

Control Number: 42946



Item Number: 27

# Addendum StartPage: 0

House Bill (HB) 1600 and Senate Bill (SB) 567 83<sup>rd</sup> Legislature, Regular Session, transferred the functions relating to the economic regulation of water and sewer utilities from the TCEQ to the PUC effective September 1, 2014

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JULIE Y, FORT 2007 N. Collins Blvd.; Suite #501 Richardson, Texas 75080 214-253-2600 Julie@mckamickrueger.com

September 20, 2011

<u>Via First Class Mail and</u> <u>Via CMRRR #7011 0110 0001 7510 1329</u>

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Chief Clerk MC-105 P.O. Box 13087 Austin, Texas 78711-3087 RECEIVED

2014 OCT 16 PM 2: 25

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSIO

Re: MOTION TO OVERTURN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S DECISION NOT TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARING ON APPLICATION NOS. 36966-S AND 36967-S FROM TOWN OF PROVIDENCE VILLAGE, TEXAS

Dear Chief Clerk:

I am submitting this Motion to Overturn Executive Director's Decision not to hold a public hearing on the above referenced STM application numbers on behalf of my client, the Town of Providence Village, Texas ("Town").

The Town of Providence Village Moves to Overturn the Executive Directors Decision not to hold a public hearing on the STM application.

The Town's mailing address and day time phone numbers are:

Town of Providence Village

Attention: Mayor P.O. Box 838

Aubrey, Texas 76227

Telephone Number is 940-484-4488 (Philip Mack Furlow).

My name is Julie Fort and my mailing address is:

McKamie Krueger, LLP 2007 N. Collins Blvd., Suite 501 Richardson, Texas, 75080 Telephone Number is 214-253-2600. CHIEF CLERKS DEEDS

The applicant/transferor/seller is Providence Village Water Control and Improvement District of Denton County f/k/a Denton County Freshwater Supply District No. 9 ("<u>District</u>"), 19 Briarhollow Lane, Suite 245, Houston, Texas 77027-2801. Telephone: 713-621-3707. The applicant/transferor/purchaser is

Mustang Special Utility District ("Mustang"), 7885 FM 2931, Aubrey, Texas 76227. Telephone: 940-440-9561. I believe the application numbers are 36966-S and 36967-S. The application submitted is an "Application for Sale, Transfer, or Merger of a Retail Public Utility" ("STM application").

On April 22, 2011, the Town filed a Request for Public Hearing on Application Nos. 36966-S and 36967-S. By letter dated August 24, 2011, the Executive Director notified the Town of its decision not to hold a public hearing on the STM Application. While the letter is dated August 24, 2011, it was not mailed to Town's attorney until several days after that date. The Town offers the below information as to why a public hearing should have been granted.

#### **Background Information**

The systems proposed to be transferred serve only citizens of the Town. The Town incorporated as a municipal corporation in 2010 with a population of around 5,000 citizens. The city limits of the Town are covered by dual water and sewer CCN's held by Mustang and the District. Mustang had the water CCN before the District. The District had the sewer CCN before Mustang. After Denton County authorized the creation of the District for a developer, the District (while controlled by the developer) and Mustang entered into a series of contracts with the first ones being dated June 18, 2001, one for water and one for sewer (together the "2001 Contracts"). In 2001, the area was rural and sparsely populated, but the developer wanted to build a large, high-density residential community. Mustang had no customers or distribution facilities—on—the—developer's—property.—Mustang consented—to—the—District—obtaining—a dual-water CCN and allowing all of the new homes to be retail utility customers of the District, in part, because Mustang was financially unable to construct the infrastructure or be the retail service provider to the new high-density development. Mustang was created as a rural utility provider to service farms and ranches. Mustang's governing body consists solely of Mustang's rural water customers and has intentionally excluded residents of the high-density development from running for office.

In 2003, the District issued its first series of \$31 million in bond issues that paid for the construction of the infrastructure to be the retail utility water and sewer service provider to the developer's property. The District owns the infrastructure and still maintains its dual CCN. Many new homes were constructed over the last 10 years and the STM application reflects the District now has 1,846 retail water customers and 1,612 retail sewer customers. The STM application does not reflect that the service area includes an undeveloped area of the developer's property located in the Town and District on which approximately 300 new houses will be built and infrastructure will need to be constructed. The 2001 Contracts were amended in 2002, again in 2005 and then again in 2007. Under the contracts, the District pays Mustang as a service provider for Mustang to perform utility billing and collection services and for maintenance of the District's infrastructure (the 2005 contract is the current contract, as amended in 2007)("Contracts" both enclosed herewith as Exhibit "C"). The STM application seeks to cancel the District's CCN and gift all of the District's water and sewer infrastructure to Mustang. Just as in 2001, Mustang still lacks adequate financial resources for the STM application to be granted.

Finally, Cause No. 2011-60876-393, Providence Village v. Providence Village Water Control and Improvement District of Denton County f/k/a Denton County Fresh Water Supply District No. 9 and

Mustang Special Utility District regarding the lawfulness of the Contracts is presently pending in Denton County District Court.

The utility service currently provided by the District is adequate and should remain as-is. See 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(5)(B).

### Reasons Town's Request for Public Hearing should have been Granted by Executive Director

Our description of how the Town of Providence Village and the public interest would be adversely affected by the transfer of ownership proposed in the STM application and the cancelation of the transferor's water and sewer CCN's are as follows:

### 1. STM Application is Improper. (Water Code § 13.301(e)(1); 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(1))

Number 19 on the STM application ask the applicants to attach a copy of a franchise agreement or consent letter from the city or district if the system being operated is within the corporate limits of a city or district. The system proposed to be transferred by the STM application is within the city limits of the Town. The Town has not and does not consent to the proposed transfer. In addition, the Town does not have a franchise agreement with Mustang, the transferee. Thus, not only was the notice not provided, the STM application submitted to TCEQ is improper.

# 2. Transferee lacks adequate financial capabilities. (Water Code § 13.301(e)(2); 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(2))

The STM application lists Mustang as the transferee/purchaser under the application. The Town requests a hearing because Mustang lacks adequate financial resources as a transferee for multiple reasons, as set forth below. Mustang is required by Water Code § 13.301(e)(2) and 30 T.A.C § 291.109(e)(2) to demonstrate adequate financial, managerial and technical capability or the executive director may request a hearing. Mustang has failed to do so and is unable to do so for the reasons set forth below. Further, as recently as January 2010, the Executive Director for the TCEQ wrote:

Looking at what the ED does know about Mustang SUD's ability to serve, Mustang SUD's current capacity situation is a cause of concern.

See Executive Director's Exceptions to the Proposal for Decision, Page 8, SOAH Docket No. 582-08-1318, TCEQ Docket No. 2001-1956-UCR, Application of Mustang Special Utility District to Amend Sewer Certificate of Convenience and Necessity (CCN) No, 20930 in Denton County, Texas, Application No. 35709-C.

A. Mustang's Audited Financial Statements Show Significant Losses for 2009 and 2010 (Water Code § 13.301(e)(2) and (e)(4); 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(2), (e)(3)(B) and (e)(5)(G))

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010, Mustang's net operating income is negative \$(536,591) and the change in net assets is negative \$(1,322,967). For the fiscal year ended September 30,

2009 Mustang's net operating income is negative \$(950,233) and the change in net assets is negative \$(1,366,859). These significant financial shortcomings demonstrate inadequate financial capabilities.

The following summarizes Mustang's audited financials:

	Amount of Mustang's Loss September 30, 2009	Amount of Mustang's Loss September 30, 2010
Mustang's Net Operating Income	\$ (950,233)	\$ (536,591)
Mustang's Net Assets	\$ (1,366,859)	\$ (1,322,967)

Mustang's September 30, 2010 audited financial statement is enclosed as <u>Exhibit "A"</u> (Summary of audit located on Page 45) and the September 30, 2009 audited financial statement is enclosed as <u>Exhibit "B"</u> (Summary of audit located on Page 45).

Mustang suffered these major losses even with a land developer providing the following "Capital Contributions" (as reflected on Page 45 of the audits) directly to Mustang in recent years:

September 30 Fiscal Year End	Amount of Capital Contribution to Mustang by  Developer
2007	\$ 3,934,388
2008	\$ 139,450
2009	\$ 61,875

In 2010, Mustang had to give the developer a Capital Contribution refund of \$165,994. As the Capital Contributions from the developer decrease and come to an end, Mustang's financial condition has worsened, demonstrating an inability to service the large number of retail water and sewer customers in the Town without outside financial aid.

Regardless of any excuses Mustang may promulgate, the audited numbers speak for themselves. Mustang cannot afford the expense of the 1,846 retail water customers and 1,612 retail sewer customers it would receive if the STM application is granted. Adding retail customers and owning additional infrastructure generates expenses as much as it generates income. Further, approximately 300 additional new homes are going to be built in the Town and service area and all will need new water and sewer infrastructure.

The current Contract between Mustang and the District has the District paying Mustang as a service provider to bill the District's retail utility customers and to operate and maintain the District's infrastructure requested to be transferred to Mustang in the STM application. The Contracts are intentionally structured for Mustang to earn a profit on providing the services. Mustang is allowed to

www.mckamiekrueger.com

San Antonio 941 Proton Rd. San Antonio, Texas 78258 (210) 546-2122 Fax (210) 546-2130 Austin 100 Congress Ave., Suite 2000 Austin, Texas 78701 Dallas 2007 N. Collins Blvd. Suite 501 Richardson, Texas 75080 (214) 253-2600 Fax (214) 253-2626 charge District the "actual costs plus a fifteen percent (15%) overhead charge" incurred by Mustang. See Second full paragraph on Page 5 of the "First Amendment to Merged, Amended, and Restated Agreement Related to Water and Sanitary Service" enclosed with Exhibit "C". Therefore, Mustang is operating at a loss even while being allowed to charge all of its actual costs in performing services plus a 15% overhead add-on. If the STM application is granted, the Contract will terminate and Mustang will then have to perform the same utility billing services and the same maintenance and operation of the water and sewer infrastructure, but it will no longer have the District to pay Mustang's actual costs and 15% overhead charge. Granting the STM application will remove the District from the equation and the customers will become Mustang's retail customers and the assets will then belong to Mustang. This loss of revenue from being a service provider to the District will only increase Mustang's financial troubles. It is illogical to assume Mustang can operate without experiencing losses after the transfer when it would become solely responsible for the actual costs and overhead when it is unable to do so prior to the transfer with the District paying Mustang's actual costs plus 15% overhead.

Mustang already struggles to maintain an adequate debt to equity ratio without taking on the full obligations of owning the additional system and having the sole CCNs for the 300 new homes going to be built, which it is seeking to acquire in the STM application. For example, in 2008 Mustang sought Attorney General approval to issue \$2.7 million dollars in bond indebtedness. The Attorney General informed Mustang that it could not issue such indebtedness unless it paid off at least \$833,000.00 of the indebtedness it incurred two years earlier in 2006. Regulations provide, in 30 T.A.C. § 291.209(e)(5)(G), that it is in the public interest to hold a hearing and investigate the financial stability of Mustang and the adequacy of its debt-equity ratio. The submitted STM application does not provide sufficient information about this problem for the Executive Director to evaluate it without a public hearing.

All of the above evidences Mustang's continuing mismanagement or misuse of revenues as a utility service provider and is grounds for a hearing to be granted under Water Code § 13.301(e)(2) and (e)(4) and 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(3)(B).

# B. Mustang has History of Billing Errors and Late Payments of Contractual Obligations (Water Code § 13.301(e)(3)(B); 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(3)(B))

Currently the District contracts with Mustang for Mustang to provide utility billing and collection services for the District's retail water and sewer customers. The District compensates Mustang for this service. Mustang is responsible for sending utility bills, collecting the payments and then forwarding the utility revenue to the District, minus a collection fee for Mustang's services.

The March 17, 2009 letter attached hereto as <u>Exhibit "D"</u> from the District to Mustang outlines the problem of Mustang being incapable of timely transferring the collected utility revenue to the District. Such revenue collected by the Mustang does not even belong to Mustang. It is merely a pass-through because Mustang is providing a service. Even though the income is merely pass-through, Mustang still was unable to timely pay and meet its financial obligations to the District.

Mustang did not notice its own errors. The District discovered Mustang's errors and made Mustang aware of the problem. This demonstrates Mustang's lack of internal checks and balances. There

is no way of knowing how long the errors would have remained undetected if Mustang were solely responsible for the utility accounts. Two newspapers articles are attached as Exhibit "E", one from March 15, 2009 and another from March 18, 2009 outlining Mustang's billing oversights and Mustang's inability to pay its own bills to the District in a timely manner. Granting the pending STM application will make Mustang solely responsible for the utility accounts because the District's retail customers will become Mustang's retail customers.

All of the above evidences Mustang's continuing mismanagement or misuse of revenues as a utility service provider and is grounds for a hearing to be granted under Water Code § 13.301(e)(3)(B) and 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(3)(B).

C. The District still has Significant Bond Indebtedness from District Bonds that were Sold to Pay for the Water and Sewer Infrastructure Proposed to be Transferred to Mustang (Water Code § 13.301(e)(5); 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(4) and (e)(5)(D))

The District sold \$31 million in bonds to construct the water and sewer infrastructure requested to be transferred to Mustang. The STM application requests to transfer the District's water and sewer infrastructure and the District's retail customers to Mustang and leave the District to continue paying the bond debt. Mustang is attempting to acquire the infrastructure and retail customers because it needs revenue to reduce the million dollar losses reported the last 2 years (See Paragraph 2.A., above). However, acquiring the 1,846 retail water customers and 1,612 retail sewer customers will create increased costs. Likewise, acquiring the undeveloped area of the developer's property located in the Town and District on which approximately 300 new houses will be built and infrastructure will need to be constructed will create increased costs. As discussed in Paragraph 2.A., the current Contracts between Mustang and the District will terminate if the STM application is granted. Then, Mustang will have to perform the same utility billing services and the same maintenance and operation of the water and sewer infrastructure that it performs now, but it will no longer have the District to pay Mustang's actual costs and 15% overhead charge. This loss of revenue from the District will only increase Mustang's financial troubles. It is illogical to assume Mustang can operate without experiencing losses after the transfer when it would be solely responsible for its own actual costs and overhead if it is unable to do so prior to the transfer with the District paying Mustang's actual costs plus 15% overhead. Likewise, the District will be left with bond indebtedness and continued assessments against District residents, yet the District will lose its utility revenue.

All of the above evidences Mustang's continuing mismanagement or misuse of revenues as a utility service provider and lack of financial ability are grounds for a hearing to be granted under Water Code § 13.301(e)(5) and 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(3)(B) and (4). Further, regulations provide, in 30 T.A.C. § 291.209(e)(5)(D), that it is in the public interest to hold a hearing and investigate the effect of the transfer on the retail public utility, which is the District.

D. Mustang lacks the Financial Ability to Provide Capital Investment to Build Infrastructure to the Final Phases of the Development (Water Code § 13.301(e)(4); 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(4))

The property developer has an additional phase of approximately 300 residential homes to be developed within the Town and District. Under the Contracts, the District will sell more bonds to build the water and sewer infrastructure in the new residential area. If the District's CCN is cancelled and all of the District's infrastructure assets are transferred to Mustang under the STM application terminating the Contracts, Mustang does not have the cash or bonding ability to provide the necessary capital investment to provide adequate service. See Paragraph 2.C. above for details about Mustang's bond history and Paragraph 2.A. for details on operating losses. The fact that the Contracts provide that Mustang can take the infrastructure from the District does not equate to the transfer being in the public interest or within Mustang's financial capabilities. Whether the structure of such Contracts is even lawful is yet to be determined. It is Mustang's burden to demonstrate financial ability. Water Code § 13.301(e)(4) and 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(4).

E. Mustang does not want Town Residents Participating in its Management or Overseeing its Finances (Water Code § 13.301(e)(2); 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(2))

Prior to the year 2000, Mustang was a water supply corporation. Mustang then converted to a special utility district to which Chapter 65 of the Water Code applies. Mustang is governed by a 9 member Board of Directors each elected at-large ("Board"). Section 65.102 of the Water Code sets forth qualifications to serve on the Board, which are: (1) being 18 years old; (2) being a resident of Texas; and (3) owning land subject to taxation in the district or being a user of district facilities or being a qualified voter in the district. These Water Code requirements to serve in public office are generally sufficient for all administratively created special utility districts, except Mustang. Mustang had the requirements changed so that only the long-standing rural water customers could participate in its governance to the exclusion of residents of the Town and District living in the new high-density areas.

If Mustang were operating properly and financially secure, why would it exclude the new growth located in its CCN from participating in its governance by serving on the Board? When the growth was exploding, Mustang had a local bill filed in the legislature that enacted Chapter 7209 of the Special District Local Laws Code. Chapter 7209 excludes residents of the District and Town from serving on the Board. See H.B. No. 4044 enclosed as Exhibit "F". If the STM application is granted, Mustang has admittedly already started the process of eliminating at-large elections and dividing the Board into single-member districts to preserve the power of the rural customers even though they are the minority of the customers. See Item 10 on posted Board Agenda for May 24, 2010 Board meeting and Executive Session item on June 28, 2010 posted Board Agenda, both attached as Exhibit "G".

All of the above evidences Mustang's continuing mismanagement or misuse of revenues as a utility service provider and is grounds for a hearing to be granted under Water Code § 13.301(e)(2) and 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(2) and (3)(B).

# F. Granting the STM Application will Result in Higher Utility Rates for Customers (Water Code § 13.301(e)(5); 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(5)(I))

The District has historically had lower rates than Mustang and the STM application will result in rate increases. The fact that Mustang cannot own the system without incurring rate increases is evidence of its lack of adequate financial resources for this STM application to be approved. In recent years, the District had lower rates than its present rate, however, based on the October 5, 2007 contract between the District and Mustang attached hereto as <a href="Exhibit">Exhibit "C"</a>, Mustang required the District to increase its rates, even though such rate increases were not needed by the District, so that the District could achieve rate parity (or equally high rates) with Mustang in preparation for the STM application. Prior to being forced to achieve rate parity, the District had significantly lower rates than Mustang. See 2006 Summary of Area Rates taken from Denton Record-Chronicle newspaper attached as <a href="Exhibit">Exhibit "H"</a>. Regulations provide, in 30 T.A.C. § 291.209(e)(5)(I), that it is in the public interest to hold a hearing and investigate whether there will be "probable improvement of service or lowering of costs to consumers in that area resulting from approving the transaction." (emphasis added).

# G. The District's Utility Revenue Should not be Transferred to Mustang since it Pays for Fire and Sheriff Services Vital for Public Safety (Water Code § 13.301(e)(5); 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(5)(D))

State law and regulations provide, in Water Code § 13.301(e)(5)—and 30 T.A.C. § 291.209(e)(5)(D), that it is in the public interest to hold a hearing and investigate the effect of approving the STM application on any retail public utility already serving the area. The District is serving the area and approval of the STM application will negatively affect the District. The District currently funds contracts to pay neighboring local entities for fire and sheriff services from utility system revenue. See Letter from District to Mustang dated March 17, 2009 discussing these ongoing annual financial obligations attached as Exhibit "D". If the water and sewer infrastructure assets and/or customers are transferred by the District to Mustang, the District will no longer have the utility revenues it currently uses to pay for basic public safety services, such as fire and sheriff protection. Mustang does not currently pay for public safety services and does not intend to pay for public safety services after the transfer.

All of the above evidences the severe negative effects on the retail service provider, the District, already serving the area and is grounds for a hearing to be granted under Water Code § 13.301(e)(5) and 30 T.A.C. § 291.109(e)(5)(D).

## 3. The Transfer Will Not Serve the Public Interest (Water Code § 13.301(e)(5))

The Water Code provides that the Executive Director may request a public hearing on an STM application if: "there are concerns that the transaction may not serve the public interest, after the application of the considerations provided by Section 13.246(c) for determining whether to grant a CCN." Quoting Water Code § 13.301(e)(5). Thus, in determining whether the public interest is served, the Executive Director may consider the following:

- (1) the adequacy of service currently provided to the requested area;
- (2) the need for additional service in the requested area, including whether any landowners, prospective landowners, tenants, or residents have requested service;
- (3) the effect of the granting of a certificate or of an amendment on the recipient of the certificate or amendment, on the landowners in the area, and on any retail public utility of the same kind already serving the proximate area;
- (4) the ability of the applicant to provide adequate service, including meeting the standards of the commission, taking into consideration the current and projected density and land use of the area;
- (5) the feasibility of obtaining service from an adjacent retail public utility;
- (6) the financial ability of the applicant to pay for the facilities necessary to provide continuous and adequate service and the financial stability of the applicant, including, if applicable, the adequacy of the applicant's debt-equity ratio;
- (7) environmental integrity;
- (8) the probable improvement of service or lowering of cost to consumers in that area resulting from the granting of the certificate or amendment; and
- (9) the effect on the land to be included in the certificated area.

Quoting Water Code § 13.246(c). In regards to public interest, "public interest" is not defined by the statute or Commission Rules. However, in the case of Texas Citizens for a Safe Future & Water v. R. R. Com'n of Texas, 254 S.W. 3d 492, 507 (Tex. App.—Austin 2007), the Austin Court of Appeals ruled that such term required the Commission to consider a broad variety of impacts extending beyond those specifically addressed in the statute, with a concurring opinion by Judge Waldrop stating:

It appears to me that the term "public interest" could have been included in the statute without definition or elaboration for a legitimate reason. It could well have been intended to be broad enough to allow the Commission to address the myriad possible circumstances that might be presented in an . . . application, and to allow the Commission to consider all of the considerations that might impact the "public interest" in having the [application granted]. This does not mean that the Commission must take any particular action with respect to the public interest component of its charge, or consider such public interest outside the context of its duty to regulate . . . . The Commission is charged with considering the "public interest" in granting or denying an [application] and may give public interest considerations the weight it considers appropriate within its statutory grant of authority.

Below are the 9 factors that may be considered by statute in determining whether the public interest will be served, and the Town's response to each factor:

### (1) the adequacy of service currently provided to the requested area;

The current retail service provided by the District is adequate. Neither Mustang nor the District alleged to the contrary in the STM application. The District should remain as the retail utility provider in the Town.

(2) the need for additional service in the requested area, including whether any landowners, prospective landowners, tenants, or residents have requested service;

As discussed in detail in Paragraph 2.D. above, service has been requested by the developer for another phase of new, high-density residential development and Mustang lacks the financial ability to provide the capital investment and build the infrastructure. Both the water and sewer infrastructure will need to be built to serve the undeveloped portions of the service area in the Town. Paragraph 2.D. above is incorporated here for providing more detail in support hereof.

(3) the effect of the granting of a certificate or of an amendment on the recipient of the certificate or amendment, on the landowners in the area, and on any retail public utility of the same kind already serving the proximate area;

The District is the current retail utility provider. Transferring its utility infrastructure to Mustang, taking its retail customers and terminating its CCNs will have a negative effect on the District, particularly given the amount of bond debt it has outstanding. Paragraph 2.A. above is incorporated here to provide detail insupport hereof.

(4) the ability of the applicant to provide adequate service, including meeting the standards of the commission, taking into consideration the current and projected density and land use of the area;

The area in question has 1,846 retail water customers and 1,612 retail sewer customers. Service has been requested by the developer for another phase of approximately 300 high-density residential houses, which is projected to push the final number of retail water customers to over 2,100. Mustang's ability to serve the increased population is discussed in detail in Paragraph 2, above, which is incorporated here to provide detail in support hereof.

(5) the feasibility of obtaining service from an adjacent retail public utility;

Service is already provided by the District. It is also feasible that the Town could provide retail public utility services. Mustang is not needed as a retail public utility provider in the Town.

(6) the financial ability of the applicant to pay for the facilities necessary to provide continuous and adequate service and the financial stability of the applicant, including, if applicable, the adequacy of the applicant's debt-equity ratio;

Mustang's financial inadequacy, including its debt-equity ratio, are discussed in detail in Paragraph 2, above, which is incorporated here to provide detail in support hereof.

#### (7) environmental integrity;

Town has little information regarding this factor and minimal information was provided with the STM application. Environmental integrity should be explored by public hearing.

(8) the probable improvement of service or lowering of cost to consumers in that area resulting from the granting of the certificate or amendment; and

The probable negative effect on the cost to customers and the service that would be provided by Mustang if the STM application were granted are discussed in detail in Paragraphs 2.B., 2.E., and 2.F, above, which are incorporated here to provide detail in support hereof.

(9) the effect on the land to be included in the certificated area.

The effect on the land if the STM application is granted is tremendously negative for all of the reasons discussed in detail in Paragraph 2, above, which is incorporated here to provide detail in support hereof. Of all the effects discussed in Paragraph 2, the effect on public fire protection and sheriff services discussed in Paragraph 2.G. is alarming.

#### **CONCLUSION AND PRAYER**

Despite being aware of all of the information contained herein, the Executive Director decided there was no need to explore the information further using the public hearing process. For the foregoing reasons Towns requests the Executive Directors decision not to hold a public hearing on the STM application be overturned.

Sincerely,

McKAMIE KRUEGER, LLP

JULIE Y. FORT

JYF/tld Enclosures

Exhibit "A" -- Mustang's 9/30/2010 Audited Financial Statement

Exhibit "B" - Mustang's 9/30/2009 Audited Financial Statement

Exhibit "C" - current Contracts (2005 contract with 2007 amendment)

Exhibit "D" - March 17, 2009 Letter from District to Mustang

Exhibit "E" - Two Newspaper Articles

Exhibit "F" -- House Bill No. 4044

Exhibit "G" - Agendas for May 24, 2010 and June 28, 2010 Mustang Board meetings

Exhibit "H" - Summary of area Rates in 2006

Cc: Philip Mack Furlow (via email w/out enclosures)
Mayor Roberson (via email w/out enclosures)
Brandy Manning (via email w/out enclosures)

# MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants 2802 Washington Street Greenville, Texas 75401 (903) 455-6252



# MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT - ANNUAL FINANGIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

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# MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT ANNUAL FILING AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF TEXAS	
COUNTY OF	<del></del>
	of th
(Name of Duly Auth	orized District Representative)
Maradama	g Special Utility District
	ame of District)
hereby swear, or affirm, that the District above has r	eviewed and approved at a meeting of the District's Board
of Directors on theday of	Centomber 30, 2010
its annual audit report for the fiscal period ended	September 30, 2010 I in the District's office, located at
and that copies of the annual report nave been med	931 Aubrey, TX 76227
	of the District's Office)
(Address (	of the plantice office)
are a standard attached convertible and	it report will be submitted to the Texas Commission on
 Environmental Quality to satisfy the annual filing rec	wines and of Toyon Water Code Section 49.194.
Environmental Quality to satisfy the annual ining rec	quirements of rexas water odds section remain
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Date:	By:  (Signature of District Representative)  (Typed Name and Title of District Representative)
Date:	By:  (Signature of District Representative)  (Typed Name and Title of District Representative)
Date:	By:  (Signature of District Representative)  (Typed Name and Title of District Representative)
Date:	By:  (Signature of District Representative)  (Typed Name and Title of District Representative)  day of

\_\_\_FINANCIAL\_SECTION\_\_\_

### RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

2802 Washington Street

Greenville, Texas 75401

(903) 455-6252

Fax (903) 455-6667

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Mustang Special Utility District 7985 FM 2931 Aubrey, Texas 76227

#### Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the proprietary funds of the Mustang Special Utility District (District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are tree of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Mustang Special Utility District as of September 30, 2010, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Audit Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 8, 2011, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance of the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The schedules identified as other supplementary information identified in the table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis, are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of financial statements, and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 8, 2011 Greenville, Texas

### RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

2802 Washington Street

Greenville, Texas 75401

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Mustang Special Utility District 7985 FM 2931 Aubrey, Texas 76227

Members of the Board:

We have audited the basic financial statements of the proprietary funds of the Mustang Special Utility District (District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing ar opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion or the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A materia weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a materia misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of thit section, and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion or compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information of the District's management and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 8, 2011 Greenville, Texas

# MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT - SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Schedule Reference Number

Findings

NONE

### MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Schedule Reference Number

Prior Findings

NONE

#### MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Schedule Reference Number

Prior Findings

NONE

This section of Mustang Special Utility District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended September 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net assets were \$ 20,788,058 at September 30, 2010.
- The District did not issue any new debt during the year.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 1,322,967 more than the \$ 4,523,416 generated from charges for services and other revenues for business-type activities.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts — Managements Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. Management's Discussion and Analysis provides an overview of the financial activities of the District. The basic financial statements include three statements that present a financial view of the District: The Statement of Fund Net Assets presents financial information, inlouding assets and liabilities, representing a one day snapshot; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets presents a review of operating and non-operating activities for the fiscal period; the Statement of Cash Flows reflects the inflows and outflows of cash-resources.

- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as water sales.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report

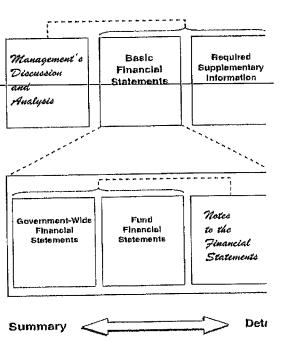


Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

			Fund Statements	
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Gexernmental Tunds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
	Enlire Agency's government	The activities of the district	Activities the district	Instances in which the
	(except fiduciary funds)	that are not proprietary or	operates similar to private	district is the trustee or
Scope	and the Agency's component	fiduciary	businesses self insurance	agent for someone else's
Drup.	junits			resources
	1		•	İ
*****************	i Angaratan yang menangga	i Balandarahan kanalan barahan	i Districtiva de la compansión de la com	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
Kerser Irvan			Statement of het assets := 10	2 Statement of Douclary
No. 14 Table 1	amproportation in the contraction of the con-	Griden i (1886) projektori ososom venem	รับการใบการเหตุการให้เหลือและเกมเล้า	pictaticus and a second
Required financial	* Sintement of activities	Statement of revenues,	Statement of revenues,	Stillement of changes
statements	ikase kanggari	expenditures & changes	expenses and changes in	in fiducinty net assets
LI PARKET SE	MANAGE STATE	in fund billances	fund not assets	
13.001.03.25.40			* Statement of cash flows	
Accounting basis		Modified accruel	Accrual accounting and	Accrual accounting and
and measurement	economic resources focus	accounting and current	economic resources focus	economic resources focus
YOU SECRETARIES		financial resources focus	   maint hitching a talk mane name as	
	All'assois and liabilities 1.	TO STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF TH		All assets and liabilities
me of the state				both short term and long
asser ljabljir	phon-lerm and long-term six		and short-ferm and long	term; the Agency's funds do
information		year or soon thereafter	lem as you have	not currently contain
		no capital assets included		Copital assets, although
				direction and the second
		Revenues for which cash	All revenues and expenses	All revenues and
		is received during or soon	during year, regardless of	expenses during year,
Type of		after the end of the year;	when cash is received or	regardless of when cash
type of tyflow/outflow	' '	expenditures when goods or services have been	paid	is received or paid
information	i i	or services have been received and payment is		
erpertament		due during the year or		
		soon thereafter		
	1	SOON (HELECLIE)		
		<del></del>		

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving deteriorating, respectively.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Directors establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it properly using certain funds.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. We use enterprise funds to report activities that provide potable water and wastewater services for the District.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's total net assets were \$ 20,788,058 at September 30, 2010.

Mustang Special I	Utility Dist	trict's Net Ass	ets		Table A-1
		Business Activit		<i>r</i> pe 2009	Percentage Change 2009-2010
Assets: Cash and Investments Other Assets Restricted Assets Non-current Assets Total Assets	\$	443,244 676,332 4,285,364 27,220,630 32,625,570	\$	683,745 1,175,223 5,041,077 28,349,618 35,249,663	-35.17% -42.45% -14.99% -3.98% -7.44%
Liabilities:  Current Liabilities  Long-term Liabilities  Total Liabilities	\$	1,710,960 10,126,552 11,837,512	\$	2,491,507 10,528,753 13,020,260	-31,33% -3,82% -9,08%
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted Total Net Assets	\$ \$	10,656,424 10,131,634 20,788,058		9,858,403 12,371,000 22,229,403	8,09% -18,10% -6,48%

### **Business-Type Activities**

					Table A-2
Changes in Mustang Spec	cial Util	ity District's No	et As	sets	Total
		Busines: Activi	-	pe	Percentage Change
		2010	1100	2009	2009-2010
Program Revenues: Operating Revenue	\$	4,496,702	\$	4,433,126	1.43%
General Revenues:		26,714		48,221	-44.60%
Interest Income Total Revenues	\$	4,523,416	\$	4,481,347	0.94%
Expenses: Operating Expenses	\$	5,033,293 647,096	\$	5,383,359 526,722	-6.50% 22.85%
Non-operating Expenses Total Expenses	\$	5,680,389	\$	5,910,081	-3,89%
Increase in Net Assets before Capital Contributions	\$	(1,156,973)	\$	(1,428,734)	-19.02%
Capital Contributions:  Wastewater Capacity Fee Refunded to Developers	\$	(165,994)		61,875	-368.27%
Total Capital Contributions	\$	(165,994)	\$	61,875	-368.27%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$	(1,322,967)	\$	(1,366,859)	-3.21%

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At September 30, 2010, the District had invested \$ 27,912,892 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, distribution system, equipment and vehicles (See Table A-3).

Changes in Mus	tang Special Uti	lity District's N	let A	ssets	Table A-
		Business - Type			
	<b></b>	Activ 2010	rities	2009	Change 2009-2010
Land and Improvements	\$	469,255	\$	469,255	0.00%
Construction in Progress		98,420		•	100,00%
Buildings and Improvements		1,360,966		1,360,966	0.00%
Water Distribution System		24,889,115		24,589,752	1.22%
Furniture and Fixtures		760,261		760,261	0.00%
Vehicles	**************************************	334,875		318,038	5.29%
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	27,912,892	\$	27,498,272	1.51%
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(7,265,825)		(6,150,174)	18.14%
Net Capital Assets	\$	20,647,067	\$	21,348,098	-3.28%

#### Long Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$ 10,041,205 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-4. More detailed information about the District debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Change i	n Mustang Special Uti	lity District's N	let A	ecate	Table A-4
Changes	i indetang opecial od	Busines			Total Percentage
		Activ		* *	Change
		2010	,,,,,,	2009	2009-2010
Bonds Payable	\$	7,615,000	\$	8,975,000	-15.15%
Loans Payable		2,375,643		2,461,595	-3.49%
Other Debt Payable		50,562		53,100	-4.78%
Total Debt Payable	\$	10,041,205	\$	11,489,695	-12.61%

### BUDGET, ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT AND RATES

In past years, the economic factors impacting the District's budget were the development and tremendous growth of the Northeast Denton County area. Due to the fast-paced growth rate in the area, Mustang SUD increased staff, built new facilities and infrastructure for increased water capacity to accommodate current and future customers.

Despite past rapid growth realized in the surrounding area, the current economy remains slow, with growth remaining below 2%. Slower growth continues to impact housing communities surrounding the District, a phenomenon typical of the entire region. While the District continues to expand, we expect growth to remain slow, but steady, through 2011.

Any variances in the budgets are due to increased costs to meet the demands of the growth, system upgrades and/or maintenance of the current system.

Effects on our current and future financial position continue to be growth, system upgrades/maintenance, surface water purchase prices and consistency in performing Capital Improvement Projects.

#### REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additiona financial information should be addressed to Chris Boyd, General Manager for the District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 16

# MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		siness-Type Activities
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$	443,244
Accounts Receivable, Net		594,788
Other Assets		989
Prepaid Expenses, Supplies and Materials		80,555
Total Current Assets	_\$	1,119,576
Restricted Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$	4,285,364
Total Restricted Assets	\$	4,285,364
Non-Current Assets:		
Equity Buy-in Fees, Net	\$	6,294,588
SUD Conversion Costs, Net		94,827
Bond Issuance Costs, Net		184,148
Capital Assets:		·
Land and Improvements		469,255
Construction in Progress		98,420
Buildings and Improvements, Net		1,115,991
Water Distribution System, Net		18,850,034
Vehicles, Net		23,769
Furniture and Equipment, Net		89,598
Total Non-Current Assets	\$	27,220,630
Total Assets	_\$	32,625,570

# MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	B	Business-Type Activities	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$	283,753	
Other Payables		26,745	
Due to Other Districts Payable from Restricted Assets		909,679	
Accrued Interest Payable		54,528	
Bonds Payable		345,000	
Loans Payable		91,255	
Total Current Liabilities	\$	1,710,960	
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Bonds Payable	\$	7,270,000	
Loans Payable		2,284,388	
Other Debt Payable		50,562	
Escrow Payable		119,160	
Customer Deposits		402,442	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$	10,126,552	
Total Liabilities	\$	11,837,512	
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	10,656,424	
Unrestricted		10,131,634	
Total Net Assets	\$	20,788,058	

# MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		Enterprise	
		Fund	
		Water Utilities	
	<del></del>		
OPERATING REVENUES			
Water/Wastewater Sales	\$	3,338,626	
Customer Charges/Fees		1,134,975	
Miscellaneous	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23,101	
Total Operating Revenues	\$	4,496,702	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Payroll and Benefits	\$	756,843	
Water Distribution System		2,260,955	
Other Operating Costs		214,036	
Professional and Legal Fees		109,688	
Insurance		150,700	
Amortization		425,420	
Depreciation	And the state of t	1,115,651	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	5,033,293	
Operating Income (Expenses)	<u>\$</u>	(536,591)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income	\$	26,714	
Interest Expense		(585,126)	
Bad Debt Expense – Sale of CCN	<u> </u>	(61,970)	
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)		(620,382)	
Change in Net Assets Before Capital Contributions	<u>\$</u>	(1,156,973)	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS			
Wastewater Capacity Fee Refunded to Developers	\$	(165,994)	
Total Capital Contributions	\$	(165,994)	
Change in Net Assets	\$	(1,322,967)	
Total Net Assets - Unadjusted Beginning (October 1)		22,229,403	
Prior Period Adjustments	p	(118,378)	
Total Net Assets - Adjusted Beginning (October 1)	<u> </u>	22,111,025	
Total Net Assets - Ending (September 30)	_\$	20,788,058	

#### MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

·	<del></del>	Enterprise Fund Water	
Cook Flour from Operating Adjustion:	P a communication of	Utilities	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:  Cash Received from Customers	\$	4,830,938	
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	Ψ	(2,641,047)	
Cash Payments to Employees		(757,993)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	1,431,898	
Cash Flows from Capital and Other Related			
Financing Activities:			
Escrow for Land Easements Received	\$	276	
Principal Paid on Bonds and Notes	·	(1,445,952)	
Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes		(643,035)	
Was tewater Capacity Fee Received from Developers		5,000	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Other Related			
Financing Activities	\$	(2,083,711)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits	\$	36,316	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	\$	36,316	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	\$	(398,985)	
Interest Received	,	18,268	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities	. \$	(380,717)	
Net increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	\$	(996,214)	
Cash and investments - Beginning (October 1)		5,724,822	
Cash and Investments - Ending (September 30)	\$	4,728,608	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided by Operating Activities			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(536,591)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		·	
Provided by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation		1,115,651	
Amortization		425,420	
Change in Assets and Liabilities:			
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		230,754	
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses, Supplies and Materials		43,619	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		46,478	
Increase (Decrease) in Other Payables		3,085	
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Districts		103,482	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	1,431,898	

#### MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Mustang Special Utility District (District) was approved by the voters within the District on May 4, 2002. The Mustang Special Utility District is an organization as set forth under the terms and conditions of Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and Chapter 65 of the Texas Water Code. The Mustang Water Supply Corporation was dissolved and all assets, liabilities and equity of that organization were transferred to the newly created Mustang Special Utility District. This transfer of ownership took place on October 1, 2002, for financial reporting purposes.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The Board of Directors (Board), a nine member group constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to providing water services within the jurisdiction of the Mustang Special Utility District. Members of the Board are elected by the public; have the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations; and have the primary accountability for fiscal matters. The District is not included in any other governmental "Reporting Entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units presented.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund or account group are summarized by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which include its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue and expenses. The fund type utilized by the District is described below:

#### a. Proprietary fund types include the following –

The Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) the governing body has decided periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting," all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989 and continue to follow new FASB pronouncements unless they conflict with GASB guidance.

#### 3. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included in the balance sheet. Fund equity is identified as net assets.

#### 4. Budget

The Board adopts an annual budget for the Enterprise Fund. The Budget for the Enterprise Fund is adopted under a basis consistent with GAAP. The Board approves amendments to the annual budget as prepared by the General Manager of the District.

### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 5. Property, Plant and Equipment

Additions to the utility system are recorded at cost or, if contributed property, at its estimated fair value at time of contribution. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses; renewals and betterments are capitalized. The sale or disposal of fixed assets is recovered by removing cost and accumulated depreciation from the accounts and charging the resulting gain or loss to income. The District uses a capitalization policy of \$5,000.

Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Vehicles	5 years
Office Furniture and Equipment	5-10 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-10 years
Water Distribution System	5-40 years
Buildings	20-40 years

#### 6. Amortization of Equity Fee and Organizational Costs

The District has assets recorded in the basic financial statements entitled "UTRWD Equity Fee, Net, Bond Issuance Costs, Net and SUD Conversion Costs, Net." Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the District capitalize the costs associated with these assets and amortize those costs over the life of the asset or loan, and not less than 60 months, respectively, rather than expensing the entire amount in the year acquired. The expense associated with this amortization appears in the basic financial statements as "Amortization." The amount expensed during the year ended September 30, 2010, was \$-425,420. The amount recorded as associated of amortization in the basic financial statements at September 30, 2010, totaled \$ 6,389,415.

#### 7. Prepaid Expenses, Materials and Supplies

Prepaid expenses consist of items paid for in the current period to be used in the following accounting period. Prepaid materials and supplies consist of supplies and repair parts for the distribution system, valued at cost. The cost materials and supplies is recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and Investments are comprised of deposits in financial institutions including time deposits. For the purpose the statement of cash flows, an investment is considered any highly liquid investment with a maturity of ninety days less.

#### 9. Retirement Plan

The District is a member of the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS). The District matches up to 5 of employee contributions 1 to 1, and employees vest after 10 years of service. The plan also provides for disability retirement for members with 10 years of service or more. The District's contributions for the fiscal year totale \$15,798.

### 10. Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leaved does not vest but accumulates and is recorded as an expense as it is paid.

### B. Changes in Property, Plant and Equipment

The following is a summary of changes in property, plant and equipment for the year:

		Beginning Balances		lditions and lassifications	Retire	ments	Ending Balances
Land	\$	469,255	\$	•	\$	-	\$ 469,255
Buildings and Improvements	•	1,360,966	•	-			1,360,966
Construction in Progress				98,420		-	98,420
Water Distribution System		24,589,752		299,363		-	24,889,115
Furniture and Equipment		760,261		-		-	760,261
Vehicles		318,038		16,837		F	 334,875
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	27,498,272	\$	414,620	\$	-	\$ 27,912,892
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Improvements	\$	190,536	\$	54,439	\$	-	\$ 244,975
Water Distribution System	•	5,043,125	·	995,956		-	6,039,081
Furniture and Equipment		621,959		48,704			670,663
Vehicles		294,554		16,552			 311,106
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	6,150,174	\$	1,115,651	\$	h	\$ 7,265,825
Net Capital Assets	\$	21,348,098	\$	(701,031)	\$	b-	\$ 20,647,067

### C. Restricted Assets

The District is required to maintain certain bank accounts to be in compliance with the bond covenants. The District also maintains separate bank accounts to account for monies collected from freshwater supply district customers to be remitted to the respective freshwater supply districts. At September 30, 2010, the District had the following accounts restricted for these purposes:

Cash - Northstar System Growth	\$ 93,653
Cash - Northstar Debt Service	34,904
Cash - Northstar Construction	1,052,570
Cash - Northstar I & S	36,500
Cash - Northstar Developer's Escrow	4,869
Cash - Logic Cust Deposits	419,627
Cash - Logic 2006 Debt Reserve	406,222
Cash - Logic System Growth	931,393
Cash - Logic UTRWD I&S	80,279
Cash - Logic Dev Escrow	105,291
Cash - DCFWSD #9 Providence	241,501
Cash - DCFWSD #8A Paloma Creek	38,938
Cash - DCFWSD #8B Paloma Creek	126,222
Cash - DCFWSD #11A Paloma Creek	138,535
Cash - DCFWSD #10 Savannah	180,087
Cash - DCFWSD #11B Paloma Creek	12,989
Cash - Northstar 08 Debt Reserve	265,811
Cash - Northstar 08 I & S	8,186
Cash - Northstar 09 I & S	6,983
Cash - Northstar 09 Debt Reserve	 100,804
Total	\$ 4,285,364

### C. Restricted Assets (Continued)

Northstar System Growth -

Northstar Debt Service -

Northstar Construction -

Northstar I & S -

Norlhstar Developer's Escrow -

Northstar 07 Revenue Note I & S -

Logic Cust Deposits -Logic - 2006 Debt Service -

Logic - System Growth -

Logic - UTRWD Interest & Sinking -

Logic - Developer's Escrow Account -

DCFWSD #9 - Providence -

DCFWSD#8A - Paloma Lakeview -

DCFWSD#8B - Paloma North -

DCFWSD # 11A - Paloma South -

DCFWSD#11B - Paloma Creek -

DCFWSD - Savannah -

Northstar 08 Debt Reserve -

Northstar 08 | & S -

Northstar 09 Debt Reserve -

Northstar 09 | & S -

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents monies designated for future expansion and system repair and maintenance.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents the amount required by the bond covenant to be held in reserve until bond is paid in full.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents bond proceeds held for future construction.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents amounts set aside for the next

principal and interest payment on bonded debt.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents amounts held by the District for utility easements on construction projects.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents amounts set aside for the next principal and interest payment on bonded debt.

This account, held at Logic, represents refundable customer deposits.

This account, held at Logic, represents the amount required by the bond covenant to be held in reserve until bond is paid in full.

This account, held at Logic, represents monies designated for future expansion and system repair and maintenance,

This account, held at Logic, represents amounts set aside for the next principal and interest payment on Upper Trinity Regional Water District Note.

This account, held at Logic, represents amounts held by the District for utility easements on construction projects.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents the payments collected from Providence customers to be remitted to the Freshwater Supply District.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents the payments collected from

Paloma-Lakeview-customers to be remitted to the Freshwater Supply District.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents the payments collected from Paloma North customers to be remitted to the Freshwater Supply District.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents the payments collected from Paloma South customers to be remitted to the Freshwater Supply District.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents the payment collected from Paloma Creek #11B customers to be remitted to the Freshwater Supply District.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents the payments collected from Savannah customers to be remitted to the Freshwater Supply District.

This account held at Northstar Bank, represents the amount required by the bond covenant to be held in reserve until bond is paid in full.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents amounts set aside for the next principal and interest payment on bonded debt.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents the amount required by the bond covenant to be held in reserve until bond is paid in full.

This account, held at Northstar Bank, represents amounts set aside for the next principal and interest payment on bonded debt.

### D. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments</u>

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. At September 30, 2010, all District cash deposits appeared to be covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the depository in the District's name. The District's deposits appear to have been secured at all times throughout the fiscal year.

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act. The Act requires specific training, reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to be in compliance with the requirements of the Act.

#### Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued) D.

State statutes and local policy authorize the District to invest in the following types of investment goods:

- obligations of the U.S. or its agencies or instrumentalities,
- obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, b,
- obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or State of Texas or their agencies or instrumentalities, G.
- obligations of other states, agencies or political subdivisions having a national investment rating of "A" or greater, d. guaranteed or securitized certificates of deposit issued by a bank domiciled in the State of Texas, or
- e. fully collateralized repurchase agreements. f.

District investments include deposits in external investment pools, such as LOGIC. All LOGIC investments are reported at share price (fair value) and are presented as cash and investments.

The LOGIC Investment Pool is managed by an elected Board of Directors. The Board is comprised of elected members of the organization. An advisory board of qualified investment members advises the Directors on investment decisions.

The following table categorizes the District's investment at September 30, 2010;

	Credit Rating	Fair Value	
LOGIC	AAAm	\$ 1,942,812	,
Total		\$ <u>1,942,812</u>	

\* Local government pool investments are based upon a contract and not the security itself. Therefore, these types of investments are not categorized above.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined cash balances on the date of highest balance:

- Name of bank: NorthStar Bank of Texas, Denton, Texas. a.
- Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was b. \$ 5,500,000.
- Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balances amounted to \$4,226,316 and C. occurred during the month of October, 2009.
- Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$ 500,000. d.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

**Custodial Credit Risk** b.

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

### D. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)</u>

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

### E. Long - Term Obligations

The following schedule presents changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2010.

		Beginning Balances	Additions	<del></del>	Deletions	Ending Balances	Current Portion
Bonds-Payable Loans Payable Other Debt Payable	_\$_	8,975,000 2,461,595 53,100	.\$	\$-	<del>1,</del> 369,000 \$- 85,952 2,538	<del>7,615,</del> 000—\$- 2,375,643 50,562	345,000 91,255
Total Debt Payable	\$	11,436,595	\$	- \$	1,448,490 \$	10,041,205 \$	436,255

#### <u>Loans</u>

The District executed an agreement with Upper Trinity Regional Water District to provide for capital investments. The agreement requires semi-annual interest payments and annual principal payments. Principal maturing in the next twelve months has been classified as current liabilities. The District executed the following agreement:

Payee / Purpose	Original Issue Date	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Outstanding Balance
Upper Trinity Regional Water District % of Water Lines and Pump Station	4/19/2000	\$ 2,202,850	6.0%	09/30/10 \$ 2,375,643

#### Maturities of loan balances are as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Principal			Interest	Total Requirements		
2011	\$	91,255	\$	143,002	\$	234,257	
2012		96,885		137,372	•	234,257	
2013		102,862		131,395		234,257	
2014		109,208		125,049		234,257	
2015		115,945		118,312		234,257	
2016 - 2020		696,265		475,020		1,171,285	
2021 - 2025		939,226		232,059		1,171,285	
2026 - 2030	***************************************	223,997		10,260		234,257	
Totals	_\$	2,375,643	\$	1,372,469	\$	3,748,112	

## E. Long - Term Obligations (Continued)

Pavee / Purpose	Interest Rate	 Original Amount	Outstanding Balances		
Mustang SUD, Series 2006 Mustang SUD, Series 2008 Mustang SUD, Series 2009	4.00% - 5.00% 5.75% - 6.00% 3.00% - 6.00%	\$ 4,415,000 2,715,000 1,220,000	\$	3,680,000 2,715,000 1,220,000	
Totals			\$	7,615,000	

Maturities of revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Principal		interest	Total Requirements		
2011	\$ 345,0	-	375,235	\$ 720,235		
2012	370,0 310,0		357,698 339,223	727,698 649,223		
2013 2014	315,0		325,423	640,423		
2015	335,		311,560	646,560 3,186,000		
2016 - 2020	1,880,6 2,335,0		1,306,000 819,270	3,154,270		
2021 - 2025 2026 - 2030	1,635, 1,635, 90.	000	276,595 4,950	1,911,595 94,950		
2031 - 2035 Totals	\$ 7,615,	·	4,115,954			

The District is required to maintain certain deposits to satisfy the provisions of the debt authorization. The required deposits are outlined in Section 10 and 11 of the debt authorization. The following describes these sections and the requirements:

# Section 10 -- Interest & Sinking Covenants - Series 2006

The District is required to deposit and credit to the Interest and Sinking Fund prior to each principal, Interest payment or redemption date from the available pledged revenues an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount required to fully pay the interest on and the principal of the prior lien obligations then coming due and payable. At September 30, 2010, the following is reported:

Amount Required	\$	-0-
Amount Available		36,500
Evcess (Deficiency)	<u>\$</u>	36,500

# Section 11 - Reserve Covenants - Series 2006

The District shall deposit and credit to the 2006 Reserve Fund amounts required to maintain the balance in the 2006 Reserve Fund in an amount equal to \$ 389,408, which is the lesser of (1) 10 percent of the stated principal amount of the bonds, (2) 1.25 percent of the average annual debt service requirements on the bonds, or (3) maximum annual debt service requirements on the bonds. At September 30, 2010, the following is reported:

Amount Required Amount Available	\$ 	389,408 406,222
Excess (Deficiency)	<u>\$</u>	16,814

#### E. Long - Term Obligations (Continued)

Section 10 - Interest & Sinking Covenants - Series 2008

The District is required to deposit and credit to the Interest and Sinking Fund prior to each principal, interest payment or redemption date from the available pledged revenues an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount required to fully pay the interest on and the principal of the prior lien obligations then coming due and payable. At September 30, 2010, the following is reported

 Amount Required
 \$ -0 

 Amount Available
 8.186

 Excess (Deficiency)
 \$ 8,186

Section 11 - Reserve Covenants - Series 2008

The District shall deposit and credit to the 2008 Reserve Fund amounts required to maintain the balance in the 2008 Reserve Fund in an amount equal to \$ 242,045, which is the lesser of (1) 10 percent of the stated principal amount of the bonds, (2) 1.25 percent of the average annual debt service requirements on the bonds, or (3) maximum annual debt service requirements on the bonds. At September 30, 2010, the following is reported:

Section 10 - Interest & Sinking Covenants - Series 2009

The District is required to deposit and credit to the Interest and Sinking Fund prior to each principal, interest payment or redemption date from the available pledged revenues an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount required to fully pay the interest on and the principal of the prior lien obligations then coming due and payable. At September 30, 2010, the following is reported

 Amount Required
 \$ -0

 Amount Available
 6,983

 Excess (Deficiency)
 \$ 6,983

Section 11 - Reserve Covenants - Series 2009

The District shall deposit and credit to the 2009 Reserve Fund amounts required to maintain the balance in the 2010 Reserve Fund in an amount equal to \$ 100,395, which is the lesser of (1) 10 percent of the stated principal amount of the bonds, (2) 1.25 percent of the average annual debt service requirements on the bonds, or (3) maximum annual debt service requirements on the bonds. At September 30, 2010, the following is reported:

 Amount Required
 \$ 100,395

 Amount Available
 100,804

 Excess (Deficiency)
 \$ 409

#### F. Customer Deposits

The District requires each new customer to pay \$100, which is held as a refundable deposit to secure payment of the customer's water bill. At September 30, 2010, the District's obligation totaled \$402,442.

#### G. Litigation

The District does not appear to be involved in any litigation as of September 30, 2010.

#### H. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### Freshwater Supply District Agreements – Water and Sanitary Sewer Service

The District has entered into service agreements with the following freshwater supply districts:

Denton County Freshwater Supply District No. 8A

Denton County Freshwater Supply District No. 8B

Denton County Freshwater Supply District No. 9

Denton County Freshwater Supply District No. 10

Denton County Freshwater Supply District No. 11A

Denton County Freshwater Supply District No. 11B

Each freshwater district maintains a separate contract with the District, so specific terms vary per respective contract. Under the terms of these agreements, the District agrees to read each water meter of each retail customer of the freshwater districts one time every month and render a statement to each retail customer for the amount due the freshwater district for water service, sewer service, and solid waste collection, including initial deposits. In addition, the District will collect the amount due for water and wastewater service and remit to the freshwater districts the funds collected at least once per month.

The freshwater districts also agreed to pay the District for installation, maintenance or repair of the water delivery system and for items not specifically covered in the agreement. The charges are limited to the District's actual and direct expenses, plus an additional fifteen percent (15%) overhead charge, allocated to client districts on a pro-rate basis based on the number of active equivalent single family connections contained in each freshwater district. Additionally, freshwater districts will pay to Mustang thirty percent (30%) of any disconnection, re-connection fees or return check fee charged by the District related to disconnections or re-connections necessitated by a District customer's fallure to timely pay for water and/or wastewater services.

At various dates in the future, beginning October 1, 2011, contact provisions call for the freshwater districts to convey to the District all right, title and interest to all water distribution and storage facilities and sanitary sewer collection facilities, including land, easements and rights of way that comprise the freshwater district system and serve the freshwater district certified area that have been acquired by the freshwater districts with the proceeds of its outstanding bonds. Any portion not acquired with proceeds of outstanding bonds shall be leased to the District in accordance with contract provisions.

### J. Joint Agreements

The District has entered into equity agreements with the Upper Trinity Regional Water District (UTRWD) to provide the District with water resources into the future. Additionally, agreements have been executed for construction of additional water treatment and distribution services. There is also an agreement for shared costs of a wastewater treatment facility presently in use. The District's agreements require monthly service contract payments to the UTRWD. Amounts paid to the UTRWD for wastewater capacity are capitalized, and appear on the Statement of Net Assets as "Equity Buy-in Fees, Net". During the year, the District received from Developers \$ 5,000 as a capital contribution toward these wastewater capacity fees and \$ 170,994 of receivables were written off due to a development that was not completed.

### K. Forbearance of Receivables

On September 30, 2010 the District entered into a forbearance agreement with Valencia on the Lake Water Control and Improvement District ("Valencia"). The agreement called for extending the due date of multiple payments that Valencia was to pay the District for the purchase of CCN in 2005. Valencia will make four payments totaling \$ 168,924 plus interest with the final payment being on March 31, 2012. The District does not believe any amount beyond what is set forth in the forbearance agreement will be collected and, therefore, have expensed the remaining \$ 61,970 as bad debt.

### L. Prior Period Adjustments

The \$ 118,378 decrease in beginning net assets represents amounts due to Upper Trinity Regional Water District at the end of the previous fiscal year. This amount was paid in the current year, but should have been expensed in the prior year and reflected in the financial statements as a liability at year end.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT ENTERPRISE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		Budgeted	d Amo	unts				ariance with inal Budget Positive
		Original	-	Final		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Water/Wastewater Sales	\$	3,838,478	\$	9 270 000	ď	5 500 000		
Customer Charges/Fees	47	1,164,460	Ψ	3,279,000 1,081,000	\$	-11	\$	59,626
Miscellaneous Income		10,000		900		1,134,975		53,975
Interest Income		19,000				23,101		22,201
		10,000		18,450		26,714	-	8,264
Total Revenues	\$	5,031,938	\$	4,379,350	\$	4,523,416	\$	144,066
EXPENSES								
Payroll	\$	856,503	\$	769,129	\$	756,843	\$	12,286
Water Distribution System		2,844,017	•	2,589,043	*	2,260,955	Ψ	328,088
Other Operating Costs		267,250		233,700		214,036		19,664
Professional and Legal Fees		292,750		142,562		109,688		32,874
Insurance		161,269		152,210		150,700		1,510
Amortization						425,420		(425,420)
Depreciation		-				1,115,651		(425,420) (1,115,651)
Interest		536,979		536,151		585,126		(48,975)
Bad Debt – Sale of CCN		-		F		61,970		(61,970)
Total Expenses	\$	4,958,768	\$	4,422,795	\$	5,680,389	\$	(1,257,594)
Change in Net Assets								
Before Capital Contributions	\$	73,170	\$	(43,445)	\$	(1,156,973)	_\$	(1,113,528)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS								
Wastewater Capacity Fee Refunded								
to Developers	\$		\$	<b>p.</b>	\$	(165,994)	\$	(165,994)
Total Capital Contributions	\$	F	\$	-	\$	(165,994)	\$	(165,994)
Change in Net Assets	\$	73,170	\$	(43,445)	\$	(1,322,967)	\$ (	1,279,522)
let Assets - Beginning (October 1) rior Period Adjustments	2	2,229,403	2	2,229,403	2	2,229,403		/440 0mm
let Assets - Beginning Adjusted (October 1)	2	2,229,403	2:	2,229,403		(118,378) 2,111,025		(118,378) (118,378)
et Assets - Ending (September 30)	\$ 2	2,302,573		2,185,958		0,788,058	\$ (*	1,397,900)

TEXAS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TSI)

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### MUSTANG SPECIAL UTILITY DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES INCLUDED WITHIN THIS REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Exhibit		
<u>ID</u>	Exhibit Title	Page #
	Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Schedules	35
TSI-1	Services and Rates	36
TSI-2	Enterprise Fund Expenditures	38
TSI-3	Temporary Investments	39
TSI-5	Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years	40
TSI-6	Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt	44
TSI-7	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenses	
	Enterprise Fund - Five Years	45
TSI-8	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants	46

The following schedules are not applicable to this District.

H. Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountents

2802 Washington Street

Greenville, Texas 75401

(903) 455-6252

Fax (903) 455-6667

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

Board of Directors Mustang Special Utility District 7985 FM 2931 Aubrey, TX 76227

Members of the Board:

In our opinion, the accompanying information is stated accurately in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, of the Mustang Special Utility District for the year ended September 30, 2010, which are covered by our opinior presented in the first section of this report.

The accompanying information is supplementary to the basic financial statements and is not essential for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Our audit, which was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements taken as a whole, included such tests on the accounting records, from which the supplementary information was compiled, and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

February 8, 2011 Greenville, Texas