City of Hearne, Texas For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

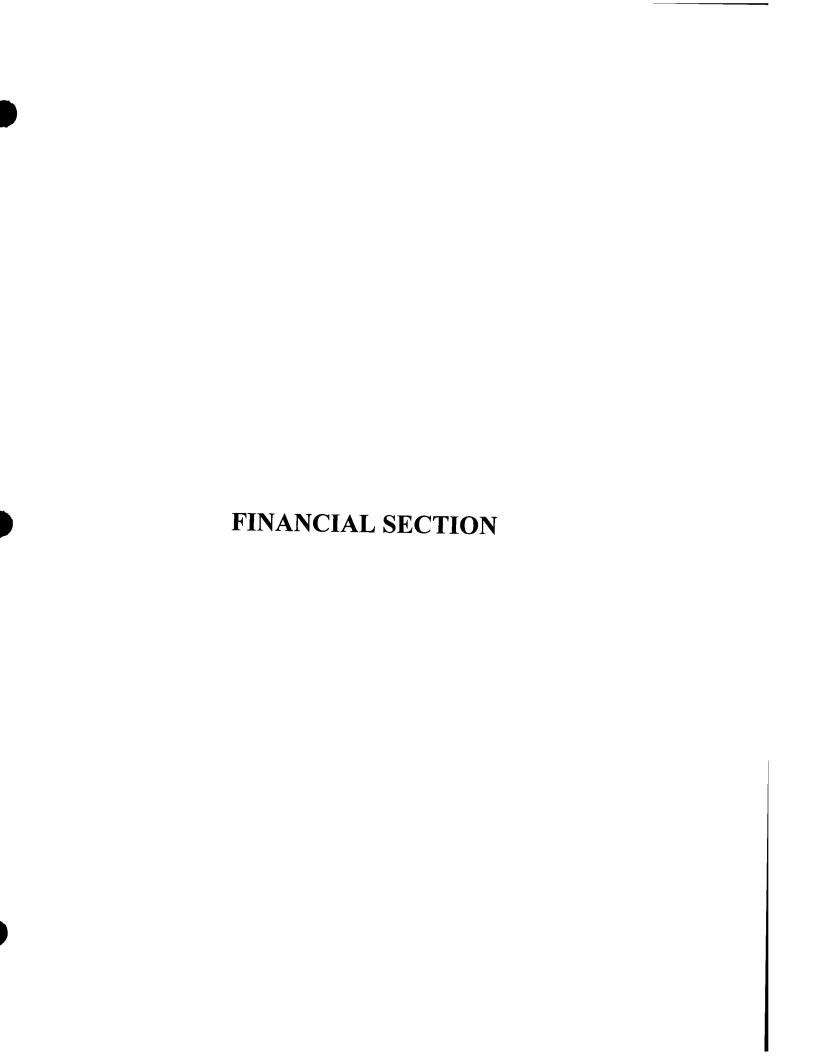
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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS/BUSINESS ADVISORS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hearne, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hearne, Texas, (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing a opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hearne, Texas, as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 to 9 and the Texas Municipal Retirement System analysis of funding progress on page 42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated February 16, 2015, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

College Station, Texas February 16, 2015 Seidel Schroeder

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of City of Hearne, Texas' annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

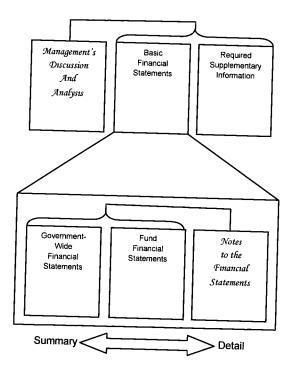
- The City's total combined Net Position was \$9,940,355 at September 30, 2014 This represents an increase of 1.8% in the Governmental Activities and 14.3% in Business Activities for an overall increase of 8.2%.
- During the year, the City's Expenses were \$817,748 less than the \$12,340,857 generated in taxes, charges for service and other revenues for Governmental and Business Activities. Comparatively, last year, the City's Expenses were \$1,266,162 less than revenues of \$12,280,978.
- In the City's Business Activities, Revenues Increased by 4.04%, to \$9,231,495. Expenditures also Increased by 6.43% to \$8.208.614.
- The Fund Balance Surplus in the General Fund remained static this year with a decrease of \$2,676 to \$905,804.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the City of Hearne's Annual Financial Report

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report contains the three required components of an annual financial statement-management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary Information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements

Figure A-2

		Fund Sta	ntements	
Type of Statements	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the city that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the city operates similar to private businesses self insurance	Instances in which the city is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
	*Statement of Net Position	*B alance Sheet	*Statement of Net Assests	*Statement of Fiduciary Ne Position
Required Financial Statements	*Statement of activities	*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balance	*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balance	*Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			*Statement of Cash Flows	
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of Asset / Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	used up and liabilites that	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term, the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	received during or soon after the end of the year,	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position, (the difference between the City's assets and liabilities), is one way to measure the City's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the City, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City's tax base.

The government-wide statements of the City include the <u>Governmental activities</u>. Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general administration, public safety, streets and bridges, buildings and grounds, and financial and professional. Property, sales and franchise taxes finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The City Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The City has the following types of funds:

- Governmental funds most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship) or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds.
 Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Table A-1 City's Net Position (In thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities 2014	2013	Business-type Activities 2014		Total	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	27.1	41.3	1,011.8	798.5	1.020.0	200.0
Receivables	488.5	477.3	1,410.6	1.476 5	1,038.9	839.8
Internal Balances	788.0	709 3	(788.0)	(709.3)	1,899.1	1,953.8
Inventories	-	-	154.3	124.9	154.0	404.0
Other Assets	63.8	17.5	35.8	16.3	154.3	124.9
Restricted Assets	172.5	251.2	586 O	375.6	99.6	33 8
Total Current Assets:	1,539.9	1,496.6	2,410.5	2,082.5	758 5 3,950.4	626 8 3,579.1
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital Assets	9,221.7	0.440.0				
Less Accumulated Depreciation	•	9,140.3	25,865.4	25,031.4	35,087.1	34,171.7
Total Noncurrent Assets	(5,128.1)	(4,998.4)	(14,382.9)	(13,673.9)	(19,511.0)	(18,672.3)
Total Assets	4,093.6	4,141.9	11,482.5	11,357.5	15,576 1	15,499 4
Total Assets	5,633.5	5,638 5	13,893 0	13,440.0	19,526.5	19,078.5
Deferred Outflows of Revenue						
Deferred Loss on Bond Refunding	-	_	192.0	206.3	192.0	200.0
Total Deferred Outflows of	-		192.0	206.3	192.0	206.3
•				200.0	192.0	206.3
Liabilities Due in Less Than One	r ear					
Accounts Payable	300.4	342.1	728 60	735 9	1,029 0	1,078.0
Accrued Liabilities	20.7	18.9	41.1	26.1	61.8	45.0
Deferred revenues				20.1	01.0	45.0
Customer Deposits	0.6	1.2	344.1	323.9	344.7	325.1
Due to component unit	-	_	600.3	504.5	600.3	504.5
Current Long-Term Debt	148.4	200 8	646 3	652.5	794.7	853.3
Total Current Liabilities	470.1	563.0	2,360.4	2,242.9	2,830.5	2.805.9
-					2,000.0	2,005.9
Liabilities Due in More Than One \	ear ear					
Compensated Absences	140 9	103.1	64.9	42.9	205.8	146.0
Bonds	-	-	-	-	200.0	140.0
Notes Payable	-	_	-	_	_	_
Capital Leases	413.9	445.4	1,548.0	1,694.9	1,961.9	2,140.3
Certificates of Obligation	-	-	4,780.0	5,070.0	4,780.0	5,070.0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	554.8	548.5	6,392 9	6,807 8	6,947.7	7,356.3
Total Liabilities	1,024.9	1,111.5	8,753.3	9,050.7	9,970.2	10.368.5
_					0,070.2	10,500.5
Net Position						
Invested in Capital Assets	3,531.3	3,495.7	4,508.2	4,146.5	8.039.5	7,642.2
Restricted	3 1	3.4	-	-	3.1	3.4
Unrestricted	1,074.2	1,027.9	823 5	449.1	1,897.7	1,477.0
Total Net Position	4,608.6	4,527.0	5,331.7	4,595.6	9,940.3	9,122.6
_						

The City's combined Net Position increased by \$817,748, or 9 0%, to \$9,940,355 at September 30, 2014. Comparatively, last year, the City's combined Net Position increased by \$1,266,162, or 16.1%. (See Table A-1)

The City's Net Position for Government Activities increased by 1.8% to \$4.6 million, up from \$4.5 million last year. Unrestricted net position (the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements) increased from \$1,027,887 to \$1,074,217 at September 30, 2014, up 4.5%.

The City's Net Position for Business Activities increased by 16.0% (up to \$5.3 million from \$4.6 million).

Table A-2
Changes in City's Net Position
(In thousands of dollars)

		nmental vities	Busines Activ		T -	1-1
	2014	2013	2014	2013	To 2014	aı 2013
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	416.3	207.0				
Operating grants	71.1	307.8	8,449.2	8,255.1	8,865 5	8,562.
Capital grants	29.6	62.8	-	-	71 1	62
General Revenues	29.0	33.3	462.3	317.5	491.9	350.
Ad Valorem Taxes	1,621 0	1.004.5				
Sales Tax	534 8	1,601.5	-	-	1,621.0	1,601
Franchise Taxes		431.9	-	-	534.8	431.
Hotel /Motel Occupancy Tax	94 1	88 6	-	-	94.1	88.0
Rentals	189.9	162.8	-	-	189.9	162.8
Interest Income	-	-	3.2	13.3	3.2	13.3
Gain/(loss) on Sale of Assets	0.2	0 5	1.1	1.6	1.3	2.
Other	40.5	203.0	-	(16 7)	40.5	186.3
	34.1	93.3	315.7	301 9	349.8	395.2
Total Revenues	3,031.6	2,985.5	9,231.5	8,872 7	12,263.1	11,858.2
rogram Expenses:						
General Government	717.3	715.0			-	-
Public Safety	1,240.9		-	-	717.3	715.0
Highw ays & Streets	430.7	1,331.7	-	-	1,240.9	1,331.7
Health & Welfare	73.1	448.6	-	-	430.7	448.6
Culture & Recreational	73.1 828 0	64.6	-	-	73.1	64.6
Interest on LT Debt		735 7	-	-	828.0	735.7
Enterprise Activities	24.5	11.0	-	-	24.5	11.0
Total Expenses		 .	8,208.6	7,708.3	8,208.6	7,708.3
- Star Expenses	3,314.5	3,306.5	8,208.6	7,708.3	11,523.1	11,014.9
Increase (Decrease) in Net						
Position Before Transfers	(282.9)	(321.0)	1,022.9	1 104 1		
	·,	(1.0)	1,022.3	1,164.4	740.0	843.3
Contributions Between Primary						
Government and Component Unit	11.7	353.4	66.0			
Transfers in (Out)	352.8	804.6	66.0	69.3	77.7	422.7
-		004.0	(352.8)	(804.6)		
Change in Net Position	81.6	837.1	736.1	429 1	0.47	
_			730.1	429 1	817.7	1,266.2
Net Position - Beginning —	4,527.0	3,689.9	4,595.6	4,166.5	9,122.5	7,856.4
Net Position - Ending	4,608.6	4,527.0	5,331,7	4,595.6	-,	1,000.4

Total Revenues for the City of Hearne were \$12,263,110, an increase of 3.41% The total cost of all programs and services increased by \$508,293, or 4.61% to \$11,523,109, over last year's total of \$11,014,816. Overall, Net Position increased by \$817,748, or 9.0% to \$9,940,355.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the City's Governmental Activities increased modestly by 1.54%, or \$46,066, remaining basically static. The cost of all Governmental Activities also remained static with an increase of only \$7,979 to \$3,314,495, up from last year's total of \$3,306,516.

Business Activities

Revenues for the City's business activities increased by 3.89% this year (\$9,231,495 compared to \$8,872,729 for last year). Expenses increased by 6.09% this year (\$8,208,614 compared to \$7,708,300 last year)

The City's management has been taking proactive steps to help with budgetary shortfalls. This is the 5th year that they have collected \$0.003 per kilowatt on electric sales, \$2.00 per water meter, and a sanitation administrative fee equal to approximately 16.9% (the fee varies based upon the size of garbage cart or dumpster) to strengthen the net position. They have also been collecting \$0.47 per 1,000 gallons of water sold to defray the cost of the annual water storage tank maintenance and inspections.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet within this audit report) reported a Governmental Fund Balance of \$949,387 which increased from last year's total of \$854,901.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the course of the year, the City revised its budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations which the 4A and the 4B Sales Tax Boards approved and agreed to pay for special projects. The second category involves unexpected revenue such as asset sales that management decided to use to cover a specific project or insurance proceeds that was used to repair the damages covered by the insurance proceeds. The third type includes amendments at the end of the year to cover any unforeseeable budget overruns.

Actual revenues were less than the finial budgeted amounts by \$22,483, with expenditures coming in \$52,265 less than expectations. Other financing sources (uses) fell short of budget by \$62,090.

Sales tax revenues exceeded the original budget amount by \$183,259. Revenues from fines exceeded the original budget amount by \$102,777.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Table A-3 City's Capital Assets (In thousands of dollars)

	Govern Activ		Busine: Activ	ss-type vities	То	4-1
<u>-</u>	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	iai 2013
Capital Assets		_				
Land Construction in Progress Buildings and Improvements Improvements Other than Buildings Equipment Vehicles Furniture and Office Equipment	393 1 164 7 5,184.1 1,124.3 886.9 1,388.7 80 0	363.4 159.9 5,301.9 1,040.1 878.2 1,391.7 5.2	61.6 664.8 1,328.9 - 200 6 364 4 308 7	61.6 45.7 1,318.0 - 178.1 325.7 308.7	454.7 829.5 6,513.0 1,124.3 1,087.5 1,753.1	425.0 205.6 6,619.9 1,040.1 1,056.3 1,717.4
Airport	-	-	-	300.7	388.7	313.9
Distribution and Collection Systems Totals at Historical Cost	-		22,936.4	22,793.7	22,936.4	- 22,793 7
. otalo at i istoricai cost	9,221.8	9,140.4	25,865.4	25,031.5	35,087.2	34,171.9
Total Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets	(5,128.1)	(4,998.4)	(14,382.9)	(13,673.9)	(19,511.0)	(18,672.3)
	4,093.7	4,142.0	11,482.5	11,357 6	15,576.2	15,499.6

At the end of 2014, the City had invested \$35,087,059 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, roads, bridges, equipment and vehicles, electric lines, water lines, sewer lines, and waste water treatment facilities. (See Table A-3) This amount represents an increase of \$915,322, a 2.68% increase from last year.

This year's major additions included (in thousands):

- o commentar		
Expenses for Downtown Education / Civic Center CopSync Computers for Police Cars New Server for Police Department 7.409 acres Hwy 485 Telephone Audio Recorder for Police Department Grappler Truck from City of Bryan	4A & 4B 4B & City Budget City Budget Land Donated From Hearne Industrial Park City Budget Equipment Loan From First Star Bank	4.8 64.2 10.6 29.6 8.7 32.5

New Eastside Pavilion New Northside Pavilion Replace Roof on Fire Station Pave Norwood Cemetery to Oak Pave Railroad Street / Milam Street Pave Apt St/Colorado Eastside Playground Equipment Northside Playground Equipment Little League Playground Irrigation System for Softball Field	4B & City Budget 4B & City Budget	40 3 40.3 5.2 31.1 31.0 22.2 11.0 11.0 13.5 7.0
Business-Type Activities Pressure Tanks for Humble Water System Install 3,300 LF Line for Explorer Pipeline Final Engineering Expenses for 12" Water Line 200 Radio Read Water Meter Heads-Bethany 500 kva Pad Mount Transformer-Nursing Home 3 Phase Pad Mount Transformer - ECMD Airport Fuel Tank Installation - Final Grant Expenses Infrastructure for New Nursing Home Infrastructure for ECMD DPS Building Airport Perimeter Fence Airport - Refurbish 3 Hangers Airport - Upgrade Ceilometer Part of AWOS New Engine in International Bucket Truck New Chevrolet Pickup for Public Works Director	City Budget 4A, 4B, Customer Contribution TX Capital Funds Grant City Budget TX Capital Funds Grant, 4A, & 4B TX Capital Funds Grant, 4A, & 4B TXDOT Airport Development Grant & City Budget TX Capital Funds Grant, 4A, & 4B TX Capital Funds Grant, 4A, & 4B TX Capital Funds Grant, 4A, & 4B Bank Loan, 4A, & 4B TXDOT Airport Development Grant & City Budget City Budget City Budget City Budget Equipment Loan From First Star Bank	7.0 59.5 26 2 17.0 8.1 26.0 5.7 122 1 27.8 60.9 408.3 8 1 22.6 14.6 24.1

Table A-4 City's Long-Term Debt (In thousands of dollars)

	Governi Activ 2014	rties	Busines Activ	ities	Tot	al	Change
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2013 - 2014
Long Term-Debt Bonds Notes Payable Leases Payable Total Long-Term Debt	117.0 445.3 562.3	137.4 508.8 646.2	5,070.0 209.4 1,694.8	5,355.0 236.8 1,825.6	5,070.0 326.4 2,140.1	5,355.0 374.2 2,334.4	(285 0) (47 8) (194.3)
Total Long Term Dept	302.3	040 2	6,974.2	7,417.4	7,536.5	8,063.6	(527.1)

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the City had \$7,536,538 in Long Term Debt outstanding. This included \$5.07 million in bonds payable. This compares to \$5.36 million in bonds outstanding last year and is a 5.32% reduction in these debt instruments. (See Table A-4)

Standard & Poor's upgraded the City's bond rating of bbb- to A- on March 12, 2010 and again upgraded the rating again from A- to A on November 5, 2010. These actions were taken due to significant improvement in the City's financial condition. It is unusual for a bond rating to be raised twice in such a short time. The City is proud of this accomplishment. There has been no change in the bond rating since this recent upgrade. The Bonds were reissued in March 2011 with a total savings of approximately \$355,000 and present value savings of approximately \$275,000.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2014-2015 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. One of those factors is the economy. The City of Hearne has experienced notable commercial growth for a city with a population of less than 5,000

Over the past five years, two hotels, an upscale restaurant, a large truck stop, and a new bank have been built. A new medical facility has been built and placed in operation. Two related truss manufacturing plants have purchased an existing, dormant facility and have completed two full year of operations. The two truss concerns have employed around 45-50 employees

In addition to the Humble Water System which was given to the City of Hearne in 2012, the City began operating the Bethany Water System during 2013 and is in the process of transferring ownership. This adds a few new customers to our ETJ.

A new Nursing Home purchased land from the City during Fiscal Year 2013-2014 and has almost completed construction on their new facility in the City which will house an Assisted Living Unit as well as a Skilled Nursing Unit. They expect to employ between 60 and 80 people.

A molding and trim manufacturer purchased an abandoned Door Manufacturing Plant, renovating it to transform the facility into a trim manufacturing facility and warehouse. They have the warehouse operation up and running at full capacity. They will be moving at least part of their manufacturing operations here in the near future.

A propane distributor has completed their new storage facility and has been operating for several months. This is the second propane company to place a facility here in Hearne.

The Texas Department of Public Safety arranged for the City to build a facility to be leased to the DPS for a Commercial Driver License Testing Facility to Hearne. This facility is expected to be complete around February to March of 2015.

These new businesses broaden not only the tax base for property taxes, but also provide many new jobs for the citizens, but also provide a reason for people to move to Hearne and become citizens. Other businesses continue to show interest in relocating to Hearne. This growth is also evident with small, locally owned businesses as well

In 2013, the City of Hearne was awarded a \$750,000 TDRA "Capital Funds" Grant to upgrade the infrastructure, i.e., water lines, electric lines, sewer, city streets, and drainage to accommodate the new Nursing Home and Assisted Living Facility. The City also was awarded another Texas Capital Funds Grant in the amount of \$325,000 to assist in upgrading the infrastructure for the molding and trim warehouse. The work on both of these grants are nearing completion.

Also, the City received a \$577,000 Airport Development grant was obtained through TX DOT to build a game-proof perimeter fence around the airport. The work on this project is also nearing completion.

After taking all factors into consideration, the City adopted a \$12.8 million budget for Fiscal Year 2014-2015. Broken down, this is \$3.9 million for the General Fund and \$9.0 million for the Enterprise Fund. This compares to the final budget of \$3.9 million and \$8.3 million respectively for fiscal year 2013-2014. This new budget is a 0.0% increase for the General Fund and 8.5% increase for the Enterprise

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Department.

City of Hearne, Texas Statement of Net Position September 30, 2014

			Prım	ary Governme	nt			Compo	nent (Jnits
Assets	_	overnmental Activities	B	usiness-Type Activities		Total	E Dev	Hearne conomic relopment rporation	Inf Im	Hearne rastructure/ provement orporation
Cash and equivalents	\$	27,124	\$	1,011,831	ď	1.020.052				
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	Ψ	27,124	Φ	1,011,831	\$	1,038,955	\$	-	\$	-
Taxes		419,228		-		419,228		51,089		51.000
Accounts		69,262		1,364,715		1,433,977		31,089		51,089
Grant		· -		45,913		45,913		•		-
Internal balances		788,016		(788,016)		=		-		-
Due from primary government		-		(788,010)		-		-		-
Inventory		_		154,293		154 202		321,575		278,768
Other assets		63,798				154,293		-		-
Restricted assets		05,770		35,817		99,615		5,299		-
Cash and equivalents Investments		172,549		585,988		758,537		378,611		402,109
Capital assets		_		-		-		141,868		-
Non-depreciable		557,744		726 402						
Depreciable, net				726,402		1,284,146		-		-
Total assets		3,535,818		10,756,068		14,291,886		<u> </u>		
		5,633,539		13,893,011		19,526,550		898,442		731,966
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred loss on bond refunding		<u>-</u>		192,045		192,045				
Total deferred outflows of resources				192,045		192,045				-
Liabilities										
Bank overdraft										
Accounts payable		-		81,062		81,062		-		-
Salaries payable		224,305		581,459		805,764		-		7,750
State tax payable		76,142		41,785		117,927		-		_
Due to component unit		-		24,349		24,349		_		_
Accrued liabilities		-		600,343		600,343				
		20,685		41,070		61,755		_		_
Deposits		600		344,060		344,660		_		
Liability for compensated absences						,				
Due in more than one year		140,906		64,936		205,842				_
Non-current liabilities						,				-
Due within one year		148,368		646,277		794,645		_		
Due in more than one year		413,900		6,327,993		6,741,893		_		-
Total liabilities		1,024,906		8,753,334		9,778,240				7.750
Net Position						>,770,210		-		7,750
Net investment in capital assets destricted for		3,531,294		4,508,200		8,039,494		-		-
Police department		3,122		_		2 122				
Economic development		-,		-		3,122	_	-		<u> </u>
Inrestricted	_	1,074,217		823,522		1,897,739	8	98,442		724,216
otal net position		4,608,633	<u> </u>		•					
		.,500,055	┷—	3,331,122	\$	9,940,355	\$ 8	98,442	<u> </u>	724,216

City of Hearne, Texas Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Net (Expenses) Revenues

		Ы	Program Revenues	S		Ne	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	nues	
		ı			М	Primary Government	nt		Component Units
		rees, rines	,					Hearne	Hearne
		and	Operating	Capital				Economic	Infrastructure/
	Ē	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Busmess-type		Development	Improvement
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Corporation	Corporation
	\$ 717.282	\$ 19116	02959	30,636	(0)0 (0)	6		4	
	1 240 917	357,027	2,070	050,52	(002,000)	ı 0	\$ (602,860)	S	- -
	117,014,1	120,100	2,032		(880,838)	•	(880,858)	•	
	430,003				(430,665)	•	(430,665)		
	73,086	į	2,427		(70,659)	•	(429 02)		
	828,037	40,191			(787 846)		(767 645)		•
	24.508	•	٠		(975,675)		(040,040)	•	
	3 314 405	115 224	007	100	(54,500)		(24,508)		
	0,014,410,0	410,334	/1,129	29,636	(2,797,396)		(2,797,396)	•	
	754 655	1 220 004							
	100,400	1,220,024		,	•	465,439	465,439		
	2,868,021	5,779,020	٠		•	(89,001)	(89,001)		•
	785,109	735,861	•	89,362		40.114	40 114	,	
	659,850	611,752		•	,	(48 098)	(48 008)	1	•
	140,979	102,519		372,908		334.448	334 448	1 1	•
	8,208,614	8,449,246		462,270	,	702,902	702 902		
	11,523,109	8,865,580	71,129	491,906	(2,797,396)	702 902	(2 094 494)		
						•			
Hearne Economic Development Corporation	112,901		•	ı				(112 901)	
Hearne Infrastructure/Improvement Corporation	76,930	,	,						(76 930)
	\$ 189,831	\$						(112,901)	(76 930)
									(2000)

General revenues						
Taxes						
Property taxes	1,620,964	•	1,620,964			ı
Sales taxes	534,759	•	534.759	265 940		020 596
Gross receipts	94,112	•	94 117	047,503		667,007
Hotel/motel occupancy	189,898	•	189.898	•		•
Rentals		3,233	3,233	•		
Investment earnings	194	1.073	1,267	1 118		543
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	40,500	20	40.520	21,1		740
Miscellaneous	34,089	315 653	349 742	' '		•
Contributions between primary government	•		1			
and component unit	11.747	000 99	747 77	(027 1/0)		17.002
Transfers	352,812	(352,812)	,	(0/1/4/)		17,023
Total general revenues and transfers	2,879,075	33,167	2,912,242	172.288		283 504
Change in net position	81,679	736,069	817.748	59 387		206 \$74
Net position at beginning of the year before restatement	4,526,954	4,663,888	9,190,842	839.055		517.642
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, Note 1P	•	(68,235)	(68,235)			2 1
Net position at end of year	\$ 4,608,633	\$ 5,331,722	\$ 9.940.355	\$ 898 442	S	724.216

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

City of Hearne, Texas Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2014

Assets		General		Total Nonmajor Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and equivalents	\$	27,124	\$	_	\$	27.124
Receivables:		,	Ψ	_	Ф	27,124
Taxes		401,585		17,643		419,228
Accounts		69,262		-7,0.5		69,262
Due from other funds		756,125		32,226		788,351
Other assets		63,798		-,220		63,798
Restricted assets		-,				03,798
Cash		124,376		48,173		172,549
Total assets				10,175		172,349
1.17		1,442,270		98,042	_\$	1,540,312
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	c	150 101	_			
Salaries payable	\$	170,181	\$	54,124	\$	224,305
Accrued liabilities		76,142		-		76,142
Deposits		20,685		-		20,685
Due to other funds		600		-		600
				335		335_
Total liabilities		267,608		54,459		322,067
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		268,858				268,858
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid expenses		(2.500				
Restricted for		63,798		-		63,798
Debt service		2 167				
Court security		2,167 83,809		-		2,167
Court technology		13,286		-		83,809
Fire truck		25,114		-		13,286
Child safety fund		32,479		-		25,114
Police		-		3,122		32,479
Unassigned reported in.				3,122		3,122
General fund		685,151		_		685,151
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund		-		40,461		40,461
Total fund balances		905,804		43,583		949,387
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1	,442,270	\$		<u> </u>	1,540,312

City of Hearne, Texas Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds September 30, 2014

Fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 949,387 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds: Governmental capital assets 9,221,650 Less accumulated depreciation (5,128,088)4,093,562 Deferred tax revenues reported in the governmental funds are recognized as revenues for the governmental activities. 268,858 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current year and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. (703,174)

4,608,633

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities

City of Hearne, Texas Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		General]	Total Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues						1 111100
Taxes						
Property	\$	1,631,580	\$	-	\$	1,631,580
Sales		534,759		_		534,759
Gross receipts		94,112		-		94,112
Hotel/motel occupancy		-		189,898		189,898
Intergovernmental		-		5,459		5,459
Licenses and permits		19,116		´ -		19,116
Property rentals		40,191		_		40,191
Fines		357,027		_		357,027
Investment income		170		25		195
Private contributions		65,670				65,670
Miscellaneous		23,965	. <u>-</u>	10,000		33,965
Total revenues		2,766,590		205,382		2,971,972
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		653,993		_		653,993
Public safety		1,113,408		3,689		1,117,097
Highways and streets		329,231		-,		329,231
Health and welfare		73,086		_		73,086
Culture and recreation		562,651		104,931		667,582
Capital outlay		333,215		101,231		333,215
Debt service		700,210				333,213
Principal		136,080		_		136,080
Interest and fiscal charges		24,508		_		24,508
Total expenditures		3,226,172		108,620		3,334,792
Evene (defining) - f	_	3,220,172		100,020		3,334,192
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(459,582)		96,762		(362,820)
Other financing sources (uses)						(302,020)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		40.500				40.500
Proceeds from long term debt		40,500		-		40,500
Contributions from component unit		52,247		-		52,247
Contributions to component unit		73,337		-		73,337
Transfers in		(61,590)		-		(61,590)
Transfers out		1,316,036 (963,624)		400		1,316,436 (963,624)
Total other financing sources (uses)		456,906		400		457,306
Net change in fund balances		(2,676)		97,162		94,486
Fund balances at beginning of year		908,480		(53,579)		854,901
Fund balances at end of year	\$	905,804	\$	43,583	<u> </u>	949,387
•		200,001		15,565	-	777,301

City of Hearne, Texas

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

et changes in fund balances - total governmental fund	s		\$ 94,48
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the are different because:	Statement of Activities	S	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as exp	enditures. However, in		
the Statement of Activities, the costs of these asso	ets is allocated over		
their estimated useful lives and reported as depre-	ciation expense This		
is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded current period:	depreciation in the		
Expenditures for capital assets	\$	333,215	
Depreciation of capital assets	J.	,=-:	
	_	(411,201)	(77,98
The net effect of various miscellaneous transaction	ns involving conital con		
trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position	ns mvorving capital ass	sets (i.e., sales,	
, see not position			29,63
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do no	t provide overent finan	-1-1	
not reported as revenues in the funds and are instead	ad deferred. This areas	cial resources are	
the net change in unavailable tax revenue.	ad deterred. This amor	unt represents	
the formation			(10,616
The issuance of long-term debt provides current fin	nancial rasources +	. 10	
while the repayment of the principal of long-term of the government of the principal of long-term of	debt consumes the	vernmental funds,	
of the governmental funds. This amount is the net	effect of these differen	ent financial resources	
of long-term debt and related items.	criect of these differen	ces in the treatment	
			83,957
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activity	ties do not monetic at		
of current financial resources and, therefore, are no	t included so	ise	
in governmental funds.	i metaded as expenditu	ires	
_			(37,798)
ge in net position of governmental activities		_	
- F or governmental activities		•	\$ 81,679

City of Hearne, Texas General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Taxes Property Sales Gross receipts Licenses and permits Property rentals Fines Investment income Private contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay Debt service	\$ 1,648,366 351,500 63,500 6,000 41,000 254,250 425 3,000 15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349 346,888	Final \$ 1,635,341 534,759 94,113 19,116 41,600 343,200 425 95,306 25,213 2,789,073 \$ 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178 329,961	\$ 1,631,580 534,759 94,112 19,116 40,191 357,027 170 65,670 23,965 2,766,590 \$ 54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408 329,231	\$ (3,761 (1,409 13,827 (255 (29,636 (1,248 (22,483) 2,108 2,545 (6,626) 930 (1,043) 8,385 (155) 8,230
Taxes Property Sales Gross receipts Licenses and permits Property rentals Fines Investment income Private contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	351,500 63,500 6,000 41,000 254,250 425 3,000 15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	534,759 94,113 19,116 41,600 343,200 425 95,306 25,213 2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	534,759 94,112 19,116 40,191 357,027 170 65,670 23,965 2,766,590 54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	(1,409 13,827 (255 (29,636 (1,248 (22,483 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Property Sales Gross receipts Licenses and permits Property rentals Fines Investment income Private contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	351,500 63,500 6,000 41,000 254,250 425 3,000 15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	534,759 94,113 19,116 41,600 343,200 425 95,306 25,213 2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	534,759 94,112 19,116 40,191 357,027 170 65,670 23,965 2,766,590 54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	(1,409 13,827 (255 (29,636 (1,248 (22,483 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Sales Gross receipts Licenses and permits Property rentals Fines Investment income Private contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	351,500 63,500 6,000 41,000 254,250 425 3,000 15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	534,759 94,113 19,116 41,600 343,200 425 95,306 25,213 2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	534,759 94,112 19,116 40,191 357,027 170 65,670 23,965 2,766,590 54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	(1,409 13,827 (255 (29,636 (1,248 (22,483 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Gross receipts Licenses and permits Property rentals Fines Investment income Private contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	63,500 6,000 41,000 254,250 425 3,000 15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	94,113 19,116 41,600 343,200 425 95,306 25,213 2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	94,112 19,116 40,191 357,027 170 65,670 23,965 2,766,590 54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	(1,409 13,827 (255 (29,636 (1,248 (22,483 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Licenses and permits Property rentals Fines Investment income Private contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	6,000 41,000 254,250 425 3,000 15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	19,116 41,600 343,200 425 95,306 25,213 2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	19,116 40,191 357,027 170 65,670 23,965 2,766,590 54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	(1,409 13,827 (255 (29,636 (1,248 (22,483 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Property rentals Fines Investment income Private contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	41,000 254,250 425 3,000 15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	41,600 343,200 425 95,306 25,213 2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	40,191 357,027 170 65,670 23,965 2,766,590 54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	13,827 (255 (29,636 (1,248 (22,483 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Fines Investment income Private contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	254,250 425 3,000 15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	343,200 425 95,306 25,213 2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	357,027 170 65,670 23,965 2,766,590 54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	13,827 (255 (29,636 (1,248 (22,483 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Investment income Private contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	425 3,000 15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	425 95,306 25,213 2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	(255 (29,636 (1,248 (22,483 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Private contributions Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	3,000 15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	95,306 25,213 2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	(29,636 (1,248 (22,483 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	15,100 2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	25,213 2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	23,965 2,766,590 54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	(1,248 (22,483 2,108 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Total revenues Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	2,383,141 49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	2,789,073 52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	2,766,590 54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	2,108 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Expenditures Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	49,479 221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	52,467 219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	54,575 222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	2,108 2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Current General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
General government Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Legislative Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Executive Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	221,476 274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	219,771 236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	222,316 230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Finance Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	274,219 156,465 701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	236,805 145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	230,179 146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	2,545 (6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Court Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	1,045,817 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	145,993 655,036 1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	(6,626 930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Total general government Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	701,639 1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	146,923 653,993 1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	930 (1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Public safety Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	1,045,817 147,532 1,193,349	1,004,094 101,084 1,105,178	1,012,479 100,929 1,113,408	(1,043 8,385 (155 8,230
Police Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	147,532 1,193,349	101,084 1,105,178	100,929	8,385 (155 8,230
Fire Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	147,532 1,193,349	101,084 1,105,178	100,929	(155 8,230
Total public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation	147,532 1,193,349	101,084 1,105,178	100,929	(155 8,230
Highways and streets Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	1,193,349	1,105,178	1,113,408	8,230
Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay				
Health and welfare Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	346,888	329,961	329,231	
Code enforcement Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay				(730)
Animal control Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay				
Total health and welfare Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	25,773	20,455	20,048	(407)
Culture and recreation. Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	57,582	53,143	53,038	(105
Library Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	83,355	73,598	73,086	(512)
Parks and recreation Total culture and recreation Capital outlay				
Total culture and recreation Capital outlay	158,303	148,624	148,242	(382)
Capital outlay	412,667	413,654	414,409	755
	570,970	562,278	562,651	373
Debt service	144,550	391,795	333,215	(58,580)
Principal	103,496	136,081	136,080	(1)
Interest	6,212	24,510	24,508	(2)
Total debt service	109,708	160,591	160,588	(3)
Total expenditures	3,150,459	3,278,437	3,226,172	(52,265)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(767,318)	(489,364)		
Other financing sources (uses)	(707,518)	(487,304)	(459,582)	29,782
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				
Proceeds from long term debt	-	40,500	40,500	-
Contributions from component unit	-	52,247	52,247	-
Contributions to component unit	-	-	73,337	73,337
Transfers in	1 476 272		(61,590)	(61,590)
Transfers out	1,476,272	1,389,874	1,316,036	(73,838)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(708,954)	(963,625)	(963,624)	1
	767,318	518,996	456,906	(62,090)
Net change in fund balances	-	29,632	(2,676)	(32,308)
rund balances at beginning of year		908,480	908,480	-
fund balances at end of year \$	908,480			\$ (32,308)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

City of Hearne, Texas Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2014

	Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor Fund Municipal Airport Fund	Total
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,011,831	\$ -	\$ 1.011.831
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,364,715		,,
Grants receivable	33,400		1,364,715 45,913
Inventory	127,928	26,365	154,293
Due from other funds	94,735	6,457	101,192
Other assets	30,348	5,469	· ·
Restricted cash	585,988	2,409	35,817 585,988
Total current assets	3,248,945	50,804	
Capital assets			3,299,749
Land			
Buildings and other improvements	61,634	-	61,634
Distribution and collection systems	286,985	1,041,931	1,328,916
Equipment	22,936,410	-	22,936,410
	840,405	33,276	873,681
Construction in progress	213,242	451,526	664,768
Loop commute to	24,338,676	1,526,733	25,865,409
Less. accumulated depreciation	(13,996,635)	(386,304)	(14,382,939)
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	10,342,041	1,140,429	11,482,470
Total non-current assets	10,342,041	1,140,429	11,482,470
Total assets	13,590,986	1,191,233	
Defended in the control of the contr			14,782,219
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred loss on bond refunding	192,045	_	192,045
Total deferred outflows of resources	192,045		
Liabilities	,5	-	192,045
Current liabilities			
Bank overdraft			
Accounts payable	81,062	-	81,062
Salaries payable	578,662	2,797	581,459
Sales tax payable	41,785	-	41,785
Accrued liabilities	24,349	-	24,349
Due to other funds	41,070	-	41,070
Due to component units	889,208	-	889,208
Customer deposits payable	600,343	-	600,343
Long-term debt, current	344,060	-	344,060
	646,277		646,277
Total current liabilities	3,246,816	2,797	3,249,613
Long-term liabilities.			
Long-term debt, net			
Liability for compensated absences	6,327,993	-	6,327,993
	64,936		64,936
Total long-term liabilities	6,392,929	<u> </u>	6,392,929
otal liabilities	9,639,745	2,797	9,642,542
et Position			
Net investment in capital assets	3,367,771	1 140 420	4.505
Unrestricted	775,515	1,140,429 48,007	4,508,200
otal net position		70,007	823,522
F	\$ 4,143,286	\$ 1,188,436 \$	5,331,722

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Hearne, Texas Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Onwest	Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor Fund Municipal Airport Fund	– Total
Operating revenues			
Charges for sales and services			
Water sales	\$ 1,220,0	94 \$ -	\$ 1,220,094
Electric sales	5,779,0	20 -	5,779,020
Sewer charges	734,00	61 -	734,061
Sanitation	611,75	52 -	611,752
Tap fees Rental fees	1,80	00 -	1,800
	3,23	33 29,315	32,548
Penalties	113,54		113,548
Miscellaneous revenue	202,10	05 73,204	275,309
Total operating revenues	8,665,61	102,519	8,768,132
Operating expenses:			
Wholesale utilities	4,957,18		
Water department	4,937,18 555,44		4,957,186
Electric department	421,19		555,442
Sewer department	386,97		421,191
Sanitation department	52,05		386,976
Administrative and billing	665,38		52,057
Airport	003,38.		665,383
Depreciation and amortization	673,780	- 91,446 0 49,533	91,446
Total operating expenses	7,712,015		723,313
Operating income (loss)	953,598		7,852,994
Nonoperating revenues (expense)		(38,400)	915,138
Intergovernmental			
Contributions from component unit	89,362	372,908	462,270
Investment income	-	66,000	66,000
Gain on disposal of capital assets	1,073	_	1,073
Interest expense	20	_	20
-	(355,620	<u> </u>	(355,620)
Total nonoperating revenues (expense)	(265,165) 438,908	173,743
Income before transfers	688,433	400,448	1,088,881
Transfers in	963,224	_	062.224
Transfers out	(1,316,036)		963,224 (1,316,036)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(352,812)	<u> </u>	(352,812)
Change in net position	335,621	400,448	736,069
Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported	3,875,900	787,988	4,663,888
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, Note 1P	(68,235)		(68,235)
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,143,286	\$ 1,188,436	\$ 5,331,722

City of Hearne, Texas Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor Fund Municipal Airport Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 8,695,052 (4,861,226) (2,105,111) 1,728,715	\$ 102,519 (91,501)	\$ 8,797,571 (4,952,727) (2,105,111)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	1,720,713	11,018	1,739,733
Increase in bank overdraft Transfers in	81,062	-	81,062
Transfers out	963,224	-	963,224
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	(1,316,036)		(1,316,036)
	(271,750)		(271,750)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			<u></u>
Acquisition of capital assets	(392,195)	(441,783)	(922.050)
Capital grants	154,137		(833,978)
Contributions from component unit	154,157	364,765	518,902
Interest paid	(353,180)	66,000	66,000
Principal payments	(465,861)	-	(353,180)
Proceeds of long term debt issuance	22,817	-	(465,861)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related		 -	22,817
financing activities	(1,034,282)	(11,018)	(1,045,300)
Cash flows from investing activities.			(1,043,500)
Interest on cash and investments	1,073		
Net increase in cash and equivalents		 -	1,073
	423,756	-	423,756
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year	1,174,063	_	1,174,063
Cash and equivalents, end of year	£ 1.505.011		1,174,003
	\$ 1,597,819	<u> </u>	1 ,597,819
Reconciliation of cash and equivalents:			
Unrestricted cash and equivalents	\$ 1,011,831	h	_
Restricted cash and investments	\$ 1,011,831 § 585,988	- 5	1,011,831
Total cash and equivalents	\$ 1,597,819	- -	585,988
			1,597,819

(continued)

City of Hearne, Texas Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

	Enterprise Fund		Nonmajor Fund Municipal Airport Fund		Total	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	953,598	\$	(38,460)	\$	915,138
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by operating activities		,	•	(30,100)	Ψ	713,136
Depreciation and amortization		673,780		49,533		723,313
Bad debt expense		72,968		-		72,968
Increase (decrease) in cash resulting from changes in assets and liabilities.		,				12,700
Accounts receivable		(63,684)		-		(63,684)
Inventory		(10,867)		(18,534)		(29,401)
Due from other funds		(57,200)		22,562		(34,638)
Other assets		(14,809)		(4,754)		
Accounts payable		(99,995)		671		(19,563)
Salaries payable		10,364		0/1		(99,324)
Sales tax payable		639		•		10,364
Accrued liabilities		12,518		-		639
Due to other funds		*		-		12,518
Due to component units		113,375		-		113,375
Customer deposits		95,830		-		95,830
Liability for compensated absences		20,155		-		20,155
		22,043		 .		22,043
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,728,715	\$	11,018	\$	1,739,733

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Hearne, Texas (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's more significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a home-rule city governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government, established by City charter. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Hearne Economic Development Corporation is a non-profit corporation created under Section 4A of the Development Corporation Act of 1979. The Corporation receives one-half of one percent of local sales tax collected, which is used to promote economic development within the City. The Corporation is governed by a Board of Directors that is appointed by the City Council.

The Hearne Infrastructure/Improvement Corporation is a non-profit corporation created under Section 4B of the Development Corporation Act of 1979. The Corporation receives one-half of one percent of local sales tax collected, which is used to promote economic development within the City. The Corporation is governed by a Board of Directors that is appointed by the City Council.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide financial statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The effect of interfund activity, other than interfund services provided and used within the governmental and business-type activities, has been removed from these statements. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a functional category (General Government, Public Safety, etc.) are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment; and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the city and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Other Governmental Funds

Other Governmental Funds is a summation of all of the non-major governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Fund

This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's utility systems, which include water, electric, sewer, and sanitation services.

Municipal Airport Enterprise Fund

This fund is a non-major enterprise fund, used to account for the operations of the City's municipal airport.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe *which* transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to *when* transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the *current financial resources* measurement focus or the *economic resources* measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a *current financial resources* measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary funds utilize an *economic resources* measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when *measurable and available*. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Property, sales, and gross receipt tax revenues of governmental funds are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Licenses and permits, charges for services, fines, contributions and miscellaneous revenues are

recorded when received in cash, as these revenues are not measurable and available until cash is received. Investment income is recorded as earned since it is measurable and available. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

The proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds include activities related to providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses that do not meet this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Budgets

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds, except Police Special fund, and proprietary funds. The budgets for all funds are prepared and adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, which is the same basis of accounting used for financial reporting in these financial statements. Budgets are adopted by passage of a budget ordinance. All annual budget appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Encumbrance accounting is a system under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The City does not employ encumbrance accounting as it feels its current system is adequate to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

E. Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Cash Flows, "Cash and cash equivalents" consists of cash on hand, amounts in demand deposit accounts and interest-bearing checking accounts, as well as certificates of deposits and investments with maturities of three months or less.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in time deposits of its designated depositories, U.S. Government Securities, and local government investment pools. Investments are carried at fair value. Interest income and changes in fair value are reported as investment income.

Cash equivalents include investments in the local government investment pool, TexSTAR. TexSTAR is privately managed, was organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act and is managed in compliance with the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The fair value of the investment pools approximates cost. The fair value of the City's position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

F. Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds," respectively, on the fund financial statements. Residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

G. Inventories

Inventories of enterprise funds are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

H. Restricted Assets

Amounts in governmental funds which are legally identified for specific purposes either by City ordinance or contractual obligation are reflected as restricted assets. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Amounts in proprietary funds restricted for Community Development Block Grant Program are also included as restricted assets.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds.

The City defines capital assets as assets with an estimated useful life greater than one year and an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more for land, machinery or equipment, buildings or improvements other than buildings. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if the actual historical cost is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Infrastructure assets (such as roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems) purchased before October 1, 2003 have not been capitalized and are excluded from capital assets of governmental activities.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net

Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	10-50 years
Infrastructure	10-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund at the time of acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation and sick leave. A liability for compensated absences that are attributable to services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the City and its employees is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits. Compensated absences that relate to future services or that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the City and its employees are accounted for in the period in which such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

In the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences that are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and fund liability in the fund that will pay for the compensated absences. Therefore, a liability for these amounts is recognized only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, compensated absences are accrued as incurred.

K. Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment for long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

L. Fund Equity

Government-wide statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Amounts restricted on the Statement of Net Position for Police Department and economic development are restricted by enabling legislation.

Fund statements

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned.

Classification of fund balances

The nonspendable fund balance includes the portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Resources not in spendable form include supplies inventories and prepaid items, long-term advances to other funds net of deferred interest revenue, long-term receivable net of deferred interest revenue, nonfinancial assets held for resale, and unrealized change in the fair value of investments.

Some resources are spendable but are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Such resources include the principal of an endowment.

The restricted fund balance includes net resources that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers (creditors, grantors, contributors), laws and regulations of other governments, or through enabling legislation. The enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources from external resource providers; those resources can be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. The City's revenue generated through enabling legislation includes municipal court fees.

The *committed* fund balance includes spendable net resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal Council actions, no later than the close of the fiscal year. Those constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources.

The assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Such intent should be expressed by the City Council or its designated officials to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed with no formal Council actions. The assigned fund balance is only reported in the General Fund.

The *unassigned* fund balance represents spendable net resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

Spending Prioritization in Using Available Resources

When both restricted resources and other resources (i.e., committed, assigned, and unassigned) can be used for the same purpose, the City budget considers restricted resources to be spent first.

When committed, assigned, and unassigned resources can be used for the same purpose, the flow assumption in the City budget is to spend in the sequence of committed resources first, assigned second, and unassigned last.

M. Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

N. Interfund Transfers

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions in expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

O. Post-employment Benefits

The City participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

P. New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

GASB Statement Number 65- Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." GASB 65 requires debt issuance costs to be recognized as an expense in the period incurred. Previously, these costs were amortized over the life of the related debt issuance. The implementation of GASB 65 resulted in the write-off of bond issuance costs resulting in a reduction of beginning net position of \$68,235.

Note 2. Legal Compliance - Budgets

In June of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager so that a budget may be prepared. The City Manager has ultimate responsibility for the budget and formulates the budget goals for the City under the direction of the City Council. The budget is prepared by fund, function, activity, and object, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

In compliance with the state's uniform budget law, the City Manager files the proposed budget with the City Secretary and City Council before the 30th day prior to the date the City adopts its tax levy for the fiscal year. Once filed, the proposed budget is available for inspection by the public. The City is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget not less than 15 days after the budget is filed with the City Secretary and prior to the date the Council makes the tax levy. The City publishes notice of the public hearing in the official newspaper not more than 30 days nor less than 10 days before the hearing. Once the hearing is concluded and before adopting the proposed budget, the Council may make any changes it considers warranted by law or in the best interest of the taxpayers. The annual operating budget is then adopted through passage of an annual budget ordinance. Upon approval by the Council, the annual budget document becomes a matter of public record which is available for use and inspection by all interested persons and organizations. It is filed with the City Secretary.

The legal level of budgetary control is the department. Therefore, expenditures may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the department level. Each department head, with the approval of the City Manager, can reclassify items within the department without approval of the Council. However, to amend the total of a department, a budget amendment enacted by City ordinance is required.

Expenditures/Expenses in Excess of Appropriations

Expenditures/expenses exceeded appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control by \$2,108 for the Legislative department, \$2,545 for Executive, \$930 for Court, \$8,385 for Police, and \$755 for Parks, totaling \$14,723 for the General Fund. Additionally, expenditure/expenses exceeded appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control by \$109 for the Electric department in the Enterprise Fund.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash pool that is available for use by the general, special revenue, and enterprise funds. At year end, several of the funds had overdrawn their share of funds in the pool. The amounts overdrawn are presented on the combined balance sheet as payables to other funds. The city conducts all its banking transactions with its depository bank, First Star Bank.

As of September 30, 2014, the City had investments in TexSTAR with maturities less than 60 days with a fair value of \$972,637. Additionally, the Hearne Economic Development Corporation held a certificate of deposit totaling \$141,868.

Interest rate risk

The investment policies of the City limit interest rate risk exposure by limiting investments primarily to certificates of deposits and local government investments pools.

Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City has a depository policy for custodial risk incorporated into its depository contract. Deposits of the City are insured or collateralized with securities held by the City, its agent, or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the City.

Credit risk

It is the government's policy to limit its investments to local government investment pools, TexSTAR, or certificates of deposit. As of September 30, 2014, the City had investments in local government investment pools and certificates of deposit. TexSTAR was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of September 30, 2014.

Note 4. Restricted Assets

At September 30, 2014, restrictions on cash and investments were as follows:

Code and I	Go	vernmental Funds	P	roprietary Funds	Ecc Deve	earne onomic lopment ooration	Infi Im	Hearne rastructure/provement orporation
Cash and Investments Restricted for:	_							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Hotel/motel expenditures	\$	44,716	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Police Special		3,457		-		_		_
Interest and sinking		2,167		556,423		_		
Fire trucks		25,114		_				-
Court security		83,809		_		_		-
Court technology		13,286				-		-
Community Development		13,200		-		-		-
Block Grant Program								
		-		510		-		-
Meter Sinking		-		29,055		-		-
Economic development						520,479		402,109
	\$	172,549	\$	585,988	\$	520,479	\$	402,109

Note 5. Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2014, consist of the following:

	Gove	rnmental Funds	Proprietary Fund		
Receivables:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$	298,791	\$	_	
Sales		102,794		-	
Hotel/motel occupancy		17,643		-	
Accounts		69,262		1,958,068	
Grants		-		45,913	
Less:				,	
Allowance for uncollectibles		-		(593,353)	
Net total receivables	\$	488,490	<u>\$</u>	1,410,628	

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of February 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable by January 31. After which time they become delinquent, and penalties and interest may be assessed by the City.

Note 6. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital asset activity during the year ended September 30, 2014:

		Beginning Balance		Additions/ Completions		Retirements/ Adjustments		Ending Balance	
Governmental activities						J	-	Datanee	
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$ 3	63,446	\$	29,636	\$	_	\$	393,082	
Construction in progress	1	59,862		4,800	*	_	Ψ	164,662	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		23,308		34,436			_	557,744	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings	5,3	01,895		128,166		246,000		5,184,061	
Improvements other than buildings		40,057		84,224		0,000		1,124,281	
Furniture and fixtures	,	5,171		74,790		_		79,961	
Vehicles	1.3	91,724		32,500		35,508			
Machinery and equipment		78,152		8,735		33,300		1,388,716	
Total at historical cost		16,999		328,415		201 500		886,887	
Less: accumulated depreciation for:	0,0	10,779		320,413		281,508		8,663,906	
Buildings	3.5	84,741		127.076		246,000		2 465 015	
Improvements other than buildings		98,423		127,076		246,000		3,465,817	
Furniture and fixtures	1:			93,610		-		292,033	
Vehicles		5,171		7,479		-		12,650	
Machinery and equipment		50,454		122,807		35,508		747,753	
Total accumulated depreciation		49,605		60,230				609,835	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		98,394		411,202		281,508		5,128,088	
Governmental activities capital assets, net		18,605		(82,787)				3,535,818	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,14	41,913	_\$	(48,351)			\$	4,093,562	
Business-type activities									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$ 6	61,634	\$		c		Φ	(1.60.4	
Construction in progress		15,718		619,050	\$	-	\$	61,634	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		7,352	_					664,768	
aspectated		77,332		619,050		-		726,402	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings and improvements	1,31	7,986		10,930		_	1	1,328,916	
Furniture and fixtures	30	8,691		· -		_		308,691	
Vehicles		5,659		38,698		_		364,357	
Distribution and collection systems		3,679		142,731		-	22	2,936,410	
Machinery and equipment		8,064		22,569		_	22	200,633	
Total at historical cost		4,079		214,928		-	25	5,139,007	
Less: accumulated depreciation for:		-,,,,						,139,007	
Buildings and improvements	51	7,001		60,883				577 004	
Furniture and fixtures		8,937		15,196		-		577,884	
Vehicles		2,482		29,741		-		264,133	
Distribution and collection systems	12,63		4	595,337		-	12	172,223	
Machinery and equipment		2,291	-			•	13	,228,477	
Total accumulated depreciation	13,67			7,931		-		140,222	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,25			709,088				,382,939	
Business-type activities capital assets, net				194,160) 24,800	•	-		,756,068	
The mention embituit assets, the	\$11,35	<i>1,30</i> 0	\$ 1	24,890	\$		\$11	,482,470	

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$	25 402
Public safety	Ф	25,493
Highways and streets		123,820
Culture and recreation		101,434
		160,455
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	411,202

Note 7. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool for its insurance and pays a quarterly premium to the Pool. The Pool is intended to be self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for excessive claims. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8. Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the City for the year ended September 30, 2014:

Governmental activities		Balance 9/30/13		dditions	Retirements	Balance 9/30/14		Due Within One Year		Long Term	
Lease payable - TYMCO Lease payable - Oshkosh Subtotal of leases payable	\$ —	475,595 508,831	\$	- 	\$ (33,236) (30,317) (63,553)		- 45,278 45,278	\$ 	31,378 31,378	\$	413,900 413,900
First Star Bank - Equipment Subtotal of notes payable	<u> </u>	137,394 137,394 646,225	<u> </u>	52,247 52,247 52,247	$\frac{(72,651)}{(72,651)}$ $\$ (136,204)$	11	16,990 16,990 52,268	<u>-</u>	116,990 116,990 148,368	<u> </u>	412 000
Business type activities Lease payable - Southside Lease payable - AEP Lease payable - Western Subtotal of leases payable 2011 General obligation refunding Subtotal of bonds payable First Star Bank - Equipment Subtotal of notes payable	\$ 	1,391,677 432,836 1,050 1,825,563 5,355,000 5,355,000 236,772 236,772 7,417,335	\$ 	- - - - - 22,817 22,817 22,817	\$ (98,175) (31,501) (1,050) (130,726) (285,000) (285,000) (50,156) (50,156) \$ (465,882)	\$1,29 40 1,69 5,07 5,07 20	3,502 11,335 - 4,837 0,000 0,000 9,433 9,433	\$	103,812 43,032 - 146,844 290,000 290,000 209,433 209,433 646,277	\$	1,189,690 358,303 - 1,547,993 4,780,000 4,780,000 - - 6,327,993

The annual aggregate maturities for each debt type for the years subsequent to September 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Business-type Activities						G	overnmenta	ıl Ac	tivities		
Year ending		Bonds Payable				Notes Payable			Notes Payable			
September 30	I	Principal		Interest		Principal In		Interest				nterest
2015	\$	290,000	\$	158,843	\$	209,433	\$	12,566	\$	116,990	\$	7,019
2016		300,000		151,213		-			,	_	Ψ	,,015
2017		305,000		145,310		_		_		_		_
2018		310,000		138,465		_		_		_		-
2019		325,000		130,598		-		_		_		-
2020-2024		1,805,000		495,059		_		_				-
2025-2029		1,735,000		139,213		_		_		_		-
	\$	5,070,000	\$	1,358,701	\$	209,433	\$	12,566	\$	116,990	\$	7,019
							=		==		===	

On March 1, 2011, the City issued \$5,905,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to refund its Combination Tax and Waterworks and Sewer System Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series, 2004, in advance of their maturities. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position.

During the year ended September 30, 2014, the following changes occurred in other long-term liabilities:

	Balance 9/30/13	raditions	Balance 9/30/14	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities				
Compensated absences	\$ 103,1	\$ 37,797	\$ 140,906	
Business type activities				
Compensated absences	\$ 42,8	\$ 22,043	\$ 64,936	_\$

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences for governmental activities, while the enterprise fund has been used to liquidate the liability for business-type activities.

Note 9. Leases

The City has entered into several lease agreements to finance the acquisition of vehicles and equipment and a lease agreement to finance the acquisition of an electric substation. These lease commitments qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of inception date.

The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

Asset Class	Governmental Activities			Business type Activities		
Vehicles	\$	507,985	\$			
Distribution and collection system		_	2	2,453,435		
Cost basis		507,985		2,453,435		
Less: Accumulated deprecation		(50,798)		(854,104)		
Total net asset	\$	457,187	\$ 1	,599,331		

The total future minimum lease payments and the net present value of these minimum payments as of September 30, 2014 were as follows:

Year ending September 30		vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities		
2015	\$	48,000	-\$	307,069	
2016		48,000	•	307,069	
2017		48,000		307,069	
2018		48,000		438,378	
2019		48,000		173,545	
2020-2024		240,000		807,484	
2025-2029		72,000		007,707	
Total minimum lease payments		552,000		2,340,614	
Less: Amount representing interest		(106,722)		(645,777)	
Present value of minimum payments	\$	445,278	\$	1,694,837	

Amortization expense is included in depreciation expense of the Enterprise fund.

Note 10. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables, all of which are considered short-term, at September 30, 2014, were as follows:

Name of Fund		Due from her funds	Due to other funds		
Governmental:					
General	\$	756,125	\$	_	
Non-Major Governmental		32,226		335	
Business-Type:					
Enterprise Fund		94,735		889,208	
Non-Major Business-Type	_	6,457		-	
	\$	889,543	\$	889,543	

The interfund balances primarily result from the overdraft positions in the City's pooled cash account. Generally, amounts are cleared within the following year.

Note 11. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2014, were as follows:

		Transfers In							
Tropofora out	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental	Enterprise	Total					
Transfers out General Enterprise	\$ - 1,316,036	\$ 400	\$ 963,224	\$ 963,624 1,316,036					
	\$1,316,036	\$ 400	\$ 963,224	\$2,279,660					

Transfers are made between the governmental funds and the enterprise funds in lieu of franchise fees, overhead allocations, and for debt service payments.

Note 12. Commitments

The City entered into an amended contract with AEP Energy Partners, Inc., to provide wholesale electricity. The contract will expire December 31, 2015. After the expiration, the contract is renewable upon mutual agreement. The City paid \$4,436,081 to this company during the year ended September 30, 2014.

The City entered into a contract with a company to collect commercial and residential garbage within the City. The contract will expire on December 1, 2014. The City paid \$521,105 to this company during the year ended September 30, 2014.

Note 13. Pension Plans

Plan Description. The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statues of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained from TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	For Plan Year ended December 31,						
	2011	2012	2013				
Employee deposit rate	7%	7%	7%				
Matching ratio (city to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1	2 to 1				
Years required for vesting	5	5	5				
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20				
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers				
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating				

Contributions. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) cost method (EAN was first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation; previously, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used). This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate for an employee is the contribution rate which, if applied to a member's compensation throughout their period of anticipated covered service with the municipality, would be sufficient to meet all benefits payable on their behalf. The salary-weighted average of the individual rates is the total normal cost rate. The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that city. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/(asset) are as follows:

	For the year ended September 30,							
	2012	2013	2014					
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 231,038	\$ 235,349	\$ 277,637					
Interest on Net Pension Obligation (NPO)	-	· -	-					
Adjustment to ARC	_	_	_					
Annual pension cost	231,038	235,349	277.627					
Contributions made	231,038	•	277,637					
Increase in NPO	231,030	235,349	277,637					
NPO at beginning of the year	-	-	-					
NPO at end of the year								
111 o at chu of the year		\$ -	\$ -					

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2014 were determined as part of the December 31, 2011 and 2012 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2013, also follows:

	mber 31,		
Valuation Date	2011	2012	2013
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll
GASB 25 equivalent single amortization period	26.8 Years; closed period	25.7 Years; closed period	27.0 Years; closed period
Amortization period for new gain/loss	30 Years	30 Years	30 Years
Asset valuation method	10-year Smoothed Market	10-year Smoothed Market	10-year Smoothed Market
Actuarial assumptions:			
Investment rate of return *	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%
Projected salary increase *	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service
* Includes inflation at	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.10%	2.10%	2.10%

Funded Status and Funding Progress – In October 2013, the TMRS Board approved actuarial changes in (a) the funding method from Projected Unit Credit to Entry Age Normal, (b) the post-retirement mortality assumptions used in calculating liabilities and contribution rates and in the development of the Annuity Purchase Rate factors, and (c) the amortization policy. These actuarial changes were effective with the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. For a complete description of the new actuarial cost method and assumptions, please see the December 31, 2013 TMRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The funded status as of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is presented as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	Infunded AAL (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
	(1)	(2)	(3)	 (4)	(5)	(6)
10/01/00			(1)/(2)	(2)-(1)	(3)	(4)/(5)
12/31/2013	\$ 4,627,656	\$ 7,001,976	66.1%	\$ 2,374,320	\$ 1,889,517	125.7%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

Note 14. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a party to various claims and legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. It is not possible to estimate the ultimate outcome or liability. These contingencies are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the City.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Required supplementary information includes:

- Schedule of Funding Progress Texas Municipal Retirement System

City of Hearne, Texas Schedule of Funding Progress Texas Municipal Retirement System For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2011	\$ 3,920,275	\$ 5,637,863	69.5%	\$ 1,717,588	\$1,910,745	89.9%
12/31/2012	4,224,521	5,936,288	71.2%	1,711,767	1,812,173	94.5%
12/31/2013	4,627,656	7,001,976	66.1%	2,374,320	1,889,517	125.7%

Combining Financial Statements

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the tax collected from local hotels and motels, which is used to promote tourism.

Police Special Fund – This fund is used to account for restricted grant funds from the State for officer training and crime victims benefits.

City of Hearne, Texas Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds September 30, 2014

	Special Revenue					
Assets	Hotel/Motel Tax			Police Special Fund	Total Non-major Governmental Funds	
Taxes receivable Due from other funds Cash, restricted	\$	17,643 32,226 44,716	\$	- - 3,457	\$	17,643 32,226 48,173
Total assets	\$	94,585	\$	3,457	\$	98,042
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	54,124	\$	335	\$	54,124 335
Total liabilities		54,124		335		54,459
Fund balances:						
Restricted for police Unassigned		40,461		3,122		3,122 40,461
Total fund balances		40,461		3,122		43,583
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	94,585	_\$	3,457	_\$	98,042

City of Hearne, Texas Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		Specia				
Danne	Hotel/Motel Tax		Police Special Fund		Total Non-major Governmental Funds	
Revenues: Hotel/motel occupancy taxes Investment income Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	189,898 25 2,427 10,000	\$	3,032	\$	189,898 25 5,459 10,000
Total revenues		202,350		3,032		205,382
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety Culture and recreation		- 104,931		3,689		3,689 104,931
Total expenditures		104,931		3,689		108,620
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		97,419		(657)		96,762
Other financing sources: Transfers in		-		400		400
Total other financing sources				400		400
Net change in fund balances		97,419		(257)		97,162
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		(56,958)		3,379		(53,579)
Fund balances at end of year	\$	40,461	\$	3,122	\$	43,583

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Special Revenue Funds

City of Hearne, Texas Hotel/Motel Occupancy Tax Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
D.	Original	Final	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues:				
Hotel/motel occupancy taxes	\$ 155,000	\$ 189,899	\$ 189,898	\$ (1)
Investment income	75	75	25	(50)
Intergovernmental	-	2,427	2,427	-
Miscellaneous		10,000	10,000	-
Total revenues	155,075	202,401	202,350	(51)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Culture and recreation:				
Economic development	105,075	152,401	104,931	(47,470)
Capital outlay	50,000	50,000	-	(50,000)
Total expenditures	155,075	202,401	104,931	(97,470)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	97,419	97,419
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(56,958)	(56,958)	(56,958)	 _
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (56,958)	\$ (56,958)	\$ 40,461	\$ 97,419