1 no longer an issue. 2 Page 23, the changes that were made there are basically in compliance with your ruling or 3 it dealt with OSSF. 4 5 I would reurge the allowance of both the evidence on Page 16 as well as what you previously 6 struck on 23 based upon the qualifications that 7 Mr. Stowe has just testified on. 8 9 JUDGE NORMAN: Now, you're talking about 10 Pages 16 and 23. Is that right? 11 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, sir. 12 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. 13 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Based upon the testimony 14 that Mr. Stowe just provided. 15 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. MR. RODRIGUEZ: And on Page 24 and 25, 16 17 you can see some deletions there. 18 JUDGE NORMAN: Right. 19 MR. RODRIGUEZ: So --20 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. 21 MR. RODRIGUEZ: In addition, we've 22 removed Schedule JES-E, which dealt with the comparison of the sewer rates, and also Attachments 23 JES-8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 have been removed because 24 those all dealt with on-site septic facilities. 25

1	JUDGE NORMAN: Right. Okay. All right.
2	MR. RODRIGUEZ: So at this point, Your
3	Honor, we would reurge Mr. Stowe's ability to testify
4	on the matters that were previously struck on 23. And
5	you allowed me an opportunity
6	JUDGE NORMAN: I did.
7	MR. RODRIGUEZ: to prove up on
8	Page 16, the testimony beginning at Line 1 through 11,
9	and I would reurge the allowance of that testimony.
10	JUDGE NORMAN: And then there's on
11	Page 16 also
12	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes.
13	JUDGE NORMAN: there's Lines 17
14	and 18?
15	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, sir.
16	JUDGE NORMAN: An then on Page 23
17	MR. RODRIGUEZ: On Line 23, the Lines 14
18	through 15, we're comfortable with that remaining
19	struck or stricken.
20	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.
21	MR. RODRIGUEZ: The question on Line 2
22	as well as the answer on Line 5
23	JUDGE NORMAN: Right.
24	MR. RODRIGUEZ: we would reurge its
25	offering.

1	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. And then on
2	line on Page 24, Line 20 through Line 4 on Page 25.
3	Correct?
4	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, sir.
5	JUDGE NORMAN: All right. And so you're
6	reurging that testimony on the basis of his foundation
7	this morning?
8	MR. RODRIGUEZ: On the basis of the
9	foundation just laid.
10	JUDGE NORMAN: Mr. Carlton?
11	MR. CARLTON: I think we just reurge our
12	motions.
13	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.
14	MR. CARLTON: I would point out I'm
15	confused on Page 24 because that answer all relates to
16	wastewater.
17	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, I would agree with
18	that, Your Honor. That's fine.
19	MR. CARLTON: It doesn't matter. I
20	don't care.
21	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, I do yeah, and
22	that's fine
23	JUDGE NORMAN: So you want to leave that
24	struck?
25	MR. RODRIGUEZ: if 24 remains,

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beginning on Line 17 going on to the next page of 25.
 1
 2
      I'm fine with that remaining.
 3
                    JUDGE NORMAN: All right. So we're just
 4
      looking at Page 16 then?
 5
                    MR. CARLTON: And 23. I think the
      "environmental and" was the language that you struck
 6
 7
      from the question and the --
 8
                    MR. RODRIGUEZ: Those were the only two,
 9
      and the answer.
10
                    JUDGE NORMAN: That's right. So that's
     what we're looking at. And so you just want to reurge
11
12
     your objections basically?
13
                    MR. CARLTON:
                                 Yes.
14
                    MR. RODRIGUEZ: So if I can make the
15
     record clear, what we're reurging is Page 16, Lines 1
16
     through 11, and --
17
                    JUDGE NORMAN: 17 and 18.
18
                    MR. RODRIGUEZ: -- Lines 17 and 18 on
19
     Page 16.
20
                    JUDGE NORMAN:
                                   Okay.
21
                   MR. RODRIGUEZ: Line 23, the addition on
     Line 2 of "environmental and" before the word
22
2.3
     "economic"; on Line 5 the additions of the word
24
     "environmental and" before "economic" --
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                    JUDGE NORMAN:
                                   Okay.
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1 MR. RODRIGUEZ: -- on those pages, Your 2 Honor. 3 JUDGE NORMAN: All right. So, okay. And, Mr. MacLeod, what's your position? 4 5 MR. MacLEOD: We don't believe there's 6 any reason to believe that evidence should be 7 excluded. It seems probative. 8 JUDGE NORMAN: You do not believe it 9 should be excluded, or you do? 10 MR. MacLEOD: We think it should be 11 admitted. 12 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. Okay. I'm going 13 to admit the evidence. 14 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Your Honor. 15 Mr. Stowe -- and we will conform the 16 copies -- in the copies here what's been stricken --17 by your rulings have been stricken, but we will provide replacement pages for that, Your Honor --18 19 JUDGE NORMAN: All right. 20 MR. RODRIGUEZ: -- both in the record 21 set as well as in the appeal set. 22 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. 23 0 (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Mr. Stowe, you've heard 24 all the changes that were made to your testimony this 25 morning.

	II
1	A Yes, sir.
2	Q And you're the same Jack Stowe that filed
3	prefiled testimony on June 9, 2008, which has since
4	been updated today. Is that correct?
5	A That's correct.
6	Q And that's marked as Applicant's Exhibit 4?
7	A That's correct.
8	Q Now, with the changes that we just discussed,
9	Mr. Stowe, if I asked you those questions today, would
10	your answers be the same?
11	A Yes, they would.
12	Q Okay. Pending the changes that were made?
13	A I understand the changes that were made to
14	it.
15	Q Okay. And you're comfortable with them?
16	A I understand the changes that were made.
17	(Laughter)
18	JUDGE NORMAN: All right. And that is
19	your testimony?
20	Q (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) And that is your
21	testimony?
22	A That is my testimony.
23	JUDGE NORMAN: All right.
2 4	MR. RODRIGUEZ: At this point, we move
25	for admission of Applicant's Exhibit 4.

1	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. And except for the
2	objections already made and noted, any other
3	objections?
4	MR. MacLEOD: No.
5	JUDGE NORMAN: No?
6	MR. CARLTON: No.
7	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. Mr. Stowe, you've
8	expressed opinions, I think, in your testimony, have
9	you not?
10	A Yes, sir, I have.
11	JUDGE NORMAN: And they were based on
12	outside sources, were they not?
13	A Yes, sir.
14	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. Are the bases of
15	your opinion of a type reasonably relied upon by
16	people with your expertise in your field in your
17	particular field in forming opinions or inferences
18	upon the subject that you've testified about?
19	A Yes, sir.
20	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.
21	A The information is commonly used within my
22	field.
23	JUDGE NORMAN: All right. Thank you. I
24	admit it.
25	(Exhibit APP No. 4 admitted)

1	MD DODD LOVE -
	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Judge.
2	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.
3	Q (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Mr. Stowe, at this point,
4	the
5	MR. CARLTON: Just a clarification
6	question. I'm sorry. I realize you're admitting it.
7	At the prehearing conference, you had there was a
8	number of these you had just said "not for the truth,
9	but for the basis of showing his opinions."
10	JUDGE NORMAN: Same ruling.
11	MR. CARLTON: Great.
12	JUDGE NORMAN: Same ruling, right.
13	MR. CARLTON: Okay.
14	Q (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Mr. Stowe, at this point,
15	His Honor would like a narrative summary of what your
16	testimony contains.
17	A Your Honor, I'd be glad to do so, and I will
18	try. With the changes that have been made to the
19	testimony, I've had to make some changes in my
20	summary.
21	JUDGE NORMAN: Yeah, don't worry about
22	it if you overlap.
23	A And I hope the continuity is still there, but
24	basically my services were engaged by the City of
25	Lindsay to analyze, under TAC or Texas Administrative

Code Chapter 30, 291.102, the requirements that must be met by the applicant in filing for an amendment to a CCN.

And in summary -- to summarize those, they can basically be classified in three primary areas: Financial, managerial and technical.

Mr. Maroney handled the managerial and technical aspects of that particular rule. I'm here to address the financial aspects as required by the rule and my assessment of the City of Lindsay's financial capability and stability to provide continuous and adequate water service into the area that's being requested.

I am pleased to sit here today in light of the financial crisis that this nation finds itself to have a beacon of light up here in North Texas, Cooke County, such as the City of Lindsay.

JUDGE NORMAN: Oh. I was wondering when you said you're pleased to sit here, I'm a little uncomfortable sitting here myself.

(Laughter)

A I am pleased to report there is a beacon of light, perhaps a lesson we can all learn, from the City of Lindsay --

JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.

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-- taking a conservative approach to their Α fiscal responsibilities.

One of the measures that's even -that's relied upon in my profession is the debt-to-equity ratio to measure the financial risk associated with the utility operation or any business operation for that matter. In fact, that particular measure is so noteworthy that it's even quoted specifically within 291.102 to be looked at.

And for the city operations, I have found that the City of Lindsay has basically zero This is a 100 percent self-funded operation, debt. city government, at this particular time as of December -- I'm sorry -- September 30, 2007. And for a timeframe reference, my analysis occurred from 2004 to 2007 using the audited financial statements of this city.

In the utility operations, the debt-to-equity ratio has ranged from .51 to .28. to put that in perspective, if we're at 1.0, that means we have 50 percent debt employed and 50 percent equity employed, so that the lower -- the percentage means the less debt that we have. And to put that in maybe a clearer picture is that in this four-year period, the equity of Lindsay's utility operation has

ranged from 66 percent to 78 percent.

1.0

In fact, the only outstanding debt that they have at this point in time is really not a debt instrument at all. It's a surrogate debt, which is a capital lease for a water well, that was put in place in 1995 and is due to mature in the year 2015. So, therefore, looking at these ratios, we find that there's a very, very, very low financial risk.

worthy to be analyzed, and one would be what we call the working capital ratio. It's also referred to as the current ratio. And that ratio is one that says current assets to current liabilities, what's my ability within the next 90 days or so to pay my bills. And what we find at the city level, city operations, they are demonstrating a current ratio of basically nine to one. Utility operations are eleven to one. So in other words, we have eleven times assets what we have current liabilities, and we're talking liquid assets, assets that can be converted to cash quickly.

In my industry, when we find one at two to one, a ratio of two to one, we see that as a strong measure at two to one. So obviously when we're looking at nine and eleven to one, we have a very, very strong financial position.

Another item that I look to is positive cash flow, and this company -- this utility operation and the city, for that matter, has demonstrated annual cash flows in excess of \$100,000. Obviously part of the contribution to your cash flow is the fact that depreciation is constructed within rates. So that is providing some of that cash flow. So if we take the depreciation out of the cash flow, they're still netting something in the neighborhood of 60 to \$70,000 annually, generating enough cash not only to replace their assets, as they require replacement, but also positioning itself for future growth.

in today's market. The ability to go out and obtain financing is not going to be like it's been. In fact, the City of Arlington had to withdraw a public offering. The City of Corpus Christi has just withdrawn a public offering. The Dallas Water Utilities has just put commercial paper out on the market that was not taken up. So it's not going to be business as usual, and the better you are in a cash reserve basis, the better you're going to be.

MR. CARLTON: Your Honor?

A To see --

MR. CARLTON: Your Honor, if I could

1	object? And I apologize, Mr. Stowe, for interrupting
2	you.
3	THE WITNESS: Sure.
4	MR. CARLTON: But I'm not sure that all
5	this is within his testimony.
6	JUDGE NORMAN: Right, right.
7	MR. CARLTON: And I think we're
8	intending to have a summary.
9	JUDGE NORMAN: That's more of a summary
10	of the testimony.
11	MR. CARLTON: Yeah.
12	JUDGE NORMAN: It's interesting, what
13	you're saying.
14	MR. CARLTON: It is very. And I
15	apologize, Mr. Stowe, but in an effort to keep the
16	evidence on direct limited to
17	JUDGE NORMAN: Right. Okay.
18	MR. CARLTON: what's in the
19	testimony.
20	THE WITNESS: I'll shorten it up a
21	little bit or try to
22	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.
23	THE WITNESS: although this is
24	specifically the cash reserve of the city is
25	currently at 700,000. The cash reserve of the utility

is about 600,000.

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Final recourses is another item that we look to. I mention in my testimony revenue bonds, certificate of obligations, which is often referred to as a double-barrel bond, general obligation bonds. I talk about the taxing capacity of the city to support debt, developer contributions we talked about.

It was mentioned yesterday, I believe, by the TCEQ staff or perhaps Mr. Maroney, grant funds availability through a city.

Finally, how do we compare, what do our rates look like? And I've updated the testimony to reflect the 2008 rate increase that was -- that became effective October 1, 2008. And basically the city ranks in the bottom 25 percent of the lowest most affordable rates for cities 2,000 and under, about 281. I believe their ranking was in the 60 and 70 position based on five and 10,000 gallons.

So in my opinion, this city is -- and its utility operations have demonstrated prudent fiscal responsibility for the public funds that they're in charge with and are positioned well to provide continuous and adequate service into the requested area.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: I tender the witness for

cross-examination.

JUDGE NORMAN: Mr. MacLeod?

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. MacLEOD:

Q Mr. Stowe, as a city, can Lindsay supplement its water budget with funds other than those collected by rates in order to keep water rates down?

- A In order to keep water rates down?
- Q Yes.

A They could -- they could do it through grant funding. They could do it through a transfer from the general fund from the tax revenues of the city. Those would be primarily the only funding sources that come to mind that would help keep rates down. Obviously if they issued new debt, that potentially, not necessarily, but that would perhaps require an increase in rates to service that debt.

But as far as to keep rates down or hold rates down, obviously they have general fund revenues available to them if they chose to use those, and they also have the grant funding applications that they could make.

Q So if the city needed to build a new plant for remote areas or had to pay for long extension lines, pump stations, elevated storage and the like,

could it be financed through these other sources rather than rates?

A Actually, the numbers that were talked about yesterday, they could finance it with -- they wouldn't have to finance it. They have the cash on hand to pay for it. So they could pay for that and not have to increase rates at all.

Q Do you know if it would be cheaper -- you were here when the testimony was given yesterday about serving the remote areas and potential costs. You heard that testimony. Is that right?

A That's correct.

Q Do you have an opinion on whether or not it would be cheaper to build a local plant to serve those remote connection areas if the CCN were granted?

A No, I have not done a study to that and don't know. I know the only numbers I've seen were talked about yesterday and in the deposition of Mr. Myrick. I hope I'm pronouncing that right. If I'm not, correct me. But in the deposition of Mr. Myrick, I think he identified the Lindsay Pure Water Company would have to expend something like \$350,000 to service the remote areas.

Q Well, if it were cheaper, again, could the city finance that local plant with these other sources

of money, including cash reserves? 1 2 Yes, uh-huh. 3 Now, if the city were awarded the CCN and it 4 received a request for service from a qualified applicant, do you know how long the city has before 5 6 they can provide service? Do you know how long they have to respond to a request to provide service? 7 I know it's covered, but I don't know 8 9 specifically off the top of my head. 10 If I were to say that Rule 291.85(b) of the Q TCEQ rules said you had to provide it within 180 days, 11 12 would that seem square with your --13 I could go along with that. I mean, I know it would be -- I knew it was less than a year. 14 15 MR. MacLEOD: Pass the witness. 16 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. CARLTON: 17 I have a couple of questions, Mr. Stowe. 18 Page 16 of your testimony, Lines 19 through 21, you 19 20 state that as an example of reliability of water service that if a water well malfunction occurs, 21

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somebody could be out of water. And I want to make

is purely for a single-family residence, somebody

that's got their own well?

sure that I understand that that example you're giving

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1 Α That's for a private well. 2 Okay. So you weren't talking about, for example, Lindsay Pure Water's well going down and 3 those folks in that subdivision being out of water? 4 5 Α No. My testimony is addressing the service 6 area that's been applied for where Lindsay Pure Water, the investor-owned utility, does not have wells in 7 that area or service. And that area currently, as my 8 testimony states, is being serviced by private wells. 9 10 Q Okay. 11 So if their well goes down --12 I just want to make the record clear that this opinion here isn't -- that if Lindsay Pure 13 Water's well goes down, then those folks would be out 14 15 of water? 16 I don't believe that they're servicing in the area that we've requested. So, no, that's not --17 18 All right. So let's turn then to Page 23 Q because that's the other thing that I wanted to clear 19 2.0 Page 23, Lines 21 through 23, at the bottom of that page. And you say "According to the city's 21 22 application, there are no other utilities providing 23 service in the requested area." 24 Now, when you reached this opinion, did

you do any independent looking or verification to find

out whether or not Lindsay Pure Water Company was 2 serving outside of its CCN? 3 No, not when I made this statement. 4 Okay. So if, in fact, Lindsay Pure Water is serving within that quarter mile outside its CCN, this 5 6 statement would be inaccurate? 7 If there's evidence that shows that 8 obviously. This statement, though, would not be -the statement is not inaccurate because the statement 9 10 reads in the testimony "According to the city's 1.1 application." 12 All right. Well, then if you found Okay. out that Lindsay Pure Water was providing service 13 within that quarter mile, then would your opinion 14 still be that there's no impact to other retail public 15 16 utilities? 17 My testimony today, as we sit here, there may Α or may not be based on the deposition I've read of 18 19 Lindsay Pure Water. 20 All right. Well, assume with me Lindsay is providing service within a quarter mile of its CCN and 21 outside its CCN boundary. Would there be an impact to 22 23 Lindsay? 24 Α Maybe, maybe not. 25 Q

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Okay.

1 JUDGE NORMAN: For granting the CCN? 2 MR. CARLTON: Right. 3 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. 4 MR. CARLTON: And today I really meant a 5 couple of questions. 6 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. Good deal. 7 MR. CARLTON: Pass the witness. 8 JUDGE NORMAN: Anything further? 9 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 10 BY MR. RODRIGUEZ: 11 Mr. Stowe, you were here earlier when the Judge was asking for some testimony regarding one of 12 the factors that are contained in CCNs. Correct? You 13 1.4 were here when he asked that? 15 Α Yes, sir. 16 Can you please -- and Mr. Carlton hit on actually the question that I believe the Judge was 17 going toward or the factor the Judge was requesting 18 there on Page 23 of your testimony. When you say 19 "maybe or maybe not" that there might be an impact --20 21 Α Right. 22 -- on Lindsay Pure Water --Q 23 Α Based on the evidence I've reviewed. 24 Can you please explain that? Q 25 Yes. It's my understanding that when Lindsay

Pure Water, the investor-owned utility, when they filed for their CCN, they were granted a CCN for basically what is Phase I and Phase II of the -- I believe it's Lindsay South Ridge.

JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.

A So to the extent that -- and currently within Phase I and Phase II, it's my understanding that each of those phases contained 15 lots. So it would be -- if anything is outside the CCN, it would be Phase III of the development by the IOU.

The Phase III then would have to be where these connections -- and it's my understanding Phase III, based on the deposition, was completed in the year 2006, and it's basically moved along pretty good as far as the sale of lots.

I also understand by the deposition that there's 25 to 26 actual water connections. We're not talking lot sales, but we're actually talking connected water customers. So to the extent there's 25 or 26, then some of those would have to be in Phase III to be into the quarter mile, if I understand from the deposition that the existing CCN covered Phases I and II.

the investor-owned utility, has operated at a loss since its inception in the 1997-1998 timeframe and only recently, according to the deposition, began to break even was the term used. Well, if we have no debt on the system, which I believe was also the deposition, and we're only covering variable costs, then to the extent that we were to lose a connection, then -- and if we're losing money or barely breaking even, there would be no impact financially upon the system.

2.4

JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.

A So basically that's why I say just with what I have right now, I'm not saying that is the case, but I have a strong indication that that could be the case based on the testimony of the president of the IOU.

Q (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Now, Mr. Stowe --

JUDGE NORMAN: I want to ask you a question on that, though. There are fixed costs as well as variable costs that are spread over each connection. Is that true?

A To the extent that -- there are some fixed costs, and that fixed cost right now, according to the testimony since there's no debt, would only be for the contract operator. So, yes, his fixed cost, whatever that may be, unless he's charging his contract by

connections, which a lot of these contractors do. he's charging his contract costs by connections, then if you lose a connection, you lose that associated cost. JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Now, Mr. Stowe, can you please describe for the Judge what would be the impact on Lindsay Pure Water or any other retail public utility if Mr. Myrick's 42 acres are excluded from the requested service territory of the City of Lindsay? Actually, Mr. Rodriguez, I haven't looked Α specifically to that 42 acres. I mean, I can't answer your question at this time. Okay.

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JUDGE NORMAN: Well, I'd like it asked both in terms of Pure Water and also town of Lindsay -- City of Lindsay.

Q (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Would there be any impact on Lindsay Pure Water if the 42 acres that Mr. Myrick owns that's not within Lindsay Pure Water Company's CCN, would there be any impact on the company Lindsay Pure Water if that -- if Lindsay's CCN is granted for that territory?

 $\label{eq:mr.Rodriguez:} \mbox{$\mbox{$M$R. RODRIGUEZ:}$ I believe that's the testimony you were seeking. Correct?}$

1 JUDGE NORMAN: And I think he answered 2 that question. 3 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Okay. 4 JUDGE NORMAN: But I'd like to know the 5 impact on everyone, also town of Lindsay -- City of 6 Lindsay. 7 MR. RODRIGUEZ: All right. 8 (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Do you have an opinion 9 with respect to that area, the 42 acres, Mr. Myrick 10 owns -- I mean, yes, that if the City of Lindsay seeks that area, what would happen if we were unable to be 11 12 certificated to that area? 13 Could I ask --14 JUDGE NORMAN: Sure. 15 Α -- a clarifying question? The 42 acres, are 16 we talking the 42 acres of the original 100 acres --17 (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Yes, sir. 18 -- and he thought that he had a CCN, but he 19 finds out now that he doesn't have a CCN? 20 That's my understanding. 21 (Simultaneous discussion) 22 JUDGE NORMAN: I think that's it. 23 MR. RODRIGUEZ: That's my understanding. 24 JUDGE NORMAN: Phases I through IV, I 25 think. Is that right?

1 Α I understand what the 22 acres is now. 2 MR. CARLTON: Yeah, I think Mr. Myrick's 3 testimony is there's 42 acres in Phases III and IV. 4 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. In addition to the 5 acreage in I and II? 6 MR. CARLTON: In addition to Phases I 7 and II, which are from the maps at TCEQ apparently in 8 the CCN. 9 JUDGE NORMAN: All right. 10 MR. CARLTON: Even though when he filed 11 the application, he felt like -- he recalls filing for 12 the whole 96 acres and doesn't know why the map was 13 issued. 14 JUDGE NORMAN: Right. 15 MR. CARLTON: It's been some time ago. 16 (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Okay. And I appreciate 0 the clarification with Mr. Carlton, but with that 17 18 being the understanding, can you please detail what 19 the impacts would be on Lindsay's CCN to both the City of Lindsay, Lindsay Pure Water Company and for any 20 21 other retail public utility in the area? 2.2 Yes. On behalf of -- let me first address Α 23 the IOU, the investor-owned. It's my understanding 24 that the investor-owned utility does have 25 infrastructure ready to go in in place in Phase IV.

It obviously has infrastructure in place in Phase III. 1 2 Now, regardless of whether there's a 3 financial impact from continuing operations, there is 4 an investment, I think, that --5 JUDGE NORMAN: Yes. 6 -- needs to be recognized. And whether or 7 not -- if it's not granted, his investment stays in 8 If it is granted, in my opinion, there has to place. 9 be accommodations of some sort for that investment -recognition of the investment that's there. 10 11 As for Lindsay, obviously the impact, if 12 they're granted, that particular area, the service 13 would have to be extended or the facilities that are 14 in the ground utilized and -- so there would be an 15 extension cost out to that area at some point in time. 16 JUDGE NORMAN: You mean beyond on the 17 other side -- on the south of --18 Α Right. 19 JUDGE NORMAN: -- South Ridge? 20 Α That's my understanding. Right. 21 JUDGE NORMAN: All right. 22 But have I looked at it specifically to Α 23 say -- to quantify that impact? 24 JUDGE NORMAN: Yes. 25 Α No, sir.

1 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. And, of course, 2 you know, I want the parties' positions on these 3 various alternatives, too, at some point. 4 (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) I'm going to ask you the 5 final area that we want to cover with respect to the 6 redirect here based on what the Judge requested 7 earlier. If the City of Lindsay is not certificated 8 to its requested service territory south of 9 Highway 82 -- and you know which area I'm talking 10 about? 11 Yes. Α 12 0 Let me ask, do you know what area I'm talking 13 about? 14 Α Yes. 15 Can you please detail what the impact might be on both the City of Lindsay, the Lindsay Pure Water 16 17 Company and any other retail public utility near that 18 area? 19 Let me look -- could I look at a map? Ά 20 JUDGE NORMAN: Sure. Please. 21 (Discussion off the record) 22 JUDGE NORMAN: And I already know the 23 parties' positions on cutting out south of 82. 2.4 Mr. Myrick is for it, the City of Lindsay is against 25 So we don't need to go into that, but I would

like to know as far as the other two alternatives -and I'm particularly speaking of impact on Pure Water
and any other public utility, not necessarily on
Mr. Myrick's investment, just looking at the impact on
Pure Water. Okay?

A Excuse me, Your Honor?

JUDGE NORMAN: You were talking about honoring Mr. Myrick's investment, and I did not see that that's a legal standard that I'm supposed to look at, but there is -- I am supposed to look at the impact on another retail public utility --

A Yes, sir.

JUDGE NORMAN: -- and that is Pure Water. And they may be one and the same, you know. The investment may be in Pure Water itself, and so they may be one and the same. I don't know. But that's what I'm interested in is those legal standards that I'm supposed to look at. Okay?

Q (BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Do you need me to repeat my question, Mr. Stowe?

A You can repeat it, and then I'll answer it.

Q Mr. Stowe, one of the areas that His Honor this morning had requested some additional testimony on was related to the effect of Lindsay's application on other retail public utilities. Can you please

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detail what the effect would be on the town of Lindsay, Lindsay Pure Water Company and any other retail public utility? First of all, let's go with what is the effect on the town of Lindsay if it

receives the certificate south of Highway 82?

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A Well, the effect is going to be -- and this will be subject to engineering requirements to extend and provide service, which I'm not an engineer. But obviously the effect is going to be, number one, on their available excess capacity right now and how much they can capitalize on it. That's going to be the same effect as pure -- the investor-owned utility to the extent they have excess capacity. It's going to be the distance of the lines that have to be extended. So really that's more of an engineering question, I think.

Now, I can answer it from a governmental standpoint, is that granting the CCN to Lindsay, the City of Lindsay will put that area under their regulatory control for the quality of the infrastructure and the standards to be employed, assuming -- which we have to assume this city -- currently there's been testimony about and because of the size of the city -- there's been testimony about voluntary annexations.

There's a requirement within some of the ordinances that have been discussed that with service is a request for annexation. At some point in the future, maybe not that far away, this town will be at 5,000 people and at that point in time becomes eligible to annex within -- I believe it's a mile, mile and a half of their existing city lines -
JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.

A -- within their ETJ. So one of the things that -- and in my point of view, a very important governmental planning standard, because I've been involved in a lot of these involving cities that have grown from a rural community to a population above 5,000, when that happens and they take over the WSCs or other utility operations, they are faced with substandard systems that don't meet their regulatory requirements, and so it creates a big problem.

So by granting the CCN to Lindsay at this point in time, we avert this problem in the future as they continue to annex and the city limits continues to grow and they provide service to their citizens. So from that perspective, it has a very dramatic impact on the City of Lindsay.

JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.

A That impact is not present for an

investor-owned utility. They don't have that 1 requirement other than to provide service and try to make a profit. In fact that's why they're structured the way they are.

The City of Lindsay will not go away. We don't know whether Lindsay Pure Water will go away or not.

JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.

(BY MR. RODRIGUEZ) Mr. Stowe, what is your Q understanding of an ability for an investor-owned utility to provide utility service outside of its CCN territory? Let me ask it this way: Is there a distance outside of a CCN that an investor-owned utility can provide service without -- without expanding its CCN?

The quarter mile has been kicked around, but I'm not sure, as I stop here and think about it now, whether or not that's applicable to an IOU or not. It may be.

So --

If they do so, they're doing so at extreme risk to their financial investors.

And please explain that risk to financial investors for me, please.

Because they're putting their capital at risk Α

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knowing that they don't have the ability to serve or 1 2 the regulatory authorization to provide service in 3 that area. And to the extent such as we have here there's an application that encroaches upon that 4 quarter-mile extension, they may or may not be able to 5 6 protect --7 JUDGE NORMAN: Hold on to it? 8 -- that investment. 9 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. And also, you 10 know, I'm asking questions that are -- you know, I've thought about since we broke, and anybody can object, 11 12 you know, to where I'm going. 13 MR. CARLTON: That's bad form. 14 (Laughter) 15 MR. RODRIGUEZ: I doubt you're going to 16 get much objection. 17 JUDGE NORMAN: Really, but -- I mean, I do want to state that. 18 19 MR. CARLTON: Art, what are the odds on 20 the chance of getting success with him? 21 (Laughter) 22 JUDGE NORMAN: Just matters that occurred to me, you know, after listening to the 23 24 testimony and looking at the standards again. 25 MR. CARLTON: I appreciate that.

1 JUDGE NORMAN: All right. I don't want to mess up your case or direct your case. All right. 2 3 MR. RODRIGUEZ: Actually, I'm going to 4 pass the witness based on that. 5 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. Mr. MacLeod? 6 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 7 BY MR. MacLEOD: 8 I believe part of your testimony was that the 9 city would rather have the CCN because sometimes a 10 city might be able to have to take in a substandard 1 1 system -- is that right -- and that can be a problem? 12 Α That's happened in the past, yes. 13 But in your prefiled testimony, there's no 14 indication given that Lindsay Pure Water is 15 substandard. Is that right? 1.6 Α According --17 According to your prefiled, you don't have any testimony showing that it was substandard, do you? 18 19 As stated in my prefiled, based upon the 2.0 application, there was no utility -- other utility 21 operation within the area that we were -- that the 22 city is requesting. 23 0 Okay. 24 Α So there would not be any testimony towards 25 that point.

1 0 So you're not indicating in any way that Lindsay Pure Water is substandard? I just want to 2 3 make that clear. 4 I wouldn't have the pertinent professional Α foundation. I'd rely on Mr. Maroney whether it is or 5 6 isn't. Okay. Also, just one more area, just another 7 8 minute maybe, and that is probably less. You 9 testified something like really the only fixed costs 10 they have to deal with is their contract with the 11 operator. Doesn't depreciation somehow weigh in 12 there, too? Wouldn't that be another consideration? 13 Α No, sir. 14 So depreciation is not a fixed cost? got to pay regardless of how many customers they have? 15 16 Depreciation isn't a cost that you pay. Α Depreciation is a recognition of the utilization of an 17 18 asset that's already been paid for. 19 Won't they have to replace that some time in 20 the future? 21 They may have to, yes. 22 Where are they going to get the money for 0 that if they aren't accounting for that depreciation? 23 24 According to Lindsay Pure Water, they'll go Α 25 borrow the money on a line of credit.

MR. MacLEOD: All right. That's all. Maybe Lindsay will want to expand on that just a little bit. I will pass the witness.

then, you know, we brought up the part about, you know, the standards and so on for a private investor and for a town like Lindsay. And I'd like some sort of evidence or briefing on whether or not the standards are the same or different for, you know, the town of Lindsay and a private investor-owned water utility like Pure Water.

MR. RODRIGUEZ: Briefing on the comparative abilities to provide service outside --

JUDGE NORMAN: No. I want to know if the -- you know, Mr. Stowe said sometimes it happens that when a city expands and it expands into a previously -- you know, a previous operation by a private investor, they find that -- sometimes the cities find that the previous operation is substandard according to their standards, according to the city's standards.

What I want to know in briefing or in some fashion is is the city held to higher standards than an investor-owned utility? Somebody can tell me that now, if they want to.

1	MR. CARLTON: In terms of the service,
2	the capacity requirements, minimum standards for
3	operation?
4	MR. RODRIGUEZ: The TCEQ minimum
5	standards that are not
6	JUDGE NORMAN: Right, TCEQ.
7	MR. CARLTON: 290.45 is essentially what
8	you've got there.
9	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.
10	MR. RODRIGUEZ: If you're a public water
11	system, regardless of the type of entity, you've got
12	certain requirements to meet.
13	JUDGE NORMAN: Same standards. Is that
14	right?
15	MR. RODRIGUEZ: As far as minimum
16	standards go, that's correct.
17	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. All right.
18	MR. CARLTON: It really is dependent
19	upon size of the system
20	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Right.
21	MR. CARLTON: the only adjustment in
22	standards.
23	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.
24	MR. CARLTON: And I do have a couple of
25	questions.

1	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Tammy can correct us if
2	we're wrong on that.
3	MS. HOLGUIN-BENTER: No, that's what we
4	were just talking about.
5	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.
6	THE WITNESS: But the city can invoke
7	higher standards.
8	MR. RODRIGUEZ: Right.
9	JUDGE NORMAN: All right.
10	MR. CARLTON: Well, I have a couple of
11	questions
12	JUDGE NORMAN: Sure.
13	MR. CARLTON: based on that.
14	JUDGE NORMAN: It's your turn.
15	MR. CARLTON: Good.
16	JUDGE NORMAN: Well yeah,
17	Mr. MacLeod
18	MR. CARLTON: I think he passed.
19	JUDGE NORMAN: Yeah, yeah.
20	RECROSS-EXAMINATION
21	BY MR. CARLTON:
22	Q Mr. Stowe, I want you to assume a couple of
23	facts for me, one of which you're already stated.
24	There's 26 customers currently on the Lindsay Pure
25	Water system?

2 I want you to assume there are seven 3 customers within Phase III. 4 А Yes, sir. 5 And if Lindsay Pure Water were to lose seven out of its 26 customers in terms of revenue, that 6 7 would be a significant revenue impact to Lindsay Pure Water. Correct? 8 9 Well, they'd lose the revenues, I agree, but they'd also lose the variable expenses being incurred 10 in support of those revenues. So it's not a one-for-one offset. I understand. And when we talk about investor-owned utilities, you, I understand -- you have the expertise to understand what utility basis accounting is as opposed to cash flow basis? Α That's correct, sir. So for an investor-owned utility, Okay. recovering depreciation is an appropriate expense that they should be allowed to recover in their rates. Correct? А That is correct. And to the extent cash flow has been break even or negative, then the utility is not recovering

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depreciation.

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Yes, sir.

Is that correct? Depreciation is not a

1 cash expense? 2 If the utility has not been recovering cash 3 on cash requirements --4 Q Correct. -- that's correct. They would not be 5 Α recovering the depreciation expense. 6 7 All right. And they're entitled under the Q TCEQ's utility ratemaking standards to recover 8 9 depreciation? 10 If they're not employing the cash basis, Α which an IOU can employ the cash basis. 11 12 And they're also entitled to recover a Okay. return on their investment, which is where the profit 13 comes from in an investor-owned utility? 14 15 Which obviously they have. That's why I said Α 16 maybe and maybe not. 17 0 Okay. 18 If I understand this utility -- this private utility has been in operation less than ten years --19 20 Q Right. 21 -- or approximately ten years, and it was debt financed, and they currently have no debt. So 22 23 obviously the rates generate sufficient funds coming through that retired the debt. So if the debt retired 24 25 within ten years and we have assets that are 30 years

long, then obviously either through accelerated depreciation, which is not allowed by this Commission, or through some structure they've recovered more cash than what they had invested in the situation -- in the utility operations.

So they filed a rate application back in 1998 that has not been looked at, has not been reviewed, and the president of the company doesn't know how it was formulated. So whether or not the rates are just and reasonable and how much cash has been siphoned off or whatever by this investor-owned, I have no idea.

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{Q}}$ Okay. So -- and I appreciate the explanation.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ CARLTON: I'll object to the term "siphoned off" and the connotations it has.

Q (BY MR. CARLTON) But your point being if the cash flow was sufficient to pay off the debt-financed infrastructure investment and that debt is no longer out there, there may be cash flow that is now available to begin recovering that depreciation?

- A There could be. I have no --
- Q Okay. I understand.
- A I have no idea.
- Q What I'm getting to is the Judge had asked

you a question about whether Mr. Myrick should be compensated for his investment or not, and he's not concerned about Mr. Myrick, and I would agree with that. But Lindsay Pure Water, from the standpoint that it debt financed this investment on its own and that it's got invested assets in the ground that should be earning depreciation, it is entitled to get recovery of those costs through its rates. Isn't that correct?

- A It's my understanding --
- Q The utility is entitled to recover those costs through its rates. Correct?
- A If it has costs outstanding, which based on the testimony it has paid for the investment cost already.
- Q But depreciation costs or expense it's entitled to recover through its rates as well. Correct?

A Only to the point that you recover the cost of the investment. If you've already recovered your cost of investment, then you're not entitled to continue to depreciate an item if that item has been paid for, either through accelerated or excess cash flow, into paying down the investment.

Q But utility basis accounting allows both

depreciation and return on investment. Now, the 1 return on investment is determined based upon an 2 3 average interest rate, depending upon whether or not you've invested cash or whether you've financed it. 4 5 Right? 6 It's not an average interest rate, but it is Α 7 an average --8 Q It's a weight --9 It's a rate of return, a weighted rate. Α 10 Weighted rate of return. My apologies on the Q 11 terminology. 12 So to the extent -- and I'm not suggesting that there hasn't been depreciation being 13

So to the extent -- and I'm not suggesting that there hasn't been depreciation being recovered, but depreciation on an asset, as you said, is not allowed to be accelerated under the TCEQ rules. Correct?

A That's right. That doesn't mean it's not taking place, though.

Q Correct. I understand. So these utility assets, though, have generally a life longer than ten years?

A That's correct.

Q Okay. So the utility is going to be in a mode of recovering that depreciation over a period of time. And if the utility loses customers and still

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has assets out there for which it is entitled to recover depreciation on a continuing basis, then its rates would have to go up in order to compensate for the loss of the customers. Is that correct?

A To the extent that there is undepreciated property in comparison with the original investment of the company.

property in comparison with the original investment of the company, the funding of those investments, if the rates have not generated enough money to pay off the funds that were used to make the investment and there's still invested funds out there associated with depreciable lives beyond the ten years, yes, they're still entitled to recover that.

Q Okay. And I would disagree with that on the basis of -- could the utility have chosen to take the portion of its return on investment and its depreciation to accelerate the payoff of the debt?

JUDGE NORMAN: There's no question to you.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ CARLTON: I said could the utility have taken --

JUDGE NORMAN: Oh, okay.

MR. CARLTON: -- its return on investment and its depreciation to accelerate the payoff of the debt and then still be entitled -- having accelerated the payoff of the debt using funds

that weren't necessarily allocated for that and still then be entitled in the future to recover the depreciation that's continuing? Because it took its cash and instead of taking it as a profit in the interim, it plowed it back into the system.

A To the extent -- and that's what I was referring to earlier. To the extent that they have developed equity in the system, which would be, as you say, paying off -- paying down a note with the return money versus the -- and the depreciation and paying down the note on the accelerated basis versus that of the depreciation, yes, they would still be entitled to earn not only return on that surviving equity, but also the depreciation associated with that asset at that point in time.

Q And so if the utility, from a cash flow standpoint, hasn't paid off any profits to any of the investors, wouldn't it be appropriate to assume that all of that return on investment has been plowed back into the utility --

A Not all of it.

Q -- to the extent there was any?

A Not all of it, I mean because we have some tax issues that have to be addressed.

Q Appreciate all of it apart from what was used

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1 to pay expenses of the utility has been plowed back 2 into the utility? 3 To the extent that they were servicing the note faster and developing equity into the system, I 4 5 don't disagree with you, and that's why I said earlier 6 maybe, maybe not. We'd have to look at it. 7 And so to the extent that customers are 8 removed from the system, that would exacerbate a 9 problem of not being able to continue to recover those 10 depreciation and return on investment expenses in the 11 future? 12 Α Maybe, maybe not. 13 MR. CARLTON: Okay. Thank you. 14 further questions. 15 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. Mr. Rodriguez, 16 anything further? 17 MR. RODRIGUEZ: No, sir. 18 JUDGE NORMAN: Thank you. Thank you 19 very much. 20 THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor. 21 JUDGE NORMAN: All right. 22 MR. RODRIGUEZ: That's our last witness 23 in our direct subject to being allowed to question the 24 witnesses on these issues that you brought up this 25 morning on our rebuttal --

1	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.
2	MR. RODRIGUEZ: just not have to
3	recall them at this time, Your Honor.
4	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. I think it's your
5	turn, Mr. Carlton.
6	MR. CARLTON: Can we take a quick
7	restroom break before we start with Mr. Myrick?
8	JUDGE NORMAN: Sure. Let's be back in
9	ten minutes.
10	(Recess: 10:10 a.m. to 10:24 a.m.)
11	(Exhibit LPWC Nos. 1, 1A, 1B, 2 through
12	7 marked)
13	JUDGE NORMAN: We're back on the record.
14	Mr. Myrick, you have been sworn.
15	MR. MYRICK: Yes, sir.
16	JUDGE NORMAN: And you're under oath.
17	MR. MYRICK: Yes, sir.
18	JUDGE NORMAN: Okay.
19	PRESENTATION ON BEHALF OF LINDSAY PURE WATER COMPANY
20	(CONTINUED)
21	JAMES MYRICK,
22	having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:
23	DIRECT EXAMINATION
2 4	BY MR. CARLTON:
25	Q Would you please state your name for the

1 record? 2 My name is James Thomas Myrick. I go by Jim. 3 And, Mr. Myrick, do you have in front of you Q what's been marked LPWC Exhibits 1A, 1B and then 1 4 5 through 7? They should all be in that record copy. 6 Α Yes, I do. 7 Okay. And with the exception of 1B, which 0 8 we'll talk about in just a second, is that your 9 prefiled testimony that you've submitted in this case? 10 Α Yes, it is. 11 0 And are all -- would your answers be the same 12 today as they were when you filed that --13 Α Yes, sir. 14 Q -- if asked them of you today? 15 Α Yes, they are. 16 Q Okay. Would you take a look at Exhibit 1B? 17 JUDGE NORMAN: I'm going to stop you for 18 just a moment. Help me again find -- I got to looking 19 at something else. Can you help me find what you just fixed for me? 20 21 (Discussion off the record) 22 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay. Go ahead. 23 (BY MR. CARLTON) Would you take a look at 24 Exhibit 1B and --25 MR. CARLTON: Your Honor, I'll represent

to you that you had asked us to bracket language that 1 2 was subject to some --3 JUDGE NORMAN: Yes. 4 MR. CARLTON: -- rulings or concerns, I 5 guess, by you. 6 JUDGE NORMAN: Yes. 7 MR. CARLTON: And I believe you had asked us to lay some additional foundation on Page 8, 8 9 Lines 18 through 23. 1.0 JUDGE NORMAN: I'm giving you that 11 opportunity. 12 MR. CARLTON: And Page 10 -- excuse 13 me -- Page 9, Lines 10 through 16. And so there are 14 brackets --15 JUDGE NORMAN: I see that. 16 MR. CARLTON: -- on the edges of those 17 paragraphs. And would you like me to have Mr. Myrick 18 summarize his testimony first and then lay the 19 foundation, or vice versa? 20 JUDGE NORMAN: No, lay the foundation first so that we can get it all in, however it's going 21 22 to be in. 23 MR. CARLTON: Okay. 24 JUDGE NORMAN: Okay? 25 MR. CARLTON: All right.

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Q (BY MR. CARLTCEQON) Mr. Myrick, on Page 8 of your testimony as shown on Exhibit 1B here, you indicate that you didn't believe any of the requestors had plans for developing their property. And can you explain what forms the basis of your opinion that there aren't any plans for developing their property?

A Yes, sir.

Q And would you do that for the Court?

A Yes, sir. I was born and raised in Muenster, Texas in a German community founded by the same people that founded Lindsay. My father was a doctor, and I was privy to a lot of information as a child. My education about the community has been lifelong. The German community is a little bit different than any other community and specifically Muenster and Lindsay. They are thrifty, they are very prudent, and they are very family oriented. The only way -- well, let me back up.

They do not sell their land unless they are forced to sell their land. They will it to their children or pass it down to their children. And if it doesn't go to children, it goes to brothers or sisters if they can so afford. That's the nature of Muenster and Lindsay, and we'll talk specifically about Lindsay, but Lindsay -- there has been only -- well,

right now there's three developments that are currently going, if you will, from family farms, land. One happens to be the Nortman, which is called -- it's not Nortman -- yeah, Nortman Estates, okay, and the other one is Kupper.

JUDGE NORMAN: And that's K-U-P-P-E-R. Is that right?

A That's correct.

JUDGE NORMAN: Nortman is N-O-R-T-M-A-N, or two Ns?

A One N.

JUDGE NORMAN: One N, okay.

A And they have, you know, been developed within one -- within the city and one that is north, and that's the -- Kupper is north and the Nortman is within the city now. It was taken in. And the other one, the third one, is South Ridge. The only other developments have been within the city, and some of those have been family that have sold and for exactly the reason that I said, the family didn't agree to monetary values, or they didn't have enough land to sell or to divide.

South Ridge, I have been seeking the hundred acres of South Ridge since 1972 when I arrived in Lindsay visiting with a bachelor, Joe Sandmann.