259	1,367,155	1,351,436	1,370,228	1,362,132	1,400,523
Water	195,480	171,457	243,382	229,454	240,081	240,526	277,180	301,860	324,562	304,182
Wastewater	196,416	189,192	204,666	213,253	236,700	232,067	239,811	259,974	274,518	270,884

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Airport	96,618	100,223	106,978	114,318	123,021	128,766	142,353	159,866	178,433	197,426
Convention	16,258	14,784	18,486	19,200	22,783	25,087	28,657	33,221	40,196	33,752
Environmental and health services	65,940	74,399	75,981	75,499	81,833	84,655	96,622	103,420	109,274	115,499
Public recreation	10,119	8,864	5,260	5,239	6,069	5,849	5,736	6,480	6,705	7,278
Urban growth management	90,739	108,312	115,850	123,477	131,561	141,755	154,337	176,163	204,439	214,244
Operating grants and contributions				10,950	3,749	1,489	1,039	739	861	876
Capital grants and contributions	71,819	31,703	47,850	50,064	64,124	65,550	110,580	144,139	137,464	122,396
Total business-type revenues	1,905,675	1,846,610	2,067,592	2,021,326	2,198,180	2,292,899	2,407,751	2,556,090	2,638,584	2,667,060
Total primary government revenues	2,185,771	2,073,123	2,286,857	2,228,771	2,436,188	2,551,797	2,684,413	2,881,051	2,950,642	2,990,814
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	(659,005)	(727,847)	(783,726)	(837,504)	(882,350)	(903,229)	(944,926)	(1,064,893)	(1,170,285)	(1,185,688)
Business-type activities	137,620	96,142	217,155	104,020	230,765	194,507	262,532	362,872	324,399	217,354
Total primary government net expense	(521,385)	(631,705)	(566,571)	(733,484)	(651,585)	(708,722)	(682,394)	(702,021)	(845,886)	(968,334)
General Revenues and Other Changes						,				
in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	309,888	341,812	355,185	381,582	420,000	448,083	476,439	507,485	554,631	616,745
Sales tax	139,795	144,710	151,125	164,193	176,198	189,464	204,029	212,634	218,790	232,319
Franchise fees and gross receipts tax	85,183	87,996	95,029	99,011	114,147	128,032	141,368	147,773	151,670	159,754
Interest and other	20,827	31,960	19,364	15,884	23,888	21,275	21,951	41,708	26,950	34,333
Special items						15,830	11,983	4,309		
Transfers	82,686	96,031	97,100	101,527	87,761	62,215	70,865	121,838	40,693	73,664
Total general revenues and transfers	638,379	702,509	717,803	762,197	821,994	864,899	926,635	1,035,747	992,734	1,116,815
Business-type activities:										
Interest and other	27,938	13,935	11,274	11,529	2,269	5,717	10,498	10,936	14,801	27,730
Transfers	(82,686)	(96,031)	(97,100)	(101,527)	(87,761)	(62,215)	(70,865)	(121,838)	(40,693)	(73,664)
Total business-type activities	(54,748)	(82,096)	(85,826)	(89,998)	(85,492)	(56,498)	(60,367)	(110,902)	(25,892)	(45,934)
Total primary government	583,631	620,413	631,977	672,199	736,502	808,401	866,268	924,845	966,842	1,070,881
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	(20,626)	(25,338)	(65,923)	(75,307)	(60,356)	(38,330)	(18,291)	(29,146)	(177,551)	(68,873)
Business-type activities	82,872	14,046	131,329	14,022	145,273	138,009	202,165	251,970	298,507	171,420
Total primary government	62,246	(11,292)	65,406	(61,285)	84,917	99,679	183,874	222,824	120,956	102,547

Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Accrual basis of accounting)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Function/Program										
Governmental activities:										
General government	15,524	11,831	17,491	31,179	29,603	29,150	24,715	29,665	29,022	44,526
Public safety	64,997	57,135	63,617	59,997	60,221	74,805	71,035	71,626	64,937	67,314
Transportation, planning, and sustainability	57,178	17,928	42,282	24,942	51,095	55,324	61,405	80,375	75,165	83,068
Public health	42,750	34,369	31,185	28,122	30,307	29,390	29,524	28,822	33,034	29,742
Public recreation and culture	7,846	9,536	11,544	13,145	14,343	17,233	15,390	17,685	23,050	24,840
Urban growth management	91,801	95,714	53,146	50,060	52,439	52,996	74,593	96,788	86,850	74,264
Subtotal governmental activities	280,096	226,513	219,265	207,445	238,008	258,898	276,662	324,961	312,058	323,754
Business-type activities:										
Electric	1,168,242	1,152,532	1,259,400	1,201,722	1,303,299	1,381,040	1,374,895	1,411,135	1,406,147	1,435,613
Water	225,881	180,918	257,346	241,205	262,212	264,265	312,102	349,195	369,506	351,089
Wastewater	211,080	190,625	213,339	221,561	249,564	246,569	261,680	290,717	304,260	297,869
Airport	112,804	108,022	112,457	124,042	128,301	134,208	151,368	163,432	193,769	205,635
Convention	16,258	14,784	18,499	19,234	23,149	25,138	28,657	33,221	40,196	33,752
Environmental and health services	66,592	75,033	77,008	78,694	83,080	84,807	96,674	103,538	109,546	115,768
Public recreation	11,268	12,809	5,410	5,404	6,776	6,626	6,206	6,701	6,995	7,508
Urban growth management	93,550	111,887	124,133	129,464	141,799	150,246	176,169	198,151	208,165	219,826
Subtotal business-type activities	1,905,675	1,846,610	2,067,592	2,021,326	2,198,180	2,292,899	2,407,751	2,556,090	2,638,584	2,667,060
Total primary government	2,185,771	2,073,123	2,286,857	2,228,771	2,436,188	2,551,797	2,684,413	2,881,051	2,950,642	2,990,814

										·
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
General Fund										
Reserved	4,510	4,135	N/A							
Unreserved	87,651	104,575	N/A							
Nonspendable	N/A	N/A	1,109	862	774	950	949	546	727	2,064
Assigned	N/A	N/A	14,109	16,255	18,459	25,887	26,123	28,700	29,618	37,561
Unassigned	N/A	N/A	119,035	113,046	127,859	156,659	150,091	131,743	141,469	173,309
Total general fund	92,161	108,710	134,253	130,163	147,092	183,496	177,163	160,989	171,814	212,934
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	134,194	174,820	N/A							
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	56,385	57,694	N/A							
Capital projects funds	168,328	28,447	N/A							
Permanent funds	819	764	N/A							
Nonspendable	N/A	N/A	1,040	1,040	1,040	1,052	1,070	1,070	1,070	1,070
Restricted	N/A	N/A	175,522	174,773	160,483	162,000	175,977	186,395	214,582	223,062
Committed	N/A	N/A	18,139	19,716	22,921	27,486	40,196	42,508	40,652	45,169
Assigned	N/A	N/A	76,956	82,511	80,219	64,142	75,821	107,833	109,692	108,333
Unassigned	N/A	N/A	(36,582)	(38,012)	(47,512)	(70,581)	(51,622)	(14,876)	(25,369)	(11,113)
Total all other governmental funds	359,726	261,725	235,075	240,028	217,151	184,099	241,442	322,930	340,627	366,521

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in fiscal year 2011, which changes the reporting requirements for fund balances.

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (In thousands) (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

								2012		
	2009	2010 \$	2011 \$	2012 \$	2013 \$	2014 \$	2015 \$	2016 \$	2017 \$	2018 \$
Revenues	•	ð	ş	ð	•	•	•	¥	•	4
Properly taxes	308,292	340.804	355,262	381.611	419,965	446.876	474,704	509,104	554,411	616,424
Sales taxes	139,795	144,710	151,125	164,193	176,198	189.464	204.029	212,634	218,790	232,319
Franchise fees and other taxes	85,183	88,321	94,920	98,903	114,039	128,032	141,368	147,773	151,670	159,754
Fine, forfeitures, and penalties	25,380	24,571	24,077	20,251	21,128	22,520	22,884	20,079	17,628	15,764
Licenses, permits, and inspections	20,531	15,716	18,653	22,664	28,669	33,719	39,805	50,186	61,450	54,424
Charges for services/goods	84,905	64,594	55,170	56,397	63,568	72,924	86,576	98,911	81,368	84,315
Intergovernmental	62,802	86,557	78,250	76,233	76,085	79,407	62,622	56,746	59,572	65,632
Property owners' participation and contributions	12,161	6,937	6,624	6,624	10,167	12,718	12,763	14,554	14,659	16,355
Interest and other	31,187	35,563	19,270	15.932	24,345	21,393	21,517	38.334	27.050	34,254
Total revenues	770,236	807,773	803,351	842,808	934,164	1,007,053	1,066,268	1,148,321	1,186,598	1,279,241
	- 110,200					-1,001,000				
Expenditures								440	400 700	400.044
General government	53,000	66,287	69,024	74,846	84,504	91,668	102,222	118,773	128,708	138,011
Public safety	409,579	421,958	449,355	483,458	497,371	528,670	565,070	576,461	593,406	597,085
Transportation, planning, and sustainability	7,675	10,634	9,983	7,556	16,007	14,053	7,032	7,039	5,125	5,162
Public health	70,762	53,229	55,508	65,861	69,418	74,310	80,630	92,076	101,025	106,016
Public recreation and culture	74,477	74,089	86,595	80,818	92,282	99,780	110,745	116,531	126,599	134,575
Urban growth management	106,149	100,218	75,865	80,021	97,840	106,715	116,912	155,459	127,982	150,635
Debt service:	00.000	70.404	70 500	74 000	00.005	00.700	74 500	00.050	07.007	99,572
Principal	69,809	70,424	78,568	71,906	69,625	69,768	71,532 55.794	80,859 61,388	87,367 61,862	99,572 64,674
Interest	42,170	44,590	44,892	46,188	48,199 17	49,367 6	55,794 9	13	13	64,674 27
Fees and commissions	8	17	13	16		*	186,870	142,822	130,783	139,324
Capital outlay	96,342	166,491	160,682	178,380	214,294	257,420				
Total expenditures	929,971	1,007,937	1,030,485	1,089,050	1,189,557	1,291,757	1,296,816	1,351,421	1,362,870	1,435,081
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures	(159,735)	(200,164)	(227,134)	(246,242)	(255,393)	(284,704)	(230,548)	(203,100)	(176,272)	(155,840)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Issuance of tax supported debt	191,310	15,000	118,778	145,175	131,499	154,444	159,939	142,775	130,665	118,216
Issuance of refunding bonds	101,010	10,000	79.342	58.347	101,100	107,923	700,000	139,690	54,970	
Bond premiums	1,897		14,929	8,207	8,452	16,212	20,093	33,305	35,430	17,237
Payment to escrow agent	.,007		(94,271)	(66,554)		(113,836)		(159,589)	(68,744)	-
Transfers in	175,250	197,669	179,476	178,768	209,161	221,868	239,666	248,331	222,540	242.856
Transfers out	(86,245)	(93,957)	(70,146)	(76,838)	(99,667)	(114,385)	(150,123)	(140,407)	(170,067)	(155,455)
Total other financing sources (uses)	282,212	118,712	228,108	247,105	249,445	272,226	269,575	264,105	204,794	222,854
Special item						15,830	11,983	4,309		
Net change in fund balances	122,477	(81,452)	974	863	(5,948)	3,352	51,010	65,314	28,522	67,014
Debt service as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures	13.6%	13.8%	13.6%	12.9%	11.5%	11.2%	11.3%	11.5%	11.9%	12.5%
5 Suprior orportation	70		70							

			Fr	anchise Fees a	nd Other Tax	es	
Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Franchise Fees	Hotel-Motel Occupancy Tax	Mixed Drink Tax	Vehicle Rental Tax	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2009	308,292	139,795	34,102	39,691	5,651	5,739	533,270
2010	340,804	144,710	35,672	40,600	6,049	6,000	573,835
2011	355,262	151,125	33,689	47,962	6,367	6,902	601,307
2012	381,611	164,193	34,348	51,434	5,964	7,157	644,707
2013	419,965	176,198	37,001	61,753	6,941	8,344	710,202
2014	446,876	189,464	39,366	70,683	9,355	8,628	764,372
2015	474,704	204,029	39,984	82,361	10,352	8,671	820,101
2016	509,104	212,634	38,858	88,661	11,177	9,077	869,511
2017	554,411	218,790	38,177	92,545	11,588	9,360	924,871
2018	616,424	232,319	37,888	99,218	12,653	9,995	1,008,497
Change 2009-2018	99.95%	66.19%	11.10%	149.98%	123.91%	74.16%	

Fiscal		Ratio of	Total			Percent		Tax Rate (per	100 Valuation	1
Year	Valuation	Taxable	Appraised	Less	Total	of Growth		Debt		Percentage
Ended	Date	Value to	Value	Exemptions	Taxable Value	In Taxable	General	Service		Change in
Sept. 30	(January 1)	Appraised Value	at January 1	(October 1)	(October 1)	Value	Fund	Fund	Total	Tax Rate
		%	\$	\$	\$	%	\$	\$	\$	%
2009	2008	86.54	88,688,319,460	11,936,311,723	76,752,007,737	11.66	0.2749	0.1263	0.4012	(0.55)
2010	2009	87.63	92,388,003,449	11,427,462,473	80,960,540,976	5.48	0.2950	0.1259	0.4209	4.91
2011	2010	88.15	88,051,834,377	10,432,484,993	77,619,349,384	(4.13)	0.3262	0.1309	0.4571	8.60
2012	2011	87.04	91,015,898,946	11,796,118,067	79,219,780,879	2.06	0.3551	0.1260	0.4811	5.25
2013	2012	87.30	95,412,581,152	12,118,044,659	83,294,536,493	5.14	0.3821	0.1208	0.5029	4.53
2014	2013	86.94	102,102,789,438	13,336,691,278	88,766,098,160	6.57	0.3856	0.1171	0.5027	(0.04)
2015	2014	84.70	116,469,347,283	17,817,167,853	98,652,179,430	11.14	0.3691	0.1118	0.4809	(4.34)
2016	2015	81.06	136,703,100,149	26,177,073,750	110,526,026,399	12.04	0.3527	0.1062	0.4589	(4.57)
2017	2016	79.97	156,764,185,067	31,392,530,411	125,371,654,656	13.43	0.3399	0.1019	0.4418	(3.73)
2018	2017	80.44	172,067,755,668	33,649,108,408	138,418,647,260	10.41	0.3393	0.1055	0.4448	0.68
2019	2018	(1) 80.63	188,226,378,612	36,451,477,796	151,774,900,816	9.65	0.3308	0.1095	0.4403	(1.01)

Fiscal Year	Valuation			within the of the Levy	Net Collections	Tot Collection		Outst	otal anding iencies (2)
Ended	Date	Total Tax Levy		Percentage	in Subsequent	•	Percentage		Percentage
Sept. 30	(January 1)	(October 1)	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy	Amount	of Levy
		\$	\$	%	\$	\$	%	\$	%
2009	2008	307,929,055	304,956,471	99.03	1,699,195	306,726,563	99.61	9,626,876	3.13
2010	2009	340,762,916	337,268,213	98.97	1,859,993	338,346,496	99.29	10,591,712	3.11
2011	2010	354,798,046	351,707,776	99.13	1,248,328	353,091,464	99.52	11,589,297	3.27
2012	2011	381,126,366	378,351,758	99.27	1,627,632	379,214,593	99.50	12,177,159	3.20
2013	2012	418,888,224	416,202,468	99.36	1,078,999	416,866,326	99.52	12,662,032	3.02
2014	2013	446,227,175	442,872,352	99.25	1,146,328	442,872,352	99.25	13,037,334	2.92
2015	2014	474,418,331	470,959,014	99.27	477,052	470,959,014	99.27	14,469,523	3.05
2016	2015	507,203,935	504,891,858	99.54	(1,253,102)	503,937,920	99.36	13,711,114	2.70
2017	2016	553,891,970	551,107,380	99.50	(719,718)	550,387,662	99.37	13,903,694	2.51
2018	2017	615,686,143	612,423,673	99.47		612,423,673	99.47	14,403,647	2.34
2019	2018	(1) 668,264,888	**	**	**	**	**	**	**

^{**} Information not yet available for fiscal year 2019.

Note: Appraisal district appraises property at market value.

⁽¹⁾ Appraised value at January 1, 2018, is subject to change pending additional exemptions and appeals. Accordingly, the tax levy represents an estimate.

⁽²⁾ The total amount of outstanding delinquencies for all prior years as of fiscal year end.

Fiscal Year	Single Family	Multi- Family		Commercial	Personal	Total Assessed Taxable	Tax Rates (per \$100
Sept. 30	Property	Property	Land	Property	Property	Value	Assessed Value)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2009	37,453,292	9,896,356	1,389,608	19,800,799	7,915,406	76,455,461	0.4012
2010	40,713,121	10,145,319	1,419,091	19,957,214	7,942,287	80,177,032	0.4209
2011	40,652,702	9,611,968	1,367,974	18,531,700	6,932,805	77,097,149	0.4571
2012	40,599,766	9,910,886	1,646,815	18,880,729	9,051,096	80,089,292	0.4811
2013	41,050,945	11,115,108	1,599,889	20,237,454	9,575,131	83,578,527	0.5029
2014	43,262,362	12,628,999	1,543,314	21,774,725	9,280,001	88,489,401	0.5027
2015	47,675,285	15,190,842	1,600,848	24,521,122	9,744,775	98,732,872	0.4809
2016	50,576,097	18,362,372	1,736,615	29,885,285	10,183,100	110,743,469	0.4589
2017	56,088,650	21,991,357	2,005,473	35,465,401	10,227,269	125,778,150	0.4418
2018	61,853,216	24,882,015	2,220,397	39,794,515	10,139,354	138,889,497	0.4448

Source: July certified tax rolls received from Travis, Williamson, and Hays Central Appraisal Districts. Excludes exemptions and appeal adjustments made between January 1 appraisal date and July certified roll date.

Note: Does not reflect appeal adjustments between July and October 1 assessment date. See Table 7 for additional property tax information.

	p		Tax Rates	per \$100 Ass	essed Value)	for Fiscal Ye	ar Ended Sep	otember 30		
Government	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
City of Austin	0.4012	0.4209	0.4571	0.4811	0.5029	0.5027	0.4809	0.4589	0.4418	0.4448
Austin Community College	0.0954	0.0946	0.0951	0 0948	0.0951	0.0949	0.0942	0.1005	0.1020	0.1048
Austin Independent School District	1.2020	1.2020	1.2270	1.2420	1.2420	1.2420	1.2220	1.2020	1.1920	1.1920
Del Valle Independent School District	1.4800	1.4800	1.5300	1.5300	1.5300	1.4700	1.4700	1.5300	1.5200	1.3900
Eanes Independent School District	1.2025	1.2025	1.2025	1 2125	1.2125	1.2125	1.2125	1.2125	1.2125	1.2000
Leander Independent School District	1.3792	1.4223	1.4548	1.4998	1.5119	1.5119	1.5119	1.5119	1.5119	1.5119
Manor Independent School District	1.5350	1.5150	1.5150	1.5150	1.5150	1.5150	1 5150	1.5150	1.5150	1.5150
North Austin MUD #1	0.4050	0.3801	0.3819	0.3719	0.3450	0.3450	0.3399	0.3170	0.2890	0.2830
Northwest Austin MUD #1 (1)	0.2525	0.2427		_						
Northwest Travis County RD #3 (2)	0 1100	0.1250	0.1450	0.1550	0.1300	0.1223	~~			
Pflugerville Independent School District	1.4600	1.4600	1.4600	1.4800	1.5400	1.5400	1 5400	1.5400	1.5400	1.5200
Round Rock Independent School District	1.3324	1.3800	1.3800	1.3350	1.3800	1.3674	1.3375	1.3325	1.3325	1.3325
Travis County (3)	0 4122	0.4215	0.4658	0.4855	0.5001	0.4946	0.4563	0.4169	0.3838	0.3542
Travis County Healthcare District	0.0679	0.0674	0.0719	0.0789	0.0789	0.1290	0.1264	0.1178	0.1105	0.1052

	Tax Levies (in 000's) for Fiscal Year Ended September 30										
Government	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
City of Austin	307,929	340,763	354,798	381,126	418,888	446,227	474,418	507,204	553,892	615,686	
Austin Community College	79,189	82,756	79,524	80,596	84,766	90,079	99,308	121,203	140,069	176,161	
Austin Independent School District	704,839	735,582	730,909	746,896	775,231	834,029	918,306	1,030,642	1,174,333	1,448,359	
Del Valle Independent School District	47,600	46,563	43,736	44,867	46,004	51,559	53,414	60,093	67,076	86,276	
Eanes Independent School District	111,930	115,036	110,042	111,792	116,443	123,749	135,138	148,545	164,250	184,415	
Leander Independent School District	173,078	185,502	185,883	195,248	204,896	219,988	248,089	273,849	305,591	336,487	
Manor Independent School District	37,916	43,116	38,829	40,609	48,860	47,605	63,098	58,687	70,423	81,305	
North Austin MUD #1	2,859	2,859	2,750	2,713	2,660	2,661	2,968	3,131	293	329	
Northwest Austin MUD #1 (1)	1,216	1,173					_			-	
Northwest Travis County RD #3 (2)	546	582	576	607	565	568					
Pflugerville Independent School District	104,552	108,097	104,112	105,197	111,719	118,412	133,432	147,355	166,578	215,566	
Round Rock Independent School District	272,758	284,082	273,120	268,675	287,687	288,217	332,436	360,251	360,251	401,198	
Travis County (3)	391,696	417,426	441,859	466,691	503,068	529,149	543,863	568,520	592,824	671,334	
Travis County Healthcare District	64,629	66,842	68,303	75,928	79,480	138,132	150,765	160,701	170,812	199,366	

Source: Travis Central Appraisal District, Williamson Central Appraisal District, Hays Central Appraisal District, and taxing entities. Note:

- (1) Northwest Austin MUD #1 discontinued in 2010.
- (2) Northwest Travis County RD #3 was dissolved in 2014.
- (3) Includes taxes and levies for Travis County and Farm to Market Roac

				Fiscal Year Ende	ded September 30			
			2018			2009		
				Percent of			Percent of	
		January 1,		Total Assessed	January 1,		Total Assessed	
	Type of	2017 Assessed		Valuation of	2008 Assessed		Valuation of	
Taxpayer	Property	Valuation	Rank	138,418,647,260	Valuation	Rank	76,752,007,737	
		\$		%	\$		%	
Samsung Austin Semiconductor LLC	Manufacturing	1,667,794,283	1	1.20	1,389,941,494	1	1.81	
Columbia/St. Davids Health Care	Hospital/Medical	545,682,695	2	0.39	228,928,926	7	0.30	
Apple	Manufacturing	418,759,426	3	0.30				
Finley Company	Commercial	410,400,014	4	0.30				
CSHV-401 Congress LLC	Commercial	359,707,203	5	0.26				
Domain Retail Property Owner LP	Commercial	343,763,509	6	0.25				
Riata Holdings LP	Commercial	325,076,136	7	0.23	198,567,361	10	0.26	
HEB Grocery Company LP	Retail	310,105,250	8	0.22				
GW Block 23 Office LLC	Commercial	307,578,287	9	0.22				
Brandywine Acquisition Partners LP	Commercial	305,000,000	10	0.22	202,117,918	9	0.26	
TPG-300 West 6th Street LLC	Commercial				530,752,756	2	0.69	
Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.	Manufacturing				341,325,166	3	0.44	
Spansion LLC	Manufacturing				237,133,802	6	0.31	
IBM Corporation	Manufacturing				253,136,376	5	0.33	
Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.	Manufacturing				281,357,924	4	0.37	
Shopping Center at Gateway LP	Commercial				211,160,347	8	0.28	
Total assessed valuation		4,993,866,803		3.61	3,874,422,070		5.05	

Source: Travis, Williamson and Hays Central Appraisal Districts

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	City Direct Rate (1)	Capital Metro Rate (2)	State of Texas Rate (3)
	%	%	%
2009	1.00	1.00	6.25
2010	1.00	1.00	6.25
2011	1.00	1.00	6.25
2012	1.00	1.00	6.25
2013	1.00	1.00	6.25
2014	1.00	1.00	6.25
2015	1.00	1.00	6.25
2016	1.00	1.00	6.25
2017	1.00	1.00	6.25
2018	1.00	1.00	6.25

Sources: Capital Metro, Comptroller of Public Accounts, and City of Austin

- (1) City of Austin 1% sales tax levy effective January 1, 1968
- (2) Capital Metro 1% sales tax levy effective October 1, 1995
- (3) State of Texas 6.25% sales tax levy effective July 1, 1990

				Fis	cal Year Ende	ed September	30			
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, hunting	6,929	5,914	4,680	4,212	4,804	5,510	7,214	4,915	4,242	3,636 (1
Mining	4,034	2,854	2,264	6,549	15,455	52,267	30,534	2,988	3,512	135,107
Construction	352,053	368,296	389,154	471,658	551,199	628,533	685,990	749,637	849,007	930,670
Manufacturing	936,799	1,041,686	1,433,983	1,644,016	1,755,428	1,747,367	1,931,586	2,061,629	2,473,108	2,954,874
Transportation, warehousing, utilities	447,710	345,173	328,250	512,542	565,999	439,136	414,567	400,019	422,652	478,478
Wholesale trade	787,300	827,894	845,952	804,224	854,964	993,560	1,047,647	1,104,659	1,143,260	1,184,020
Retail trade	5,592,033	5,557,165	5,804,678	6,225,353	6,413,528	6,632,916	7,015,660	7,247,199	7,179,902	7,431,893
Finance, insurance, real estate	223,759	204,472	190,633	237,753	260,982	273,513	305,481	439,690	411,078	411,579
Services	1,233,310	1,189,812	1,257,576	1,395,058	1,510,025	1,555,087	1,657,323	1,821,462	2,014,309	2,083,221
Public administration	442,422	443,604	446,197	472,311	504,887	519,273	544,881	542,879	514,568	511,197
Other	2,128,184	2,150,840	2,361,381	2,659,739	2,987,068	3,299,444	3,608,679	3,855,509	4,051,993	4,351,069
Total taxable sales by category	12,154,533	12,137,710	13,064,748	14,433,415	15,424,339	16,146,606	17,249,562	18,230,586	19,067,631	20,475,744 (2

Source: State of Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

229

Note: Data subject to change as more precise numbers become available.

⁽¹⁾ For Agriculture, forestry, fishing, data not available for fourth quarter of fiscal year 2017 and first and second quarter of fiscal year 2018. Figures are estimates.

⁽²⁾ Data not available for third quarter of fiscal year 2018.

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year	General	Certificates		Capital	Total				
Ended	Obligation	of	Contractual	Lease	Governmental				
Sept. 30	Bonds	Obligation	Obligations	Obligations	Activities				
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$				
2009	845,741	78,525	28,456	468	953,190				
2010	789,619	71,586	38,295	716	900,216				
2011	842,708	62,426	32,994	433	938,561				
2012	877,811	95,426	44,570	159	1,017,966				
2013	902,750	114,798	67,788		1,085,336				
2014	974,855	135,829	85,036		1,195,720				
2015	1,030,680	165,350	102,396		1,298,426				
2016	1,108,558	166,201	101,012		1,375,771				
2017	1,109,766	214,394	111,868		1,436,028				
2018	1,123,455	239,446	94,064		1,456,965				

				Business-type	Activities				
General	Certificates		Other Tax	Commercial			Contract	Capital	Total
Obligation	of	Contractual	Supported	Paper	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Lease	Business-type
Bonds	Obligation	Obligations	Debt	Notes	Notes	Bonds	Bonds	Obligations	Activities
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
21,510	42,877	60,195	6,650	339,999	28,000	3,442,342	914	1,981	3,944,468
16,233	40,169	50,064	18,178	299,797	28,000	3,643,111		1,628	4,097,180
25,398	40,903	54,854	11,274	359,792	28,000	3,694,277	_	1,258	4,215,756
34,661	34,456	52,298	10,605	305,026		3,944,795	-	1,218	4,383,059
31,381	33,658	55,508	9,915	193,991		4,204,201	-	1,176	4,529,830
33,701	27,232	65,854	9,195	241,456		4,298,643		1,135	4,677,216
28,852	40,695	54,686	8,450	200,581	_	4,600,817	_	1,089	4,935,170
24,073	58,814	45,537	7,655	129,916		4,578,492	_	1,040	4,845,527
20,303	55,242	32,895	7,116	146,097		4,881,202	_	989	5,143,844
16,217	52,277	26,518	6,905	254,767		4,701,801	_	934	5,059,419
	Obligation Bonds \$ 21,510 16,233 25,398 34,661 31,381 33,701 28,852 24,073 20,303	Obligation Bonds of Obligation \$ 21,510 42,877 16,233 40,169 25,398 40,903 34,661 34,456 31,381 33,658 33,701 27,232 28,852 40,695 24,073 58,814 20,303 55,242	Obligation Bonds of Obligation Contractual Obligations \$ \$ \$ 21,510 42,877 60,195 16,233 40,169 50,064 25,398 40,903 54,854 34,661 34,456 52,298 31,381 33,658 55,508 33,701 27,232 65,854 28,852 40,695 54,686 24,073 58,814 45,537 20,303 55,242 32,895	Obligation Bonds of Obligation Contractual Obligations Supported Debt \$ \$ \$ 21,510 42,877 60,195 6,650 16,233 40,169 50,064 18,178 25,398 40,903 54,854 11,274 34,661 34,456 52,298 10,605 31,381 33,658 55,508 9,915 33,701 27,232 65,854 9,195 28,852 40,695 54,686 8,450 24,073 58,814 45,537 7,655 20,303 55,242 32,895 7,116	General Obligation Bonds Certificates of Obligation Contractual Obligations Other Tax Supported Debt Notes Commercial Paper Notes \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 21,510 42,877 60,195 6,650 339,999 16,233 40,169 50,064 18,178 299,797 25,398 40,903 54,854 11,274 359,792 34,661 34,456 52,298 10,605 305,026 31,381 33,658 55,508 9,915 193,991 33,701 27,232 65,854 9,195 241,456 28,852 40,695 54,686 8,450 200,581 24,073 58,814 45,537 7,655 129,916 20,303 55,242 32,895 7,116 146,097	Obligation Bonds of Obligation Contractual Obligations Supported Debt Paper Notes Revenue Notes \$	General Obligation Bonds Certificates Obligations Other Tax Obligation Obligations Other Tax Obligation Obligations Commercial Supported Paper Notes Revenue Revenue Bonds \$<	General Obligation Bonds Certificates Obligations Obligations Obligations Obligation Debt Commercial Notes Revenue Bonds Revenue Bonds Revenue Bonds Revenue Bonds Contract Revenue Bonds \$ <	General Obligation Bonds Certificates Obligations Other Tax Obligation Obligations Commercial Supported Debt Paper Notes Revenue Bonds Revenue Bonds Contract Bonds Capital Debt Obligations \$

	Fiscal Year Ended	Total Primary	Percentage of Personal	Debt Per
	Sept. 30	Government	Income (1)	Capita (1)
•		\$	%	\$
	2009	4,897,658	0.13	6,358
	2010	4,997,396	0.14	6,419
	2011	5,154,317	0.13	6,398
	2012	5,401,025	0.14	6,578
	2013	5,615,166	0.12	6,672
	2014	5,872,936	0.12	6,689
	2015	6,233,596	0.13	6,933
	2016	6,221,298	0.11	6,722
	2017	6,579,872	0.12	6,955
	2018	6,516,384	0.11	6,761

Note Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) Population and personal income statistics can be found in Table 18.

		Gene	ral Bonded Debt O	utstanding			
				Resources		Percentage of	
Fiscal				Restricted for		Actual	Net General
Year	General	Other Tax		Repayment of	Net	Taxable	Bonded Debt
Ended	Obligation	Supported		Outstanding	General	Value of	Per
Sept. 30	Bonds	Debt	Total	Debt Principal	Bonded Debt	Property (1)	Capita (2)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	\$
2009	867,251	216,703	1,083,954	18,389	1,065,565	1.39	1,383.32
2010	805,852	218,292	1,024,144	21,958	1,002,186	1.24	1,287.23
2011	868,106	202,451	1,070,557	20,806	1,049,751	1.35	1,302.97
2012	912,472	237,356	1,149,828	17,627	1,132,201	1.43	1,379.03
2013	934,131	281,667	1,215,798	17,068	1,198,730	1.44	1,424.26
2014	1,008,556	323,146	1,331,702	18,368	1,313,334	1.48	1,495.82
2015	1,059,532	371,577	1,431,109	21,725	1,409,384	1.43	1,567.52
2016	1,132,631	379,219	1,511,850	21,629	1,490,221	1.35	1,610.20
2017	1,130,069	421,515	1,551,584	24,587	1,526,997	1.22	1,614.03
2018	1,139,672	419,210	1,558,882	29,283	1,529,599	1.11	1,587.06

Note. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Table 7 for property value data.

⁽²⁾ Population data can be found in Table 18.

	Net Debt		Amount
Name of	Outstanding as of September 30, 2018	Percent Applicable to	Applicable to City of Austin
	•	• •	•
Governmental Unit	(in 000's)	City of Austin	(in 000's)
	\$	%	\$
Direct debt: Governmental activities debt	4.400.455		
General obligation bonds	1,123,455		
Certificates of obligation	239,446		
Contractual obligations	94,064		
Total direct debt	1,456,965 (1)	100.00	1,456,965
Overlapping debt			
Greater than 10%:			
Austin Community College	418,335	70.35	294,299
Austin Independent School District	916,012	95.53	875,066
Avery Ranch Road District #1	6,740	99.39	6,699
Del Valle Independent School District	197,290	73.19	144,397
Eanes Independent School District	110,400	36.95	40,793
Leander Independent School District	1,001,402	12.07	120,869
Manor Independent School District	303,788	69.10	209,918
Northtown MUD	19,350	17.52	3,390
Northwoods Road District	8,205	100.00	8,205
Pearson Place Road District	5,245	100.00	5,245
Pflugerville Independent School District	417,770	35.00	146,220
Round Rock Independent School District	683,391	35.26	240,964
Travis County	685,851	73.68	505,335
Travis County Healthcare	9,380	73.68	6,911
Williamson County	812,550	12.28	99,781
Subtotal greater than 10%	5,595,709		2,708,092
Less than 10%:			
Hays County	420,887	0.31	1,305
Travis County Mud #8	7,317	1.07	78
Travis County WC & ID #10	44,585	4.01	1,788
Subtotal less than 10%	472,789		3,171
Total overlapping debt	6,068,498		2,711,263
Fotal direct and overlapping debt	7,525,463		4,168,228
Ratio of total direct and overlapping debt to assessed valuation (2)		3.01 %	

\$ 4,324.80

Source: Taxing jurisdictions, Travis, Williamson, and Hays Central Appraisal Districts and Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the City residents and businesses. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

- (1) Excludes general obligation debt reported in business-type activities. See Note 6.
- (2) Based on assessed valuation of \$138,418,647,260 provided by the Travis, Williamson, and Hays Central Appraisal Districts.
- (3) Based on 2018 population of 963,797.

Per capita of total direct and overlapping debt (3)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2018	
Assessed taxable value (1)	\$ 137,034,461
Debt limit (2)	20,181,369
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation debt Less: Amount set aside for	1,432,315
repayment of general obligation debt	(29,283)
Total net debt applicable to limit	1,403,032
Legal debt margin	\$ 18,778,337

					Fiscal Ye	ear				
_	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Debt limit	11,190,400	11,804,005	11,316,858	11,550,204	12,144,302	12,942,046	14,383,428	16,114,633	18,279,122	20,181,369
Total net debt applicable to limit	1,043,671	971,250	1,020,759	1,102,536	1,163,822	1,253,012	1,332,360	1,387,051	1,401,193	1,403,032
Legal debt margin	10,146,729	10,832,755	10,296,099	10,447,668	10,980,480	11,689,034	13,051,068	14,727,582	16,877,929	18,778,337
Total net debt applicable to the lim as a percentage of debt limit	it 9.33%	8.23%	9.02%	9.55%	9.58%	9 68%	9.26%	8.61%	7.67%	6.95%

Note: Ad valorem tax limitations: The City is permitted by Article XI, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services, including payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. However, under the City Charter, a limitation on taxes levied for general governmental services, exclusive of payments of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, has been established at \$1.00 per \$100 per assessed valuation. A practical limitation on taxes levied for debt service of \$1.50 per \$100 of addressed valuation is established by referring to the State Statute and City Charter limitations.

- (1) Assessed value 100% of estimated market value as of January 1, 2017, of \$138,418,647,260 at a 99% collection rate.
- (2) Assuming the maximum tax rate for debt service of \$1.50 on January 1, 2017, for collections on \$137,034,461 results in tax revenues of \$2,055,517. This revenue could service the debt on \$20,181,369 issued as 8% 20-year serial bonds with level debt service payments.

		Ele	ectric Revenue	Bonds					Water and \	Nastewater	Revenue Bo	onds	
Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	Utility Service Charges (1)	Less: Operating Expenses (2)	Net Available Revenue	Debt Se Principal	rvice (3)	Coverage (4)	-	Utility Service Charges (1)	Less: Operating Expenses (2)	Net Available Revenue	Debt Se	ervice (3) Interest	Coverage (4)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
2009	1,179,688	851,756	327,932	78,773	93,170	1.91		393,771	181,440	212,331	59,018	88,089	1.45
2010	1,159,295	866,914	292,381	65,823	99,786	1.77		361,342	166,907	194,435	54,413	101,265	1.25
2011	1,258,871	912,651	346,220	75,084	97,547	2.01		448,467	171,833	276,634	50,660	105,221	1.77
2012	1,190,798	875,675	315,123	75,772	92,959	1.87		443,028	178,891	264,137	67,295	110,872	1.48
2013	1,295,116	927,294	367,822	105,091	71,052	2 09		477,013	209,890	267,123	75,186	113,826	1.41
2014	1,375,294	1,028,794	346,500	83,151	60,101	2 42		472,717	218,071	254,646	98,245	105,901	1.25
2015	1,359,097	978,283	380,814	47,904	59,017	3 56		517,253	208,307	308,946	97,176	124,134	1.40
2016	1,378,749	989,768	388,981	65,132	62,599	3.05		563,066	217,457	345,609	79,564	105,186	1.87
2017	1,373,020	1,018,604	354,416	44,278	60,692	3.38		601,928	233,592	368,336	85,927	141,455	1.62
2018	1,417,232	1,083,928	333,304	34,971	58,657	3.56		581,324	250,223	331,101	57,712	152,572	1.57
			Airport Rev	enue Bonds	i				Conventi	on Center R	evenue Bor	ıds	
Fiscal													
Year		Other	Less:	Net				User Fees	Less:	Net			
Ended													
	Service	Available	Operating	Available		rvice (3)	Coverage	and Revenue	Operating	Available		ervice (3)	Coverage
Sept. 30	Service Charges (1)	Funds (5)	Expenses (2)	Available Revenue	Debt Se Principal	Interest	Coverage (4)	and Revenue Transfers (1)		Available Revenue	Debt Se Principal	ervice (3) Interest	Coverage (4)
	Charges (1)	Funds (5) \$	Expenses (2)	Revenue \$	Principal \$	Interest \$	(4)	and Revenue Transfers (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Available Revenue \$	Principal \$	Interest \$	(4)
2009	Charges (1) \$ 85,070	Funds (5) \$ 4,924	\$ 54,453	Revenue \$ 35,541	Principal \$ 6,843	Interest \$ 12,851	1.80	and Revenue Transfers (1) \$ 54,491	Operating Expenses (2) \$ 30,058	Available Revenue \$ 24,433	Principal \$ 4,720	Interest \$ 11,330	1.52
2009 2010	Charges (1) \$ 85,070 85,156	Funds (5) \$ 4,924 3,673	\$ 54,453 57,773	\$ 35,541 31,056	Principal \$ 6,843 7,168	Interest \$ 12,851 7,522	1.80 2.11	and Revenue Transfers (1) \$ 54,491 51,226	Operating Expenses (2) \$ 30,058 30,520	Available Revenue \$ 24,433 20,706	Principal \$ 4,720 8,215	\$ 11,330 9,238	1.52 1.19
2009 2010 2011	Charges (1) \$ 85,070 85,156 90,259	Funds (5) \$ 4,924 3,673 3,739	\$ 54,453 57,773 64,371	\$ 35,541 31,056 29,627	Principal \$ 6,843 7,168 7,544	\$ 12,851 7,522 7,410	1.80 2.11 1.98	and Revenue Transfers (1) \$ 54,491 51,226 59,351	Operating Expenses (2) \$ 30,058 30,520 32,464	Available Revenue \$ 24,433 20,706 26,887	Principal \$ 4,720 8,215 8,545	\$ 11,330 9,238 9,356	1.52 1.19 1.50
2009 2010 2011 2012	Charges (1) \$ 85,070 85,156 90,259 96,344	Funds (5) \$ 4,924 3,673 3,739 3,594	\$ 54,453 57,773 64,371 65,689	\$ 35,541 31,056 29,627 34,249	\$ 6,843 7,168 7,544 7,473	\$ 12,851 7,522 7,410 6,902	1.80 2.11 1.98 2.38	and Revenue Transfers (1) \$ 54,491 51,226 59,351 63,345	Operating Expenses (2) \$ 30,058 30,520 32,464 35,640	Available Revenue \$ 24,433 20,706 26,887 27,705	\$ 4,720 8,215 8,545 9,450	\$ 11,330 9,238 9,356 8,423	1.52 1.19 1.50 1.55
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013	Charges (1) \$ 85,070 85,156 90,259 96,344 103,705	Funds (5) \$ 4,924 3,673 3,739 3,594 3,805	\$ 54,453 57,773 64,371 65,689 69,338	Revenue \$ 35,541 31,056 29,627 34,249 38,172	\$ 6,843 7,168 7,544 7,473 8,438	\$ 12,851 7,522 7,410 6,902 6,783	1.80 2.11 1.98 2.38 2.51	and Revenue Transfers (1) \$ 54,491 51,226 59,351 63,345 73,977	Operating Expenses (2) \$ 30,058 30,520 32,464 35,640 44,684	Available Revenue \$ 24,433 20,706 26,887 27,705 29,293	\$ 4,720 8,215 8,545 9,450 10,205	\$ 11,330 9,238 9,356 8,423 7,991	1.52 1.19 1.50 1.55 1.61
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	Charges (1) \$ 85,070 85,156 90,259 96,344 103,705 109,263	Funds (5) \$ 4,924 3,673 3,739 3,594 3,805 3,620	\$ 54,453 57,773 64,371 65,689 69,338 73,822	Revenue \$ 35,541 31,056 29,627 34,249 38,172 39,061	\$ 6,843 7,168 7,544 7,473 8,438 8,520	\$ 12,851 7,522 7,410 6,902 6,783 5,960	1.80 2.11 1.98 2.38 2.51 2.70	and Revenue Transfers (1) \$ 54,491 51,226 59,351 63,345 73,977 82,971	Operating Expenses (2) \$ 30,058 30,520 32,464 35,640 44,684 41,142	Available Revenue \$ 24,433 20,706 26,887 27,705 29,293 41,829	\$ 4,720 8,215 8,545 9,450 10,205 10,750	\$ 11,330 9,238 9,356 8,423 7,991 7,278	1.52 1.19 1.50 1.55 1.61 2.32
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	Charges (1) \$ 85,070 85,156 90,259 96,344 103,705 109,263 120,780	Funds (5) \$ 4,924 3,673 3,739 3,594 3,805 3,620 3,551	\$ 54,453 57,773 64,371 65,689 69,338 73,822 76,995	\$ 35,541 31,056 29,627 34,249 38,172 39,061 47,336	Principal \$ 6,843 7,168 7,544 7,473 8,438 8,520 9,264	\$ 12,851 7,522 7,410 6,902 6,783 5,960 4,941	1.80 2.11 1.98 2.38 2.51 2.70 3.33	and Revenue Transfers (1) \$ 54,491 51,226 59,351 63,345 73,977 82,971 94,847	Operating Expenses (2) \$ 30,058 30,520 32,464 35,640 44,684 41,142 47,746	Revenue \$ 24,433 20,706 26,887 27,705 29,293 41,829 47,101	Principal \$ 4,720 8,215 8,545 9,450 10,205 10,750 10,930	\$ 11,330 9,238 9,356 8,423 7,991 7,278 6,691	1.52 1.19 1.50 1.55 1.61 2.32 2.67
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	Charges (1) \$ 85,070 85,156 90,259 96,344 103,705 109,263 120,780 137,826	Funds (5) \$ 4,924 3,673 3,739 3,594 3,805 3,620 3,551 3,700	\$ 54,453 57,773 64,371 65,689 69,338 73,822 76,995 82,330	\$ 35,541 31,056 29,627 34,249 38,172 39,061 47,336 59,196	Principal \$ 6,843 7,168 7,544 7,473 8,438 8,520 9,264 9,616	Interest \$ 12,851 7,522 7,410 6,902 6,783 5,960 4,941 5,184	1.80 2.11 1.98 2.38 2.51 2.70 3.33 4.00	and Revenue Transfers (1) \$ 54,491 51,226 59,351 63,345 73,977 82,971 94,847 106,037	Operating Expenses (2) \$ 30,058 30,520 32,464 35,640 44,684 41,142 47,746 45,306	Revenue \$ 24,433 20,706 26,887 27,705 29,293 41,829 47,101 60,731	Principal \$ 4,720 8,215 8,545 9,450 10,205 10,750 10,930 11,740	\$ 11,330 9,238 9,356 8,423 7,991 7,278 6,691 6,352	1.52 1.19 1.50 1.55 1.61 2.32 2.67 3.36
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	Charges (1) \$ 85,070 85,156 90,259 96,344 103,705 109,263 120,780	Funds (5) \$ 4,924 3,673 3,739 3,594 3,805 3,620 3,551	\$ 54,453 57,773 64,371 65,689 69,338 73,822 76,995	\$ 35,541 31,056 29,627 34,249 38,172 39,061 47,336	Principal \$ 6,843 7,168 7,544 7,473 8,438 8,520 9,264	\$ 12,851 7,522 7,410 6,902 6,783 5,960 4,941	1.80 2.11 1.98 2.38 2.51 2.70 3.33	and Revenue Transfers (1) \$ 54,491 51,226 59,351 63,345 73,977 82,971 94,847	Operating Expenses (2) \$ 30,058 30,520 32,464 35,640 44,684 41,142 47,746	Revenue \$ 24,433 20,706 26,887 27,705 29,293 41,829 47,101	Principal \$ 4,720 8,215 8,545 9,450 10,205 10,750 10,930	\$ 11,330 9,238 9,356 8,423 7,991 7,278 6,691	1.52 1.19 1.50 1.55 1.61 2.32 2.67

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Operating revenue, rental tax revenue, hotel tax revenue, and interest income.
- (2) Operating expenses other than interest on debt, depreciation, amortization, and year-end unfunded other postemployment benefit and pension expenses.
- (3) Debt service calculations are done on a cash basis rather than the accrual basis used in preparation of the financial statements. Airport excludes debt service amounts paid with passenger facility charge revenue and restricted bond proceeds applied to current interest payments.
- (4) Revenue bond coverage is equal to net revenue available for debt service divided by total principal and interest payments made during each fiscal year. Coverage includes prior, subordinate, and separate lien bonds only. For Austin Water Utility, this methodology does not follow exactly the coverage calculation required by the master ordinance.
- (5) Pursuant to bond ordinance, Airport is authorized to use "other available funds" in the calculation of revenue bond coverage to not exceed 25% of the debt service requirements.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended Sept. 30	City of Austin Population (1)	Area of Incorporation (Sq. Miles) (1)	Population MSA (2)	Income (MSA) (thousands of dollars) (2)	Median Household Income MSA (3)	Per Capita Personal Income MSA (2)	Unemployment Rate (MSA) (4)
				\$	\$	\$	%
2009	770,296	302	1,682,338	64,290,898	47,520	38,215	6.9
2010	778,560	306	1,727,743	69,124,528	48,460	40,009	7.0
2011	805,662	308	1,781,409	76,507,673	46,689	42,948	6.6
2012	821,012	319	1,834,319	84,319,550	46,818	45,968	5.7
2013	841,649	321	1,883,528	89,014,800	46,436	47,260	5.2
2014	878,002	321	1,942,255	97,444,500	49,227	50,171	4.2
2015	899,119	323	2,000,784	103,473,800	52,519	51,717	3.4
2016	925,491	326	2,060,558	109,057,100	56,163	52,926	3.3
2017	946,080	325	2,115,827	115,982,300	56,849	54,817	3.1
2018	963,797	326	2,130,664 (6)	122,793,898 (5)	63,191 (6)	57,600 (5)	2.9
2009-2018 Change	25.12%	7.98%	26.65%	91.00%	32.98%	50.73%	

235

Note: Prior year statistics are subject to change as more precise numbers become available.

- (1) Source: City Demographer, City of Austin, Planning and Zoning Department based on full purpose area as of September 30.
- (2) Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis for all years except 2018 which will not be available until first quarter 2019.
- (3) Source: Claritas, a Nielsen company.
- (4) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Dept. of Labor as of September 30.
- (5) Data not available for 2018. Figures are estimated.
- (6) Source: Nielsen SiteReports.

			Fiscal Year Ended September 30								
			2018			2009					
10 Largest Employers	Industry	Rank	Employees	Percent of MSA Total (1)	Rank	Employees	Percent of MSA Total				
To Largest Employers	maastry	INAIIN	Linployees	**************************************	Kalik	Linployees	%				
State Government	Government	1	37,890 (2	-	1	37,754	4.87				
The University of Texas at Austin	Education	2	23,925 (4	•	2	25,313	3.27				
City of Austin	Government	3	14,038 (5	5) 1.30	4	12,406	1.60				
HEB	Retail	4	13,756 (4	1) 1.28	7	10,904	1.41				
Dell Computer Corporation	Computers	5	13,000 (4	1) 1.21	3	16,000	2.07				
Federal Government	Government	6	13,000 (6	6) 1.21	5	11,991	1.55				
Austin Independent School District	Education	7	11,379 (3	3) 1.06	6	11,322	1.46				
St. David's Healthcare Partnership	Healthcare	8	10,309 (4	1) 0.96	10	6,043	0.78				
Seton Healthcare Network	Healthcare	9	9,947 (4	1) 0.92	8	9,793	1.26				
Samsung Austin Semiconductor	Semiconductor	10	8,935 (4	1) 0.83							
IBM Corporation	Computers				9	6,200 (7)	0.80				
			156,179	14.51	_	147,726	19.07				

Notes:

- (1) Texas Workforce Commission Total refers to a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) employed work force of 1,076,900 for 2018 and 770,800 for 2009.
- (2) Texas State Auditor's Office: Regular and Part Time State Employees for 2018 in Bastrop, Caldwell, Hays, Travis and Williamson Counties.
- (3) Texas Education Agency 2017-2018 Texas Academic Performance Report for AISD Page 23.
- (4) Austin Chamber of Commerce Top Employers for Austin MSA Fall 2018.
- (5) 2018-19 City of Austin Approved Budget, page 483 (Personnel Summary: 2017-18 Amended column).
- (6) Bureau of Labor Statistics Federal Government employees in Austin MSA in September 2018.
- (7) 2009 and 2000 Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago, IBM Corporation Rank 9 in 2009.

_				Fisca	l Year Endec	September	30			
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program					· ·					
Governmental activities										
General government	169	169	169	173	177	232	235	238	239	240
Public safety	3,938	3,938	4,046	4,117	4,219	4,281	4,401	4,523	4,664	4,676
Transportation, planning, and sustainability	5	4	4	4	7	9	14	14	14	14
Public health	484	517	517	520	513	513	532	575	592	598
Public recreation and culture	865	846	890	887	917	985	1,009	1075	1088	1096
Urban growth management	373	378	387	378	386	411	417	449	472	474
Total governmental employees	5,834	5,852	6,013	6,079	6,219	6,431	6,608	6,874	7,069	7,098
Business-type activities										
Electric	1,719	1,738	1,737	1,722	1,719	1,682	1,676	1,674	1,718	1,749
Water	521	530	535	535	553	592	587	590	604	611
Wastewater	536	540	535	534	541	566	560	558	566	574
Airport	352	345	345	347	351	362	379	415	456	489
Convention	241	244	239	239	239	251	250	266	277	296
Environmental and health services	463	461	461	467	499	523	522	546	573	608
Public recreation	88	88	41	33	33	38	41	41	41	41
Urban growth management	659	632	649	681	693	767	775	809	881	923
Total business-type employees	4,579	4,578	4,542	4,558	4,628	4,781	4,790	4,899	5,116	5,291
Internal Services (1)	1,502	1,450	1,482	1,487	1,524	1,570	1,579	1,598	1,640	1,649
Total full-time equivalent employees	11,915	11,880	12,037	12,124	12,371	12,782	12,977	13,371	13,825	14,038

Source: Budget Office

Notes:

237

(1) Internal service activities are allocated to other programs and functions on a government-wide basis.

			Fiscal Yea	ır Ended Sej	otember 30	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities										
General government										
Municipal court cases filed	446,777	369,053	341,036	323,513	364,930	369,906	351,757	323,504	306,689	239,367
Central booking cases magistrated/arraigned	101,649	114,334	106,974	96,898	89,162	88,887	84,868	83,270	84,277	78,557
Number of cases docketed (excluding jail)	159,038	158,597	140,820	115,939	115,545	116,025	109,628	97,116	85,436	76,945
Number of warrants prepared	140,668	138,379	134,038	89,969	88,401	88,400	82,311	71,159	66,391	51,271
Jail cases prepared	125,406	134,018	122,279	103,126	93,949	96,744	92,765	92,946	95,145	85,949
Public safety										
Number of incidents responded to by patrol officers	N/A	N/A	N/A	638,006	623,768	595,292	572,623	572,303	570,707	600,053
Number of arrests made	N/A	N/A	N/A	62,841	56,628	52,870	50,072	47,078	47,617	46,820
Number of citation violations issued by APD officers	N/A	N/A	N/A	152,971	187,033	184,254	156,088	143,173	128,925	89,149
Fire emergency responses	74,211	75,676	81,982	84,473	86,641	89,538	89,563	81,973	86,665	87,934
Fire responses	2,816	2,172	3,208	2,086	2,404	2,129	2,066	2,120	2,508	2,510
Fire inspections	25,523	25,622	25,368	23,837	29,602	32,619	35,154	36,259	36,393	31,660
EMS response units dispatched (1)	113,410	115,637	122,701	128,334	133,160	138,881	157,827	159,992	145,489	131,207
EMS 911 calls received	106,477	110,703	114,625	117,310	127,772	126,638	140,212	143,804	146,448	143,353
EMS ground patient transports	56,127	61,267	71,577	75,510	75,123	76,791	82,987	78,725	78,164	74,924
Transportation, planning, and sustainability										
Number of school zone signals that rec'd preventive maintenance	N/A	N/A	N/A	218	723	61	316	238	219	283
Number of children receiving safety training	44,480	44,582	44,468	46,790	52,862	49,627	50,165	49,531	48,483	48,430
Injuries to children in school zones						-			_	-
Public health										
Number of animals sheltered	22,150	24,026	19,752	19,392	19,760	19,137	18,630	17,431	17,284	16,406
Birth and death certificates	96,421	84,017	63,979	57,841	61,918	69,678	71,293	74,946	75,565	71,054
STD patient clinic visits	13,248	13,869	14,187	13,033	12,927	12,956	13,722	13,860	12,740	9,236
Number of Shots for Tots Clinics vaccine visits (ages 0-18)	12,380	17,084	9,934	7,960	6,994	7,583	7,541	8,156	8,373	7,322
Number of food benefits to WIC participants (2)	433,675	458,032	439,316	421,637	406,774	389,071	365,230	344,296	287,562	276,748
Participants receiving basic needs services	7,592	7,635	9,016	7,531	10,320	11,037	10,536	18,545	18,747	22,357
Food establishment permits issued	5,783	5,909	9,452	10,137	13,968	12,445	12,779	13,227	14,485	13,561
Number of HIV/STD tests provided in outreach settings (3) Public recreation and culture	N/A	N/A	4,428	3,396	2,221	2,374	2,151	2,558	1,613	2,430
Volumes in library collection	1,455,793	1,465,765	1,454,103	1,480,479	1,464,512	1,425,914	1,725,535	1,869,385	1,919,511	2,031,770
Library volumes borrowed	4,197,963	4,316,785	4,663,483	4,845,067	5,129,759	5,392,446	5,572,268	5,921,193	5,762,874	6,562,604
Registered library borrowers	561,112	483,099	519,788	494,015	497,527	508,397	542,358	570,446	597,545	640,104
Meals served to senior citizens	64,821	64,032	63,299	65,965	62,053	63,718	78,147	79,183	81,452	90,185
Visits to educational and cultural facilities	N/A	N/A	N/A	388,650	302,778	329,734	256,526	307,136	356,389	395,917
Pool visits	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,098,545	1,312,941	1,202,587	1,253,624	1,115,800	1,403,260	1,603,818
										(Continued)

One-stop shop customers served by development assistance 26,531 26,597 28,983 32,362 31,477 33,166 32,273 36,036 35,237 31,069 Number of neiphbehordod plan amendments submitted per year 1/M N/M N/M N/M N/M 20,008 22,008 12,027 20,008 22,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 22,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 22,008 12,008 12,008 12,008 12,009 12,009 60.03 43,033 33,333 33,333 60.03 2,009 2,009 60.03 42,009 60.03 42,009 42,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 60.03 42,009 42,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2,009 2				Fiscal Yea	ar Ended Seg	otember 30					
One-stop shop customers served by development assistance 26,531 26,597 28,983 32,382 31,477 33,166 32,273 36,036 35,237 31,069 Number of neiphbehordod plan amendments submitted per year 1/01 1145 137 127 20,081 22,081 22,075 24,081 21,082 21,081 21,082 21,081 22,081 22,075 240,632 217,246 312,333 33,333		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Number of neighborhood plan amendments submitted per year NJA	Urban growth management										
Transparage	One-stop shop customers served by development assistance	26,531	26,597	28,983	32,362	31,477	33,116	32,273	36,036	35,237	31,969
Building inspections performed-development and regulation 177,854 180,228 181,519 186,737 220,881 228,876 240,632 277,246 312,830 331,383 200 20	Number of neighborhood plan amendments submitted per year	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	21	26	22	22	23
One-stop shop building permits issued 92,366 91,966 96,205 108,494 109,492 101,012 70,432 74,902 67,504 68,778 Repair services provided to homeowners N/A N/A N/A N/A 1,141 861 931 934 1,185 1,011 956 Svcs provided through housing/community development activities N/A N/A N/A 1,411 861 931 934 1,185 1,011 956 Business-type activities 80 1,185 1,187 1,187 1,2779 12,534 12,572 12,674 12,674 12,983 13,410 Business-type activities 1,187 11,187 41,7870 12,534 12,555 12,572 12,674 12,874 12,983 13,410 Business-type activities 40 41,870 41,870 41,879 12,534 12,555 439,493 46,143 12,674 12,883 13,410 Business-type activities 40 40,925 41,507 45,024 47,5	Zoning applications processed	101	145	137	129	140	149	169	139	144	149
Repair services provided to homeowners NI/A N	Building inspections performed-development and regulation	177,854	150,228	161,519	186,737	220,881	228,576	240,632	277,246	312,830	331,393
No.	One-stop shop building permits issued	92,396	91,996	96,205	108,494	109,492	101,012	70,432	74,902	67,504	68,778
Succious S	Repair services provided to homeowners	N/A	N/A	N/A	708	533	692	622	708	603	421
Business-type activities Electric Electric sales (in millions of KWH) 12,103 11,976 12,779 12,534 12,305 12,572 12,674 12,874 12,983 13,410 13,410 14,006 14,785 422,375 430,882 439,403 450,479 461,345 472,701 485,204 485,004 485,004 485,004 485,005 483,003 480,479 461,345 472,701 485,204 485,004 485,004 485,005 483,003 480,479 481,345 472,701 485,204 485,004 485,005 483,003 483,003 483,005 483,003 483,005 4	Housing related services provided	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,411	861	931	934	1,185	1,011	956
Electric sales (in millions of KWH)	Svcs provided through housing/community development activities	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,337	2,438	2,613	2,590	2,896	2,740	2,408
Electric sales (in millions of KWH)	Business-type activities										
Number of metered customers 407,926 413,870 417,865 422,375 430,582 439,403 450,479 461,345 472,701 485,204 Water Water Pumpage (millions of gallons) 53,331 43,827 52,824 47,094 45,902 43,239 43,481 44,687 47,312 48,521 Actual water pumpage (millions of gallons) 129,600 108,600 135,576 117,182 115,555 105,994 103,261 108,887 112,791 113,545 Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons) 286,000 286,000 286,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 335,000 335,000 335,000 335,000 Wastewater Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons) 82 99 84 15,000 150,0	Electric										
Water Actual water pumpage (millions of gallons) 53,331 43,827 52,824 47,094 45,902 43,239 43,481 44,687 47,312 48,521 Actual water pumpage (millions of gallons) 129,600 108,600 135,576 117,182 115,555 105,994 43,239 43,481 44,687 47,312 48,521 Average daily consumption per capita 167 135 162 142 136 125 122 122 126 124 Peak daily capacity (thousands of gallons) 286,000 286,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 335,000	Electric sales (in millions of KWH)	12,103	11,976	12,779	12,534	12,305	12,572	12,674	12,874	12,983	13,410
Actual water pumpage (millions of gallons) 53,331 43,827 52,824 47,094 45,902 43,239 43,481 44,687 47,312 48,521 Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons) 129,600 108,600 135,576 117,182 115,555 105,994 103,261 108,887 112,791 113,545 Average daily consumption per capita 167 235 162 142 136 125 122 122 126 124 126 Peak daily capacity (thousands of gallons) 286,000 286,000 286,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 335,000	Number of metered customers	407,926	413,870	417,865	422,375	430,582	439,403	450,479	461,345	472,701	485,204
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons) 129,600 108,600 135,760 117,182 115,555 105,994 103,261 108,887 112,791 113,545 1424 1436 125 122 122 126 124 127 128 127 128 128 128 128 128	Water										
Average daily consumption per capita 167 135 162 142 136 125 122 122 126 124 Peak daily capacity (thousands of gallons) 286,000 286,000 286,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 335,00	Actual water pumpage (millions of gallons)	53,331	43,827	52,824	47,094	45,902	43,239	43,481	44,687	47,312	48,521
Peak daily capacity (thousands of gallons) 286,000 286,000 286,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 285,000 335,000 305,000 100	Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	129,600	108,600	135,576	117,182	115,555	105,994	103,261	108,887	112,791	113,545
Wastewater Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons) 82 99 84 104 95 102 105 109 104 99 Combined daily capacity (thousands of gallons) 135,000 135,000 135,000 150,000	Average daily consumption per capita	167	135	162	142	136	125	122	122	126	124
Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons) Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons) 135,000 135,000 135,000 135,000 150,	Peak daily capacity (thousands of gallions)	286,000	286,000	286,000	285,000	285,000	285,000	285,000	335,000	335,000	335,000
Combined daily capacity (thousands of gallons) Airport Enplanements	Wastewater										
Airport Enplanements 4,150,710 4,257,715 4,524,641 4,662,738 4,928,979 5,275,464 5,792,387 6,180,464 6,729,108 7,739,811 Deplanements 4,111,620 4,240,086 4,510,247 4,654,823 4,928,279 5,244,569 5,769,778 6,161,240 6,676,658 7,711,086 Cargo (in millions of pounds) 161 156 152 155 157 156 158 168 189 183 Convention Convention contracts executed 281 251 307 303 306 353 292 279 240 260 Vehicles parked 539,098 429,993 467,908 509,313 548,221 648,970 726,759 730,279 761,756 708,815 Environmental and health services Tons of trash collected 19,817 52,479 52,236 54,009 53,702 55,494 57,324 58,879 58,705 58,723 Tons of brush collected 49,811 52,479 52,236 54,009 53,702 55,494 57,324 58,879 58,705 58,723 Tons of bulk items collected 8,219 7,710 7,503 7,844 8,681 9,068 9,672 12,144 11,334 10,262 Tons of yard trimmings collected 19,497 22,456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244	Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons)	82	99	84	104	95	102	105	109	104	99
Enplanements 4,150,710 4,257,715 4,524,641 4,662,738 4,928,979 5,275,464 5,792,387 6,180,464 6,729,108 7,739,811 Deplanements 4,111,620 4,240,086 4,510,247 4,654,823 4,928,279 5,244,569 5,769,778 6,161,240 6,676,658 7,711,086 Cargo (in millions of pounds) 161 156 152 155 157 156 158 168 189 183 Convention 281 251 307 303 306 353 292 279 240 260 Vehicles parked 539,098 429,993 467,908 509,313 548,221 648,970 726,759 730,279 761,756 708,815 Environmental and health services 128,519 130,851 126,497 129,653 124,183 127,924 130,784 129,266 131,815 128,829 Tons of trash collected 49,811 52,479 52,236 54,009 53,702 55,494 57,324 58,879 <	Combined daily capacity (thousands of gallons)	135,000	135,000	135,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
Deplanements 4,111,620 4,240,086 4,510,247 4,654,823 4,928,279 5,244,569 5,769,778 6,161,240 6,676,658 7,711,086 Cargo (in millions of pounds) 161 156 152 155 157 156 158 168 189 183 Convention 281 251 307 303 306 353 292 279 240 260 Vehicles parked 539,098 429,993 467,908 509,313 548,221 648,970 726,759 730,279 761,756 708,815 Environmental and health services 128,519 130,851 126,497 129,653 124,183 127,924 130,784 129,266 131,815 128,829 Tons of recyclables collected 49,811 52,479 52,236 54,009 53,702 55,494 57,324 58,879 58,705 58,723 Tons of brush collected 49,811 52,479 7,503 7,240 7,359 6,692 7,776 8,460 7,367 6,292 Tons of brush collected 8,219 7,710 7,503 7,844 8,681 9,068 9,672 12,144 11,334 10,262 Tons of yard trimmings collected 19,497 22,456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation 2,2456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation 2,2456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation 2,2456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation 2,2456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation 2,2456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation 2,2456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation 2,2456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation 2,2456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation 2,2456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation 2,2456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605	Airport										
Cargo (in millions of pounds) Convention Convention Convention contracts executed 281 251 307 303 306 353 292 279 240 260 Vehicles parked 539,098 429,993 467,908 509,313 548,221 648,970 726,759 730,279 761,756 708,815 Environmental and health services Tons of trash collected 128,519 130,851 126,497 129,653 124,183 127,924 130,784 129,266 131,815 128,829 Tons of recyclables collected 49,811 52,479 52,236 54,009 53,702 55,494 57,324 58,879 58,705 58,723 Tons of brush collected 7,683 7,350 6,853 7,720 7,359 6,692 7,776 8,460 7,367 6,292 Tons of bulk Items collected 8,219 7,710 7,503 7,844 8,681 9,068 9,672 12,144 11,334 10,262 Tons of yard trimmings collected 19,497 22,456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation	Enplanements	4,150,710	4,257,715	4,524,641	4,662,738	4,928,979	5,275,464	5,792,387	6,180,464	6,729,108	7,739,811
Convention Convention Contracts executed 281 251 307 303 306 353 292 279 240 260 Vehicles parked 539,098 429,993 467,908 509,313 548,221 648,970 726,759 730,279 761,756 708,815 Environmental and health services Tons of trash collected 128,519 130,851 126,497 129,653 124,183 127,924 130,784 129,266 131,815 128,829 70,807 (199,100) 130,851 126,497 129,653 124,183 127,924 130,784 129,266 131,815 128,829 130,807 (199,100) 130	Deplanements	4,111,620	4,240,086	4,510,247	4,654,823	4,928,279	5,244,569	5,769,778	6,161,240	6,676,658	7,711,086
Vehicles parked 539,098 429,993 467,908 509,313 548,221 648,970 726,759 730,279 761,756 708,815 Environmental and health services Tons of trash collected 128,519 130,851 126,497 129,653 124,183 127,924 130,784 129,266 131,815 128,829 120,000 120	Cargo (in millions of pounds) Convention	161	156	152	155	157	156	158	168	189	183
Environmental and health services Tons of trash collected 128,519 130,851 126,497 129,653 124,183 127,924 130,784 129,266 131,815 128,829 Tons of recyclables collected 49,811 52,479 52,236 54,009 53,702 55,494 57,324 58,879 58,705 58,723 Tons of brush collected 7,683 7,350 6,853 7,720 7,359 6,692 7,776 8,460 7,367 6,292 Tons of bulk items collected 8,219 7,710 7,503 7,844 8,681 9,068 9,672 12,144 11,334 10,262 Tons of yard trimmings collected 19,497 22,456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation	Convention contracts executed	281	251	307	303	306	353	292	279	240	260
Tons of trash collected 128,519 130,851 126,497 129,653 124,183 127,924 130,784 129,266 131,815 128,829 Tons of recyclables collected 49,811 52,479 52,236 54,009 53,702 55,494 57,324 58,879 58,705 58,723 Tons of brush collected 7,683 7,350 6,853 7,720 7,359 6,692 7,776 8,460 7,367 6,292 Tons of bulk items collected 8,219 7,710 7,503 7,844 8,681 9,068 9,672 12,144 11,334 10,262 Tons of yard trimmings collected 19,497 22,456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation	Vehicles parked	539,098	429,993	467,908	509,313	548,221	648,970	726,759	730,279	761,756	708,815
Tons of recyclables collected 49,811 52,479 52,236 54,009 53,702 55,494 57,324 58,879 58,705 58,723 Tons of brush collected 7,683 7,350 6,853 7,720 7,359 6,692 7,776 8,460 7,367 6,292 Tons of bulk items collected 8,219 7,710 7,503 7,844 8,681 9,068 9,672 12,144 11,334 10,262 Tons of yard trimmings collected 19,497 22,456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation	Environmental and health services										
Tons of brush collected 7,683 7,350 6,853 7,720 7,359 6,692 7,776 8,460 7,367 6,292 Tons of bulk items collected 8,219 7,710 7,503 7,844 8,681 9,068 9,672 12,144 11,334 10,262 Tons of yard trimmings collected 19,497 22,456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation	Tons of trash collected	128,519	130,851	126,497	129,653	124,183	127,924	130,784	129,266	131,815	128,829
Tons of bulk items collected 8,219 7,710 7,503 7,844 8,681 9,068 9,672 12,144 11,334 10,262 Tons of yard trimmings collected 19,497 22,456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation	Tons of recyclables collected	49,811	52,479	52,236	54,009	53,702	55,494	57,324	58,879	58,705	58,723
Tons of yard trimmings collected 19,497 22,456 24,777 21,712 25,898 27,357 28,680 32,605 34,316 32,244 Public recreation	Tons of brush collected	7,683	7,350	6,853	7,720	7,359	6,692	7,776	8,460	7,367	6,292
Public recreation	Tons of bulk items collected	8,219	7,710	7,503	7,844		9,068	9,672	12,144	•	•
Public recreation	Tons of yard trimmings collected	19,497	22,456	24,777	21,712	25.898	27.357	28.680	32,605	34.316	32.244
California planted 200 CES 200 ACC 200 200 200 200 ACC 200 200 ACC 200	Public recreation	,		•			·-· •- - ·	,	,	,	
230,852 200,446 215,789 195,000 201,086 190,244 181.285 196.972 208.118 202.600	Golf rounds played	230,852	200,446	216,789	195,000	201,086	190,244	181,285	196,972	208,118	202,600
Youth sports participants N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 18,475 23,769 26,165 22,196 14,581 18,690				•				-	•	-	

			Fiscal Yea	ar Ended Sep	tember 30					
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Urban growth management										
Storm water discharge permits issued to businesses	1,183	1,087	1,083	1,086	1,068	1,032	1,008	998	997	960
Litter and debris collection on Lady Bird Lake (in tons)	270	374	230	234	144	121	148	33	32	17
Feet of pipeline cleaned	74,164	51,627	70,235	61,099	72,669	69,380	83,716	79,606	78,106	82,819
Lane miles of preventative street maintenance completed	690	954	706	701	857	· 803	607	659	637	721
Signs installed/maintained	N/A	N/A	N/A	17,012	11,484	11,404	11,807	16,942	23,093	22,810
Traffic sign installations	23,144	31,754	1,812	3,834	4,308	2,037	2,025	3,673	3,143	2,250
Traffic counts performed	N/A	N/A	N/A	223	704	535	605	1,227	662	1,405
Internal services activities (4)										
Internal services										
Units auctioned off	306	473	247	340	319	379	491	361	307	335
Fleet work orders completed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	48,968	49,878	51,087	50,310
Payment transactions processed	216,340	218,778	200,605	158,413	170,450	185,463	187,938	174,116	180,556	172,735
Payroll payments	435,034	425,679	444,255	432,216	438,945	453,686	466,928	474,170	487,292	492,045
Units of mail processed	1,939,554	1,849,811	1,838,809	1,840,326	1,891,966	1,965,527	2,027,927	2,957,604	2,765,905	1,818,040
Employees enrolled in medical benefit plans	7,693	10,770	10,916	11,049	11,219	11,551	11,873	11,991	12,365	12,580
Requests for council action processed	2,025	2,024	2,133	2,284	2,476	2,284	2,135	2,533	2,278	2,166
Active construction projects managed in-house	312	366	418	380	387	357	336	336	355	348
Land parcels acquired	218	244	169	104	135	160	264	250	122	112

Source. Various City departments; budget documents and performance reports

N/A: Information not available

240

(1) 2018 data based on the new Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system methodology.

(2) Name changed from previous year. Prior year wording was "Women and children service encounters".

(3) Newly implemented performance measure.

(4) Internal service activities are allocated to other programs and functions on a government-wide basis.

Function/Program 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016					Fisca	l Year Ended	September	30			
Public safety	Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Police stations 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 9 3	Governmental activities										
Police zones 9 36 35 35 35 345 455 45	Public safety										
Patrol units 355 359 349 349 345 372 360 365 Fire stations 44 45	Police stations	8	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Fire stations	Police zones	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Public health Health facilities (sq. ft.) 331,726 400,426 404,059 381,806 383,306 383,306 383,306 389,221 Program vehicles 76 76 76 82 83 90 85 109 Public recreation and culture Libraries 22 23 23 23 23 22 22 2	Patrol units	355	359	349	349	345	372	360	365	360	364
Public health Health facilities (sq. ft.) 331,726 400,426 404,059 381,806 383,306 383,306 383,306 389,221 Program vehicles 76 76 76 82 83 90 82 709	Fire stations	44	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Health facilities (sq. ft.) 331,726 400,426 404,059 381,806 383,306 383,306 383,306 389,221 Program vehicles 76 76 82 83 90 85 109 Public recreation and culture	EMS stations	33	35	35	35	37	37	37	37	37	42
Program vehicles 76 76 76 82 83 90 85 109 Public recreation and culture Upublic recreation and culture Libraries 22 23 23 23 23 22 22 22 District parks 13 13 13 14 15 <td>Public health</td> <td></td>	Public health										
Public recreation and culture Libraries 22 23 23 23 23 22 22 2	Health facilities (sq. ft.)	331,726	400,426	404,059	381,806	383,306	383,306	383,306	389,221	389,221	389,221
Libraries 22 23 23 23 23 23 22 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23 23 23 24 24	Program vehicles	76	76	76	82	83	90	85	109	111	116
District parks 13 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 Metropolitan parks 12 11 12 11 11 11 11 1	Public recreation and culture										
Metropolitan parks 12 11 12 11	Libraries	22	23	23	23	23	22	22	22	22	22
Natural preserves	District parks	13	13	13	14	15	15	15	15	14	14
Greenbelts	Metropolitan parks	12	11	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Neighborhood parks 96 96 79 79 82 84 85 86	Natural preserves	13	15	15	15	15	15	15	14	14	15
Special parks (museums, etc.) 28 39 39 38 40 40 42 41 Youth entertainment complexes 1<	Greenbelts	29	40	40	39	39	40	43	44	48	50
Youth entertainment complexes 1	Neighborhood parks	96	96	79	79	82	84	85	86	90	91
Recreation centers 20 20 20 20 20 22 23 23 Open fields 89 93 103 105 100 101 101 101 Senior activity centers 3	Special parks (museums, etc.)	28	39	39	38	40	40	42	41	37	35
Open fields 89 93 103 105 100 101 101 101 Senior activity centers 3	Youth entertainment complexes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Senior activity centers 3 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Recreation centers	20	20	20	20	20	22	23	23	23	23
Senior activity centers 3	Open fields	89	93	103	105	100	101	101	101	78	78
Hike and bike trails (miles) 117 193 199 199 185 203 208 227 Tennis courts 114 110 110 115 116 124 124 124 Swimming pools 50 51 52 52 52 51 51 51 Business-type activities Electric Overhead distribution (miles) 5,786 5,493 5,475 5,450 5,403 5,361 5,263 5,104 5,017 Underground distribution (miles) 5,786 5,844 5,912 5,995 6,068 6,167 6,338 6,500 Water Treatment plants 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 Water mains (miles) 3,626 3,634 3,657 3,682 3,711 3,713 3,807 3,845 Booster pumps 45 46 45 41 41 39 40 44 Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265	Senior activity centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Tennis courts 114 110 110 115 116 124 124 124 Swimming pools 50 51 52 52 52 51 51 51 Business-type activities Electric Overhead distribution (miles) 5,493 5,475 5,450 5,403 5,361 5,263 5,104 5,017 Underground distribution (miles) 5,786 5,844 5,912 5,995 6,068 6,167 6,338 6,500 Water Treatment plants 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 Water mains (miles) 3,626 3,634 3,657 3,682 3,711 3,713 3,807 3,845 Booster pumps 45 46 45 41 41 49 40 44 Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265		3		3	3	3	3	3		3	3
Business-type activities Second				199						234	230
Business-type activities Electric 5,493 5,475 5,450 5,403 5,361 5,263 5,104 5,017 Overhead distribution (miles) 5,786 5,844 5,912 5,995 6,068 6,167 6,338 6,500 Water Treatment plants 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 Water mains (miles) 3,626 3,634 3,657 3,682 3,711 3,713 3,807 3,845 Booster pumps 45 46 45 41 41 39 40 44 Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265	Tennis courts		110	110	115	116	124	124		124	122
Electric Overhead distribution (miles) 5,493 5,475 5,450 5,403 5,361 5,263 5,104 5,017 Underground distribution (miles) 5,786 5,844 5,912 5,995 6,068 6,167 6,338 6,500 Water Treatment plants 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 Water mains (miles) 3,626 3,634 3,657 3,682 3,711 3,713 3,807 3,845 Booster pumps 45 46 45 41 41 39 40 44 Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265	Swimming pools	50	51	52	52	52	51	51	51	51	51
Overhead distribution (miles) 5,493 5,475 5,450 5,403 5,361 5,263 5,104 5,017 Underground distribution (miles) 5,786 5,844 5,912 5,995 6,068 6,167 6,338 6,500 Water Treatment plants 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 Water mains (miles) 3,626 3,634 3,657 3,682 3,711 3,713 3,807 3,845 Booster pumps 45 46 45 41 41 39 40 44 Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265											
Underground distribution (miles) 5,786 5,844 5,912 5,995 6,068 6,167 6,338 6,500 Water Treatment plants 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3,627 3,682 3,711 3,713 3,807 3,845 Booster pumps 45 46 45 41 41 39 40 44 Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265		5.403	5.475	5.450	5.403	5 361	5 263	5 104	5.017	4,961	4,916
Water Treatment plants 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 Water mains (miles) 3,626 3,634 3,657 3,682 3,711 3,713 3,807 3,845 Booster pumps 45 46 45 41 41 39 40 44 Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265			•		•		,		-	6.630	6,735
Treatment plants 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 Water mains (miles) 3,626 3,634 3,657 3,682 3,711 3,713 3,807 3,845 Booster pumps 45 46 45 41 41 39 40 44 Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265	<u> </u>	5,700	3,017	0,512	0,000	0,000	0,101	0,000	0,500	0,000	0,100
Water mains (miles) 3,626 3,634 3,657 3,682 3,711 3,713 3,807 3,845 Booster pumps 45 46 45 41 41 39 40 44 Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265		2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Booster pumps 45 46 45 41 41 39 40 44 Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265	•									3,884	3,929
Fire hydrants 32,232 32,576 33,533 33,839 34,041 36,217 37,518 38,265	, ,	•					•			3,004	3, <i>92</i> 9
										39,445	40,154
TT GG IC TT G ICI	-	32,232	02,010	33,333	55,059	UT,UT 1	50,217	57,570	30,203	55,445	40,134
Sanitary sewers (miles) 2,634 2,650 2,650 2,664 2,692 2,692 2,776 2,806		3 634	2 650	2 650	2 664	2 602	2 602	2 776	2 808	2,848	2,890
Connections 196,842 198,116 199,005 202,444 202,690 204,378 212,760 214,373	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		•				,		215,879	216,699

(Continued)

	Fiscal Year Ended September 30									
Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Business-type activities, continued								_		
Airport										
Buildings maintained (sq. ft.)	2,306,130	2,306,130	2,306,130	2,306,130	2,306,130	2,306,130	2,361,831	2,361,831	2,361,831	2,361,831
Facility (terminal) maintained (sq. ft.)	1,016,000	1,016,000	1,016,000	687,940	687,940	687,940	743,641	743,641	743,641	743,641
Acres - air side	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700
Convention										
Convention facilities (sq. ft.)	2,080,222	2,080,222	2,080,222	2.080,222	2,080,222	2,080,222	2,080,222	2,080,222	2,080,222	2,080,222
Environment and health services										•
Refuse collection trucks	62	89	67	69	66	64	66	67	67	69
Recycle collection trucks	31	38	36	36	38	41	43	45	46	46
Public recreation										
Golf courses	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	5	6	6
Athletic fields	185	174	174	176	169	172	172	172	172	172
Softball fields	35	37	32	32	34	35	35	35	35	35
Urban growth management										
Residential ponds	710	803	820	840	860	865	873	894	994	1,040
Street (miles)	7,626	7,348	7,550	7,435	7,498	7,618	7,582	7,663	7,825	7,851
Bridges	424	427	438	438	438	447	450	450	436	449
Traffic signals	865	902	925	954	975	1,000	1,016	1,029	1,057	1,080
Metered parking spaces	4,017	5,026	5,076	5508	6015	6,072	7,300	7,600	8,217	8,394
Internal Services (1)										
Fleet facilities (sq. ft.)	123,117	127,916	127,916	127,916	127,916	127,916	127,916	127,916	127,916	127,916
City facilities insured	1,129	1,193	1,040	1,052	1,060	1,134	1,134	1,253	1,241	1,283
Facilities maintained (sq. ft.)	1,539,244	1,539,244	1,539,244	1,539,244	1,539,244	1,539,244	1,539,244	1,539,244	1,539,244	1,539,244

Source: Various City departments; budget documents and performance reports

⁽¹⁾ Internal service activities are allocated to other programs and functions on a government-wide basis.

⁽²⁾ For Fiscal Year 2009, amended budget estimate is used where final statistic is unavailable.

Austin's new Central Library

In 1999, the Austin Libraries for the Future Taskforce was formed by Mayor Kirk Watson, who asked its members to research the long-term development needs of a new Central Library for the City of Austin. The taskforce created a vision for a new Central Library that would be seen as an iconic building for our city. That vision was 18 years in the making. After much planning, voter approval of \$90 million in 2006 and \$35 million in subsequent funding authorized by the Austin City Council, that vision came to fruition on October 28, 2017 with the grand opening of Austin's new Central Library. Designed as the Library of the Future, it truly is an iconic building for Austin.

The Central Library is 200,000 square feet of dynamic space that provides community gathering areas to support the free flow of resources, ideas, and culture. Shared learning rooms, a special events center, a rooftop garden, an art gallery, and a demonstration kitchen are just a few of the common areas enjoyed by guests. For those customers seeking information and resources, over 500,000 physical items and 140 public use computers can be found throughout the building.

Austin Public Library's award-winning Central Library honors our city's commitment to knowledge, community, and the movement of information. In its first year as the jewel of downtown Austin, the library circulated over 900,000 items, presented over 400 programs, and hosted over 1 million visitors.

Austinites aren't the only people taking notice of our unique library. The building has received numerous awards and recognition. In July 2018, Austin's Central Library was awarded LEED® Platinum status by the U.S. Green Building Council, USGBC. The LEED® rating system, developed by the USGBC, is the foremost program for buildings, homes, and communities that are designed, constructed, maintained, and operated for improved environmental and human health performance. The Platinum designation is the highest level of recognition awarded. The Central Library achieved LEED® Platinum certification for implementing practical and measurable strategies and solutions aimed at achieving high performance in sustainable site development, water efficiency, energy efficiency, materials and resources use, indoor environmental quality, and innovation in design.

Announced in August 2018, the Austin Central Library was selected as one of TIME Magazine's 2018 World's Greatest Places! Culled from over 1,200 nominations from around the world, the list highlights 100 destinations that are breaking new ground, leading industry trends, and offering visitors an extraordinary experience. Evaluation was based on key factors including quality, originality, innovation, sustainability, and influence. Austin Central Library is the only library listed from the United States and one of only three featured in the world.

The Austin Central Library was one of six recipients of the 2018 AIA/ALA Library Building Awards in architectural design, cosponsored by the American Institute of Architects and the American Library Association. This prestigious award was developed to encourage and recognize excellence in the architectural design of libraries, while reflecting the evolving role of the library as a community space. Of note, was the Central Library's dominant civic presence and its evolvement into a prominent community gathering space.

In October of 2018, the Austin Central Library received the 2018 Excellence in Structural Engineering Award by the National Council of Structural Engineers Associations. This program highlights some of the best examples of structural engineering ingenuity throughout the world. Projects are judged on innovative design, engineering achievement, and creativity.

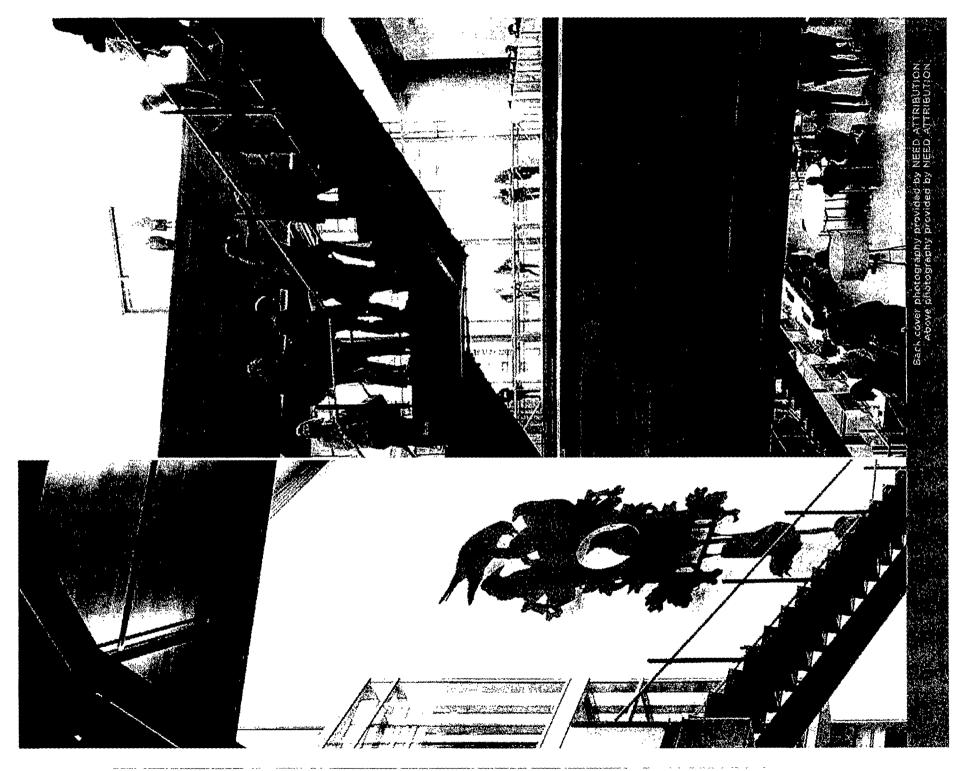
The Austin Central Library also received the 2018 Austin Green Awards Project of the Year. The Austin Green Awards is Austin's first recognition program to specifically highlight outstanding accomplishments in the broad arena of sustainable design and innovation, recognizing forward facing design strategies that respond to rapidly evolving environmental, social and health imperatives.

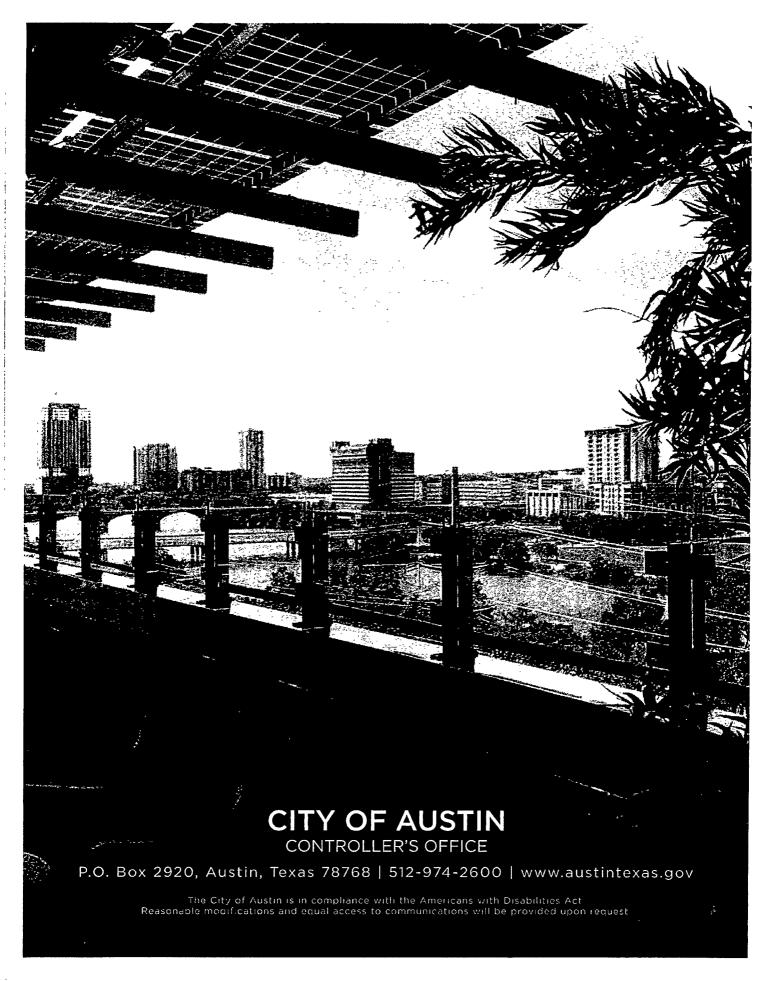
In recognition of the opening of the new Central Library in fiscal year 2018, the covers of this year's CAFR are dedicated to our beautiful new resource!



Located at 710 W. Cesar Chavez Street, Austin's Central Library is open 7 days a week. For information, visit online at http://library.austintexas.gov/central-library

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City of Austin, Texas

Financial Statements as of and for the Year Ended September 30, 2017, Single Audit Report for the Year Ended September 30, 2017, and Independent Auditors' Reports

CITY OF AUSTIN, TEXAS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
INDEPENDENT	AUDITORS' REPORT	1-3
FINANCIAL ST SEPTEMBER	ATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30, 2017	
Management	's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	4
GOVERNMENT	-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement o	f Net Position	18
Statement of	f Activities	20
FUND FINANCE	IAL STATEMENTS:	
Government	al Funds Balance Sheet	22
	n of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the of Net Position	23
	al Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Fund Balances	24
	n of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, es, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	25
Proprietary F	unds Statement of Net Position	26
Proprietary F in Fund Ne	funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes t Position	32
Proprietary F	unds Statement of Cash Flows	34
Fiduciary Fur	nds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	40
Fiduciary Fur	nds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	41
Notes to Bas	ic Financial Statements:	
Note 1	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	42
Note 2	Pooled Investments and Cash	55
Note 3	Investments and Deposits	56

Note 4	Property Taxes	61
Note 5	Capital Assets and Infrastructure	62
Note 6	Debt and Non-Debt Liabilities	70
Note 7	Retirement Plans	89
Note 8	Other Postemployment Benefits	96
Note 9	Derivative Instruments	98
Note 10	Deficits in Fund Balances and Net Position	103
Note 11	Interfund Balances and Transfers	104
Note 12	Selected Revenues	105
Note 13	Tax Abatements	106
Note 14	Commitments and Contingencies	107
Note 15	Litigation	112
Note 16	Conduit Debt	112
Note 17	Segment Information – Convention Center	113
Note 18	Subsequent Events	114
REQUIRED SU	JPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RSI) (UNAUDITED):	
	d Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and n Fund Balances—Budget and Actual-Budget Basis	116
	nedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances— d Actual-Budget Basis	117
Retirement	Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits Trend Information	118
COMPLIANCE	SECTION:	
Supplement	al Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	123
Notes to Su	pplemental Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	135-137
and on Co	t Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting mpliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial s Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	138-139
	t Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program, t on Internal Controls Over Compliance	140-142

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program, and Report on Internal Controls Over Compliance	143-144
AUDITOR-PREPARED: Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	145-150
AUDITEE-PREPARED:	
Corrective Action Plan	151-153
Status of Prior Year Audit Findings	154-158

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Austin, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Austin, Texas, (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of discretely presented component units which represents 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports, one of which (Austin Bergstrom Landhost Enterprises, Inc.) contains an emphasis of matter paragraph related to a going concern issue, have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Austin Bergstrom Landhost Enterprises, Inc. and the Austin Convention Enterprises, Inc., discretely presented component units, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the

circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Austin, Texas, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the General Fund—Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual-Budget Basis, the Retirement Plans—Trend Information, and the Other Postemployment Benefits—Trend Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Statement of Expenditure of Federal Awards and Statement of Expenditures of State Awards

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA), as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards (SESA), as required by the State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards (UGMS), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The SEFA and SESA are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 1, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Deloitte & Jouche LLP

March 1, 2018, except for our report on the SEFA and SESA for which the date is April 24, 2018

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the City of Austin's (the City) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City has implemented GASB Statements No. 1 through No. 74, No. 76 through No. 80, and No. 82.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide financial statements

The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the end of the fiscal year 2017, resulting in \$4.4 billion of net position. Net position associated with governmental activities is approximately \$0.5 billion, or 10.3% of total net position, while the net position associated with business-type activities is approximately \$4.0 billion, or 89.7% of the total net position of the City. The largest portion of net position consists of net investment in capital assets, which is \$4.1 billion, or 91.8% of total net position.

The City's unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$478.3 million. Unrestricted net position for governmental activities is a deficit of \$1.4 billion, while unrestricted net position for business-type activities is approximately \$915.8 million, or 23.0% of total business-type net position. The deficit in governmental unrestricted net position is largely due to the net pension liability of \$1.2 billion and other postemployment benefits payable of \$631.2 million.

During fiscal year 2017, total net position for the City of Austin increased \$121.0 million or 2.8%. Of this amount, governmental activities decreased \$177.6 million, or 28.1% from the previous year and business-type activities increased \$298.5 million, or 8.1%.

Total revenues for the City increased \$111.6 million; revenues for governmental activities increased \$25.2 million; revenues for business-type activities increased \$86.4 million. Total expenses for the City increased \$213.5 million, expenses for governmental activities increased \$92.5 million; expenses for business-type activities increased \$121.0 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, consisting of three components:

- government-wide financial statements.
- · fund financial statements, and
- · notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

a -- Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner comparable to a private-sector business. The two government-wide financial statements are, as follows:

- The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and
 deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position
 may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Austin is improving or deteriorating.
- The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as revenues for uncollected taxes and expenses for future general obligation debt payments. The statement includes the annual depreciation for infrastructure and governmental assets.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government; public safety; transportation, planning and sustainability; public health; public recreation and culture; and urban growth management. The business-type activities include electric, water, wastewater, airport, convention, environmental and health services, public recreation, and urban growth management.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

The government-wide financial statements include the City as well as blended component units: the Austin Housing Finance Corporation (AHFC), the Austin Industrial Development Corporation (AIDC), Mueller Local Government Corporation (MLGC), Austin-Bergstrom International Airport (ABIA) Development Corporation, and the Urban Renewal Agency (URA). The operations of AHFC, AIDC, MLGC, ABIA, and URA are included within the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. AHFC is reported as the Housing Assistance Fund. Although legally separate from the City, these component units are blended with the City because of their governance or financial relationships to the City.

The government-wide financial statements also include three discretely presented component units: Austin-Bergstrom Landhost Enterprises, Inc. (ABLE), Austin Convention Enterprises, Inc. (ACE), and Waller Creek Local Government Corporation (WCLGC). These entities are legally separate entities that do not meet the GASB reporting requirements for inclusion as part of the City's operations; therefore, data from these units are shown separately from data of the City. More information on these entities can be found in Note 1, including how to get a copy of separately audited financial statements for ACE and ABLE. WCLGC activities are recorded in the City's financial system and City staff prepares the financial reports for this entity.

b -- Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into the following three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Within the governmental and proprietary categories, the emphasis is on the major funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These funds focus on current sources and uses of liquid resources and on the balances of available resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near term to finance the City's future obligations.

Because the focus of governmental fund level statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented in the government-wide statements. In addition to the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance, separate statements are provided that reconcile between the government-wide and fund level financial statements.

The City's General Fund is reported as a major fund and information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. In addition, the City maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent funds). Data from these governmental funds are combined into a single column labeled nonmajor governmental funds. Individual fund data for the funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary section of this report.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers – either outside customers or internal units or departments of the City. Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:

- Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of three of the City's major funds, Austin EnergyTM, Austin Water Utility, and Austin-Bergstrom International Airport (Airport), as well as the nonmajor enterprise funds.
- Internal Service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for many City programs and activities. The City's internal service funds include: Capital Projects Management; Combined Transportation, Emergency and Communications Center (CTECC); Employee Benefits; Fleet Maintenance; Information Systems; Liability Reserve; Support Services; Wireless Communication; and Workers' Compensation. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental operations rather than business-type functions, they have been included in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

The nonmajor enterprise funds and the internal service funds are combined into separately aggregated presentations in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary section of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside City government. Since the resources of fiduciary funds are not available to support the City's own programs, they are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The accounting policies applied to fiduciary funds are much like those used for proprietary funds.

Comparison of government-wide and fund financial components. The following chart compares how the City's funds are included in the government-wide and fund financial statements:

Fund Types/Other	Government-wide	Fund Financials
General Fund	Governmental	Governmental - Major
Special revenue funds	Governmental	Governmental - Nonmajor
Debt service funds	Governmental	Governmental - Nonmajor
Capital projects funds	Governmental	Governmental - Nonmajor
Permanent funds	Governmental	Governmental - Nonmajor
Internal service funds	Governmental	Proprietary
Governmental capital assets, including infrastructure assets	Governmental	Excluded
Governmental liabilities not expected to be liquidated with available expendable financial resources	Governmental	Excluded
Austin Energy	Business-type	Proprietary - Major
Austin Water Utility	Business-type	Proprietary - Major
Airport	Business-type	Proprietary - Major
Convention	Business-type	Proprietary – Nonmajor
Environmental and health services	Business-type	Proprietary – Nonmajor
Public recreation	Business-type	Proprietary – Nonmajor
Urban growth management	Business-type	Proprietary – Nonmajor
Fiduciary funds	Excluded	Fiduciary
Discrete component units	Discrete component units	Excluded

Basis of reporting -- The government-wide statements and fund-level proprietary statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

c -- Notes to the financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to fully understanding the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

d -- Other information

The Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section immediately follows the basic financial statements and related notes section of this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund plus nine separately budgeted activities, all of which comprise the General Fund for GAAP reporting. RSI provides a comparison of revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses to budget and demonstrates budgetary compliance. In addition, trend information related to the City's retirement and other postemployment benefits plans is presented in RSI. Following the RSI are other statements and schedules, including the combining statements for nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds.

a -- Net position

The following table reflects a summary statement of net position compared to prior year:

Condensed Statement of Net Position as of September 30 (in thousands)

		Governmental Activities		s-Type ities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current assets	\$ 658,456	620,994	1,662,516	1,451,381	2,320,972	2,072,375	
Capital assets	2,949,094	2,898,442	7,909,044	7,692,806	10,858,138	10,591,248	
Other noncurrent assets	161,139	138,151	2,139,577	1,797,435	2,300,716	1,935,586	
Total assets	3,768,689	3,657,587	11,711,137	10,941,622	15,479,826	14,599,209	
Deferred outflows of resources	359,842	393,054	342,671	413,338	702,513	806,392	
Current liabilities	361,031	333,146	532,870	532,423	893,901	865,569	
Noncurrent liabilities	3,305,919	3,077,582	6,328,919	6,002,049	9,634,838	9,079,631	
Total liabilities	3,666,950	3,410,728	6,861,789	6,534,472	10,528,739	9,945,200	
Deferred inflows of resources	6,228	7,009	1,215,205	1,142,181	1,221,433	1,149,190	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	1,709,146	1,719,704	2,358,240	2,250,698	4,067,386	3,970,402	
Restricted	140,299	124,695	702,749	690,459	843,048	815,154	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,394,092)	(1,211,495)	915,825	737,150	(478,267)	(474,345)	
Total net position	\$ 455,353	632,904	3,976,814	3,678,307	4,432,167	4,311,211	

In the current fiscal year, total assets increased \$880.6 million and deferred outflows of the City decreased by \$103.9 million. Total liabilities increased \$583.5 million and deferred inflows increased by \$72.2 million. Governmental-type total assets increased by \$111.1 million and business-type increased by \$769.5 million, while governmental-type liabilities increased by \$256.2 million and business-type increased by \$327.3 million.

The most significant increase in governmental total assets resulted from an increase in capital assets of \$50.7 million as the City continues to build out projects from the 2012 bond program. Factors in the increase of governmental-type liabilities include increases in bonds payable of \$60.3 million, related primarily to the 2012 and 2016 bond programs along with increases in the net pension liability of \$78.1 million and other postemployment benefits payable of \$93.3 million.

The most significant factor in the increase of business-type total assets is related to growth in capital assets of \$216.2 million or 28.1% of the increase in business-type total assets. The primary factors in the increase in business-type total liabilities of \$327.3 million include an increase in long term debt of \$298.8 million and an increase in other postemployment benefits of \$54.4 million.

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4.4 billion at the end of the current fiscal year. However, the largest portion of the City's net position is represented in the net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment offset by related debt), which is \$4.1 billion, or 91.8% of the total amount of the City's net position. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Capital assets are generally not highly liquid; consequently, they are not considered future available resources. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated for these liabilities.

An additional portion, \$843.0 million of the City's net position, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used in the future. The remaining balance is a deficit of \$478.3 million of unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position decreased \$3.9 million in the current fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for business-type activities. However, governmental activities as well as the government as a whole report a deficit of \$1.4 billion and \$478.3 million for unrestricted net position, respectively.

b -- Changes in net position

Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position September 30 (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Tot	al
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 176,640	182,045	2,500,259	2,411,212	2,676,899	2,593,257
Operating grants and contributions	45,162	47,430	861	739	46,023	48,169
Capital grants and contributions	90,256	95,486	137,464	144,139	227,720	239,625
General revenues:						
Property tax	554,631	507,485			554,631	507,485
Sales tax	218,790	212,634			218,790	212,634
Franchise fees and gross receipts tax	151,670	147,773			151,670	147,773
Interest and other	26,950	41,708	14,801	10,936	41,751	52,644
Special item - land sale		4,309				4,309
Total revenues	1,264,099	1,238,870	2,653,385	2,567,026	3,917,484	3,805,896
Program expenses:						
General government	192,231	177,302			192,231	177,302
Public safety	719,032	657,846			719,032	657,846
Transportation, planning, and sustainability	72,517	66,739			72,517	66,739
Public health	119,278	100,195			119,278	100,195
Public recreation and culture	161,226	147,191			161,226	147,191
Urban growth management	156,180	179,081			156,180	179,081
Interest on debt	61,879				61,879	61,500
Electric			1,277,623	1,226,585	1,277,623	1,226,585
Water		. <u></u>	281,787	244,907	281,787	244,907
Wastewater			219,609	237,450	219,609	237,450
Airport		. 	158,863	135,860	158,863	135,860
Convention			75,377	63,796	75,377	63,796
Environmental and health services			108,658	102,994	108,658	102,994
Public recreation			8,736	8,266	8,736	8,266
Urban growth management		·	183,532	173,360	183,532	173,360
Total expenses	1,482,343	1,389,854	2,314,185	2,193,218	3,796,528	3,583,072
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(218,244	(150,984)	339,200	373,808	120,956	222,824
Transfers	40,693	121,838	(40,693)	(121,838)		
Increase (decrease) in net position	(177,551		298,507	251,970	120,956	222,824
Beginning net position, as previously reported	632,904	662,050	3,678,307	3,426,337	4,311,211	4,088,387
Ending net position	\$ 455,353	632,904	3,976,814	3,678,307	4,432,167	4,311,211

Total net position of the City increased by \$121.0 million in the current fiscal year. Governmental net position decreased by \$177.6 million. The decrease is attributable to expenses exceeding revenues by \$218.2 million before transfers from other funds of \$40.7 million. Business-type net position increased by \$298.5 million due to revenues exceeding expenses by \$339.2 million before transfers to other funds of \$40.7 million.

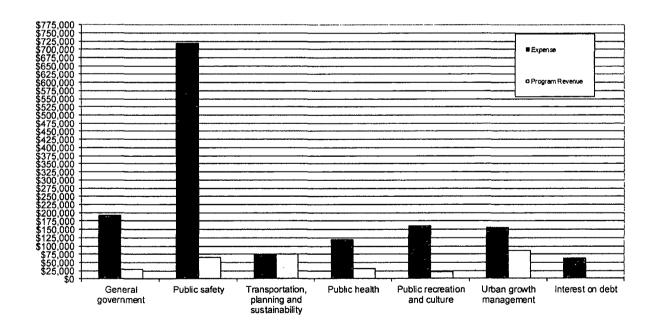
c -- Program revenues and expenses -- governmental activities

Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$177.6 million in fiscal year 2017, a 28.1% decrease of governmental net position from the previous year. Key factors for the change from fiscal year 2016 to 2017 are as follows:

- The City's property tax revenue increased by \$47.1 million from the previous year due to an increase in assessed property values of \$15 billion, while the property tax rate per \$100 of valuation decreased from 0.4589 to 0.4418.
- Sales tax collections and franchise fees for the year were \$6.2 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, more than the prior
 year as result of the continued improvement in the Austin economy.
- Increases in pension expense and other postemployment benefit expense are the primary drivers for increased expenses in public safety (\$61.2 million) and public health (\$19.1 million). Public safety expenses included an additional \$32 million in pension expense and \$19 million in other postemployment benefit expenses with the remainder primarily due to salary and fringe benefit increases as a result of the addition of 141 full time equivalents (FTE). Public health expenses included an additional \$6 million in pension expenses and \$5 million in other postemployment benefits expenses with the remainder primarily due to increases in social service contracts.
- Indian Hills Public Improvement District and Whisper Valley Public Improvement District paid off special assessment subordinate bonds in 2016 in the amount of \$14.9 million and \$1.3 million respectively, which is the primary reason for the decrease in expense in urban growth management of \$22.9 million in 2017.

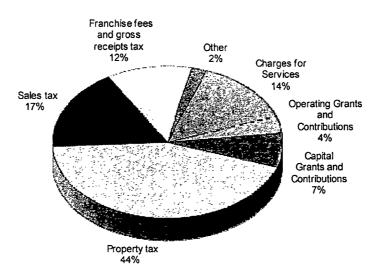
The chart below illustrates the City's governmental expense and revenues by function: general government; public safety; transportation, planning and sustainability; public health; public recreation and culture; urban growth management; and interest on debt

Government-wide Program Expenses and Revenues – Governmental Activities (in thousands)



General revenues such as property taxes, sales taxes, and franchise fees are not shown by program, but are used to support all governmental activities. Property taxes are the largest source of governmental revenues, followed by sales taxes and charges for goods and services.

Government-wide Revenues by Source -- Governmental Activities



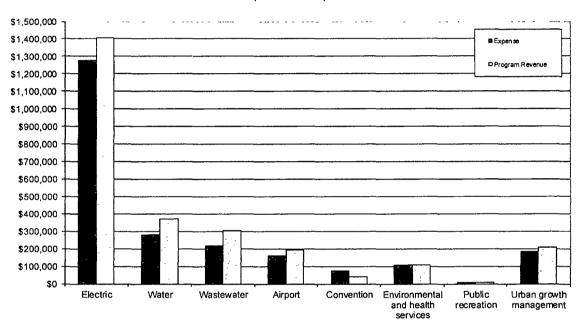
d -- Program revenues and expenses -- business-type activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by approximately \$298.5 million, accounting for a 6.9% increase in the City's total net position. Key factors include:

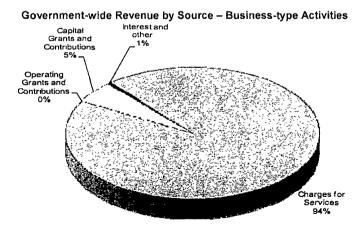
- Austin Energy net position increased approximately \$21.7 million. Operating revenues decreased primarily due to the base rate reduction offset by increased power supply and regulatory revenue. Operating expenses increased primarily due to transmission and power supply costs.
- Austin Water Utility net position increased approximately \$123.3 million. Revenues increased 5.3% largely due to a
 combined utility rate increase of 3.0% for fiscal year 2017. Expenses increased by 3.9% due to an increase in operating
 and maintenance costs.
- Airport net position increased approximately \$38.8 million. Revenues increased 18.6% due to an increase in passenger traffic and higher rental and landing fees. Passenger traffic increased 8.0% over the previous year. Expenses increased 16.9% due to an increase in operating and maintenance costs and interest expense on debt service.
- Convention Center net position increased approximately \$41.4 million. Revenues and transfers from the Hotel
 Occupancy and Vehicle Rental Tax Funds increased 9.7% due to additional hotels put in service causing an increase in
 total room nights as well as growth of large events. Expenses increased 18.1% due to an increase in operating costs,
 pension expense, and other postemployment benefits.
- Environmental and health services activities is comprised of the Austin Resource Recovery nonmajor enterprise fund.
 Net position increased approximately \$11.0 million. Revenues increased by 5.8% due mainly to an increase in the Clean
 Community Fee of \$0.40 per residential account and \$1.75 per commercial customer account and an increase to the
 base customer charge of \$1.00. Expenses increased by 5.5% due mainly to an increase in operations and support
 services costs.
- Urban growth management activities are comprised of the Drainage and Transportation nonmajor enterprise funds. Net position increased by approximately \$63.6 million. Drainage revenues and transfers increased 36.3% primarily due to a \$50 million transfer for home buyouts. Drainage expenses remained relatively flat. Transportation revenues increased approximately 23.2% primarily due to an increase in the Transportation User Fee of \$1.75 per single-family home as well as an increase in the number of hours charged for parking in the downtown area. Transportation expenses increased 15.3% due to an increase in operations and support services costs.

As shown in the following chart, Austin Energy (electric), with expenses of \$1.3 billion is the City's largest business-type activity, followed by water with \$281.8 million, wastewater with \$219.6 million, urban growth management with \$183.5 million, airport with \$158.9 million, environmental and health services with \$108.7 million, convention with \$75.4 million, and public recreation with \$8.7 million. For the fiscal year, operating revenues exceeded operating expenses for all business-type activities except convention and public recreation.

Government-wide Expenses and Program Revenues -- Business-type Activities (Excludes General Revenues and Transfers) (in thousands)



For all business-type activities, charges for services provide the largest percentage of revenues (94.23%), followed by capital grants and contributions (5.18%), interest and other revenues (0.56%), and operating grants and contributions (0.03%).



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND LEVEL STATEMENTS

In comparison to the government-wide statements, the fund-level statements focus on the key funds of the City. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

a -- Governmental funds

The City reports the following types of governmental funds: the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Austin's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$512.4 million, an increase of \$28.5 million from the previous year. Approximately \$1.8 million is nonspendable, \$214.6 million is restricted, \$40.7 million is committed, \$139.3 million is assigned, and \$116.1 million is unassigned.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund reported nonspendable fund balance of \$0.7 million, assigned fund balance of \$29.6 million, and unassigned fund balance of \$141.5 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 14.5% of total General Fund expenditures of \$976.0 million, and total fund balance represents 17.6% of expenditures. The City's financial policies provide that surplus fund balance be identified for budget stabilization. This amount is a component of unassigned fund balance. The fund balance identified for budget stabilization was \$76.0 million. The balance identified for budget stabilization may be appropriated to fund capital or other one-time expenditures in the subsequent fiscal year, but such appropriation will not normally exceed one-third of the total identified amount, with the other two-thirds identified for budget stabilization in future years.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$10.8 million during the fiscal year. Significant differences from the previous year include:

- Property tax revenues increased \$33.0 million due to an increase in assessed property values.
- Licenses, permits, and inspections increased \$13.6 million, and sales tax revenues increased by \$6.2 million.

General Fund expenditures increased \$43.8 million, due primarily to increases in the following areas: public safety (\$16.2 million), general government (\$9.5 million), public health (\$8.1 million), public recreation and culture (\$6.9 million), and urban growth management (\$3.4 million). These increases are primarily due to a 2.5% general wage increase for non-sworn employees and a 2% general wage increase for sworn Police, Fire, and EMS employees, the addition of 195 FTE's, and increases in contractual expenditures.

b -- Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Overall, net position of the City's enterprise funds increased by \$286.4 million before consolidation of the internal service funds activities.

Factors that contributed to the increase in net position are discussed in the business-type activities section of the government-wide section.

OTHER INFORMATION

a -- General Fund budgetary highlights

The original revenue budget of the General Fund was not amended during fiscal year 2017. The original expenditure budget of the General Fund was amended during fiscal year 2017 to increase expenditures for the addition of one full time position to the Fire department for assignment at the Airport. Airport will reimburse the Fire department for the cost of this position, budgeted at \$83,000. The net impact to the General Fund was \$0 with the addition of the one FTE. The expenditure budget was also increased by \$3.5 million for overtime in the Fire department due to staffing shortages. This amount was appropriated from the Budget Stabilization Reserve.

During the year, actual budget basis revenues were \$4.5 million more than budgeted. Licenses, permits and inspections were \$10.3 million more than budgeted due to higher fees, and larger than anticipated inspection volume. This was offset partly by \$5.4 million in lower than budgeted sales tax collections.

Actual budget-basis expenditures were \$13.0 million less than budgeted. All departments were under budget. Police and EMS were under budget by \$3.5 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, due primarily to salary savings from regular position vacancies. Fire was under budget by \$1.5 million largely due to lower than expected equipment replacement and maintenance costs. Library was under budget by \$1.9 million largely due to salary and contractual expense savings caused by the delayed opening of the new central library. Other urban growth management was \$2.1 million under budget due primarily to lower contractual expenses as a result of agreements not realized. The total budget-basis fund balance at year-end was \$174.9 million.

b -- Capital assets

The City's capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2017, total \$10.9 billion (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). Capital assets include buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, electric plant, non-electric plant, nuclear fuel, water rights, infrastructure, land, construction in progress, and plant held for future use. The total increase in the City's capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$266.9 million, with an increase of 1.8% for governmental activities and an increase of 2.8% for business-type activities. Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 5. Capital asset balances are as follows:

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization

	(in millions)						
	Governm Activit					Tot	ai
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Building and improvements	\$	651	551	1,916	1,776	2,567	2,327
Plant and equipment		65	74	2,348	2,321	2,413	2,395
Vehicles		52	50	76	81	128	131
Electric plant				2,198	2,222	2,198	2,222
Non-electric plant				141	144	141	144
Nuclear fuel				43	47	43	47
Water rights				82	83	82	83
Infrastructure		1,658	1,581			1,658	1,581
Land and improvements		379	374	676	651	1,055	1,025
Construction in progress		116	241	402	341	518	582
Plant held for future use				23	23	23	23
Other assets not depreciated		28	27	4	4	32	31
Total net capital assets	\$	2,949	2,898	7,909	7,693	10,858	10,591

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Governmental capital assets increased \$50.7 million primarily due to additions of new facilities and improvements to
 existing facilities. Significant additions and improvements were also made including acquisitions of parkland, upgrades to
 information technology equipment, pedestrian facility improvements, and street reconstructions across the City. The
 construction on the new Central Library was completed during the fiscal year.
- Business-type activities purchased, constructed or received capital asset contributions of \$216.2 million. Asset additions
 included continued work on the airport terminal and apron expansion projects. Additionally, the Drainage Fund continued
 to acquire properties at risk of flooding in Onion Creek.

c -- Debt administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported \$6.6 billion in outstanding debt. The table below reflects the outstanding debt at September 30. Additional information can be found in Note 6.

Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Debt

	(in millions) Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	• •	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
General obligation bonds and other tax supported debt, net	\$ 1,436	1,376	116	136	1,552	1,512	
Commercial paper notes, net			146	130	146	130	
Revenue bonds, net			4,881	4,579	4,881	4,579	
Capital lease obligations			1	1	1	1	
Total	\$ 1,436	1,376	5,144	4,846	6,580	6,222	

During fiscal year 2017, the City's total outstanding debt increased by \$358.6 million. The City issued new debt, used cash to defease debt and refinanced portions of existing debt to achieve lower borrowing costs. Debt issues include the following:

- Bond debt for governmental activities increased by \$60.3 million. The resulting net increase is a combination of the
 issuance of \$185.6 million in new debt to be used primarily for facility improvements, streets and mobility, drainage
 improvements, watershed home buyouts, central library, parks and recreation, capital equipment, transportation projects,
 affordable housing and the Seaholm garage, offset by the refunding portion of the issuance of \$63.6 million and debt
 payments during the year.
- Outstanding debt for business-type functions increased by \$298.3 million. The City issued \$101.6 of Electric Utility
 System separate lien revenue refunding bonds to refund separate lien debt, \$20.4 million in Water and Wastewater
 System revenue bonds, \$311.1 million in Water and Wastewater System separate lien revenue refunding bonds to refund
 separate lien debt and tax-exempt commercial paper, \$315.0 million in Airport System revenue bonds, \$29.1 million of
 Convention Center revenue refunding bonds to refund prior lien debt, all of which was offset by debt payments during the
 year and the cash defeasance of \$19.7 million in Water and Wastewater separate lien revenue bonds.

During the year, Austin Energy separate lien revenue bonds received favorable bond rating upgrades from Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's from A1 to Aa3 and AA- to AA, respectively. In addition, Convention Center revenue bonds and subordinate revenue bonds received positive bond rating upgrades from Standard & Poor's from AA- to AA and A to A+, respectively. The City's commercial paper ratings are related to the ratings of the liquidity providers associated with those obligations; commercial paper ratings were unchanged in the current fiscal year. All other bond ratings were unchanged. Ratings of the City's obligations for various debt instruments at September 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

Debt	Mood Invest Service	tors	Stan & Po		Fitch	, Inc.
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
General obligation bonds and other						
tax supported debt	Aaa	Aaa	AAA	AAA	AAA	AAA
Commercial paper notes - tax exempt	P-1	P-1	A-1	A-1	F1	F1
Commercial paper notes - taxable	P-1	P-1	A-1	A-1	F1	F1
Utility revenue bonds - prior lien	Aa1	Aa1	AA+	AA+	AA	AA
Utility revenue bonds - subordinate lien	Aa2	Aa2	AA	AA	AA-	AA-
Utility revenue bonds - separate lien:						
Austin Energy	Aa3	A1	AA	AA-	AA-	AA-
Austin Water Utility	Aa2	Aa2	AA	AA	AA-	AA-
Airport system revenue bonds	A1	A1	Α	Α	NUR (1)	NUR (1)
Convention Center revenue bonds	Aa3	Aa3	AA	AA-	NUR (1)	NUR (1)
Convention Center revenue bonds -						
subordinate	A1	A1	A+	Α	NUR (1)	NUR (1)

⁽¹⁾ No underlying rating

d -- Economic factors and next year's budget and rates

Austin's diverse economic base and national reputation as a great place to work and live continues to attract new employers and talented individuals to the area. The Austin metro area is the fastest growing metro in the US for its size. Over the past 10 years, Austin's population has increased by approximately 26.8% or nearly 200,000 residents, with projections of the City surpassing the 1 million mark by the year 2020. Both the Austin and the Texas economies continue to expand at rates above the national economy. Job growth in the Austin MSA was ranked sixth along with several other cities when comparing activity in the top 50 metro areas per the US Bureau of Labor statistics. Austin added more than 27,300 net new jobs in 2017. The unemployment rate for the Austin-Round Rock MSA reached a low of 2.7%, while the state unemployment rate fell to 3.9% in 2017, the national unemployment was 4 1%.

The City's primary economic drivers which in the past have included the technology industry, business startups and growth of entrepreneurial business, and tourism, continue to diversify with the opening of the Dell Seton Medical Center. The medical center includes a medical school, teaching hospital, and innovation zone that is expected to foster health care research and development. All of these factors are expected to continue to generate job growth. All sectors of the real estate market continue to perform well. The Austin residential market experienced an increase in sales of 2.5% in 2017 over 2016, with housing in the downtown area growing in popularity. In 2017, sales tax revenue increased 2.9% over the previous year, compared to a 4.2% increase in 2016 and 7.7% increase in 2015, an indicator that the economy is slowing to more normal and sustainable levels. For 2018, the rate of growth in sales tax collections is expected to be 3%. Overall, the Austin economy is expected to continue to grow at a steady pace barring any events at the national or international level that would have an adverse impact.

The City's fiscal year 2018 budget was developed in a manner true to City Management's unwavering commitment to openness, transparency, and public engagement; a process that has been refined over time and centered this year on heightened levels of collaboration between the community, city staff, management, and the City Council. The overriding goal of the 2018 budget process was to align department budgets to Council's priorities with particular focus on the Council's six strategic outcomes for the City: Mobility, Economic Opportunity and Affordability, Safety, Health, Cultural and Learning Opportunities, and Government that Works. Each year during the budget process, the Austin City Council adopts a comprehensive set of financial policies that provide the foundation for long-range financial sustainability. These financial policies are directly aligned with the Council's underlying goals of budget stability, maintaining affordability, investing in future economic development, infrastructure needs, and quality of life. These policies are also crucial in maintaining the City's favorable bond ratings; the City had ratings upgrades for three separate debt instruments in 2017. City management continues to monitor the economy and take corrective actions when necessary to help mitigate any unfavorable economic events.

The taxable property values within the City increased by 11.2% in 2017 for fiscal year 2018. The property tax rate for fiscal year 2018 is 44.48 cents per \$100 valuation, up from 44.18 cents per \$100 valuation in 2017. The tax rate consists of 33.93 cents for the General Fund and 10.55 cents for debt service. Each 1 cent of the 2017 (fiscal year 2018) property tax rate is equivalent to \$13,942,501 of tax levy, as compared to \$12,371,655 in the previous year. Austin Energy's 2018 base rates also remain unchanged from the prior fiscal year due to a cost of service study that was completed and approved by the City Council in August 2016. For the past several years, Austin Water has been working to strengthen its financial position and reduce the need for annual rate increases; subsequently, the utility submitted its Fiscal Year 2018 budget with a zero percent rate increase.

e -- Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Controller's Office of the City of Austin, P.O. Box 2920, Austin, Texas 78768, or (512) 974-2600 or on the web at: https://www.austintexas.gov.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total (†)	Component Units
ASSETS			(1)	
Current assets:				
Cash	\$ 64	62	126	4,225
Pooled investments and cash	507,854	934,013	1,441,867	
Pooled investments and cash - restricted	· 	121,347	121,347	
Total pooled investments and cash	507,854	1,055,360	1,563,214	
Investments - restricted	23,694	157,207	180,901	
Cash held by trustee	,	668	668	
Cash held by trustee - restricted	9,724	475	10,199	**
Working capital advances	J,124	3,659	3,659	
Property taxes receivable, net of allowance \$4,980	11,595	0,000	11,595	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance \$301,629	100,244	221,464	321,708	3.910
Receivables from other governments	15,705	697	16,402	
Receivables from other governments - restricted	10,700	5.978	5,978	
Notes receivable, net of allowance of \$14,968	24,117		24,117	
Internal balances	(46,671)	46,671	,,,,,,	
Inventories, at cost	2,324	82,617	84,941	961
Real property held for resale	5,675		5,675	
Regulatory assets, net of accumulated amortization		52.885	52,885	
Prepaid expenses	1,025	17,518	18,543	628
Other receivables - restricted		3,754	3,754	
Other assets	3,106	13,501	16,607	
Total current assets	658,456	1,662,516	2,320,972	9,724
Noncurrent assets:				
Cash - restricted		4,951	4,951	3,000
Pooled investments and cash - restricted	156,174	808,580	964,754	0,000
Investments - restricted	100,174	311,624	311,624	63.717
Investments held by trustee - restricted	1,773	215,523	217,296	2,168
Cash held by trustee - restricted	1,823		1,823	353
Interest receivable - restricted		467	467	
Depreciable capital assets, net	2,425,918	6.802,945	9.228.863	179,043
Nondepreciable capital assets	523.176	1,106,099	1,629,275	15.554
Derivative instruments - energy risk management	,	1,863	1,863	
Regulatory assets, net of accumulated amortization		763,717	763,717	
Other receivables - restricted		12,343	12,343	
Other long-term assets	1,369	20,509	21,878	5,111
Total noncurrent assets	3,110,233	10,048,621	13,158,854	268,946
Total assets	3,768,689	11,711,137	15,479,826	278,670
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 359,842	342,671	702,513	16,669

(†) After internal receivables and payables have been eliminated.

(Continued)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total (†)	Component Units
LIABILITIES	Activities	Activities	Total (1)	- Oints
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 41,893	93,127	135,020	8,113
Accounts and retainage payable from restricted assets	21,996	54,413	76,409	
Accrued payroll	32,321	18,068	50,389	267
Accrued compensated absences	61,301	26,060	87,361	
Due to other governments	477	3,352	3,829	
Claims payable	26,353	2,412	28,765	
Accrued interest payable from restricted assets	10	118,713	118,723	7.712
Interest payable on other debt	8.688	872	9,560	-1
Bonds payable	60,579	14,608	75,187	66,764
Bonds payable from restricted assets	23,765	132,272	156,037	
Capital lease obligations payable		54	54	7
Customer and escrow deposits payable from restricted assets	71,479	52,634	124,113	
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	,	2,794	2,794	
Decommissioning liability payable from restricted assets		6,662	6,662	
Other liabilities	12,169	5,968	18,137	5,725
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		861	861	
Total current liabilities	361,031	532,870	893,901	88,588
Noncurrent liabilities, net of current portion:				
Accrued compensated absences	78,364	287	78,651	
Claims payable	22,743	221	22,964	
Capital appreciation bond interest payable	22,7,0	26,661	26,661	
Commercial paper notes payable, net of discount		146,097	146,097	
Bonds payable, net of discount and inclusive of premium	1,351,684	4,849,878	6,201,562	229,955
Net pension liability	1,203,405	656,565	1,859,970	
Other postemployment benefits payable	631,176	380,161	1,011,337	
Capital lease obligations payable		935	935	
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs		9,899	9,899	
Decommissioning liability payable from restricted assets		159,284	159,284	**
Derivative instruments - energy risk management		14,960	14,960	••
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps		46,959	46,959	
Other liabilities	18,547	33,714	52,261	
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		3,298	3,298	3,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,305,919	6,328,919	9,634,838	232,955
Total liabilities	3,666,950	6,861,789	10,528,739	321,543
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6,228	1,215,205	1,221,433	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,709,146	2,358,240	4,067,386	(60,485)
Restricted for	1,700,140	2,000,240	4,007,000	(00,400)
Bond reserve		45,130	45,130	
Capital projects	48,467	246,856	295,323	1,000
Debt service	15,077	53,601	68,678	28,795
Housing activities	27,354		27,354	20,700
Operating reserve	27,004	57,102	57,102	
Passenger facility charges		90,044	90,044	
Perpetual care:		30,044	30,044	
Expendable	1		1	
Nonexpendable	1,070		1,070	-
Renewal and replacement	1,070	23,298	23,298	-
Strategic reserve		186,718	186,718	
Tourism	19,676	100,710	19,676	
Other purposes	28,654		28,654	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,394,092)	915,825	(478,267)	4,486
Total net position	\$ 455,353	3,976,814	4,432,167	(26,204)
rotal net position	y 400,003	3,370,014	7,732,107	(20,204)

^(†) After internal receivables and payables have been eliminated.

Statement of Activities
For the year ended September 30, 2017
(In thousands)

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
				Operating	Capital	Pri	mary Government			
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units	
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	192,231	21,345	454	7,223	(163,209)		(163,209)		
Public safety		719,032	57,728	7,209		(654,095)		(654,095)		
Transportation, planning, and sustainability		72,517	1,698	659	72,808	2,648		2,648		
Public health		119,278	12,374	20,490	170	(86,244)		(86,244)		
Public recreation and culture		161,226	11,251	1,805	9,994	(138,176)		(138,176)	, about	
Urban growth management		156,180	72,244	14,545	61	(69,330)		(69,330)		
Interest on debt		61,879				(61,879)		(61,879)		
Total governmental activities		1,482,343	176,640	45,162	90,256	(1,170,285)		(1,170,285)		
Business-type activities										
Electric		1,277,623	1,362,132	34	43,981		128,524	128,524		
Water		281,787	324,562		44,944	-	87,719	87,719		
Wastewater		219,609	274,518		29,742	_	84,651	84,651		
Airport		158,863	178,433	585	14,751		34,906	34,906		
Convention		75,377	40,196				(35,181)	(35,181)		
Environmental and health services		108,658	109,274	242	30		888	888		
Public recreation		8,736	6,705		290	_	(1,741)	(1,741)		
Urban growth management		183,532	204,439		3,726		24,633	24,633		
Total business-type activities		2,314,185	2,500,259	861	137,464		324,399	324,399		
Total primary government	\$	3,796,528	2,676,899	46,023	227,720	(1,170,285)	324,399	(845,886)		
Component Units		89,609	95,753						6,144	
	Ger	neral revenues	:							
	Pr	operty tax				554,631		554,631		
		les tax				218,790		218,790		
			ind gross receip	ts tax		151,670		151,670		
		erest and other	•			26,950	14,801	41,751	22	
		nsfers-internal				40,693	(40,693)			
	Tota	al general reve	enues and trans	fers		992,734	(25,892)	966,842	22	
		ange in net po				(177,551)	298,507	120,956	6,166	
			sition, as previou	isly reported		632,904	3,678,307	4,311,211	(32,370)	
	-	ling net position		, . opo		\$ 455,353	3,976,814	4,432,167	(26,204)	
			**							

20

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 53		53
Pooled investments and cash	170,879	335,784	506,663
investments		23,694	23,694
Cash held by trustee - restricted		9,582	9,582
Investments held by trustee - restricted	••	1,773	1,773
Property taxes receivable, net of allowance	7,959	3,636	11,595
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	61,541	28,503	90,044
Receivables from other governments	1,589	12,029	13,618
Notes receivable, net of allowance	175	23,942	24,117
Due from other funds		11,443	11,443
Advances to other funds	-	19,096	19,096
Inventories, at cost	28		28
Real property held for resale		5,675	5,675
Prepaid items	699		699
Other assets	58	3,048	3,106
Total assets	242,981	478,205	721,186
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	21,458	24,184	45,642
Accrued payroll	26,126	123	26,249
Accrued compensated absences	462		462
Due to other funds	241	11,412	11,653
Due to other governments	465	9	474
Unearned revenue		2,973	2,973
Advances from other funds	654	18,266	18,920
Deposits and other liabilities	5,687	73,788	79,475
Total liabilities	55,093	130,755	185,848
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	16,074	6,823	22,897
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable:			
Inventories and prepaid items	727		727
Permanent funds		1,070	1,070
Restricted		214,582	214,582
Committed		40,652	40,652
Assigned	29,618	109,692	139,310
Unassigned	141,469	(25,369)	116,100
Total fund balances	171,814	340,627	512,441
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources, and fund balances	\$ 242,981	478,205	721,186

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017 (In thousands)

Total fund balances - Governmental funds		\$ 512,441
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefo are not reported in the funds.	re,	
Governmental capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	4,632,260 (1,742,047)	0.000.043
Other long-term assets and certain revenues are not available as current-period resources and are not reported in the funds.		2,890,213
Other assets	1,369	
Deferred outflows represent the consumption of net position that are applicable to a future reporting period.		1,369
Pensions	337,178	
Loss on debt refundings	22,557	250 725
Long-term liabilities are not payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.		359,735
Compensated absences Interest payable Bonds and other tax supported debt payable, net Net pension liability Other postemployment benefits payable Other liabilities	(130,035) (8,688) (1,432,879) (1,203,405) (631,176) (15,317)	
Deferred inflows represent an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.		(3,421,500)
Unavailable revenue Property taxes and interest Accounts and other taxes receivable Deferred gain on service concession agreement Pensions	11,777 11,121 (1,173) (5,055)	16,670
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of capital project management, combined emergency communication center, employee benefits, fleet maintenance, information systems, liability reserve, support services, wireless communication, and workers' compensation to individual funds.		
Certain assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		96,425
Total net position - Governmental activities		\$ 455,353

			Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	General Fund		Funds	Funds
REVENUES				
Property taxes	S	416,540	137,871	554,411
Sales taxes		218,790	·	218,790
Franchise fees and other taxes		47,645	104,025	151,670
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		13,117	4,511	17,628
Licenses, permits and inspections		61,076	374	61,450
Charges for services/goods		59,362	22,006	81,368
Intergovernmental		••	59,572	59,572
Property owners' participation and contributions			14,659	14,659
Interest and other		15,754	11,296	27,050
Total revenues		832,284	354,314	1,186,598
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government		126,645	2,063	128,708
Public safety		585,250	8,156	593,406
Transportation, planning and sustainability		421	4,704	5,125
Public health		80,487	20,538	101,025
Public recreation and culture		112,728	13,871	126,599
Urban growth management		70,491	57,491	127,982
Debt service:				
Principal			87,367	87,367
Interest			61,862	61,862
Fees and commissions			13	13
Capital outlay-capital project funds	····		130,783	130,783
Total expenditures		976,022	386,848	1,362,870
Deficiency of revenues over				
expenditures		(143,738)	(32,534)	(176,272)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			100.000	400.005
Issuance of tax supported debt			130,665	130,665
Issuance of refunding bonds			54,970	54,970
Bond premiums			35,430	35,430
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent		400.000	(68,744)	(68,744)
Transfers in		166,688	55,852	222,540
Transfers out		(12,125)	(157,942)	(170,067)
Total other financing sources (uses)	***************************************	154,563	50,231	204,794
Net change in fund balances		10,825	17,697	28,522
Fund balances at beginning of year		160,989	322,930	483,919
Fund balances at end of year	\$	171,814	340,627	512,441

City of Austin, Texas Exhibit B-2.1

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
For the year ended September 30, 2017
(In thousands)

-	\$	28,522
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lines depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays excellent the current period.	ves and reported	
Capital outlay	108,801	
Depreciation expense	(124,393)	
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(3,104)	
		(18,696)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current available resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	e financial	
Property taxes	220	
Charges for services	(1,524)	
Interest and other	179	
Capital asset contributions	66,755	65,630
to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term do the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction		
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of pro- discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amo and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	, however, has emiums, unts are deferred of these differences	
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	Business-Type Activities		
	Austin Energy	Austin Water Utility	Airport
ASSETS		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Current assets:			
Cash	s 22	5	3
Pooled investments and cash	398,583	187,932	7,514
Pooled investments and cash - restricted	36,904	52,101	19,172
Total pooled investments and cash	435,487	240,033	26,686
Investments - restricted	45,568	67,982	32,494
Cash held by trustee		668	
Cash held by trustee - restricted		475	
Working capital advances	3,659		
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	125,605	70,370	5,462
Receivables from other governments		68	1
Receivables from other governments - restricted	5,022		867
Due from other funds	3,473	301	-
Inventories, at cost	76,326	1,937	1,835
Regulatory assets, net of accumulated amortization	4,821	48,064	_
Prepaid expenses	17,222	42	86
Other receivables - restricted	4		3,722
Other assets	12,377		1,124
Total current assets	729,586	429,945	72,280
Noncurrent assets:			<u> </u>
Cash - restricted	4,951		
Pooled investments and cash - restricted	60,961	93,020	637,597
Advances to other funds	15,341	2,104	
Advances to other funds - restricted	••		52
Investments - restricted	200,308	58,421	39,590
Investments held by trustee - restricted	213,923	1,600	
Interest receivable - restricted	467		
Depreciable capital assets, net	2,388,829	3,172,595	875,820
Nondepreciable capital assets	211,985	448,944	132,896
Derivative instruments - energy risk management	1,863		
Regulatory assets, net of accumulated amortization	516,001	247,716	
Other receivables - restricted	8,459	483	3,401
Other long-term assets	1,380		19,129
Total noncurrent assets	3,624,468	4,024,883	1,708,485
Total assets	4,354,054	4,454,828	1,780,765
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 114,289	118,244	40,621

	Business-Type Activities		Governmental
	Nonmajor Enterprise	Total	Activities- Internal Service Funds
400570	Funds	lotai	Funds
ASSETS Current assets:			
Cash	32	62	11
Pooled investments and cash	339,984	934,013	152,918
Pooled investments and cash - restricted	•	121,347	132,510
	13,170		152.019
Total pooled investments and cash	353,154	1,055,360	152,918
Investments - restricted	11,163	157,207	
Cash held by trustee		668	4.005
Cash held by trustee - restricted		475	1,965
Working capital advances		3,659	40.000
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	20,027	221,464	10,200
Receivables from other governments	628	697	2,087
Receivables from other governments - restricted	89	5,978	
Due from other funds	1,700	5,474	
Inventories, at cost	2,519	82,617	2,296
Regulatory assets, net of accumulated amortization		52,885	
Prepaid expenses	168	17,518	326
Other receivables - restricted	28	3,754	
Other assets		13,501	
Total current assets	389,508	1,621,319	169,803
Noncurrent assets:			
Cash - restricted		4,951	
Pooled investments and cash - restricted	17,002	808,580	4,447
Advances to other funds		17,445	7
Advances to other funds - restricted	311	363	
Investments - restricted	13,305	311,624	
Investments held by trustee - restricted		215,523	
Interest receivable - restricted		467	
Depreciable capital assets, net	365,701	6,802,945	58,239
Nondepreciable capital assets	312,274	1,106,099	642
Derivative instruments - energy risk management		1,863	
Regulatory assets, net of accumulated amortization		763,717	
Other receivables - restricted		12,343	
Other long-term assets		20,509	
Total noncurrent assets	708,593	10,066,429	63,335
Total assets	1,098,101	11,687,748	233,138
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	69,517	342,671	107

(Continued)

	Business-Type Activities		
	Austin Energy	Austin Water Utility	Airport
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 82,662	3,680	2,097
Accounts and retainage payable from restricted assets	10,839	18,831	19,759
Accrued payroll	7,323	3,810	1,361
Accrued compensated absences	10,570	5,632	2,194
Claims payable	2,060	351	1
Due to other funds			162
Due to other funds payable from restricted assets	***	3,101	
Due to other governments	3,347		5
Accrued interest payable from restricted assets	23,275	82,842	11,697
Interest payable on other debt	211	106	
Bonds payable		**	21
Bonds payable from restricted assets	35,086	60,487	23,744
Capital lease obligations payable	54		
Customer and escrow deposits payable from restricted assets	30,241	14,483	1,351
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	·		
Decommissioning liability payable from restricted assets	6,662		
Other liabilities	921	2.630	1.822
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets	473	, <u></u>	·
Total current liabilities	213,724	195,953	64,214
Noncurrent liabilities, net of current portion:			
Accrued compensated absences		2	
Claims payable	10	211	
Advances from other funds		680	506
Advances from other funds payable from restricted assets		13,926	
Capital appreciation bond interest payable	691	25,970	
Commercial paper notes payable, net of discount	146,097		
Bonds payable, net of discount and inclusive of premium	1,261,092	2.507.406	857,654
Net pension liability	273,451	146,090	46,242
Other postemployment benefits payable	148,262	95,976	26,194
Capital lease obligations payable	935		
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs			
Decommissioning liability payable from restricted assets	159,284		_
Derivative instruments - energy risk management	14,960		_
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps	14,000	15,509	21,535
Other liabilities	32,647	1,067	21,000
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets	3,298	7,007	
Total noncurrent habilities	2,040,727	2,806,837	952,131
Total liabilities	2,254,451	3.002,790	1,016,345
: ota: nasmiico	2,204,401	5,002,130	1,010,043
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 366,324	659,475	189,161

	Business-Type Activities		Business-Type Activities G		Governmental
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities- Internal Service Funds		
LIABILITIES	T dilus	10181	Tuilds		
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	4,688	93,127	18,249		
Accounts and retainage payable from restricted assets	4,984	54,413			
Accrued payroll	5.574	18,068	6.072		
Accrued compensated absences	7,664	26,060	9,003		
Claims payable	7,004	2,412	26,353		
Due to other funds	2,001	2,163	20,000		
Due to other funds payable from restricted assets	2,001	3,101			
Due to other governments		3,352	3		
Accrued interest payable from restricted assets	899	118,713	10		
Interest payable on other debt	555	872			
Bonds payable	14.587	14,608	374		
Bonds payable from restricted assets	12,955	132,272	374		
Capital lease obligations payable	12,955	54			
Customer and escrow deposits payable from restricted assets	6,559	52,634	1.758		
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	2,794	2,794	1,750		
Decommissioning liability payable from restricted assets	2,754	6,662			
Other liabilities	595	5,968	2,670		
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets	388	5,908 861	2,070		
Total current liabilities			64 402		
	64,243	538,134	64,492		
Noncurrent liabilities, net of current portion:	285	287	165		
Accrued compensated absences	205				
Claims payable		221	22,743		
Advances from other funds	2,879	4,065			
Advances from other funds payable from restricted assets		13,926			
Capital appreciation bond interest payable		26,661			
Commercial paper notes payable, net of discount		146,097			
Bonds payable, net of discount and inclusive of premium	223,726	4,849,878	2,775		
Net pension liability	190,782	656,565			
Other postemployment benefits payable	109,729	380,161			
Capital lease obligations payable		935			
Accrued landfill closure and postclosure costs	9,899	9,899			
Decommissioning liability payable from restricted assets		159,284			
Derivative instruments - energy risk management		14,960			
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps	9,915	46,959			
Other liabilities		33,714			
Other liabilities payable from restricted assets		3,298			
Total noncurrent liabilities	547,215	6,346,910	25,683		
Total liabilities	611,458	6,885,044	90,175		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	245	1,215,205	1		

(Continued)

	Business-Type Activities		
	Austin Energ	Austin Water y Utility	Airport
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 987,437	7 562,673	359,464
Restricted for.			
Bond reserve	10,26	3 21,832	2,719
Capital projects	26,558	37,269	171,176
Debt service	22,29	2	20,849
Operating reserve	-	- 37,651	14,874
Passenger facility charges	-		90,044
Renewal and replacement	12,386	3	10,000
Strategic reserve	186,718	3	
Unrestricted	601,909	251,382	(53,246)
Total net position	\$ 1,847,56	910,807	615,880
Reconciliation to government-wide Statement of Net Position			
Adjustment to consolidate internal service activities	20,138	3 11,557	4,055
Total net position - Business-type activities	\$ 1,867,700	922,364	619,935

	Business-Type Activities		Business-Type Activities Government		Governmental
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities- Internal Service Funds		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	448,666	2,358,240	55,732		
Restricted for:					
Bond reserve	10,311	45,130			
Capital projects	11,853	246,856	4,447		
Debt service	10,460	53,601			
Operating reserve	4,577	57,102			
Passenger facility charges		90,044	***		
Renewal and replacement	912	23,298			
Strategic reserve		186,718	***		
Unrestricted	69,136	869,181	82,890		
Total net position	555,915	3,930,170	143,069		
Reconciliation to government-wide Statement of Net Position					
Adjustment to consolidate internal service activities	10,894	46,644			
Total net position - Business-type activities	566,809	3,976,814			

	Business-Type Activities		
	Austin Energy	Austin Water Utility	Airport
OPERATING REVENUES		500.000	
Utility services	\$ 1,362,132	599,080	140 222
User fees and rentals Billings to departments			149,333
Employee contributions			
Operating revenues from other governments			
Other operating revenues			
Total operating revenues	1,362,132	599,080	149,333
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operating expenses before depreciation	1,063,029	259,730	102,885
Depreciation and amortization	162,930	121,521	26,667
Total operating expenses	1,225,959	381,251	129,552
Operating income (loss)	136,173	217,829	19,781
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest and other revenues	6,771	2,172	3,907
Interest on revenue bonds and other debt	(59,261)	(104,589)	(30,058)
Interest capitalized during construction			1,893
Passenger facility charges		(40.007)	29,100
Cost (recovered) to be recovered in future years	15,228	(19,897)	/1 050)
Other nonoperating revenue (expense)	(12,922)	1,482	(1,859)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(50,184)	(120,832)	2,983
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	85,989	96,997	22,764
Capital contributions	43,981	74,686	14,751
Transfers in	2,122	13	
Transfers out	(115,582)	(51,215)	(33)
Change in net position	16,510	120,481	37,482
Total net position, beginning	1,831,058	790,326	578,398
Total net position, ending	\$ 1,847,568	910,807	615,880
Reconciliation to government-wide Statement of Activities			
Change in net position	16,510	120,481	37,482
Adjustment to consolidate internal service activities	5,164	2,773	1,298
Change in net position - Business-type activities	\$ 21,674	123,254	38,780

	Business-Typ	e Activities	Governmental
	Nonmajor Enterprise		Activities- Internal Service
	Funds	Total	Funds
OPERATING REVENUES			
Utility services		1,961,212	-+
User fees and rentals	360,614	509,947	
Billings to departments		••	435,349
Employee contributions			44,224
Operating revenues from other governments			4,410
Other operating revenues			13,307
Total operating revenues	360,614	2,471,159	497,290
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operating expenses before depreciation	340,354	1,765,998	447,796
Depreciation and amortization	28,774	339,892	11,599
Total operating expenses	369,128	2,105,890	459,395
Operating income (loss)	(8,514)	365,269	37,895
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest and other revenues	1,951	14,801	19
Interest on revenue bonds and other debt	(9,288)	(203,196)	(136)
Interest capitalized during construction	1,003	2,896	
Passenger facility charges	***	29,100	
Cost (recovered) to be recovered in future years		(4,669)	***
Other nonoperating revenue (expense)	(6,464)	(19,763)	(6,483)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(12,798)	(180,831)	(6,600)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(21,312)	184,438	31,295
Capital contributions	4,046	137,464	4,812
Transfers in	139,200	141,335	2,929
Transfers out	(10,053)	(176,883)	(19,854)
Change in net position	111,881	286,354	19,182
Total net position, beginning	444,034	3,643,816	123,887
Total net position, ending	555,915	3,930,170	143,069
Reconciliation to government-wide Statement of Activities			
Change in net position	111,881	286,354	
Adjustment to consolidate internal service activities	2,918	12,153	
Change in net position - Business-type activities	114,799	298,507	

	Business-Type Activities		
	Austin Energy	Austin Water Utility	Airport
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers	\$ 1,393,118	587.403	141,806
Cash received from other funds	30,641	8,671	141,600
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(789,476)	(51,546)	(28,931)
Cash payments to other funds	(51,509)	(69,979)	(26,603)
Cash payments to employees for services	(204,609)	(108,576)	(39,106)
Cash payments to claimants/beneficiaries	(204,009)	(283)	(55,156)
Taxes collected and remitted to other governments	(41,880)	(200)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	336,141	365,690	47,166
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Transfers in	1.036		
Transfers in	(115,495)	(46,905)	
Collections from other sources	(115,485)	(46,903) 668	
Loans to other funds	(450)	000	(1)
Loans from other funds	(459)		(1)
Loan repayments to other funds		(297)	(178)
Loan repayments from other funds	339	301	(170)
Collections from other governments	2,880	1,673	940
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital			
financing activities	(111,699)	(44,560)	761
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from the sale of commercial paper notes	58,351	82,830	
Proceeds from the sale of general obligation bonds			
and other tax supported debt			
Proceeds from the sale of revenue bonds		20,430	314,965
Principal paid on long-term debt	(44,625)	(103,299)	(21,964)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	1,527		
Interest paid on revenue bonds and other debt	(60,613)	(141,519)	(26,027)
Passenger facility charges			25,378
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(159,586)	(148,355)	(116,503)
Contributions from state and federal governments		116	14,350
Contributions in aid of construction	43,981	29,948	401
Bond issuance costs	(983)	(2,246)	(2,545)
Bond premiums	12,320	62,394	44,459
Cash paid for bond defeasance		(21,317)	
Bonds issued for advanced refundings of debt	101,570	311,100	
Cash paid for bond refunding escrow	(114,060)	(249,582)	
Cash paid to payoff commercial paper		(125,000)	
Cash paid for nuclear fuel inventory	(13,671)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related			
financing activities	\$ (175,789)	(284,500)	232,514

	Business-Type	Business-Type Activities	
	Nonmajor Enterprise		Activities- Internal Service
CACH ELONG EDOM ODEDATINO ACTIVITIES.	Funds	Total	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	250 747	2 470 074	E0 26
Cash received from customers	356,747	2,479,074	58,26
Cash received from other funds	3,646	42,958	435,349
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(76,545)	(946,498)	(75,70)
Cash payments to other funds	(66,086)	(214,177)	(24,05)
Cash payments to employees for services	(159,349)	(511,640)	(171,67
Cash payments to claimants/beneficiaries		(427)	(171,63
axes collected and remitted to other governments		(41,880)	
let cash provided by operating activities	58,413	807,410	50,54
ASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
ransfers in	128,310	129,346	2,37
ransfers out	(3,298)	(165,698)	(18,67
Collections from other sources		668	•
oans to other funds	(3)	(463)	
oans from other funds	118	118	
oan repayments to other funds	(333)	(808)	
oan repayments from other funds	94	734	
Collections from other governments	810	6,303	
let cash provided (used) by noncapital			
financing activities	125,698	(29,800)	(16,30
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from the sale of commercial paper notes		141,181	,
Proceeds from the sale of general obligation bonds		•	
and other tax supported debt	(119)	(119)	
Proceeds from the sale of revenue bonds	` <u>-</u>	335,395	
rincipal paid on long-term debt	(26,871)	(196,759)	(48
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	·	1,527	•
nterest paid on revenue bonds and other debt	(9,856)	(238,015)	(15
assenger facility charges	-	25,378	
acquisition and construction of capital assets	(55,540)	(479,984)	(8,42
Contributions from state and federal governments	30	14,496	•
Contributions in aid of construction	3,094	77,424	
Bond issuance costs	(130)	(5,904)	
out issuance costs		119,173	
Bond premiums		(21,317)	
Bond premiums	29,080	441,750	
Sond premiums Cash paid for bond defeasance Bonds issued for advanced refundings of debt	•	441,750	
Sond premiums Cash paid for bond defeasance Bonds issued for advanced refundings of debt Cash paid for bond refunding escrow	29,080 (28,924) 	441,750 (392,566)	
Sond premiums Cash paid for bond defeasance Bonds issued for advanced refundings of debt Cash paid for bond refunding escrow Cash paid to payoff commercial paper	(28,924)	441,750 (392,566) (125,000)	· •
Sond premiums Cash paid for bond defeasance Bonds issued for advanced refundings of debt Cash paid for bond refunding escrow	(28,924)	441,750 (392,566)	

(Continued)

	Business-Type Activities		
	Austin Energy	Austin Water Utility	Airport
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of investment securities	\$ (208,793)	(209,973)	(81,184)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment	· (===,:==)	(===,==,	(, , , , ,
securities	213,719	248,753	49,301
Interest on investments	4,891	2,172	3,671
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	9,817	40,952	(28,212)
Net in the control of	59.470	77.582	252,229
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	58,470	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	442,951	256,619	412,057
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	501,421	334,201	664,286
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating income (loss)	136,173	217,829	19,781
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	·		
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	162,930	121,521	26,667
Change in assets and liabilities:	•	·	•
Increase in working capital advances	(1,677)		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	19,264	(3,585)	(3,215)
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	213	(824)	191
Increase in receivables from other governments		`'	
Decrease in due from other funds			
(Increase) decrease in inventory	3,183	404	(20)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and	•		, ,
other assets	6,948	(20)	(57)
Increase in deferred outflows related	•	` ,	` ,
to operations	17,485	9,479	2,513
Decrease in advances to other funds	· 	·	
Decrease in other long-term assets	18,450	~*	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	10,472	(734)	(387)
Increase in accrued payroll and compensated		, ,	
absences	1,063	429	424
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	2,070	562	
Decrease in due to other governments			
Decrease in due to other funds			
Increase in net pension liability	7,093	3,933	1,974
Increase in other postemployment benefits payable	19,847	12,726	4,259
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(26,518)	2,567	(461)
Increase in customer deposits	727	1,403	591
Decrease in deferred inflows related			
to operations	(41,582)		(5,094)
Total adjustments	199,968	147,861	27,385
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 336,141	365,690	47,166

	Business-Type	Governmental	
	Nonmajor		Activities-
	Enterprise		Internal Service
	Funds	Total	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of investment securities	(18,747)	(518,697)	
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investment	• • •	,	
securities	18,262	530,035	
Interest on investments	1,951	12,685	20
Net cash provided (used) by Investing activities	1,466	24,023	20
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	96,341	484.622	25.196
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	273,847	1,385,474	134,145
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	370,188	1,870,096	159,341
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating income (loss)	(8,514)	365,269	37,895
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	(0,514)	505,205	37,083
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	28,774	339.892	11,599
Change in assets and liabilities:	20,774	339,092	11,555
Increase in working capital advances		(1,677)	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(539)	11,925	(958)
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	(328)	(748)	(930)
Increase in receivables from other governments	(320)	(740)	(1,747
Decrease in due from other funds			1,005
(Increase) decrease in inventory	526	4,093	(459
(Increase) decrease in inventory	320	4,000	(+55
other assets	(48)	6,823	216
Increase in deferred outflows related	(40)	0,023	210
to operations	10.541	40.018	24
Decrease in advances to other funds	10,341	40,010	35
Decrease in advances to other londs Decrease in other long-term assets		18,450	33
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(907)	8,444	1,823
Increase in accrued payroll and compensated	(807)	0,444	1,023
absences	1 209	2 214	666
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	1,298	3,214 2,632	(242)
, , , ,		2,032	, ,
Decrease in due to other governments			(1)
Decrease in due to other funds Increase in net pension liability	8,720	21.720	(1,005)
·	•		
Increase in other postemployment benefits payable	17,585 657	54,417 (23,755)	214
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities Increase in customer deposits	648	3,369	1,475
•	046	3,309	1,4/5
Decrease in deferred inflows related to operations		(46.676)	
·		(46,676)	40.075
Total adjustments	66,927	442,141	12,645
Net cash provided by operating activities	58,413	807,410	50,540

(Continued)

	Business-Type Activities			
	Aust	tin Energy	Austin Water Utility	Airport
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital appreciation bonds interest accreted	\$	(260)	(7,644)	
Capital assets contributed from other funds			104	
Capital assets contributed to other funds		(160)		
Capital assets acquired through service concession arrangements				27,490
Contributed facilities			44,518	-
Increase in the fair value of investments		(3,006)		
Amortization of bond (discounts) premiums		6,783	15,255	2,617
Amortization of deferred gain (loss) on refundings		(5,332)	(5,575)	(890)
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(8,051)	(14)	(33)
Costs (recovered) to be recovered		15,228	(19,897)	
Transfers from other funds		1,086	13	
Transfers to other funds		(87)	(4,310)	(33)
Capitalized interest				1,893

	Business-Type Activities		Governmental	
-	Nonmajor Enterprise		Activities- Internal Service	
	Funds	Total	Funds	
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Capital appreciation bonds interest accreted		(7,904)		
Capital assets contributed from other funds	922	1,026	11,587	
Capital assets contributed to other funds	(6,011)	(6,171)	(399)	
Capital assets acquired through service concession arrangements		27,490		
Contributed facilities		44,518		
Increase in the fair value of investments		(3,006)		
Amortization of bond (discounts) premiums	1,823	26,478	41	
Amortization of deferred gain (loss) on refundings	(1,849)	(13,646)	(24)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	(828)	(8,926)	(22)	
Costs (recovered) to be recovered	-	(4,669)		
Transfers from other funds	10,890	11,989	559	
Transfers to other funds	(6,755)	(11,185)	(1,184)	
Capitalized interest	1,003	2,896	-	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2017 (In thousands)

	Private-purpose Trust	Agency
ASSETS		
Pooled investments and cash	\$ 2,085	2,098
Investments held by trustee	_	3,863
Other assets	200	
Total assets	2,285	5,961
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		55
Due to other governments		1,469
Deposits and other liabilities	1,469	4,437
Total liabilities	1,469	5,961
NET POSITION		
Held in trust	816	
Total net position	\$ 816	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the year ended September 30, 2017 (In thousands)

	Private-Pu Trust	•
ADDITIONS	_	
Contributions	\$	1,744
Interest and other		15
Total additions		1,759
DEDUCTIONS Benefit payments		1,655
Total deductions		1,655
Net additions (deductions)		104
Total net position, beginning		712
Total net position, ending	\$	816

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Austin, Texas (the City) is a municipal corporation incorporated under Article XI, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Texas (Home Rule Amendment). The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is composed of a Mayor who is elected at large and ten Councilmembers who are elected by geographic district, all of whom serve four-year staggered terms subject to a maximum of two consecutive terms. A petition signed by 5% of the registered voters waives the term limit for a member of the City Council.

The City's major activities or programs include general government; public safety; transportation, planning, and sustainability; public health; public recreation and culture; and urban growth management. In addition, the City owns and operates certain major enterprise activities including an electric utility, water and wastewater utility, airport, and non-major enterprise activities including convention, environmental and health services, public recreation, and urban growth management activities. These activities are included in the accompanying financial statements.

The City of Austin's charter requires an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City has implemented GASB Statements No. 1 through No. 74, No. 76 through No. 80, and No. 82. In fiscal year 2017, the City implemented the following GASB Statements:

GASB Statement	Impact
74 – "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans"	This statement is directed at administrators of standalone postemployment benefit plans and as such does not apply to the City. The companion statement, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is effective for the City in fiscal year 2018. The City is assessing the impact of GASB Statement No. 75 on its financial report.
77 – "Tax Abatement Disclosures"	This statement establishes financial reporting standards for tax abatement agreements entered into by state and local governments that result in a reduction of revenue. This statement requires additional information be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 13.
78 – "Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plans"	This statement does not apply to the City as this statement is directed at multiple-employer plans. The City's pension plans are single-employer plans.
80 – "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units"	This statement amends the blending requirements of component units by adding an additional criterion requiring blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The implementation of this standard had no impact on amounts reported in the financial statements.

The more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the City are described below.

As a local government, the City is not subject to federal income taxes, under the Internal Revenue Code Section 115. Furthermore, it is not subject to state sales tax.

a -- Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City's primary government, its component units, and other entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations; therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the City. Discrete component units are legally separate entities that are not considered part of the City's operations; therefore, data from these units are shown separately from data of the City.

a -- Reporting Entity, continued

Blended Component Units - Following are the City's blended component units.

<u>Blended Component Units</u> The Austin Housing Finance Corporation (AHFC) Brief Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria
AHFC was created in 1979 as a public, nonprofit corporation and instrumentality
of the City under the provisions of the Texas Housing Finance Corporation Act,
Chapter 394, and Local Government Code. The mission of the AHFC is to
generate and implement strategic housing solutions for the benefit of low- and
moderate- income residents of the City. AHFC is governed by a board
composed of the City Council. In addition, City management has operational
responsibilities for this component unit.

Reporting Fund: Housing Assistance Fund, a nonmajor special revenue fund

Urban Renewal Agency (URA)

URA was created by the City under Chapter 374 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Mayor, with consent of the City Council, appoints the board of commissioners for this agency, whose primary responsibility is to oversee the implementation and compliance of urban renewal plans adopted by the City Council. An urban renewal plan's primary purpose is to eliminate slum and blighting influence within a designated area of the city. City Council maintains the ability to impose its will on the organization. URA exclusively receives financial support/benefits from its relationship with the City.

Reporting Fund: Urban Renewal Agency fund, a nonmajor special revenue fund

Austin Industrial Development Corporation (AIDC)

AIDC was created under the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979 to provide a means of extending tax-exempt financing to projects that are deemed to have substantial social benefit through the creation of commercial, industrial, and manufacturing enterprises, in order to promote and encourage employment in the City. City Council acts as the board of directors of the corporation In addition, City management has operational responsibilities for this component unit

Reporting Fund: Austin Industrial Development Corporation Fund, a nonmajor special revenue fund

Mueller Local Government Corporation (MLGC)

MLGC is a non-profit local government corporation created by the City under Subchapter D of Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Code MLGC was created for the purpose of financing infrastructure projects required for the development of the former site of Mueller Airport. City Council acts as the board of directors of the corporation. Members of the City staff serve as officers of the corporation and have operational responsibilities for this component unit.

Reporting Fund: Mueller Local Government Corporation, a nonmajor special revenue fund

Austin-Bergstrom International Airport (ABIA) Development Corporation

ABIA Development Corporation is governed by a board composed of the City Council. The entity has no day-to-day operations. Its existence relates only to the authorization for issuance of industrial revenue bonds or to other similar financing arrangements in accordance with the Texas Development Corporation Act of 1979. To date, none of the bonds issued constitute a liability of ABIA Development Corporation or the City. In addition, City management has operational responsibilities for this component unit.

There is no financial activity to report related to this component unit.

a -- Reporting Entity, continued

Discretely Presented Component Units – Following are the City's discretely presented component units. Financial statements for these entities can be requested from the addresses located below.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>
Austin-Bergstrom Landhost Enterprises, Inc. (ABLE)
2716 Spirit of Texas Drive
Austin, TX 78719

<u>Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria</u>
ABLE is a legally separate entity that issues revenue bonds for the purpose of financing the cost of acquiring, improving, and equipping a full-service hotel on airport property. City Council appoints this entity's Board and maintains a contractual ability to remove board members at will. Debt issued by ABLE does not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the City.

Austin Convention Enterprises, Inc. (ACE) 500 East 4th Street Austin, TX 78701 ACE is a legally separate entity that owns, operates, and finances the Austin Convention Center Hotel. City Council appoints this entity's Board and maintains a contractual ability to remove board members at will. Debt issued by ACE does not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the City.

Waller Creek Local Government Corporation (WCLGC) 124 W. 8th Street Austin, TX 78701 WCLGC is a non-profit local government corporation created by the City under Subchapter D of Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Code. The purpose of WCLGC is implementing the financing, design, construction, maintenance and operation of certain public improvements located within or around the Waller Creek Redevelopment Project district. City Council appoints a voting majority of the board of directors of the WCLGC and maintains a contractual ability to remove board members at will.

There is no financial activity to report related to this component unit.

Related Organizations -- The City Council appoints the voting majority of the board members, but the City has no significant financial accountability for the Austin Housing Authority. The Mayor appoints the persons to serve as commissioners of this organization; however, this entity is separate from the operating activities of the City.

The City of Austin retirement plans (described in Note 7) and the City of Austin Deferred Compensation Plan are not included in the City's reporting entity since the City does not exercise substantial control over these plans.

Related organizations are not included in the City's reporting entity.

b -- Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all governmental and business-type activities of the primary government and its component units. Fiduciary activities are not included in the government-wide statements. Internal service fund asset, deferred outflow of resources, liability, and deferred inflow of resources balances that are not eliminated in the statement of net position are primarily reported in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses of most business-type activities. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. The fund level statements focus on the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Each fund was established to account for specific activities in accordance with applicable regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Major funds are determined by criteria specified by GAAP. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other funds are aggregated into nonmajor governmental, nonmajor enterprise, or internal service fund groupings. A reconciliation of the fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is provided in the financial statements to explain the differences between the two different reporting approaches.

b -- Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements, continued

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (private-purpose and agency). By definition, fiduciary fund assets are held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the primary government; therefore, they are not included in the government-wide statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

c -- Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual (i.e. both measurable and available). Revenues, other than grants, are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to liquidate liabilities of the current period (defined by the City as collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year). Revenues billed under a contractual agreement with another governmental entity, including federal and state grants, are recognized when billed or when all eligibility requirements of the provider have been met, and they are considered to be available if expected to be collected within one year. Expenditures generally are recorded when incurred. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and arbitrage are recorded when payment is due. Debt service expenditures are recognized when payment is due. The reported fund balance of governmental funds is considered a measure of available spendable resources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, hotel occupancy taxes, vehicle rental taxes, municipal court fines, development permits and inspections, building safety permits and inspections, public health charges, emergency medical service charges, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and, to the extent they are considered available, have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available in the fiscal period the City receives cash.

Governmental Funds: Consist of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund: The primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources that are not required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes the following activities: general government; public safety; transportation, planning, and sustainability; public health; public recreation and culture; and urban growth management.

In addition, the City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: Account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u>: Account for and report financial resources, and the accumulation of those financial resources, that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest of general long-term debt and HUD Section 108 loans.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: Account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those reported within proprietary funds). It is primarily funded by general obligation debt, other tax supported debt, interest income, and other intergovernmental revenues. A 1981 ordinance requires the establishment of a separate fund for each bond proposition approved in each bond election.

<u>Permanent Funds</u>: Account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

- 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued
- c -- Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, continued

<u>Proprietary Funds</u>: Consist of enterprise funds and internal service funds. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations, such as providing electric or water-wastewater services. Other revenues or expenses are nonoperating items.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u>: Account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Austin Energy™: Accounts for the activities of the City-owned electric utility.

<u>Austin Water Utility</u>: Accounts for the activities of the City-owned water and wastewater utility.

Airport: Accounts for the operations of the Austin-Bergstrom International Airport.

The City reports the following nonmajor business-type activities in Exhibit A-2:

<u>Convention</u>: Accounts for convention center and public events activities.

<u>Environmental and health services</u>: Accounts for solid waste services activities.

<u>Public recreation</u>: Accounts for golf activities.

<u>Urban growth management</u>: Accounts for drainage and transportation activities.

Internal Service Funds: Account for the financing of goods or services provided by one City department or agency to other City departments or to other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis. These activities include, but are not limited to, capital projects management, combined emergency center operations, employee health benefits, fleet services, information services, liability reserve (City-wide self-insurance) services, support services, wireless communication services, and workers' compensation coverage.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments:

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u>: Account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Private-purpose trust funds account for various purposes: general government; transportation, planning, and sustainability; public recreation and culture; and urban growth management.

Agency Funds: Account for resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for permit fees; campaign financing donations and fees; Municipal Court service fees; debt service payments for special assessment debt; and escrow deposits and payments to loan recipients.

d -- Budget

The City Manager is required by the City Charter to present a proposed operating and capital budget to the City Council no later than thirty days before the beginning of the new fiscal year. The final budget shall be adopted no later than the twenty-seventh day of the last month of the preceding fiscal year. During the final adoption process, the City Council passes an appropriation ordinance and a tax-levying ordinance.

Annual budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, certain special revenue funds, and debt service funds. Annual budgets are also adopted for enterprise and internal service funds, although they are not legally required. Multi-year budgets are adopted for capital projects and grant funds, where appropriations remain authorized for the life of the projects, irrespective of fiscal year. Expenditures are appropriated on a modified accrual basis, except that commitments related to purchase orders are treated as expenditures in the year of commitment. Certain employee training and other fund-level expenditures are budgeted as general city responsibilities

Formal budgetary control is employed during the year at the fund and department level as a management control device for annual budgeted funds.

Budgets are modified throughout the year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer appropriation balances within a fund and department of the City. The City Council approves amendments to the budget and transfers of appropriations from one fund and department to another. The original and final budgets for the General Fund are reported in the required supplementary information. Unencumbered appropriations for annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

e -- Financial Statement Elements

Pooled Investments and Cash -- Cash balances of all City funds (except for certain funds shown in Note 3 as having non-pooled investments) are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments purchased with pooled cash is allocated monthly to each participating fund based upon the fund's average daily balance. Funds that carry a negative balance in pooled cash and investments are not allocated interest earnings nor charged interest expense.

Investments -- Certain investments are required to be reported at fair value. Realized gains or losses resulting from the sale of investments are determined by the specific cost of the securities sold. The City carries all of its investments in U.S. government and agency debt securities at fair value and money market mutual funds at amortized cost. Investments in local government investment pools are carried at either net asset value (NAV) or at amortized cost.

Accounts Receivable -- Balances of accounts receivable, reported on the government-wide statement of net position, are aggregations of different components such as charges for services, fines, and balances due from taxpayers or other governments. In order to assist the reader, the following information has been provided regarding significant components of receivable balances as of September 30, 2017 (in thousands):

Governmental activities	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
Charges for Services	\$ 282,504	658	10,200	293,362
Fines	18,510	81	~-	18,591
Taxes	46,584	22,332		68,916
Other Governments		3,988		3,988
Other		2,708		2,708
Allowance for doubtful accounts	 (286,057)	(1,264)		(287,321)
Total	\$ 61,541	28,503	10,200	100,244

Receivables reported in business-type activities are primarily comprised of charges for services.

	Austin			Nonmajor	
	Energy	Austin Water	Airport	enterprise	Total
Accounts Receivable	\$ 134,068	72,808	7,260	21,636	235,772
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(8,463)	(2,438)	(1,798)	(1,609)	(14,308)
Total	\$ 125,605	70,370	5,462	20,027	221,464

Elimination of Internal Activities -- The elimination of internal service fund activity is needed in order to eliminate duplicate activity in making the transition from the fund level financial statements to the government-wide financial statements. In addition, the elimination of internal service fund activity requires the City to "look back" and adjust the internal service funds' internal charges. A positive change in net position derived from internal service fund activity results in a pro-rata reduction in the charges made to the participatory funds. A deficit change in net position of internal service funds requires a pro-rata increase in the amounts charged to the participatory funds.

Internal Balances -- In the government-wide statement of net position, internal balances are the receivables and payables between the governmental and business-type activities.

Interfund Receivables and Payables -- During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund-level statements when they are expected to be liquidated within one year. If receivables or payables are not expected to be liquidated within one year, they are classified as "advances to other funds" or "advances from other funds."

e -- Financial Statement Elements, continued

Inventories -- Inventories are valued at cost, which is determined as follows:

Fund	Inventory Valuation Method
General Fund	Average cost; postage first-in, first-out
Austin Energy	
Fuel oil	Last-in, first-out
Other inventories	Average cost
All others	Average cost

Inventories for all funds are accounted for using the consumption method and expenditures are recorded when issued. Inventories reported in the General Fund are offset by an equal amount in nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not represent "available spendable resources."

Restricted Assets -- Restricted assets are assets whose use is subject to constraints that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Since Austin Energy and Austin Water Utility report in accordance with accounting for regulated operations, enabling legislation also includes restrictions on asset use established by its governing board which is the City Council. Restricted assets used to repay maturing debt and other current liabilities are classified as current

The balances of restricted assets in the enterprise funds are as follows (in thousands):

	Austin Energy	Austin Water Utility	Airport	Nonmajor Enterprise	Restricted Assets
Capital projects	\$ 45,517	93,853	512,644	16,921	668,935
Customer and escrow deposits	30,241	14,926	1,351	6,257	52,775
Debt service	45,568	67,982	67,601	11,474	192,625
Environmental and landfill				81	81
Federal grants	11,431		868	89	12,388
Operating reserve account		37,651	14,874	5,712	58,237
Passenger facility charge account			90,044		90,044
Plant decommissioning	220,391				220,391
Renew al and replacement account	12,386		10,000	1,229	23,615
Revenue bond reserve	24,315	59,670	39,513	13,305	136,803
Strategic reserve	186,718				186,718
	\$ 576,567	274,082	736,895	55,068	1,642,612

Capital Assets -- Capital assets, which primarily include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, plant and equipment, vehicles, water rights, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the proprietary funds and the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns of the government-wide statement of net position; related depreciation or amortization is allocated to programs in the statement of activities. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Assets purchased, internally generated, or constructed are capitalized at historical cost. Contributed or annexed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the time received. Capital outlay is recorded as an expenditure in the General Fund and other governmental funds and as an asset in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Improvements and betterments that extend the useful lives of capital assets or increase their value are capitalized in the government-wide and proprietary statement of net position and expended in governmental funds.

The City obtains public domain capital assets (infrastructure) through capital improvement projects (CIP) construction or through annexation or developer contribution. Infrastructure assets include streets and roads, bridges, pedestrian facilities, drainage systems, and traffic signal systems acquired after September 30, 1980.

Interest is not capitalized on governmental capital assets. Enterprise funds, with the exception of Austin Energy and Austin Water Utility, capitalize interest paid on long-term debt when it can be attributed to a specific project and when it materially exceeds the interest revenue generated by the bond proceeds issued to fund the project. Interest is not capitalized on Austin Energy and Austin Water Utility assets in accordance with accounting for regulated operations.

e -- Financial Statement Elements, continued

Capital assets, except for nuclear fuel, are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives (in years):

		Business-type Activities			
Assets	Governmental Activities (1)	Austin Energy	Austin Water Utility	Airport	Nonmajor Enterprise
Buildings and improvements	5-40		15-50	15-40	12-40
Plant and equipment	5-50		5-60	4-50	5-40
Vehicles	3-20	3-15	3-20	3-20	3-30
Electric plant		3-50			
Non-electric plant		3-30	_		
Communication equipment	7-15		7	7	7
Furniture and fixtures	12		12	12	12
Computers and EDP equipment	3-7		3-7	3-7	3-7
Nuclear fuel		(2)			
Water rights			101		
Infrastructure					
Streets and roads	30				
Bridges	50				
Drainage systems	50				
Pedestrian facilities	20				
Traffic signals	25				***

- (1) Includes internal service funds
- (2) Nuclear fuel is amortized over units of production

Depreciation of assets is classified by functional component. The City considers land, arts and treasures, and library collections to be inexhaustible; therefore, these assets are reported as nondepreciable. The true value of arts and treasures is expected to be maintained over time and, thus, is not depreciated. The initial investment of library collections for each library is capitalized. All subsequent expenditures related to the maintenance of the collection (replacement of individual items) are expensed, with the overall value of the collection being maintained, and therefore, not depreciated.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, the City recognizes a gain or loss on the disposal of assets when it retires or otherwise disposes of capital assets.

Water rights represent the amortized cost of a \$100 million contract, net of accumulated amortization of \$17.8 million, between the City and the Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA) for a fifty-one year assured water supply agreement, with an option to extend another fifty years. The City and the LCRA entered into the contract in 1999. The asset amortization period is 101.25 years.

Regulatory Assets -- In accordance with accounting for regulated operations, certain utility expenses that do not currently require funding are recorded as assets and amortized over future periods if they are intended to be recovered through future rates. These expenses include unrealized gain/loss on investments, debt issuance costs, pension, other postemployment benefits, interest, decommissioning, and pass-through rates, such as the Power Supply Adjustment charge, Community Benefit charge, and Regulatory charge. Regulatory Assets will be recovered in these future periods by setting rates sufficient to provide funds for the requirements. If regulatory assets are not recoverable in future rates, the regulatory asset will be subject to write off. Retail deregulation of electric rates in the future may affect the City's current accounting treatment of its electric utility revenues and expenses

e -- Financial Statement Elements, continued

Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources -- Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of net position that are applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows have a positive effect on net position, similar to assets. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position that have a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities.

The following chart reflects the activities included in deferred outflows and inflows (in thousands).

		Deferred	Outflows	Deferred	d Inflows
Activities	Category and explanation	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Derivative instruments	Deferred outflows or inflows. Derivative instruments are reported in the statement of net position at fair value. Changes in fair value of hedging derivative instruments are recognized through the application of hedge accounting as either deferred outflows or inflows in the statement of net position, as an offset to the related hedging derivative instrument.	\$	61,919		1,863
Gain/loss on debt refundings	Deferred outflows or inflows. When debt is refunded, the associated gains (deferred inflows) or losses (deferred outflows) are recognized as deferred outflows or inflows of resources and amortized over future periods.	22,664	105,607		245
Regulated operations	Deferred inflows. In accordance with accounting for regulated operations, certain credits to income are held as deferred inflows of resources until the anticipated matched charge is incurred. These credits include unrealized gain/loss on investments, contributions, interest, decommissioning, and pass-through rates.				1,023,936
Service concession arrangements	Deferred inflows. The resources related to the service concession arrangements that will be recognized as revenue in future years over the terms of arrangements between the City and the operators are reported as deferred inflows of resources.		-	1,174	189,161
Pensions	Deferred outflows or inflows. Differences between estimated and actual investment earnings, changes in actuarial assumptions, and differences between projected and actual actuarial experience may be treated as either deferred outflows or inflows. Contributions made to the pension systems between the Plans' measurement date (December 31) and the City's fiscal year end (September 30) are recognized as deferred outflows.	337,178	175,145	5,054	
	Total	\$ 359,842	342,671	6,228	1,215,205

The governmental funds' statements include amounts recognized as deferred inflows of resources as a result of property taxes, other taxes, and certain revenues (\$22.8 million) that are not available to liquidate current liabilities in the funds. These amounts will be recognized in the period these amounts become available.

Compensated Absences -- The amounts owed to employees for unpaid vacation, exception vacation, and sick leave liabilities, including the City's share of employment-related taxes, are reported on the accrual basis of accounting in the applicable business-type activity columns of the government-wide statements and in the proprietary activities of the fund financial statements. The liabilities and expenditures are reported on the modified accrual basis in the governmental fund financial statements; the estimated liability in governmental funds is the amount of unused vacation, exception vacation, and sick leave eligible for payout upon termination for employees that terminated by the fiscal year end.

e -- Financial Statement Elements, continued

Accumulated leave payouts are limited to the lower of actual accumulated hours or the hours listed below:

	Work- week	Non-Sworn Employees (1)	Sworn Police (2)	Sworn Fire (3)	Sworn EMS (4)
Vacation	0-40	240	240	240	240
	42	N/A	N/A	N/A	270
	48	N/A	N/A	N/A	309
	53	N/A	N/A	360	N/A
Exception vacation (5)	0-40	160	160	176	206
	42	160	N/A	N/A	206
	48	160	N/A	N/A	206
	53	N/A	N/A	264	N/A
Sick leave	0-40	720	1,400	720	720
	42	N/A	N/A	N/A	756
	48	N/A	N/A	N/A	864
	53	N/A	N/A	1,080	N/A
Compensatory time (6)		120	120	120	120

- (1) Non-sworn employees are eligible for accumulated sick leave payout if hired before October 1, 1986.
- (2) Sworn police employees with 12 years of actual service are eligible for accumulated sick leave payout. As of January 1, 2011, officers may be eligible to receive up to 1,700 hours of sick leave if certain criteria are met.
- (3) Sworn fire employees are eligible for accumulated sick leave payout regardless of hire date.
- (4) Sworn EMS employees with 12 years of actual service are eligible for accumulated sick leave payout if certain criteria are met.
- (5) Exception vacation hours are hours accumulated by an employee when the employee works on a City holiday.
- (6) Employees may earn compensatory time in lieu of paid overtime; maximum payout is 120 hours for all employees.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) -- The City provides certain health care benefits for its retired employees and their families as more fully described in Note 8. At September 30, 2017, the City's total actuarial accrued liability for these retiree benefits was approximately \$2.0 billion. The City funds the costs of these benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Long-Term Debt -- The debt service for general obligation bonds and other general obligation debt (including loans), issued to fund general government capital projects, is paid from tax revenues, interfund transfers, and intergovernmental revenues. Such general obligation debt is reported in the government-wide statements under governmental activities.

The debt service for general obligation bonds and other general obligation debt issued to finance proprietary fund capital projects is normally paid from net revenues of the applicable proprietary fund, although such debt will be repaid from tax revenues if necessary. Such general obligation debt is shown as a specific liability of the applicable proprietary fund, which is appropriate under generally accepted accounting principles and in view of the expectation that the proprietary fund will provide resources to service the debt.

Revenue bonds issued to finance capital projects of certain enterprise funds are to be repaid from select revenues of these funds. Note 6 contains more information about pledged revenues by fund. The corresponding debt is recorded in the applicable fund.

The City has certain contractual commitments with several municipal utility districts (MUDs) for the construction of additions and improvements to the City's water and wastewater system that serve the MUDs and surrounding areas. These additions and improvements are funded by other tax supported debt, whose principal and interest are payable primarily from the net revenues of Austin Water Utility.

For proprietary funds and for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, the City defers and amortizes gains and losses realized on refundings of debt and reports both the new debt as a liability and the related deferred loss (gain) amount as deferred outflows (or deferred inflows) of resources on the statement of net position. Austin Energy and Austin Water Utility recognize gains and losses on debt defeasance in accordance with accounting for regulated operations.

e -- Financial Statement Elements, continued

Other Long-Term Liabilities -- Capital appreciation bonds are recorded at net accreted value. Annual accretion of the bonds is recorded as interest expense during the life of the bonds. The cumulative accretion of capital appreciation bonds, net of principal and interest payments on the bonds, is recorded as capital appreciation bond interest payable.

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs -- Municipal solid waste landfill costs and the liability for landfill closure and postclosure costs are reported in Austin Resource Recovery, a nonmajor enterprise fund.

Operating Revenues -- Revenues are recorded net of allowances, including bad debt, in the government-wide and proprietary fund-level statements. The funds listed below report revenues net of bad debt expense, as follows (in thousands):

	l Debt pense
Austin Energy	 4,862
Austin Water Utility	815
Airport	191
Nonmajor Enterprise	886

Electric, water, and wastewater revenue is recorded when earned. Customers' electric and water meters are read and bills rendered on a cycle basis by billing district. Electric rate schedules include a fuel cost adjustment clause that permits recovery of fuel costs in the month incurred or in future months. The City reports fuel costs on the same basis as it recognizes revenue. Unbilled revenue is recorded in Austin Energy by estimating the daily power generation and allocating by each billing district meter read dates as of September 30, 2017. The amount of unbilled revenue recorded, as of September 30, 2017, was \$27.8 million. Austin Water Utility records unbilled revenue as earned based upon the percentage of October's billing that represented water usage through September 30, 2017. The amount of unbilled revenue reported in accounts receivable as of September 30, 2017 was \$17.1 million for water and \$14.4 million for wastewater.

Revenues are also recorded net of discounts in the government-wide and proprietary fund-level statements. Discounts are offered as incentives geared towards generating additional revenue in the form of new or expanded business, or to encourage events with a significant economic impact, as well as expedient event planning. The funds listed below report revenues net of discounts, as follows (in thousands):

	Disc	ounts
Airport	\$	1,035
Nonmajor Enterprise		2,574

Interfund Revenues, Expenses, and Transfers -- Transactions between funds that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the governmental unit are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved, such as billing for utility services. Transactions between funds that constitute reimbursements for expensions or expenses are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense in the fund that is reimbursed. Transfers between funds are reported in the operations of governmental and proprietary funds. In the government-wide statement of activities, the effect of interfund activity has generally been removed from the statements. Exceptions include the chargeback of services, such as utilities or vehicle maintenance, and charges for central administrative costs. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues of the various functions reported. The City recovers indirect costs that are incurred in the Support Services Fund, which is reported as an internal service fund. Indirect costs are calculated in a citywide cost allocation plan or through indirect cost rates, which are based on the cost allocation plan.

Intergovernmental Revenues, Receivables, and Liabilities -- Intergovernmental revenues and related receivables arise primarily through funding received from Federal and State grants. Revenues are earned through expenditure of money for grant purposes. Intergovernmental liabilities arise primarily from funds held in an agency capacity for other local governmental units.

e -- Financial Statement Elements, continued

Federal and State Grants, Entitlements, and Shared Revenues -- Grants, entitlements, and shared revenues may be accounted for within any City fund. The purpose and requirements of each grant, entitlement, or shared revenue are analyzed to determine the appropriate fund statement and revenue category in which to report the related transactions. Grants, entitlements, and shared revenues received for activities normally recorded in a particular fund may be accounted for in that fund, provided that applicable legal restrictions can be satisfied.

Revenues received for activities normally accounted for within the nonmajor governmental fund groupings include: Federal grant funds, State grant funds, and other special revenue grant funds. Capital grants restricted for capital acquisitions or construction, other than those associated with proprietary type funds, are accounted for in the applicable capital projects funds. Revenues received for operating activities of proprietary funds or revenues that may be used for either operations or capital expenses are recognized in the applicable proprietary fund.

Fund Equity -- Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that demonstrate the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The governmental fund type classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable:</u> The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either (a) not in spendable form, such as inventories and prepaid items, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: The portion of fund balance that is restricted to specific purposes due to constraints placed on the use of resources that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitution provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed:</u> The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by an ordinance, the highest level action taken, adopted by the City Council. An equal action (ordinance) must be enacted to rescind the commitment. The City Council is the highest level of decision making authority.

Assigned: The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the City's intent to use for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Under the City charter, the City Manager is authorized to assign individual amounts up to \$58,000 in fiscal year 2017 to a specific purpose. This amount is updated annually based on the most recently published federal government, Bureau of Labor Statistics Indicator, Consumer Price Index (CPI-W U.S. City Average) U.S. City Average.

<u>Unassigned:</u> The portion of fund balance that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes; only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

e -- Financial Statement Elements, continued

The constraints placed on the fund balances of the General Fund and the nonmajor governmental funds are presented below (in thousands):

			Nonmajor Governmental				
	Gen	eral	Special	Debt	Capital		
	Fu	nd	Revenue	Service	Projects	Permanent	Total
Nonspendable							
Inventory	\$	28					28
Prepaid items		699				••	699
Permanent funds		-				1,070	1,070
Total Nonspendable		727				1,070	1,797
Restricted							
Municipal court services			2,173				2,173
Police special purpose			7,714				7,714
Fire special purpose			49				49
Transportation, planning, and sustainability			218				218
Public health services			241				241
Parks services			2,111				2,111
Library services			1,930			1	1,931
Tourism programs		**	19,676				19,676
Affordable housing programs		-	32,321	••		~~	32,321
Urban growth programs			9,251				9,251
Capital construction					114,310		114,310
Debt service				24,587			24,587
Total Restricted			75,684	24,587	114,310	1	214,582
Committed							
Parks services			5,673				5,673
Affordable housing programs			738				738
Urban growth programs			34,241				34,241
Total Committed			40,652	**			40,652
Assigned							
General government services		177					177
Municipal court services		391					391
Police special purpose	!	5,627	39				5,666
Fire special purpose		619				••	619
EMS special purpose		2,172					2,172
Transportation, planning, and sustainability		61	10				71
Public health services		5,699	32				5,731
Parks services		543	156				699
Library services		698	6				704
Tourism programs			98				98
Affordable housing programs		205	4,344				4,549
Urban growth programs	1:	3,426	6,241				19,667
Capital construction					98,766		98,766
Total Assigned	2	9,618	10,926		98,766		139,310
Unassigned	14	1,469	(2,542)		(22,827)		116,100
Total Fund Balance	\$ 17	1,814	124,720	24,587	190,249	1,071	512,441

Restricted resources -- If both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first and unrestricted resources as needed. In governmental funds, unrestricted resources would be utilized in order from committed to assigned and finally unassigned.

Budget stabilization -- By formal action of City Council, the General Fund maintains two reserve funds: an emergency reserve and a budget stabilization reserve. These reserves are part of unassigned fund balance for the General Fund. As of September 30, 2017, the emergency reserve maintains a balance of six percent of total General Fund requirements, or \$58.2 million, and the budget stabilization reserve reports a balance of \$76 million. The funds in the budget stabilization reserve may be appropriated to fund capital or other one-time costs, but such appropriation should not exceed one-third of the total amount in the reserve.

e -- Financial Statement Elements, continued

Cash and Cash Equivalents -- For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and cash equivalents to be currency on hand, cash held by trustee, demand deposits with banks, and all amounts included in pooled investments and cash accounts. The City considers the investment pool to be highly liquid, similar to a money market mutual fund.

Pensions -- For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's three pension plans and additions to/deductions from each plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability, pension expenses, and long-term deferrals are allocated to funds based on actual contributions by fund during the corresponding measurement period with the exception of the internal service funds, which are presented in governmental activities in the government-wide statements (see Note 7).

Risk Management -- The City is exposed to employee-related risks for health benefits and workers' compensation, as well as to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; fraud; and natural disasters. The City is self-insured for legal liabilities, workers' compensation claims, and employee health benefits.

The City does not participate in a risk pool but purchases commercial insurance coverage for property loss or damage, commercial crime, fidelity bonds, airport operations, and contractors working at selected capital improvement project sites (see Note 14).

Austin Energy has established an energy risk management program. This program was authorized by City Council and led by the risk oversight committee. Under this program, Austin Energy enters into futures contracts, options, and swaps to reduce exposure to natural gas and energy price fluctuations. For additional details see Note 9.

f -- Comparative Data

Governments are required to present comparative data only in connection with Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). Comparative data has been utilized within the MD&A to help readers more fully understand the City's financial statements for the current period.

g -- Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2 - POOLED INVESTMENTS AND CASH

The following summarizes the amounts of pooled investments and cash by fund at September 30, 2017 (in thousands):

	Pooled Investments and Cash				
	Unrestricted	Restricted			
General Fund	\$ 170,879				
Nonmajor governmental funds	335,784				
Austin Energy	398,583	97,865			
Austin Water Utility	187,932	145,121			
Airport	7,514	656,769			
Nonmajor enterprise funds	339,984	30,172			
Internal service funds	152,918	4,447			
Fiduciary funds	4,183				
Subtotal pooled investments and cash	1,597,777	934,374			
Total pooled investments and cash	\$ 2,532,151	•			

3 - INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS

a - Investments

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the City to invest its funds under a written investment policy (the "Investment Policy") that primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity; addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity; and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. The Investment Policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policy, which excludes certain investment instruments allowed under Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

The City's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the Investment Policy, which is approved annually by the City Council. The Investment Policy includes a list of authorized investment instruments, a maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment, and the maximum average dollar weighted maturity allowed for pooled fund groups. In addition, it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each fund's investment options and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification, and yield. Additionally, the soundness of financial institutions in which the City will deposit funds is addressed.

The City Treasurer submits an investment report each quarter to the investment committee. Members of the Investment Committee include the Chief Financial Officer (as chair), the City Treasurer (as vice chair), Assistant Treasurer over Investment Management, Assistant Treasurer over Debt Management, the City Controller, a public sector investment expert, a Financial Advisor's representative, a representative from Austin Energy, a representative from the Austin Water Utility, and a representative from the Law Department. The report details the investment position of the City and the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to both the adopted investment strategy statements and Texas state law.

The City is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments if they meet the guidelines of the investment policy

- 1. Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 2 Direct obligations of the State of Texas;
- 3. Other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 4. Obligations of other states, cities, counties, or other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent:
- 5. Bankers' acceptances, so long as each such acceptance has a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of its issuance, will be liquidated in full at maturity, are eligible collateral for borrowing from a Federal Reserve Bank, and are accepted by a domestic bank whose short-term obligations are rated at least A-1, P-1, or the equivalent by a nationally recognized credit rating agency or which is the largest subsidiary of a bank holding company whose short-term obligations are so rated:
- 6 Commercial paper with a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of its issuance that is either rated not less than A-1, P-1, or the equivalent by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies or is rated at least A-1, P-1, or the equivalent by at least one nationally recognized credit rating agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state thereof;
- 7. Collateralized repurchase agreements having a defined termination date and described in more detail in the Investment Policy;
- 8. Certificates of deposit issued by depository institutions that have a main office or branch office in Texas that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor or as further described in the Investment Policy.
- 9. Share certificates issued by a depository institution that has a main office or branch office in Texas;
- 10. Money market mutual funds;
- 11. Local government investment pools (LGIPs); and
- 12. Securities lending program.

The City did not participate in any reverse repurchase agreements or security lending arrangements during fiscal year 2017.

All City investments are insured, registered, or held by an agent in the City's name; therefore, the City is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The City participates in TexPool/TexPool Prime, TexasDAILY, TexStar, and Lone Star (collectively referred to as the LGIPs). The State Comptroller oversees TexPool/Texpool Prime, with Federated Investors managing the daily operations of the pool under a contract with the State Comptroller. Although there is no regulatory oversight over TexasDAILY, an advisory board consisting of participants or their designees maintains oversight responsibility for TexasDAILY. PFM Asset Management LLC manages the daily operations of TexasDAILY under a contract with the advisory board. JPMorgan Investment Management, Inc. and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. serve as co-administrators for TexStar under an agreement with the TexStar board of directors. First Public, LLC serves as the administrator of Lone Star under an agreement with Lone Star's board of directors.

a -- Investments, continued

The City invests in LGIPs to provide its liquidity needs. The LGIPs were established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Code. The LGIPs are structured like money market mutual funds and allow shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. In addition, interest rates are adjusted on a daily basis, and the funds seek to maintain a constant NAV of \$1.00, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. The LGIPs are rated AAAm and must maintain a dollar weighted average maturity not to exceed a 60-day limit. At September 30, 2017, TexPool, Texpool Prime, TexasDAILY, TexStar, and Lone Star had a weighted average maturity of 37 days, 51 days, 35.6 days, 27 days, and 21 days, respectively. The City's LGIP investments are not subject to limitations, penalties, or restrictions on withdrawals outside emergency conditions that make the sale of assets or determination of fund NAV not reasonably practical, and therefore, the City considers holdings in these funds to have an effective weighted average maturity of one day.

Certain external investment pools and pool participants have an option to measure these investment pools at amortized cost rather than fair value if certain criteria are met. All City LGIPs are qualifying pools for these purposes. TexPool, Texpool Prime, TexasDAILY and Lone Star opted to report at amortized cost, while TexStar measures their investments at fair value.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2017:

- U.S. Treasury securities of \$377 million are valued using other observable inputs, including but not limited to, model
 processes, benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings, and matrix pricing (Level 2 inputs).
- U.S. Agency securities of \$1.5 billion are valued using other observable inputs, including but not limited to, model
 processes, benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings, and matrix pricing (Level 2 inputs).

As of September 30, 2017, the City presented Money Market Funds of \$68.5 million, LGIPs of \$1,014 million valued using amortized cost, and LGIP's of \$251 million valued using NAV.

The following table includes the portfolio balances of all non-pooled and pooled investments of the City at September 30, 2017 (in thousands):

(SSSS, 195).	Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total	
Non-pooled investments:						
Local Government Investment Pools	\$	23,694	310,024		333,718	
Money Market Funds		1,773	62,833	3,863	68,469	
US Treasury Notes			17,984		17,984	
US Agency Bonds			293,513		293,513	
Total non-pooled investments		25,467	684,354	3,863	713,684	
Pooled investments:						
Local Government Investment Pools		244,263	685,651	1,539	931,453	
US Treasury Notes		94,171	264,341	593	359,105	
US Agency Bonds		321,451	902,293	2,051	1,225,795	
Total pooled investments		659,885	1,852,285	4,183	2,516,353	
Total investments	\$	685,352	2,536,639	8,046	3,230,037	

Concentration of Credit Risk

At September 30, 2017, the City of Austin was exposed to concentration of credit risk since it held investments with more than five percent of the total investment portfolio balances of the City in securities of the following issuers (in millions): Federal Farm Credit Bank (\$433 7 or 13%), Federal Home Loan Bank (\$353.8 or 11%), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (\$378.7 or 12%), and Federal National Mortgage Association (\$353.1 or 11%).

a -- Investments, continued

The risk exposures for governmental and business-type activities, individual major funds, nonmajor funds in the aggregate, and fiduciary fund types of the City are not significantly greater than the deposit and investment risk of the primary government. The Investment Policy segregates the portfolios into strategic categories including:

- 1. Operating funds excluding special project funds,
- 2. Debt service funds.
- 3. Debt service reserve funds, and
- 4. Special project funds or special purpose funds.

The City's credit risk is controlled by complying with the Investment Policy, which includes qualification of the brokers and financial institutions with whom the City will transact, sufficient collateralization, portfolio diversification, and maturity limitations.

b -- Investment Categories

As of September 30, 2017, the City had the following investments in each of these strategic categories (in thousands):

Investment Type by Category		ernmental ctivities	Business- type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total	Weighted Average Maturity
Operating funds						
Local Government Investment Pools	\$	244,263	685.651	1,539	931,453	1
US Treasury Notes	•	94,171	264,341	593	359,105	259
US Agency Bonds		321,451	902,293	2,051	1,225,795	491
Total Operating funds		659,885	1,852,285	4,183	2,516,353	
Debt service funds			1,002,200		2,0.0,000	
General Obligation Debt Service						
Local Government Investment Pools		23,694			23.694	1
Utility (1)		20,00				
Local Government investment Pools			113,549		113,549	1
Airport			, , , , ,			•
Local Government Investment Pools			32,494		32,494	1
Nonmajor Enterprise-Convention Center			02,70		0.2,10	
Local Government Investment Pools			11,163		11,163	1
Total Debt service funds		23,694	157,206		180,900	•
Debt service reserve funds		25,034	107,200		100,300	
Utility (1)						
Local Government Investment Pools			41,394		41,394	1
Money Market Funds			1,214		1,214	i
Airport			1,214		1,214	1
Local Government Investment Pools			39,513		39,513	1
Nonmajor Enterprise-Convention Center			39,313		39,313	1
Local Government Investment Pools			13,305		13,305	1
			95.426		95,426	
Total Debt service reserve funds			95,426		95,426	
Special projects/purpose funds						
Austin Energy Strategic Reserve Local Government Investment Pools			31,233		31,233	1
			31,233		31,233	•
US Treasury Notes US Agency Bonds			158,805		158,805	927
• •						921
Total Austin Energy Strategic Reserve	77-7-		190,038		190,038	
Austin Energy Nuclear Decommissioning Trust Funds	(אט	•	04.000		04.000	
Money Market Funds			61,232	~-	61,232	1
US Treasury Notes			17,984		17,984	526
US Agency Bonds			134,708		134,708	598
Total Austin Energy NDTF			213,924		213,924	
Special Projects - Utility Reserve (1)						
Local Government Investment Pools			27,296		27,296	1
Special Projects - Airport Construction						
Local Government Investment Pools			77		77	1
Special Purpose Funds - Investments Held by Trustee	;					
Money Market Funds		1,773	387	3,863	6,023	1
Total Special projects/purpose funds		1,773	431,722	3,863	437,358	
Total funds	\$	685,352	2,536,639	8,046	3,230,037	

(1) Includes combined pledge debt service

b -- Investment Categories, continued

Credit Risk

At September 30, 2017, City funds held investments in LGIPs and Money Market Funds rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's, short-to-medium term U.S. Agency bonds rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's, and the remaining investments in Treasury securities, which are direct obligations of the U.S. government.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Operating Funds

At September 30, 2017, the operating funds held investments with more than five percent of the total portfolio in securities of the following issuers (in millions): Federal Farm Credit Bank (\$418.8 or 17%), Federal Home Loan Bank (\$279.2 or 11%), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (\$298.9 or 12%), and Federal National Mortgage Association (\$228.8 or 9%).

Special Projects or Special Purpose Funds

At September 30, 2017, the Austin Energy Strategic Reserve Fund held investments with more than five percent of the total in securities of the following issuers (in millions): Federal Farm Credit Bank (\$14.9 or 8%), Federal Home Loan Bank (\$34.8 or 18%), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (\$44.9 or 24%), and Federal National Mortgage Association (\$64.2 or 34%).

At September 30, 2017, the NDTF held investments with more than five percent of the total in securities of the following issuers (in millions): Federal Home Loan Bank (\$39.7 or 19%), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (\$34.9 or 16%), Federal National Mortgage Association (\$60.1 or 28%).

Interest Rate Risk

Operating Funds

As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities will not exceed the lesser of a dollar weighted average maturity of 365 days or the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds. Quality short-to-medium term securities should be purchased, which complement each other in a structured manner that minimizes risk and meets the City's cash flow requirements. Three years is the maximum period before maturity.

At September 30, 2017, less than half of the Investment Pool was invested in AAAm rated LGIPs, with the remainder invested in short-to-medium term U.S. Agency and Treasury obligations. Term limits on individual maturities did not exceed three years from the purchase date The dollar weighted average maturity of all securities was 277 days, which was less than the threshold of 365 days

Debt Service Funds

Investment strategies for debt service funds have as the primary objective the assurance of investment liquidity adequate to cover the debt service obligation on the required payment date. As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, securities purchased cannot have a stated final maturity date which exceeds the debt service payment date.

Debt Service Reserve Funds

Investment strategies for debt service reserve funds have as the primary objective the ability to generate a dependable revenue stream to the appropriate debt service fund from securities with a low degree of volatility. Except as may be required by bond ordinance specific to an individual issue, securities should be of high quality, with short-term to intermediate-term securities.

Special Projects or Special Purpose Funds

As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy requires that investment maturities in this category not exceed the anticipated cash flow requirements of the funds.

Special Purpose Funds - Austin Energy Strategic Reserve Fund

At September 30, 2017, the portfolios held investments in TexPool, U.S. Treasury, and U.S. Agency obligations with maturities that will meet anticipated cash flow requirements and an overall dollar weighted average maturity of 775 days.

Special Purpose Funds - Austin Energy Nuclear Decommissioning Trust Funds (NDTF)

As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, the Investment Policy for the NDTF portfolios requires that the dollar weighted average maturity, using final stated maturity dates, shall not exceed seven years, although the portfolio's weighted average maturity may be substantially shorter if market conditions so dictate. At September 30, 2017, the dollar weighted average maturity was 421 days.

b -- Investment Categories, continued

Special Purpose Funds - Investments Held by Trustee

Investment objectives for these special purpose funds have as the primary objective the safety of principal and assurance of liquidity adequate to cover construction expense draws. As a means of minimizing risk of loss due to interest rate fluctuations, funds are being held in overnight money market funds.

c -- Investment and Deposits

Investments and deposits portfolio balances at September 30, 2017, are as follows (in thousands):

	Governmental Activities		,		Total	
Non-pooled investments and cash	\$	37,078	690,510	3,863	731,451	
Pooled investments and cash		661,206	1,855,994	4,183	2,521,383	
Total investments and cash		698,284	2,546,504	8,046	3,252,834	
Unrestricted cash		64	730		794	
Restricted cash		11,547	5,426	_	16,973	
Pooled investments and cash		661,206	1,855,994	4,183	2,521,383	
Investments		25,467	684,354	3,863	713,684	
Total	\$	698,284	2,546,504	8,046	3,252,834	

A difference of \$10.8 million exists between portfolio balance and book balance, primarily due to deposits in transit offset by outstanding checks.

Deposits

The September 30, 2017 carrying amount of deposits at the bank and cash on hand are as follows (in thousands):

		rnmental tivities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash	-			
Unrestricted	\$	64	62	126
Restricted			4,951	4,951
Cash held by trustee				
Unrestricted			668	668
Restricted		11,547	475	12,022
Pooled cash		1,321	3,709	5,030
Total deposits	\$	12,932	9,865	22,797

All bank accounts were either insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or its agents in the City's name at September 30, 2017.

4 - PROPERTY TAXES

The City's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. The adjusted assessed value for the roll as of January 1, 2016, upon which the 2017 levy was based, was \$125.371,654,656

Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 levy date. During the year ended September 30, 2017, 99.50% of the current tax levy (October 1, 2016) was collected. The statutory lien date is January 1.

The methods of property assessment and tax collection are determined by Texas statutes. The statutes provide for a property tax code, countywide appraisal districts, a State property tax board, and certain exemptions from taxation, such as intangible personal property, household goods, and family-owned automobiles.

The appraisal of property within the City is the responsibility of the Travis Central Appraisal District, the Williamson Central Appraisal District, and the Hays Central Appraisal District. The appraisal districts are required under the Property Tax Code to assess all real and personal property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100% of its appraised value and are prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The value of property within the appraisal district must be reviewed every two years; however, the City may require more frequent reviews of appraised values at its own expense. The Travis Central Appraisal District and the Hays Central Appraisal District have chosen to review the value of property in their respective districts every two years, while the Williamson Central Appraisal District has chosen to review the value of property on an annual basis. The City may challenge appraised values established by the appraisal district through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

The City is authorized to set tax rates on property within the city limits. However, if the effective tax rate, excluding tax rates for bonds, certificates of obligation, and other contractual obligations, as adjusted for new improvements and revaluation, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8%, State statute allows qualified voters of the City to petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate increase to no more than 8%.

The City is permitted by Article XI, Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. Under the City charter, a limit on taxes levied for general governmental services, exclusive of payments of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, has been established at \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation. A practical limitation on taxes levied for debt service of \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation is established by state statute and City charter limitations. Through contractual arrangements, Travis, Williamson, and Hays Counties bill and collect property taxes for the City.

The tax rate to finance general governmental functions, other than the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, for the year ended September 30, 2017, was \$0.3399 per \$100 assessed valuation. The tax rate for servicing the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 was \$0.1019 per \$100 assessed valuation. The City has a tax margin for general governmental purposes of \$0.6601 per \$100 assessed valuation, and could levy approximately \$82,757,829,238 in additional taxes from the assessed valuation of \$125,371,654,656 before the legislative limit is reached.

The City has reserved a portion of the taxes collected for lawsuits filed by certain taxpayers against the appraisal districts challenging assessed values in the government-wide financial statements.

5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Governmental Activities

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	_Increases_(1)_	Decreases (1)	Balance
Depreciable capital assets				
Building and improvements	\$ 887,946	125,941	(29)	1,013,858
Plant and equipment	259,566	11,993	(6,701)	264,858
Vehicles	135,121	13,432	(6,928)	141,625
Infrastructure	2,693,713	154,485		2,848,198
Total depreciable capital assets	3,976,346	305,851	(13,658)	4,268,539
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building and improvements	(336,626)	(25,965)	11	(362,580)
Plant and equipment	(185,325)	(20,708)	6,010	(200,023)
Vehicles	(85,556)	(11,181)	6,771	(89,966)
Infrastructure	(1,111,913)	(78,139)	 _	(1,190,052)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,719,420)	(135,993) (2)	12,792	(1,842,621)
Depreciable capital assets, net	2,256,926	169,858	(866)	2,425,918
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land and improvements	373,974	8,256	(3,069)	379,161
Arts and treasures	9,357	845		10,202
Library collections	17,610	557		18,167
Construction in progress	240,575	113,383	(238,312)	115,646
Total nondepreciable assets	641,516	123,041	(241,381)	523,176
Total capital assets	\$ 2,898,442	292,899	(242,247)	2,949,094

⁽¹⁾ Increases and decreases do not include transfers (at net book value) between Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 6,238
Public safety	14,909
Transportation, planning and sustainability	60,520
Public health	1,570
Public recreation and culture	17,329
Urban growth management	23,828
Internal service funds	 11,599
Total increases in accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 135,993

⁽²⁾ Components of accumulated depreciation/amortization increases:

Business-type Activities: Total

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows (in thousands):

	-	Beginning Balance	Increases	(1) Decreases (1)	Ending Balance
Depreciable capital assets				(1)	
Building and improvements	\$	2,502,842	197,421		2,700,263
Plant and equipment		3,792,162	130,848	(5,544)	3,917,466
Vehicles		213,653	13,350	(6,146)	220,857
Electric plant		4,804,559	130,936	(16,124)	4,919,371
Non-electric plant		215,306	6,110	(183)	221,233
Nuclear fuel		362,713	13,672		376,385
Water rights		100,000			100,000
Total depreciable capital assets		11,991,235	492,337	(27,997)	12,455,575
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization fo	r				
Building and improvements		(726,981)	(57,839)	2	(784,818)
Plant and equipment		(1,471,191)	(102,618)	3,836	(1,569,973)
Vehicles		(132,617)	(17,400)	4,978	(145,039)
Electric plant		(2,582,528)	(151,942)	13,157	(2,721,313)
Non-electric plant		(71,087)	(9,106)	65	(80,128)
Nuclear fuel		(316,092)	(17,489)		(333,581)
Water rights		(16,791)	(987)		(17,778)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		(5,317,287)	(357,381)	(2) 22,038	(5,652,630)
Depreciable capital assets, net		6,673,948	134,956	(5,959)	6,802,945
Nondepreciable capital assets					
Land and improvements		650,508	25,723	(74)	676,157
Arts and treasures		4,081	17	` <u></u>	4,098
Construction in progress		341,154	501,410	(439,835)	402,729
Plant held for future use		23,115			23,115
Total nondepreciable assets		1,018,858	527,150	(439,909)	1,106,099
Total capital assets	\$	7,692,806	662,106	(445,868)	7,909,044

⁽¹⁾ Increases and decreases do not include transfers (at net book value) between Business-type Activities.

Business-type Activities:

Electric	\$ 180,419
Water	62,047
Wastewater	59,474
Airport	26,667
Convention	9,071
Environmental and health services	8,794
Public recreation	804
Urban growth management	 10,105
Total increases in accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 357,381

⁽²⁾ Components of accumulated depreciation/amortization increases:

Business-type Activities: Austin Energy

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Depreciable capital assets				
Vehicles	\$ 32,617	1,596	(1,061)	33,152
Electric plant	4,804,559	130,936	(16,124)	4,919,371
Non-electric plant	215,306	6,110	(183)	221,233
Nuclear fuel	362,713	13,672		376,385
Total depreciable capital assets	5,415,195	152,314	(17,368)	5,550,141
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for				
Vehicles	(25,234)	(1,882)	826	(26,290)
Electric plant	(2,582,528)	(151,942)	13,157	(2,721,313)
Non-electric plant	(71,087)	(9,106)	65	(80,128)
Nuclear fuel	(316,092)	(17,489)		(333,581)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(2,994,941)	(180,419) (1)	14,048	(3,161,312)
Depreciable capital assets, net	2,420,254	(28,105)	(3,320)	2,388,829
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land and improvements	64,511	229		64,740
Plant held for future use	23,115			23,115
Construction in progress	102,073	165,913	(143,856)	124,130
Total nondepreciable assets	189,699	166,142	(143,856)	211,985
Total capital assets	\$ 2,609,953	138,037	(147,176)	2,600,814

(1) Components of accumulated depreciation/amortization increases:

Current year depreciation	\$ 162,930
Current year amortization included in operating expense	17,489
Total increases in accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 180,419

Business-type Activities: Austin Water Utility

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance					Ending
			ln	creases	Decreases	Balance
Depreciable capital assets						
Building and improvements	\$	1,181,887		9,140		1,191,027
Plant and equipment		3,559,760		106,024	(1,335)	3,664,449
Vehicles		40,702		2,923	(1,042)	42,583
Water rights		100,000				100,000
Total depreciable capital assets		4,882,349		118,087	(2,377)	4,998,059
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for						
Building and improvements		(279,515)		(25,552)		(305,067)
Plant and equipment		(1,377,313)		(92,590)	75	(1,469,828)
Vehicles		(31,348)		(2,392)	949	(32,791)
Water rights		(16,791)		(987)	-	(17,778)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		(1,704,967)		(121,521) (1	1,024	(1,825,464)
Depreciable capital assets, net		3,177,382		(3,434)	(1,353)	3,172,595
Nondepreciable capital assets	-					
Land and improvements		230,923		447	(10)	231,360
Arts and treasures		103		8		111
Construction in progress		140,415		149,953	(72,895)	217,473
Total nondepreciable assets		371,441		150,408	(72,905)	448,944
Total capital assets	\$	3,548,823		146,974	(74,258)	3,621,539
(1) Components of accumulated depreciation/amort	ization i	increases:				
Water			\$	61,060		
Wastewater			•	59,474		
0				1		

Current year amortization 987

Water \$ 121,521 Total increases in accumulated depreciation/amortization

Business-type Activities: Airport

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Depreciable capital assets				
Building and improvements	\$ 984,905	181,652		1,166,557
Plant and equipment	29,256	7,114	(33)	36,337
Vehicles	14,385	1,391	(355)	15,421
Total depreciable capital assets	1,028,546	190,157	(388)	1,218,315
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building and improvements	(293,086)	(23,407)		(316,493)
Plant and equipment	(15,770)	(1,742)	25	(17,487)
Vehicles	(7,295)	(1,518)	298	(8,515)
Total accumulated depreciation	(316,151)	(26,667) (1) 323	(342,495)
Depreciable capital assets, net	712,395	163,490	(65)	875,820
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land and improvements	96,381			96,381
Arts and treasures	3,366	9		3,375
Construction in progress	66,194	129,545	(162,599)	33,140
Total nondepreciable assets	165,941	129,554	(162,599)	132,896
Total capital assets	\$ 878,336	293,044	(162,664)	1,008,716
(1) Components of accumulated depreciation	on/amortization increases:			

(1) Components of accumulated depreciation/amortization increases:

Current year depreciation \$

\$ 26,667