CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Expenses

310,714

362,879

169,257

160,335

35,520

55,892

\$ 1,094,597

734,205

740,680

\$ 1,835,277

6,475

Functions/Programs

Program Activities
Governmental Activities
General Government

Public Safety

Sanitation

Streets and Highways

Culture and Recreation

Total Governmental Activities

Total Business-Type Activities

Business-Type Activities
Water/Sewer

Interest

Total

Interest on long term debt

Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services		Gı	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital rants and atributions
\$.	62,081 69,169 15,627 266,798	\$	- 33,233	\$	- 206,591 58,560
	9,332		400		11,152

Program Revenues

General Revenues:

33,633

33,633

Taxes:

423,007

900,103

900,103

\$ 1,323,110

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service Sales taxes

276,303

441,226

441,226

717,529

Franchise Fees

Total General Revenues

Changes in net assets

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfer In (out)

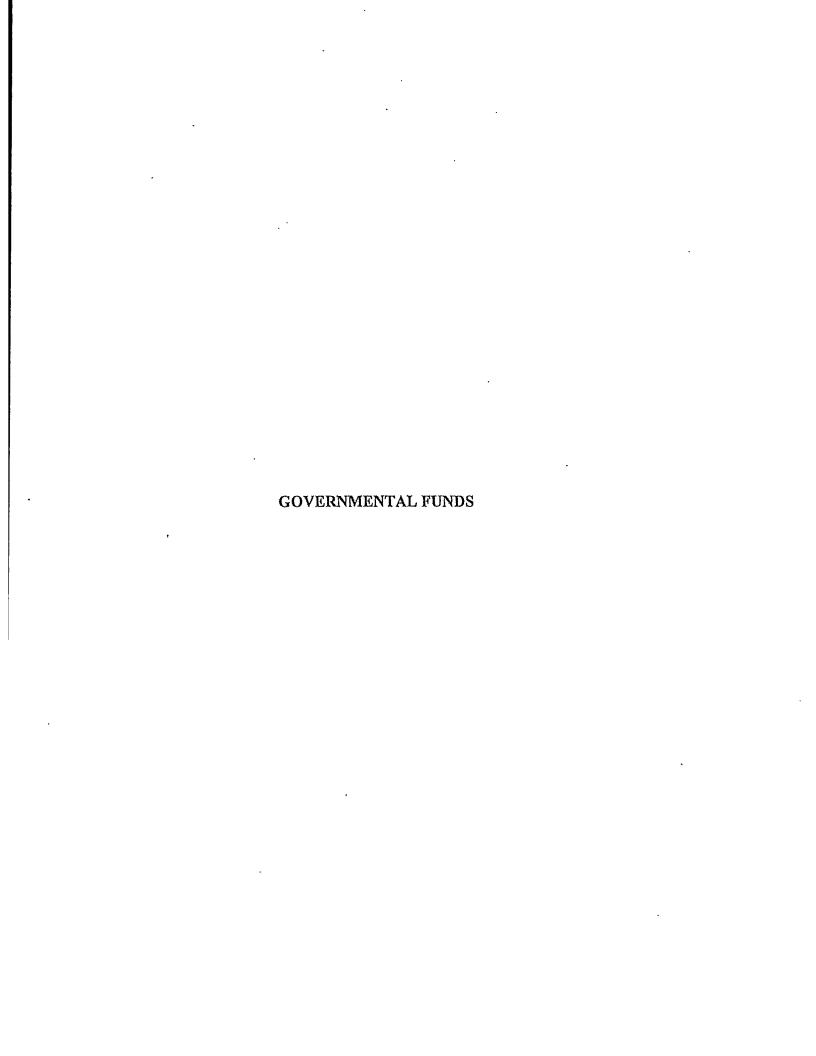
Net Assets, beginning of year, as restated

Net Assets at end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

	vernmental		ess-Type tivities	Totals		
, F	<u> </u>			************	Louis	
\$	(248,633)	\$	***	\$	(248,633)	
	(53,886)		•		(53,886)	
	(95,070)		•		(95,070)	
	106,463				106,463	
	(14,636)		**		(14,636)	
	(55,892)		4		(55,892)	
<u>s</u>	(361,654)	_\$	w	_\$	(361,654)	
	_		607,124		607,124	
	-		(6,475)		(6,475)	
		2-4-4-4-4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	600,649	er-printer	600,649	
	(361,654)	· minimum market	600,649	production in	238,995	
vezidőyezőkör vyad á	the second secon					
	360,846		•		360,846	
	126,315		**		126,315	
	171,826		-		171,826	
	79,075	41.4004.34.0000			79,075	
46.00	738,062			· •	738,062	
	376,408		600,649		977,057	
	35,670		(35,670)	a <u>in a</u>		
ecite/ami	4,338,532		3,536,016		7, 874 , 548	
<u>.</u> \$	4,750,610	<u> </u>	4,100,995		8,851,605	
		· <u> </u>		= ==		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

ssets	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	2011	2010
ash ertificate of Deposits	\$ 136,594	\$ 42,734	\$ -	\$ 179,328 -	\$ 106,142
sceivable Caxes - net of allowance	215,698		107,305	323,003	357,318
Franchise Tax	18,071		10,,200	18,071	17,968
Other receivable	75,747			75,747	26,355
ue from other governments	145,958			145,958	8,188
ue from other funds	431,691	419,220	231,506	1,082,417	717,802
Total Assets	\$ 1,023,759	\$ 461,954	\$ 338,811	\$ 1,824,524	\$ 1,233,773
iabilities					
nunts payable	433,502	•	₩	433,502	319,279
ued liabilities	(47,259)			(47,259)	53,447
Construction payable	125,511			125,511	
tetainage payable	10,619			10,619	
Due to others	121,940			121,940	
Due to other funds	670,690	57,206	285,316	1,013,212	671,928
Sales tax payable	9,053			9,053	4,521
Court costs payable	3,210			3,210	6,069
Deferred revenues-taxes	223,466		87,324	310,790	307,029
Total Liabilities	1,550,732	57,206	372,640	1,980,578	1,362,273
Fund Equity and Other Balances Reserved for: Encumbrances Prepaid Items					
Debt Service			(33,829)	(33,829)	(29,988)
Unreserved, Reported in: General Fund Special Revenue Fund Undesignated	(526,973)	404,748 -	, , ,	(526,973) 404,748	(417,418) 318,906
Total Equity and Other Credits	(526,973)	404,748	(33,829)	(156,054)	(128,500)
Total Liability, Fund Equity					
and Other Credits	\$ 1,023,759	\$ 461,954	\$ 338,811	\$ 1,824,524	\$ 1,233,773

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	2011	2010
Total fund balance-total governmental funds	\$ (156,054)	\$ (128,498)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund balance sheet.	5,250,465	4,997,142
Long term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, however, are reported in the statement of net assets.	(648,763)	(723,027)
Other adjustments		
Tax revenues not collected in the current year are recorded as deferred revenues in the funds statements Current year	73,162	45,662
Prior years	231,800	280,920
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 4,750,610	\$ 4,472,199

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

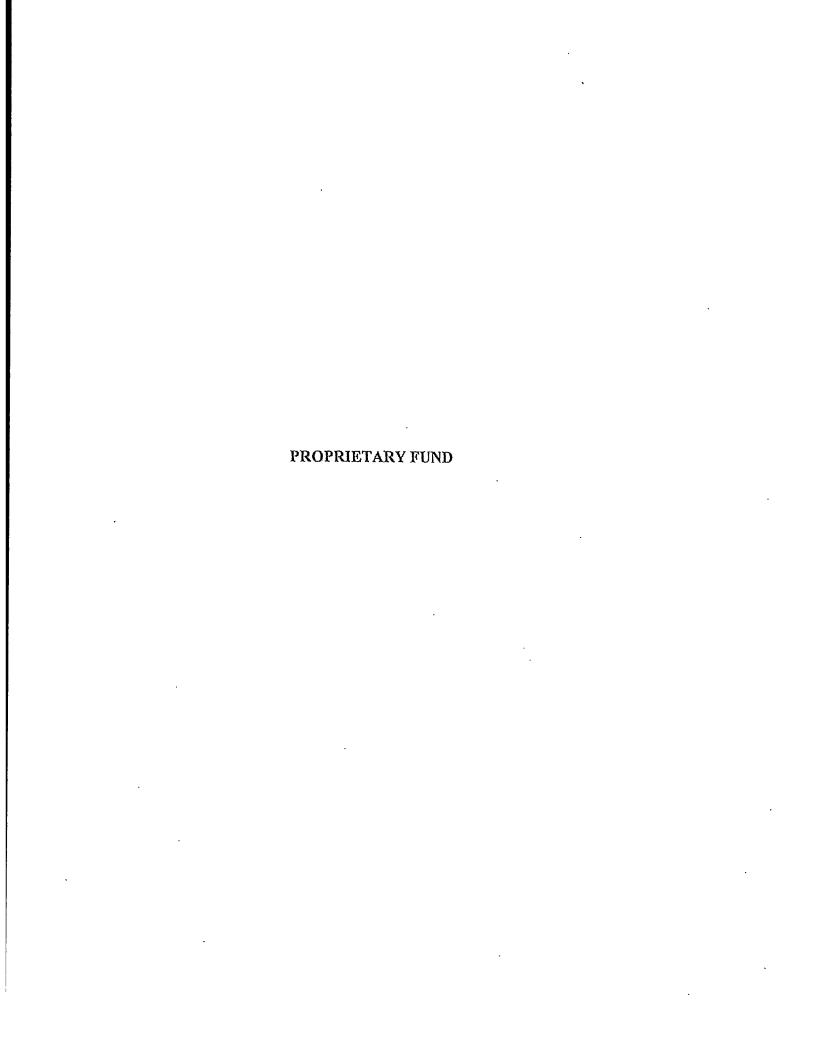
	ORL I MINDE	K JU, ZULL			
				Tota	
				Governm	
	General	Special	Debt	Fund	
	Fund	Revenue	Service	2011	2010
Wennes					
evenues	\$ 260,802	\$ -	\$ 126,315	\$ 387,117	\$ 359,054
xes-property nalty and interest	26,883	•		26,883	29,241
les Taxes	85,984	85,842	No.	171,826	169,119
anchise Taxes	79,075	02,0.2	•	79,075	85,130
ilding permits	5,134			5,134	1,796
censes and permits	10,493			10,493	3,406
narges for services	285,975			285,975	311,944
nes and forfeitures	49,992			49,992	4,736
tergovernmental revenues	309,936	•		309,936	273,468
ecreational fees	9,332			9,332	6,945
liscellaneous	62,081			62,081	46,518
Total Revenues	1,185,687	85,842	126,315	1,397,844	1,291,357
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			**************************************		WWW.Walland
xpenditures					
General Government	310,715			310,715	330,210
Public Safety	362,879			362,879	359,513
Streets & Highways	169,257			169,257	129,104
itation	160,335			160,335	163,507
culture and Recreation	35,520			35,520	17,684
Debt Service					
Principal			74,265	74,265	58,893
Interest			53,956	53,956	56,415
Loan Processing Fees			1,936	1,936	11,197
Capital Outlay	253,323	· -	Manufal Danger Associa	253,323	137,062
Total Expenditures	1,292,029	-	130,157	1,422,186	1,263,585
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(106,342)	85,842	(3,842)	(24,342)	27,772
Over Expenditures	(100,51.2)	35,5	(0,10.1–)	(= 1,0 1=)	,
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer In	35,670		Same and the same	35,670	
•					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
and Other Financing Sources	(70,672)	85,842	(3,842)	11,328	27,772
Fund Balance, October 1, (As restated)	(456,301)	318,906	(29,987)	(167,382)	(156,271)
rund Dalance, October 1, (135 toolded)			<u> </u>		
Fund Balance, September 30,	\$ (526,973)	\$ 404,748	\$ (33,829)	\$ (156,054)	\$ (128,499)

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN THE FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	(c-formanism)	2011	2010	
Net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	11,328	\$	27,772
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net asset, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as deprecation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.		253,323		137,062
Recognition of uncollected taxes for the current year as tax revenue for government -wide financial statements. Uncollected taxes in the fund statement are recognized as deferred tax revenue net of estimated uncollectible taxes.		73,162		42,642
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., notes) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds (0). Payment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment of debt in the government-wide statements reduces the liability of the City. This amount is net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	Per fection and	74,265		58,893
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	412,078	\$	266,369

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

			Actual	Variance with
	Budgeted .		GAAP	Final
Revenues	Original © 414.500	Final	Basis	Budget
Taxes	\$ 414,500	\$ 414,500	\$ 414,000	\$ (500)
Sales Taxes Franchise Taxes	180,858 82,900	180,858 82,900	171,826	(9,032)
	3,500	3,500	79,075	(3,825)
Building permits Licenses and permits	5,250	5,250	5,134	1,634
Charges for services	281,931	281,931	10,493 · 285,975	5,243
Fines & fees	46,500	46,500	49,992	4,044
Intergovernmental revenues	236,816	236,816	309,936	3,492
Recreational fees	9,000	9,000	9,332	73,120
Miscellaneous	7,000	9,000		332
Total Revenues	1 761 755	1 261 255	62,081	62,081
Total Revenues	1,261,255	1,261,255	1,397,844	136,589
Expenditures				
General Government	387,057	387,057	310,715	76,342
Public Safety	403,918	403,918	362,879	41,039
Streets & Highways	309,522	309,522	329,592	(20,070)
General Expenditures			•	*
Economic Development				
Recreation	18,386	18,386	35,520	(17,134)
Debt service				,
Principal	79,331	79,331	74,265	5,066
Interest	54,000	54,000	53,956	44
Loan processing fees	**		1,936	(1,936)
Capital outlay			253,323	(253,323)
	1,252,214	1,252,214	1,422,186	(169,972)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	9,041	9,041	(24,342)	(33,383)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers-in	esh.	•	35,670	35,670
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			•	,
and Other Financing Sources				
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 9,041	\$ 9,041	11,328	\$ 2,287
Fund Balance, October 1, as restated (N			(167,382)	
and balance, coloner 1, no resulted (1)	~~~ * 17		(107,302)	
Fund Balance, September 30,			\$ (156,054)	



CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

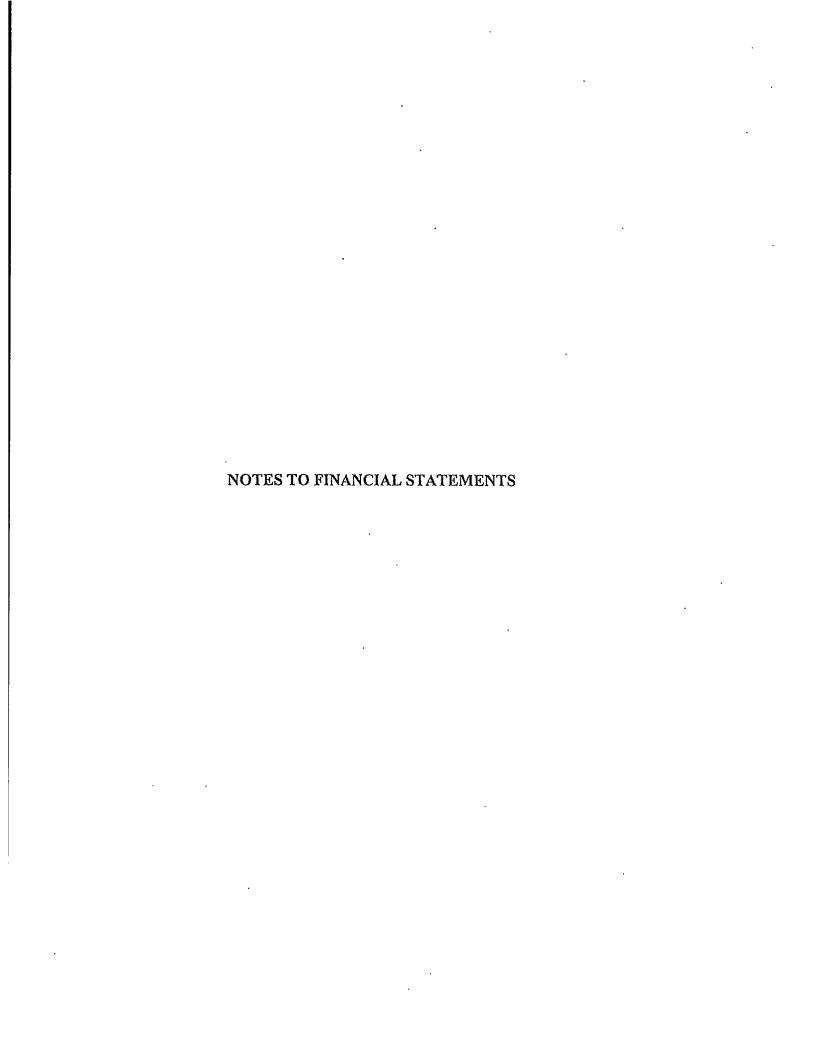
	2011	2010
Assets		
Cash and cash investments	\$ 287,867	\$ 227,154
Receivables		
Accounts receivable-(net of allowance for	111 800	0 (
uncollectibles)	111,739	82,074
Accounts receivable-other	104.001	
Due from other governments	185,901	
Due from other funds	10,250	
Restricted assets	100 400	
Cash and cash investments	139,600	136,500
Capital Assets		
Land	346,533	346,533
Buildings and improvements	3,794,787	3,794,787
Vehicles and equipment	59,695	43,183
Tractors and heavy equipment	40,273	40,273
Infrastructure-Water and Sewer	408,423	157,654
Furniture and equipment	5,156	5,156
Capital Lease Equipment	54,519	54,519
Construction in Progress	255,698	•
Accumulated depreciation	(1,123,013	(1,083,480)
Total Assets	\$ 4,577,428	\$ 3,814,673
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	29,807	
Accrued liabilities	15,374	
Accrued interest payable	4,163	-
Due to others	22,389	
Due to other funds	79,455	·
Due to State of Texas	33,450	•
Construction payable	175,396	
Retainage payable	15,665	;
Non-current liabilities		
Due within 1 year	14,400	•
Due in more than I year	93,000	107,400
Total Liabilities	483,099	285,323
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets	3,836,91	3,236,522
Unrestricted, Undesignated	257,41	• •
Total Net Assets	4,094,32	
	Middle Anna Market	**************************************
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 4,577,42	<u>\$ 3,814,673</u>

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	2011		2010
Revenues		**************************************	
Water Sales	\$ 462.280		
Sewer Sales	\$ 462,280 408,440	\$	454,467
Reconnect fees	400,440		423,794
Late Charges	17 770		
Miscellanous	17,278		8,593
Other	125		
Intergovernmental revenue	11,980		13,025
Total Revenues	441,226	***************************************	10,320
Operating Expenses	1,341,329	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	910,199
Operations:			
Personal services			
Contract services	222,539		205,859
Materials and supplies	88,058		125,885
Utilities	49,611		98,691
Travel	118,497		108,231
	2,511		2,451
Lab fees-water and sewer	14,720		17,582
Insurance	12,143		7,533
Repairs and maintenance	81,663		95,535
Licenses and permits	4,287		4,283
Chemicals	45,596		,
TCEQ fees	361		(339)
Office Expense	28,878		23,440
Miscellaneous	7,942		39,849
Purchased water	17,866		17,483
Depreciation	39,533		39,533
Interest expense	6,475		9,208
Contributions	•		7,200
Bad debt expense			22,200
Total Operating Expenses	740,680		817,424
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		*******************	017,727
Over Expenditures	600 640		
•	600,649		92,775
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfer out	(35,670)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses		******************	
and Other Financing Services	564,979		n2 775
NI-4 feed O () A ()	-3		92,775
Net Assets, October 1, As Restated (Note N)	3,529,350	****	3,436,575
Net Assets, September 30,	\$ 4,094,329	_\$	3,529,350

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	2011	2010		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from customers	\$ 898,248	\$ 872,745		
Cash received from others	12,105	21,618		
Cash received from operating grants		10,320		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods		4		
and services	(545,457)	(544,671)		
Cash payments to employees for services	(222,539)	(205,859)		
Net cash provided by (used in)		. '		
operating activities	142,357	154,153		
Reconciliation of income (losses) from				
Cash Flows From Capital and Related				
Financing Activities		(40.430)		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(505,370)	(59,632)		
Capital grant	441,226			
Capital lease proceeds	***			
Retirement of long-term debt	(14,400)	(51,413)		
Net Cash Provided (used) by Capital and Related				
Financing Activities	(78,544)	(111,045)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash				
investments	63,813	43,108		
Cash and cash investments, October 1,	363,654	320,546		
Cash and cash investments, September 30,	\$ 427,467	\$ 363,654		
Reconciliation of income (losses) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation	\$ 564,979 39,533	\$ 92,775		
Less Capital grants	(441,226)			
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Accounts receivables	(225,816)	(5,517)		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Due to other funds	26,915	10,724		
Accounts payable	198,846	16,862		
Accrued liabilities	15,599	(224)		
Other liabilities	(36,473)			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 142,357</u>	\$ 154,153		
Reconciliation of total cash and cash				
cash investments	\$ 287,867	\$ 227,154		
Current assets-cash and cash investments				
Restricted assets-cash and cash investments	139,600	136,500		
Total Cash and cash investments	\$ 427,467	\$ 363,654		



NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. General Statement

The City of Edcouch, Texas was incorporated on September 26, 1928. The City operates under a Commission-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (code enforcement), highways and streets, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The City was incorporated under Article 966, Chapter 12, Title 28 of the Revised Civil Statues of the State of Texas. The City exercises powers granted to general Law Type A Cities.

The accounting policies of the City of Edcouch, Texas related to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America applicable to governmental units. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments includes those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) when applicable. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following represents the more significant accounting and reporting policies and reporting practices used by the City.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements- and Management's Discussion and Analysis- for State and Local Governments. GASB Statements No. 34 required the City to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets.

2. Financial Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in conformity in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- * The City is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Edcouch, Texas, and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financial accountable. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Blended Component Units — Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Blended component units include the following:

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (CONTINUED)

The Edcouch Industrial Development Corporation (the "Corporation") is a Section 4-A Non-Profit Industrial Development Corporation governed by a five-member board appointed by the City. The Corporation is funded through a sales tax levy of one half of one percent. The purpose of the Corporation is to promote industrial development within the City. The City has a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit and financial accountability over the Corporation. The Corporation also maintains a September 30th fiscal year end.

The Edcouch Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation") is a Section 4-B Non-Profit Industrial Development Corporation governed by a five-member board appointed by the City. The Corporation is funded through a sales tax levy of one half of one percent. The purpose of the Corporation is to promote economic development within the City. The City has a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit and financial accountability over the Corporation. The Corporation also maintains a September 30th fiscal year end.

A copy of the component units' financial statements can be obtained by contacting the Office of the City Secretary at 211 Southern Street, Edcouch, Texas 78538.

Discretely Presented Component Units — Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The City does not have any discretely presented component units.

Ability to Exercise Oversight Responsibility -

The City of Edcouch appoints members to the Housing Authority and has a moral responsibility for debts. The City of Edcouch has little influence in hiring of management and clerical staff, reviewing and approving budgets, adjustments and amendment, signing contracts, exercising control over facilities and property, and determining the outcome of disposition of matters affecting the service tenants that the Housing Authority receive.

Scope of Services

The Housing Authority provides housing for the residents of the City of Edcouch, Texas. The Housing Authority operates within the City limits.

Special Financial Relationship

The City of Edcouch and the Housing Authority are two separate legal entities and the financial operations and status of each are not integral. There are no other component units that need to be considered.

The following local agencies are not part of the City's reporting entity because the City takes no financial responsibility for them, elected officials of the City do not select their governing authority, the management of the agency is designated independently of the City, the City is not in a position to influence operations and there is no accountability for fiscal matters.

Hidalgo County Emergency Services District #2 Edcouch-Elsa Independent School District

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. These new statements report information on all the activities of the reporting entity with the exception of fiduciary activity. Generally, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges.

The statement of activities reflects the extent to which direct expenses of each function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are attributable to a specific function and are clearly identifiable. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a specific function as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific function. Taxes and other items not appropriately included with program revenues are shown as general revenues.

In addition to and apart from the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements are presented for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. In each of these financial statements, major funds are presented in separate columns.

4. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, consistent with the presentation of the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, without regard to the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Fund Financial Statements

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period as soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, consistent with accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as those related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized only when payment is made. The City reports the following fund types and related major governmental funds.

General Fund

The general fund is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all of the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue sources, other than for major capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of long-term debt (debt service funds). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, when the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds).

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and private purpose funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financial uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transactions can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

The City reports deferred revenues on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenues does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise taxes, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales taxes, which are collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the government, are also recognized as revenue. Fines and permit revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary funds, trust funds, water & sewer funds and garbage funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Unbilled water and sewer utility service receivables are recorded at year-end. The City is not using trust and agency funds.

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

5. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City of Edcouch follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- At least forty-five days prior to the beginning of each budget year, or by August 15th, the city secretary submits to the city council a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The operating budget included proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public Hearings are conducted by the city to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for the capital project fund because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through grant agreement, bond covenant provisions and other contract or agreement restrictions.
- 4. Current year appropriations lapse at year-end.
- 5. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Alderman.
- 6. Budget for the General Fund, is adopted on a basis that is consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders for the future expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable budget appropriations, is not used by the City of Edcouch, Texas.

6. Deficit Fund Equity

Deficit balances existed in the net assets/fund balance for the year ended September 30, 2011 in the General Fund in the amount of \$505,904 and the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$33,829.

Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 expenditures in the General Fund and other governmental funds did not exceed budgeted appropriations.

7. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund type considers cash and cash equivalents to include all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

In accordance with provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools," investments are reported at fair value, which is determined by market value. Certificates of deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonable estimates fair value.

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

b. Credit Risks

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits and Certificates of Deposits

Custodial credit risk refers to the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it.

In accordance with the City's fiscal policy as approved by the Board, the City maintains demand and time deposits under the terms of the depository agreement. The local depository bank are members of the Federal Reserve System.

In no time during the fiscal year did the City's deposits go over the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance of \$250,000 and the pledged securities at the local depository bank.

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities to no more than two years from the date of purchase.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's policy limits the deposits in any one-bank institution to their extent of FDIC coverage, and where applicable with bank depository agreements, but it is silent in the concentration of balances in the various types of accounts.

Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The following methods of assumptions were used by the City in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

 Cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments, and promises to give are due in less than one year. The carrying amounts reported in the statement of financial position approximate fair values because of the short maturities of those instruments.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in the obligations of the United States of America, State of Texas, obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and any other political subdivisions of any state having a rating no less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized investment rating firm, certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and/or further collateralized by additional pledged securities above the FDIC limits, and fully collateralized direct repurchased agreements.

e. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets, because their use is limited by applicable bond convents or City Ordinance. Funds restricted include amounts set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from the enterprise funds operations that could adversely affect debt service payments, amounts set aside from the proceeds of revenue bond issuances that are required for payment of construction, amounts set aside for debt service payments over the succeeding twelve months, amounts set aside for unexpected contingencies or to fund asset replacements, as well as amounts set aside from customer's deposits.

d. Property Tax

The State of Texas Constitution limits the City's ad-valorem tax rate for all purposes to \$2.50 per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation. Ad-valorem tax revenues during the

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

year ended September 30, 2011 was levied using a rate of \$ 0.8842 per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation based on 100 percent of estimated market value.

Legislation has been passed by the Texas Legislature which affects the methods of property appraisal on the City. This legislation, with certain exceptions, exempts intangible personal property, household goods, and family owned automobiles (unless specifically authorized by resolution of the governing body) from taxation. In addition, this legislation creates a "Property Tax Code" and provides, among other things, for the establishment of county appraisal districts and for a state property board.

The appraisal of property within the City became the responsibility of the Hidalgo County Tax Appraisal District. The Appraisal District is required under the Property Tax Code to appraise all property within the county on the basis of 100 percent of its market value. The value of real property within the Appraisal District must be reviewed every five years; however, the City may, at its own expense, require annual reviews of appraised value. The City may challenge appraised values established by the Appraisal District through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the City continues to set tax rates on City property. However, if the effective tax rate, excluding tax rates for bonds and other contractual obligations, adjusted for new improvement, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8 percent, qualified voters of the City may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than 8 percent above the effective tax rate.

The Hidalgo County Tax Office bills and collects taxes for the City's property taxes. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables. January 1 is the assessment date. March 31, is the end of the rendition period for the Appraisal District. On September 1, the City adopts the tax rate. October 1 taxes are levied and payable by January 31. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Uncollected taxes are assigned to the City's delinquent tax attorney for legal action effective July 1.

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are reflected at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Gains or losses on dispositions of capital assets are included in income within the proprietary fund financial statements and in the governmental activities and business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, only the proceeds from the disposition are reported.

Within the proprietary fund, interest cost, less interest earned on investments acquired with proceeds of related borrowing, is capitalized during the construction of capital projects when material. Interest expense is not capitalized on capital assets.

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Depreciation of capital assets used by proprietary funds, including those acquired by contributed capital, is charged as an expense against their operation in the fund financial statements as well as the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation of capital assets used by funds categorized as governmental activities is not provided in the fund financial statements, however, is included in the gross expense by function in the government-wide Statement of Activities. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are reported on the proprietary fund balance sheets in both the governmental activities and business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20-40 years
Plants and Improvements 10-40 years
Equipment 3-10 years

f. Short-Term Inter-Fund Receivables and Payables/Internal Balances

Short-term lending/borrowing between funds that result in amounts outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Due to/from other funds", represent the current portion of inter-fund loans. With respect to the government-wide financial statements, any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances".

g. Accumulated Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacations and other employee benefit amounts are accrued when incurred in Proprietary Funds and the government-wide financial statements. In Governmental Funds, the primary emphasis is on the flow of financial resources during the year. The method of accounting and financial reporting for compensated absences depends on the measurement focus of the fund in which they are reported. The amounts that would be reported as expenditures in the Governmental Fund would be the total amounts earned in the current period plus amounts from prior periods that which, based on experience, will be paid from available expendable resources. The amount recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Groups would be the amount payable from future resources. At September 30, 2011, the liability for accrued vacation leave and accrued sick leave is zero.

h. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental/business-type activities or the specific proprietary fund to which each relates, as applicable. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

i. Inter-fund Transactions

Inter-fund services provided and used are accounted as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other inter-fund transactions are reported as transfers.

j. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could vary from those estimates.

8. Fireman's Pension Plan

On January 1, 1998, the City of Edcouch, Texas voted to sponsor the City's Volunteer Fire Department member pension program with the Texas Statewide Emergency Services Personnel Retirement Fund. The plan description is as follows:

Plan Description and Contribution Information

The primary function of the Fire Fighters' Pension Commissioner (FFPC) is to oversee the statewide Texas Local Fire Fighters Retirement Act (TLFFRA) and administer the Texas Statewide Emergency Services Personnel Retirement Fund, a cost-sharing multiple employer pension system established and administered by the State of Texas to provide pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without monetary remuneration. The Texas Statewide Emergency Services Personnel Retirement Fund is considered a component unit of the State of Texas financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The FFPC supports the retirement and benefit activities of over 6,422 retirees and active participants volunteer fire fighters.

Net assets held in trust for pension benefits at fiscal year 2010 totaled \$1.4 billion. Increases in plan net assets for last year were \$130 million in 2010.

Actuarial Status

The System's latest actuarial valuation was performed for the fiscal year ended December 10, 2010. The pension system was created by Senate Bill 411, 65tgh Legislature, Regular Session (1977), and was revised in the 75th Legislature, Regular Session (1997) and the 79th Legislature, Regular Session (2005). The system's provisions include retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Schedule of Actuarial Liabilities and Funding Progress at December 31, 2010 for the Texas Statewide Emergency Services Personnel Retirement Fund:

Acturial Valuation Date	12/31/2010
Market Value of Assets	\$1,407,688,766
Paid Fire Fighters Contributions	\$37,657,480
Realized/Unrealized Gains/Losses	115,034,472
Investment Income	35,715,912
Benefit Disbursement	94,235,553
Total Members Covered	6,422

9. General Obligation Bonded Debt Service

The ad valorem tax rate is adopted each year for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. The ad valorem tax rate is established at a rate that will be adequate to meet or pay the projected annual requirement for debt service on notes payable collateralized by property taxes. The rate necessary for the maintenance and operation of the entity is thereafter determined. The debt service tax rate cannot be less than that required to pay the required interest and principal payments for the year. The projected annually requirement takes into consideration the following items: The beginning fund balance available in the Debt Service Fund, the maintenance of an adequate ending fund balance, and the maintenance of an allocation rate at least large enough to satisfy the payment requirements for the debt service obligations.

NOTE B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository agreement. The depository bank, deposits for safekeeping and trust, approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") Insurance.

Deposits in financial institutions are carried at cost plus accrued interest. At September 30, 2011 checking as well as time and savings deposits are summarized as follows:

	:	Primary		mponent	Proprietary Units				
	Government		The Partie of the sail	Units			Totals		
Carrying Value	\$	172,296	\$	42,734	\$	287,867	\$	502,897	
Bank Balance		187,066		42,734		455,980		685,780	

NOTE B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At September 30, 2011, the insurance and collateral pledges are summarized as follows:

Financial Institution	<u>C</u>	FDIC overage	urities edged	Cash on Deposit	(Defi In De	ccess iciency) pository curity
First National Bank	\$	599,724	\$ -	\$ 599,724	\$	
	\$	599,724	\$ 	\$ 599,724	\$	-

NOTE C. CHANGES IN DELINQUENT TAX RECEIVABLE

A summary of all activity regarding delinquent taxes for the year ended September 30, 2011 is as follows:

Delinquent taxes receivable, October 1, 2010	§	314,312
Tax levy 2010		400,007
Less collection and tax roll adjustments		(326,845)
Delinquent taxes receivable, September 30, 2011	tither death appropring gradu	387,474
Less allowance for uncollectible		(76,684)
Net delinquent taxes receivable, September 30, 2011	\$	310,790
The addition to the tax levy for the year ended September 30, 2011 consisted of the following:		
Taxable value of real and tangible property and improvements	\$	4,592,458
Tax rate per \$100 of valuation		0.8842
Total 2011 tax levy	\$	406,065
Total 2011 tax (Cvy	3	406,065

NOTE D. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The City of Edcouch has not recorded accumulated depreciation for its capital improvements and equipment. The City has hired a firm to assist in developing its accounting system and development of financial statements. The City's Water and Wastewater System was assigned to a receiver appointed by the State of Texas. The receiver took possession of the Water and Wastewater System on July 30, 2005. The system was placed back with the City during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010.

NOTE D. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

		Balance 9/30/2010		Additions	Retin	ements		Balance //30/2011
Government-Type Activities:		•						
Land	\$	375,048	\$	-	\$	•	\$	375,048
Building and Improvements		610,765						610,765
Equipment		979,108		121,754				1,100,862
Infrastructure		3,022,134		-				3,022,134
Construction in Progress		10,082		131,574				141,656
Total		4,997,137	****	253,328	·	•		5,250,465
Accumlated Depreciation				Not complete	at this t	ime .		
Total General Fixed Assets	\$	4,997,137	\$	253,328	\$	-	<u> </u>	5,250,465

A summary of general fixed assets follows: (See Note A for accounting and reporting policies)

	E	Balance @					E	Balance @
	9	9/30/2010		Additions	Re	tirements		0/30/2011
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$	346,533	\$	-	\$	-	\$	346,533
Construction-in-Progress		346,533		***	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 			346,533
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and Infrastructure Furniture and Fixtures Vehicles Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Construction in Progress	**************************************	3,794,787 5,156 43,183 94,792 157,654 10,320 4,105,892		16,512 				3,794,787 5,156 59,695 94,792 408,423 255,698 4,618,551
Less accumulated depreciation	-	(1,083,480)		(39,533)			,	(1,123,013)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	-	3,022,412	plants on the same	473,126		*		3,495,538
Business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$	3,368,945	\$	473,126	\$	**	\$	3,842,071

NOTE E. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Bond Reserve Fund Cash and Investments

The Systems Fund (Water and Sewer Fund) certificate of obligation bond indenture requires that during the period of time the bonds are outstanding the City must maintain specific separate accounts to record debt service transactions, as well as comply with other debt services requirements. Assets in this fund are restricted and can be used only in accordance with the bond indenture.

		2011	2010
Water and Sewer bond indenture requirements for Debt Service and Systems Maintenance/Operations	\$	36,500	\$ 36,500
State of Texas Agreed Judgement Escrow Requirements **		100,000	100,000
Total Restricted Assets	\$	136,500	\$ 136,500

^{**}To be used to rehabilitate or maintain:

- (1). The Public Water System
- (2). The Waste Water Treatment Facility
- (3). Pump Stations and Force Mains

This is a requirement for five years ending on 2014

NOTE F. INTER-FUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE

Individual inter-fund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2011 were:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable		
General Fund	** comment of the com			
Special Revenue Fund	\$ 57,206	\$ 419,220		
Debt Service Fund	285,316	231,506		
Water and Sewer Fund	30,499	10,250		
Agency Fund	9,714			
Water and Sewer I&S Fund	100	_		
Water and Sewer Improvement Fund	100	-		
Agency Fund				
General Fund	•	9,714		
Water and Sewer Fund	48,756	-		
Total	431,691	670,690		
Special Revenue Fund				
General Fund	419,220	57,206		
Debt Service		•		
General Fund	231,506	285,316		
Water and Sewer Fund				
General Fund	10,250	30,499		
Agency Fund		48,756		
Water and Sewer I&S Fund				
General Fund	-	100		
Water and Sewer Improvement Fund				
General Fund	•	100		
Total	10,250	79,455		
	•			
Trade I All Don't	0 1000 445			
Total All Funds	\$ 1,092,667	\$ 1,092,667		

NOTE G. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-Term Debt consisted of the following at September 30, 2011:

		-	2011		Polymer and	2010
Note payable to First Nation Texas; due in monthly instincted including interest at 9% ur 1, 2018; collateralized by valoreum taxes; original and dated December 31, 2003.	allments of \$4,565.47 htil maturity on Decen franchise taxes and ad mount was \$450,000,	nber	s 297,	163	\$	323.522
Note payable to First Nati- Texas; due in monthly ins \$6,545.32 including interes September 26, 2010; the co \$354,389,81; collateralize ad valorem taxes; Refinant #1026022185 matures on	tallments of approximest at 7% until maturitoriginal amount was ad by franchise taxes acced on January 26, 26	ately y on and	351,	600		399.505
Note payable to First Nati Texas; due in monthly ins \$2,089.72 including inten April 14, 2010; collateral ad valorem taxes; origina on April 14, 2006; refinan	tallments of approxinest at 9% until maturitized by franchise taxe I amount was \$129,8	nately ty on es and 84.63		•		-
		nivi	648	,763	Annua micro	723,027
Less Current Portion of L	ong-Term Debt		85	,273	4	78,543
Non-Current Liability Du	ne In More Than 1 Ye	ar =	\$ 563	<u>,490</u>		644,484
Maturities of long-term d Year ended September 3		Bond				
	Payable	Payable		Total		
	Interest	Principal	P	ayments	В	alance
Beginning Balance	4 4				\$	648,763
2012	48,056	85,273		133,329		563,490
2013	41,262	92,067		133,329		471,422
2014	33,918	99,412		133,330		372,011
2015	25,978	107,352		133,329		264,659
Thereafter	31,956	264,659	-	296,615	يۇن ئىستىنىدە بىلانلىند ۇد	
Total	\$ 181,170	\$ 648,763	<u>\$</u>	829,933	_\$	-

NOTE H. PROPRIETARY FUND CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of bonded and other debt transactions of the City for the year beginning October 1, 2010 and ended September 30, 2011. \$3,202 should be reserved in the Water and Sewer Funds to service the revenue bonds. Current maturities are \$6,000 annually.

Proprietary Fund Long-Term Debt as of September 30, 2011 are as follows:

<u>Description</u>			riginal mount		Principal Balance			
Junior Lien Receivable Bonds 1982		\$	200,000		\$	99,000	<u>-</u>	
	P	Note ayable	P	Bond ayable incipal		Total ayments		Balance
Beginning Balance	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		<u> </u>				S	99,000
2012	\$	5,250	\$	6,000	\$	11,250		93,000
2013		4,950		6,000		10,950		87,000
2014		4,650		6,000		10,650		81,000
2015		4,350		6,000	-	10,350		75,000
2016		4,050		6,000		10,050		69,000
Thereaster		26,650		69,000		9 5, 650		4

The bonds, payable to the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Economic and Community Development Service Agency, are due over a forty (40) year period, which commenced on March 30, 1983. The interest rate is 5%. The bonds are payable in 40 annual payments of principal and interest.

99,000

148,900

The lease commitments are on a year-to-year basis as follows:

Total

49,900 -

	Caterpillar Financial Services	Copier Machines GE Capital		
Subsequent Lease Requirements:	Capital Lease	Operating Lease		
2012	\$ 8,400	\$ 3,259		
2013	•	3,259		
2014		3,259		
Thereafter		3,259		
Total	\$ 8,400	\$ 13,036		

NOTE I. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is currently involved in litigation claims against it that are generally incidental to its operations. However, it is the opinion of the City's management that the City's liability in those cases that are not covered by liability insurance will not be material to the financial statements. Accordingly, no provision has been made in the financial statements for these contingent liabilities.

The City received a substantial portion of its financial resources in the form of state and federal grants. Expenditure of such funds generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreement. These funds are also subject by the grantor agency. Any disallowed costs resulting from such audit could become the responsibility of the City and repayment could be requested from nonfederal resources.

NOTE J. <u>LITIGATION</u>

There are no pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. The City Attorney estimates that the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from any litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the City at September 30, 2011.

NOTE K. DEFERRED REVENUES

Deferred revenues at September 30, 2011 are composed of the following in the Funds Statements:

	2011	2010		
General Fund				
Taxes Receivable (Net of allowance/refunds) Debt Service Fund	\$ 223,465	\$ 204,417.		
Taxes Receivable (Net of allowance/refunds)	87,324	79,524		
Total Deferred Revenues	\$ 310,789	\$ 283,941		

NOTE L. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various uncertainties for losses related to intentional and unintentional torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of real and personal property; errors-and-omissions; catastrophes; medical and dental claims by employees; employee illnesses and injuries and pollution claims for which the City carries commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. No negotiated settlements or jury awards have exceeded policy limits in any of the past three years.

City management is not aware of any pending or alleged claims that could exceed the policy limits of the present insurance coverage.

NOTE M. SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUND

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure, as part of the Combined Statements-Overview, of certain information concerning individual funds including segment information for the Enterprise Funds.

The City maintains one Enterprise Fund which provides water and sewer services to the City of Edcouch. Selected segment information for the year ended September 30, 2011 is as follows:

	Water and Sewer Fund				
	2011	2010			
Operating Revenues	\$ 900,103	\$ 899,879			
Operating Expenses	(700,473)	(777,891)			
Depreciation	(39,533)	(39,533)			
Operating Income (Net) Net Non-Operating Revenues	160,097	82,455			
and Expenses Transfer out	(35,670)				
Contributions	440,552	10,320_			
Change in Net Assets	564,979	92,775			
Beginning Net Assets	3,529,350	3,441,112			
Prior year adjustment		(4,537)			
Beginning Net Assets as restated	3,529,350	3,436,575			
Ending Net Assets	4,094,329	3,529,350			
Condensed Cash Flow					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by:					
Operating Activities	\$ 142,357	\$ 154,153			
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(78,544)	(111,045)			
Beginning Cash	363,654	320,546			
Prior year adjustment	363,654	320,546			
Beginning Cash as restated	\$ 427,467	\$ 363,654			
Ending Cash	φ τει,τυι	300,031			

NOTE N. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT-GENERAL FUND AND PROPRIETARY FUND

The net assets of the General Fund were decreased for prior year legal fees liability not recognized in prior years.

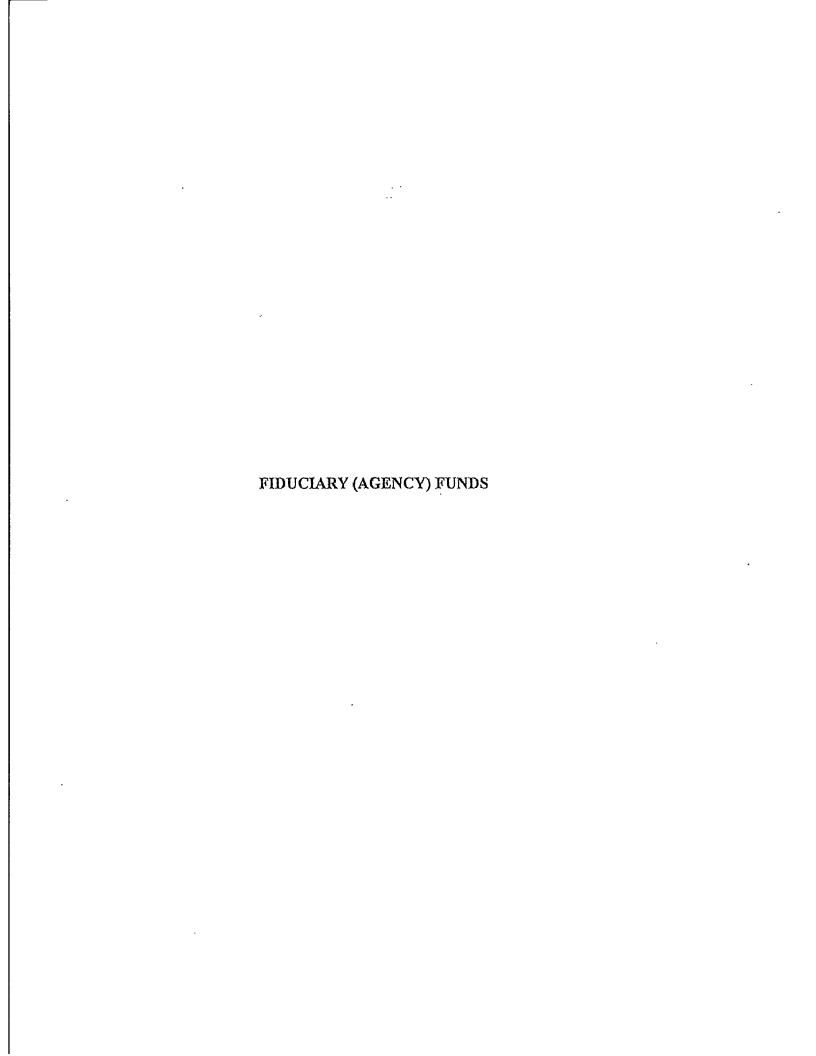
	2011	2010		
General Fund				
Net Assets-Unrestricted - Beginning of Year	\$ (456,301)	\$ (368,658)		
Prior Year Adjustments				
Recognition of prior year legal fees	agential lands and state a	(38,884)		
Net Assets Beginning of the year, as restated	(456,301)	(407,542)		
Current year changes in Net Assets	(70,723)	(48,759)		
Ending Net Assets	\$ (527,024)	\$ (456,301)		

The equity of the Proprietary Fund was decreased due to a provision for uncollectible accounts in the utility system.

Proprietary Fund		
Net Assets Unrestricted - Beginning of year	\$ 3,529,350	\$ 3,441,112
Prior Period Adjustments		
For prior year adjustments to Net Assets For due to/from transactions		(4,537)
Total Prior Period Adjustment	Company of the Compan	(4,537)
Net Assets, Beginning of the year, as restated	3,529,350	3,436,575
Current year changes in Net Assets	564,979	92,775
Ending Net Assets	\$ 4,094,329	\$ 3,529,350

NOTE O. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City of Edcouch, Texas has evaluated subsequent events though June 8, 2012, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES NON-MAJOR AGENCY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Payroll Agency Fund			
	2011		2010	
Assets Cash and cash investments Due from other funds		4,288 8,756	\$	31,645
Total Assets	\$ 5	3,044	\$	31,645
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to others	4	9,714 3,330	**************************************	31,645
Total Liabilities	5	3,044	********	31,645
Net Assets Unrestricted, Undesignated				
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 5	3,044	\$	31,645

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES NON-MAJOR AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Balance 10/1/10	Additions	Deductions	Balance 9/30/11
Payroll Agency Fund Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$31,645	\$ 685,039	\$ 712,396	\$ 4,288
Due from other funds		48,756		48,756
Due from others Total Assets	\$ 31,645	\$ 733,795	\$ 712,396	\$ 53,044
Liabilities				•
Accounts payable	\$ -	S -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other funds			9,714	9,714
Due to Others	31,645	712,396	724,081	43,330
Total liabilities	\$ 31,645	\$ 712,396	\$ 733,795	\$ 53,044

•			
·			
		•	
	•		
SPECIAL REVENU	E FUNDS		
Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceed major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditu	ls of specific revenues sour	ces (other than for	
major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expendite	no for specified purposes.		
,			
,			
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,			

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	4A Sales Tax Fund	4B Sales Tax Fund	Urban County Fund	2010	2009
isets					
Cash and cash investments Accounts receivable-taxes Due from other fund Due from other governments	\$ 19,307 210,630	\$ 23,427 208,590	\$ - - -	\$ 42,734 419,220	\$ 31,455 - 344,657
Total Assets	229,937	232,017		461,954	376,112
iabilities					
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Deferred revenues - taxes	27,553	29,653		57,206 - - 57,206	57,206
Total Liabilities					,
et Assets					
Unrestricted, Undesignated	202,384	202,364	ANE PARTY OF THE P	404,748	318,906
Total Net Assets and Liabilities	\$ 229,937	\$ 232,017	\$ -	\$ 461,954	\$ 376,112

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	4A Sales Tax Fund	4B Sales Tax Fund	Urban County Fund	2011	2010
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 42,921	\$ 42,921	\$ -	\$ 85,842	\$ 84,560
Intergovernmental			261,921	261,921	52,356
Miscellanous	-tympositisty	##	-		-
Total Revenues	42,921	42,921	261,921	347,763	136,916
Expenditures					
Administration	**	-		#	1,950
Street Impr.	-	ند		••	40,211
Water and Sewer Project	₩.	H	250,769	250,769	2,153
Contributions	**		11,152	11,152	8,042
Principal	•	-	-	-	-
Interest	.	***	-	-	**
Captial outlay	-	**	COMMUNICATION :	*	
Total Expenditures	and the state of t	parameters of the second secon	261,921	261,921	52,356
cess (Deficiency) of Revenues			•		
Over Expenditures	42,921	42,921	-	85,842	84,560
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers-in	**	-		•	
Operating transfers-out			=	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		**			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Over Expenditures and Other Uses	42,921	42,921		85,842	84,560
Fund Balance, October 1,	159,463	159,443		318,906	234,347
Fund Balance, September 30,	\$ 202,384	\$ 202,364	\$ -	\$ 404,748	\$ 318,907

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL INVESTMENT ACCOUNT GROUP

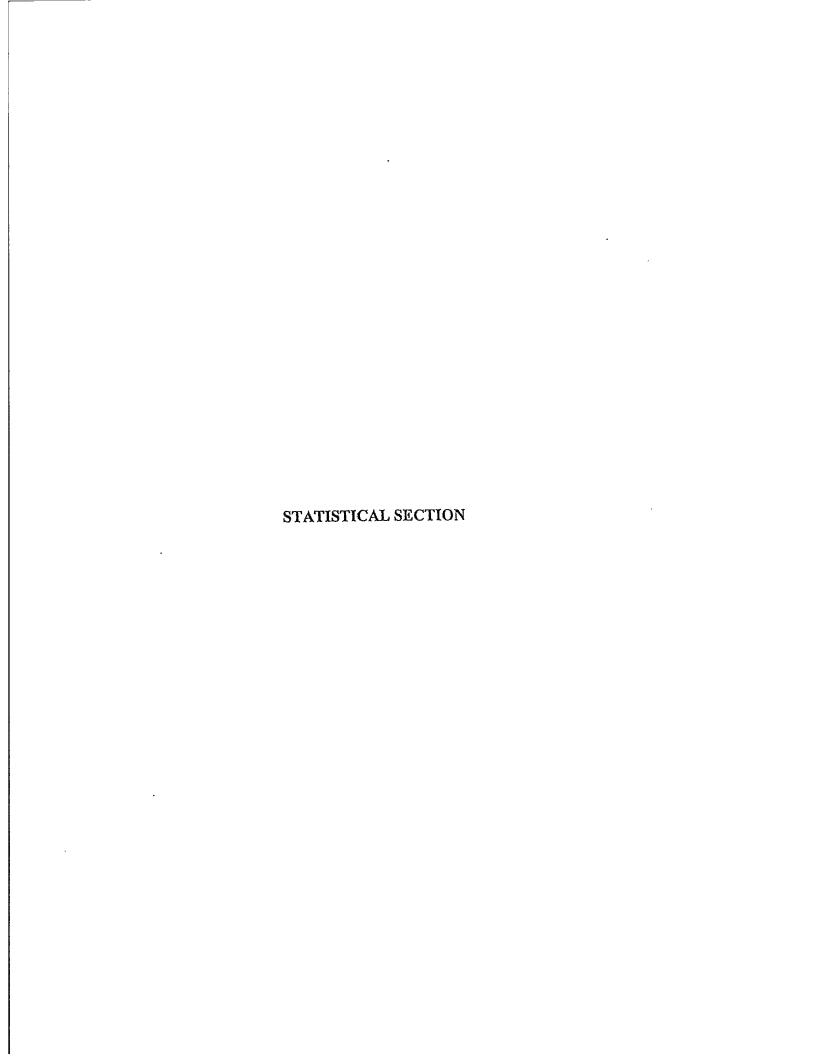
This account group is established to account for the fixed assets, depreciation, and related long term debt of the City exclusive of those relating to Enterprise Fund operations. Expenditure transactions to acquire general capital assets occur in the General and Capital Projects Funds.

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL INVESTMENT ASSET GROUP-BY SOURCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

General Capital Assets: Land	\$	375,048	
Buildings		610,765	
Improvements Other Than Buildings: Street Improvements		3,022,134	
Equipment/Vehicles: Equipment Construction in Progress Total General Fixed Assets		1,100,862 10,082	5,118,891
total General Fixed Assets			\$ 5,118,891
Investments in Capital Assets: Capital Projects-Grants/Bonds	\$	5,118,891	
Total Investments in Capital Assets			\$ 5,118,891

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL INVESTMENT ASSET GROUP- BY SOURCES SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	0	2010		Iditions eletions	Ser	otember 30, 2011	
General Capital Assets: Land Buildings Improvements Other Than Buildings Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment/Vehicles Construction in Progress		375,048 610,765 3,022,134 979,108 10,082	S	\$ - 121,754		375,048 610,765 3,022,134 1,100,862 10,082	
Total General Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	4,997,137	\$	121,754	\$	5,118,891	
Investments in Capital Assets From: Capital Projects Funds- Grants/Bonds - General Fund	<u>_\$</u>	4,997,137	<u>\$</u>	121,754	<u>\$</u>	5,118,891	



CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year			neral rnment	Public Safety			Highways and Streets		Sanitation	
2001	*	\$	-	S	*	\$	•	\$		
2002	*				-	•	_	U	-	
2003	*		-		**		_		-	
2004	*		4		•		_		-	
2005	*		-		-				-	
2006			225,568		257,639		172,082		116,464	
2007			376,112		276,511		61,183		152,714	
2008			407,631		197,077		97,073		141,050	
2009			298,393		209,358		110,115		163,647	
2010			279,084		359,513		129,104		212,973	
2011			310,715		362,879		169,257		160,335	
	*	Data no	t available to	prepare sc	•		e Grazia E		100,333	

Urban and Economic Development		 Culture and Recreation		Debt Service		Total		
\$	14	\$ 	\$	***	\$	-		
•	**	**				4		
				•		wa.		
	**	**		•		-		
	600	•		•		104		
	64,642	3,241		92,735		932,371		
•	-	8,246		106,978		981,744		
	+	37,176		186,511		1,066,518		
	**	16,625		132,694		930,832		
		17,684		126,505		1,124,863		
	253,323	35,520		130,157		1,422,186		

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

scal ear			axes	Licenses and Permits		Inter- governmental			Charges for Services Fines Miscellaneous		Charges for Services				Total
103	*	\$	4	\$	**	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
104	*		-		-		-		-		e		-		٠ -
105	*		-		-		=		-		~		~		
106	*	57	0,205		9,356		66,215		260,092		27,260		4,638		937,766
)07		61	6,131		69,083		12,588		231,805		32,4 20		5,256		967,283
308		71	7,680		74,151		23,973		235,718		59,796		43,293	1	,154,611
009		63	3,520		6,668		28,981		348,596		9,160		13,166	1	,040,091
010		64	2,544		5,202		273,468		318,889		4,736		46,518	1	,291,357
011		66	4,901		15,627		309,936		295,307		49,992		62,081	1	,397,844

^{*} Data not available to prepare schedule.

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND AND DEBT SERVICE TAXES RECEIVABLE SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		General Fund		Debt Service			
	Total Taxes	Tax Receiv		Tax Recei			
	Receivable	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount		
2010	\$ 73,161	66.67%	48,776	33.33%	24,385		
2009	50,491	68.36%	34,516	31.64%	15,975		
2008	43,031	65.00%	27,970	35.00%	15,061		
2007	34,778	70.05%	24,362	29.95%	10,416 8,405		
2006	30,082	72.06%	21,677	27.94%			
2005	22,176	77.80%	17,253	22.20%	4,923		
2004	22,819	71.92%	16,411	28.08%	6,408		
2003	18,475	72.02%	13,306	27.98%	5,169		
2002	16,208	72.00%	11,670	28.00%	4,538		
2001	15,140	72.54%	10,983	27.46%	4,157		
2000	14,970	76.40%	11,437	23.60%	3,533		
1999	12,919	72.54%	9,371	27.46%	3,548		
1998	10,945	72.17%	7,899	27.83%	3,046		
1997	9,702	70.08%	6,799	29.92%	2,903		
1996	4,580	71.33%	3,267	28.67%	1,313		
1995	3,871	75.78%	2,933	24.22%	938		
1994	3,323	74.96%	2,491	25.04%	832		
1993	2,710	64.56%	1,750	35.44%	960		
1992	1,959	78.27%	1,533	21.73%	426		
1991	2,460	100.00%	2,460	**	~		
1990	709	100.00%	709		***		
1989	2,470	100.00%	2,470	-	**		
1988	0	100.00%	•		44		
1987	0	100.00%	-	**	-		
1986	A Spirit	100.00%			**		
1985 & Prior	_	100.00%	**	*			
	396,979		280,044	•	116,935		
Less Allowance for	26 800		27,300		9,400		
Uncollectibe	36,700				***************************************		
Total Taxes net of							
for Doubtful	\$ 360,279	1	\$ 252,744		\$ 107,535		

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND AND DEBT SERVICE TAXES COLLECTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Total ·		Fund Taxes	Debt Service Taxes			
	Collections	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount		
2010	\$ 322,448	66.67%	214,978	33.33%	107,470		
2009	23,917	68. 36%	16,349	31.64%	7,568		
2008	15,343	65.00%	10,031	35.00%	5,312		
2007	7,169	70.05%	5,202	29.95%	1,967		
2006	4,907	72.06%	3,536	27.94%	1,371		
2005	2,403	77.80%	1,869	22.20%	534		
2004	1,502	71.92%	1,080	28.08%	422		
2003	783	72.02%	564	27.98%	219		
2002	1,176	72.00%	847	28.00%	329		
2001	1,198	72.54%	869	27.46%	329		
2000	620	76.40%	474	23.60%	146		
1999	720	72.54%	522	27.46%	198		
1998	744	72.17%	537	27.83%	207		
1997	218	70.08%	153	29.92%	65		
1996	171	71.33%	122	28.67%	49		
1995	107	75.78%	81	24.22%	26		
1994	132	74.96%	99	25.04%	33		
1993	129	64.56%	83	35.44%	46		
1992	112	78.27%	88	21.73%	24		
1991	146	100.00%	146	•	2-7		
1990	234	100.00%	234	***			
1989	2	100.00%	2	•	_		
1988	-	100.00%	4	-	_		
1987 & Prior	No.	100.00%	•		_		
Adjustments	Control of the Contro				. "		
;	\$ 384,181		\$ 257,866		\$ 126,315		

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Taxpayer	Type of Property	Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Edcouch Housing Development LP	Housing	\$ 1,009,654	15.34%
Southwestern Bell Telephone	Telephone	841,860	12.79%
HVM Edcouch II LTD.	Commercial	687,790	10.45%
HVM Edcouch III LTD.	Commercial	673,573	10.23%
AEP Texas Central Company	Electricity	629,733	9.57%
Garcia Grain Trading Corp	Industrial	591,385	8.98%
National Farm Workers Service Center Inc.	Nonprofit	561,287	8.53%
Hess-Turner Inc.	Commercial	543,158	8.25%
Christian Life Chuch	Nonprofit	526,173	7.99%
Evening Shade Corporation	Commercial	518,140	7.87%
Total		\$ 6,582,753	100.00%

Note: Total Assessed Value of Property \$45,924,579.

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Assessed Value (1)		\$ 45,924,579
Legal debt margin: Debt limitation - 10 percent of assessed value (2)		4,592,458
Debt applicable to limitation: Bonded debt: City of Edcouch * Less: amounts available for repayment of general obligation bonds	648,763	
	(33,829)	(614,934)
Legal debt margin	•	\$ 3,977,524

- (1) FY 2007 Real Estate Assessed Vaulation (1326 properties)
- (2) In 1955, the State Legislature inacted the 10% debt limit rate for School Districts in Texas and has subsequently been used by municipalities as a general rule in computing debt margin.
 - * General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2003 \$450,000 Bond Balance @ 9/30/11

CITY OF EDCOUCH, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS UNTIL MATURITY SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

GOVERNMENTAL FUND DEBT

Year of Payment		Principal Requirements		Interest Requirements		Total Annual Debt Requirements		
2012	\$	85,273	\$	48,056	\$	133,329		
2013		92,067		41,262		133,329		
2014		99,412		33,918		133,330		
2015		107,352		25,978		133,330		
2016		115,935		17,393		133,328		
2017		69,521		9,292		78,813		
2018		50,117		4,671		54,788		
2019 & Thereafter	A	29,086	#04/55/6.6 who many	600	Well-forest of mylestynystynesis in	29,686		
Total		648,763	\$	181,170	\$	829,933		

PROPRIETARY FUND BONDED DEBT

Year of Payment	Note Payable Interest		Bond Payable Principal		Balance	
Beginning Balance					\$	99,000
2012	\$	4,950	\$	6,000		93,000
2013		4,650		6,000		87,000
2014		4,350		6,000		81,000
2015		4,050		6,000		75,000
2016		3,750		6,000		69,000
2017		3,450		6,000		63,000
2018		3,150		6,000		57,000
2019		2,850		6,000		51,000
2020		2,550		6,000		45,000
2021		2,250		6,000		39,000
2022		1,950		6,000		33,000
2023	•	1,650		6,000		27,000
2024		1,350		6,000		21,000
2025		1,050		6,000		15,000
2026		750		6,000		9,000
2027		450		6,000		3,000
2028	-	· 150	Naget was not to be a	3,000	(Nill) Symmotypes	-
Total	\$	43,350	\$	99,000	\$	_