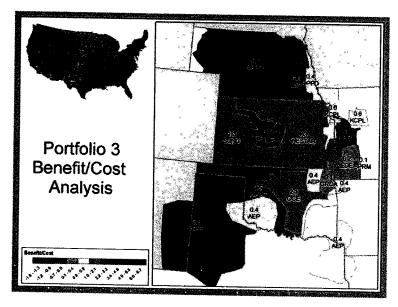
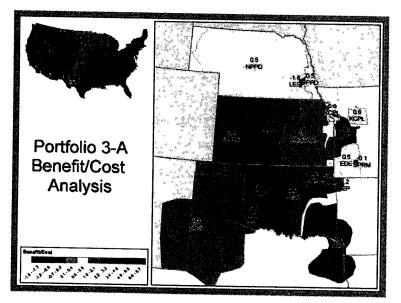
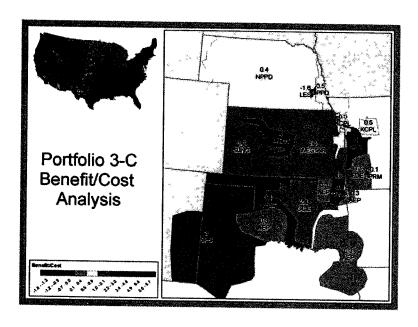
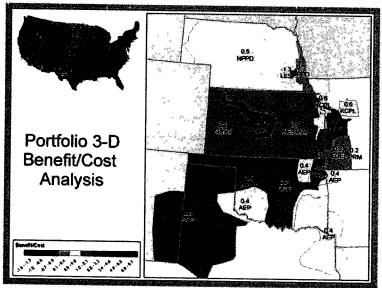
The Benefit to Cost ratio per zone is shown for the respective portfolios in the following pictures. The B/Cs shown here are before transfers have been conducted to balance the respective portfolios.









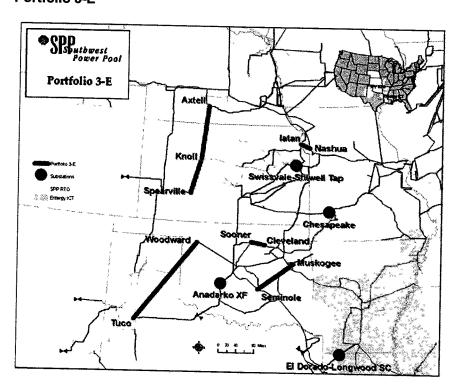
Portfolio 3-D had the highest B/C ratio of the four portfolios screened and was selected for further development. In this analysis, each of the individual projects in the Portfolio was removed to determine the impact of the project on the portfolio as a whole. These results are shown in the following table. The table is divided into total Adjusted Production Cost (APC) benefit, benefit for SPP Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) members as well as benefits to areas outside the region, shown here as Tier 1 benefits. The transfer percentage (%) shown is the percentage of the total portfolio cost in dollars that must be transferred, following tariff provisions, to balance the respective portfolios shown below. Ideally, the goal is a lower transfer percentage is desirable with a higher B/C.

Portfolio 3-D Refinement Analysis

	70/a/ 9778	SPP FROM T	Mar di Brana in				
Project	Banafir AVII	16/11				:/(C	-01481 -40
P-3D	\$148	\$149	(\$1.3)		139	raidaine a	Tarister VA
Posifoliolopisors	sittifics.		(Ψ1.5)		139	1.08	158%
no WRS (P-3E)	\$137	\$132	\$4.3	e	405/1	2227	10101
no SKA	\$127	\$128	(\$0.8)	214 The Section Contractor	107	1.24	121%
no TW	\$121	\$116			114	1.12	111%
no Ches	\$146	\$148	(\$1.1)		105	1.10	324%
no SM	\$116	\$148	(\$1.4)	- A 15 - 200 D - C 3000 B - 5	136	1.09	156%
no IN	\$143		(\$6.6)	Charles and the same of the sa	115	1.06	183%
no WGard	\$152	\$142	\$0.5	Mary St Bern W. Strang	132	1.08	168%
no ADK		\$149	(\$1.6)		138	1.08	160%
no SC	\$146	\$147	(\$0.9)	\$	137	1.07	159%
110 30	\$120	\$122	(\$1.2)	\$	135	0.90	n/a

The projects that were the best candidates for removal from Portfolio 3-D were (1) Wichita – Reno Co. – Summit, (2) Spearville – Knoll – Axtell and (3) the Chesapeake Transformer. SPP staff recommended during the March 2009 CAWG meeting that the Wichita – Reno Co. – Summit line be removed from the portfolio, but also recommended Spearville – Knoll – Axtell and Chesapeake stay in the portfolio to maintain balance. This Portfolio was labeled Portfolio 3-E and is shown in the following map.

Portfolio 3-E



Portfolio 3-D and 3-E were selected as the candidates for the full 10-year analysis of portfolios as required by the Tariff. The following tables demonstrate the results of the 10-year analysis, with interpolation between simulated years, 2012, 2017 and 2022. The results are discounted back to present worth, using an 8% discount rate. Levelized annual values were also calculated. The annual cost of the each portfolio is given such that the host utility carrying charge rate is assumed to be used for the construction of the project.

Portfolio 3-D: 10 Year Benefit vs. Costs

						Million	of D	ollars			
Po	rtfoli	io 3-[)	Total Benefit	ln	cremental Benefit	To	otal Cost PP OATT ATRR	Inc	cremental Cost	04/500
	2012			\$ 149.0			\$	138.55			Cost (E&C
	2017			\$ 208.5	\$	11.904	\$	138.55	\$		826.
	2022			\$ 260.3	\$	10.364	\$	138.55	\$	-	Annual 138.
Year		8.00% Year #	Discount Factor	Annual enefits		scounted Benefits		Annual		counted	
	2012	1	1.00	\$ 149				Costs		Costs	
	2013	2	0.93	\$ 161	\$ \$	149	\$	139	\$	139	1.08
	2014	3	0.86	\$ 173	\$	149 148	\$	139	\$	128	1.16
	2015	4	0.79	\$ 185	\$	146	\$ \$	139	\$	119	1.25
	2016	5	0.74	\$ 197	\$	147	•	139	\$	110	1.33
	2017	6	0.68	\$ 209	\$	143	\$ \$	139	\$	102	1.42
	2018	7	0.63	\$ 219	\$	138	Ф \$	139	\$	94	1.50
	2019	8	0.58	\$ 229	\$	134	\$	139 139	\$	87	1.58
	2020	9	0.54	\$ 240	\$	129	\$		\$	81	1.65
	2021	10	0.50	\$ 250	\$	125	\$	139 139	\$	75	1.73
	2022	11	0.46	\$ 260	\$	121	\$	139	\$ \$	69 64	1.80 1.88
en Year Totals Per Year Levelize		rs 1-10	7.25	\$ 2,010	\$	1,405	\$	1,385	\$	1,004	1.40
ei rear Levelize	<u>a</u>				\$	194			\$	139	1.40

Portfolio 3-DE: 10 Year Benefit vs. Costs

						Million	of D	ollars			
Ро	rtfoli	io 3-E	Ē	Total Incremental Benefit Benefit		Total Cost SPP OATT ATRR		Incremental Cost		Cast (E9.0	
	2012			\$	132.3		\$	106.63			Cost (E&C
	2017			\$	181.2	\$ 9.786	\$	106.63	\$	_	657.
	2022			\$	229.5	\$ 9.652	\$	106.63	\$	-	Annual 106.
Year		8.00%	Discount		nnual	scounted		Annual	Dis	counted	
	2012	Year #	Factor		enefits	3enefits		Costs		Costs	B/C
		1	1.00	\$	132	\$ 132	\$	107	\$	107	1.24
	2013	2	0.93	\$	144	\$ 133	\$	107	\$	99	1.35
	2014	3	0.86	\$	156	\$ 134	\$	107	\$	91	1.46
	2015	4	0.79	\$	168	\$ 133	\$	107	\$	85	1.58
	2016	5	0.74	\$	180	\$ 132	\$	107	\$	78	1.69
	2017	6	0.68	\$	181	\$ 123	\$	107	\$	73	1.70
	2018	7	0.63	\$	192	\$ 121	\$	107	\$	67	1.80
	2019	8	0.58	\$	202	\$ 118	\$	107	\$	62	1.89
	2020	9	0.54	\$	212	\$ 115	\$	107	\$	58	1.09
	2021	10	0.50	\$	223	\$ 111	\$	107	\$	53	2.09
	2022	11	0.46	\$	229	\$ 106	\$	107	\$	49	2.09 2.15
Ten Year Totals Per Year Levelize	nd \	/rs 1-10	7.25	\$	1,790	\$ 1,253	\$	1,066	\$	773	1.62
J Jul Levelize	<u> </u>					\$ 173			\$	107	1.62

A reliability impact analysis was conducted on the portfolio projects to determine the impact of the Balanced Portfolio on the STEP reliability analysis as well as on Tier 1 entities, third parties to SPP. This analysis was conducted in the same manner and with the same methodologies used in the 2008 STEP 10 year reliability analysis. The analysis was conducted for the entire collection of portfolio projects considered for the March CAWG meeting. The results are broken into (1) advanced projects, those projects that would be moved up in the reliability timeline due to the Balanced Portfolio; (2) new projects, projects which are now needed that were not identified in the original 10 year reliability planning horizon, but may have been needed beyond that horizon; (3) third party impacts or projects needed on neighboring systems due to the Balanced Portfolio; and (4) deferred projects, projects which are either deferred beyond the planning horizon or mitigated entirely due to the portfolio. A summary of these results is shown in the table below.

Reliability Impact (E&C Dollars)

Portfolio	Projects		Nam 9	ನಾಣಿತ		### / P	Piefer-		
P-3	\$	1.0	\$	3.4	S	10.2	C C	42.1	Net Eenerit
P-3A	\$	1.0	\$	3.4	\$	10.2	s -	27.7	Φ 2/.5 \$ 124
P-3C	\$	1.0	\$	3.4	\$	10.2	\$	42.1	\$ 13,1
P-3D P-3E	\$	1.0	\$	19.2	\$	10.2	\$	42.1	\$ 117
P-3E	\$	1.0	\$	19.2	\$	10.2	\$	42.1	\$ 117

April 2009: Balanced Portfolio Summit

The material from the March 2009 CAWG meeting was presented at an open meeting in Dallas, TX, April 1, 2009 as an SPP open stakeholder summit. Stakeholder comments and feedback were collected during this summit and incorporated in the final analysis used in the subsequent recommendation to the CAWG on an April 10th conference call.

Feedback from stakeholders and the CAWG included a request to consider the inclusion of a portion of the Wichita – Reno Co – Summit in the final recommendation, if it was feasible, and to include the project given its benefit and costs. Additionally, Empire District Electric Company staff requested that the Chesapeake transformer project be removed from the Balanced Portfolio recommendation due to the complex nature of the project and the associated third party impacts. Also, the CAWG directed SPP to further refine cost estimates of the projects in the portfolio to include greater granularity in the itemization of project costs associated with the portfolio projects, including but not limited to material costs, right of way requirements, labor, etc. Lastly, SPP staff was directed to determine the appropriate carrying charge rates to be used for each host zone to ensure that consistent values were being applied to all projects so that they could be considered on a consistent and reasonable basis.

April 2009: CAWG Conference Call

The work presented during the April SPP open stakeholder summit was refined to reflect the stakeholder feedback and comments and presented to the CAWG on April 10 via conference call.

The first portfolio change was to consider the removal of the Chesapeake transformer. The results are shown in the following tables.

Portfolio 3-E No Chesapeake: 10 Year Benefit vs. Costs

Po	rtfol	io 3-E					Million				·	
	No C		-	E	Total Benefit		cremental Benefit	SP	tal Cost P OATT ATRR	Incremental Cost		Cost (E&(
	2012			\$	132.3			\$	93.73			691
	2017			\$	181.2	\$	9.79	\$	93.73	\$	_	Annual
	2022			\$	229.5	\$	9.65	\$	93.73	\$	-	93
Year		8.00%	Discount	A	nnual	Dis	scounted	Δ	unnual	Disc	ounted	
		Year #	Factor	В	enefits	8	Benefits		Costs		osts	B/C
	2012	1	1.00	\$	132	\$	132	\$	94	\$	94	1.41
	2013	2	0.93	\$	145	\$	134	\$	94	\$	87	1.55
	2014	3	0.86	\$	158	\$	135	\$	94	\$	80	
	2015	4	0.79	\$	171	Š	136	\$	94	\$	74	1.68
	2016	5	0.74	\$	184	Š	135	\$	94	\$		1.82
	2017	6	0.68	\$	181	Š	123	\$	94	\$	69	1.96
	2018	7	0.63	\$	191	\$	120	\$	94	\$ \$	64	1.93
	2019	8	0.58	\$	201	\$	117	\$		•	59	2.04
	2020	9	0.54	\$	210	\$	114	φ \$	94	\$	55	2.14
	2021	10	0.50	\$	220	\$	110	φ \$	94	\$	51	2.24
	2022	11	0.46	\$	229	\$		-	94	\$	47	2.35
		• •	0.10	Ψ	229	Ψ	106	\$	94	\$	43	2.45
Ten Year Totals		Yrs 1-10	7.25	\$	1,792	\$	1,257	\$	937	\$	679	1.85
Per Year Levelize	ed					\$	173			Š	94	1.85

The transfer analysis for portfolio 3-E without Chesapeake is shown in the following table. The analysis concluded that \$32M of transfers were required to balance this portfolio.

Attachment H Transfer Adjustments - Portfolio 3E no Ches - Annualized

#	Zone	Portfolio Benefits	Portfolio Costs	Zonal ATRR Transfers Out (Col. 5 Attach H)	Regional Allocation of Zonal ATRR Transfers	Net of Zonal Transfers and Transfer Allocation	Net Benefit	
	AEPW EMDE	\$30.8	\$21.1	\$0.0	\$7.2	\$7.2	\$2.5	B/C
	GRDA	(\$0.4)	\$2.5	(\$3.7)	\$0.8	(\$2.8)	\$0.0	1.1
	KCPL	\$0.8	\$1.8	(\$1.6)	\$0.6	(\$1.0)	\$0.0	1.0 1.0
	MIDW	\$8.3	\$7.2	(\$1.4)	\$2.5	\$1.1	\$0.0	1.0
6	MIPU	\$12.8	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$11.9	14.1
7	MKEC	(\$1.6)	\$3.8	(\$6.7)	\$1.3	(\$5.4)	\$0.0	1.0
8	OKGE	\$11.7 \$26.5	\$1.1	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$0.4	\$10.2	8.3
	SPRM	(\$0.2)	\$13.3	\$0.0	\$4.6	\$4.6	\$8.6	1.5
	SUNC	\$3.2	\$1.5	(\$2.1)	\$0.5	(\$1.6)	\$0.0	1.0
	SWPS	\$56.0	\$1.0	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$1.9	2.4
	WEFA	\$7.9	\$10.8	\$0.0	\$3.7	\$3.7	\$41.5	3.9
	WRI	\$14.2	\$3.0	\$0.0	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$3.9	2.0
	NPPD	\$5.5	\$10.8	(\$0.4)	\$3.7	\$3.4	\$0.0	1.0
	OPPD	\$2.2	\$7.5	(\$4.6)	\$2.6	(\$2.0)	\$0.0	1.0
	ES	(\$3.5)	\$5.8	(\$5.7)	\$2.0	(\$3.7)	\$0.0	1.0
otal	100	\$174	\$1.8	(\$5.9)	\$0.6	(\$5.3)	\$0.0	1.0
700319600	and the second second second	31/4	\$94	-\$32	\$32	\$0	\$80	1.9

Next, the inclusion of the Reno Co – Summit portion of the Wichita – Reno Co. – Summit Project was considered for inclusion after the removal of the Chesapeake transformer. These results are shown below.

Portfolio 3-E No Chesapeake, with Reno Co. - Summit: 10 Year Benefit vs. Costs

Po	rtfol	io 3-E	=				Million	of D	ollars			
No C	hes,			ı	Total Benefit	In	cremental Benefit		otal Cost PP OATT ATRR	in	cremental Cost	Cost (E&C
	2012			\$	178.0			\$	105.56			789.0
	2017			\$	242.1	\$	12.816	\$	105.56	\$	_	Annual
	2022			\$	290.4	\$	9.658	\$	105.56	\$	-	105.6
Year		8.00% Year #	Discount Factor		Annual		scounted		Annual	Dis	counted	
	2012	1	1.00		enefits		3enefits		Costs		Costs	B/C
	2013	2	0.93	\$ \$	178	\$	178	\$	106	\$	106	1.69
	2014	3	0.86	\$	191	\$	177	\$	106	\$	98	1.81
	2015	4	0.79	\$	204 216	\$	175	\$	106	\$	90	1.93
	2016	5	0.74	\$	229	\$	172	\$	106	\$	84	2.05
	2017	6	0.68	\$	242	\$	169	\$	106	\$	78	2.17
	2018	7	0.63	\$	252	φ Φ	165	\$	106	\$	72	2.29
	2019	8	0.58	\$	261	\$ \$	159	\$	106	\$	67	2.38
	2020	9	0.54	\$	271	\$ \$	153	\$	106	\$	62	2.48
	2021	10	0.50	\$	281	\$	146	\$	106	\$	57	2.57
	2022	11	0.46	Š	290	\$ \$	140	\$	106	\$	53	2.66
_				*	230	Ψ	135	\$	106	\$	49	2.75
en Year Totals er Year Levelize	ed '	Yrs 1-10	7.25	\$	2,325	\$	1,632	\$	1,056	\$	765	2.13
						\$	225			\$	106	2.13

The transfer analysis for portfolio 3-E without Chesapeake but including with Reno Co. - Summit is shown in the following table. The analysis concluded that \$62M of transfers were required to balanced this portfolio

Attachment H Transfer Adjustments - Portfolio 3E no Ches with RS - Annualized

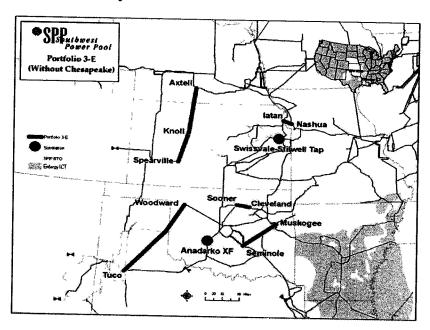
#	Zone	Portfolia Benefits	Portfolio Costs	Zonal ATRR Transfers Out (Col. 5 Attach H)	Regional Allocation of Zonal ATRR Transfers	Net of Zonal Transfers and Transfer Allocation	enter State	
1	AEPW	\$25.8	\$23.7	(\$11.8)	\$13.9	The state of the s	Net Benefit	B/C
2	EMDE	(\$0.1)	\$2.8	(\$4.5)	\$1.6	\$2.1	\$0.0	1,0
3	GRDA	\$0.1	\$2.1	(\$3.2)	\$1.2	(\$2.9)	\$0.0	1.0
4-	KCPL	\$8.7	\$8.2	(\$4.2)	\$4.8	(\$1.9)		1.0
5	MIDW	\$12.8	\$0.8	\$0.0	\$0.4	\$0.5	\$0.0	1.0
6	MIPU	(\$5.6)	\$4.3	(\$12.4)	\$2.5	\$0.4	\$11.6	10.7
10	MKEC	\$11.3	\$1.2	\$0.0	\$0.7	(\$9.9)	\$0.0	1.0
8 *	OKGE	\$36.8	\$15.0	\$0.0		\$0.7	\$9.4	6.0
9 %	SPRM	(\$0.3)	\$1.6	(\$2.9)	\$8.8	\$8.8	\$13.0	1.5
10	SUNC	\$3.6	\$1.1	\$0.0	\$1.0	(\$1.9)	\$0.0	1.0
	SWPS	\$55.9	\$12.2	\$0.0	\$0.7	\$0.7	\$1.8	2.0
2.6	WEFA	\$11.8	\$3.3		\$7.1	\$7.1	\$36.6	2.9
3.0	WRI	\$59.9	\$12.2	\$0.0	\$2.0	\$2.0	\$6.5	2.2
4	NPPD	\$5.4	\$8.5	\$0.0	\$7.1	\$7.1	\$40.6	3.1
5	OPPD	\$2.7	\$6.6	(\$8.0)	\$5.0	(\$3.0)	\$0.0	1.0
6	LES	(\$3.9)	\$2.0	(\$7.7)	\$3.8	(\$3.8)	\$0.0	51.0
tals	46	\$225		(\$7 1)	\$1.2	(\$5.9)	\$0.0	1.0
********	2020 (2000)	4223	\$106	-\$62	\$62	\$0	\$120	2.1

An analysis was conducted to determine the impact on total Annual Transmission Revenue Requirement (ATRR) for each zone in the tariff. The results are shown for portfolio 3-E, "3-E no Chesapeake" and "3-E no Chesapeake with Reno Co – Summit". These results are shown in the following table.

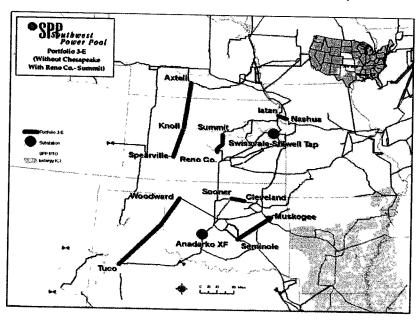
Total ATRR for Proposed Balanced Portfolios

Photos reco	BP 3E	3E no Ches	BP 3E no Ches w RS
	Anner Eorapens Arrica Sass Pan Kerapens Arrica Region Well-RR		. Nemkai Zarai pus Amilai Iese. Plan Zonai olus Amila Regima
AEPW	\$ 175,484,688	\$ 177,104,393	\$ 174 641 806
SPRM	\$ 8,934,262	\$ 8,659,884	174,041,000
EMDE	\$ 14,660,746	0,000,007	\$ 8,524,079
GRDA	\$ 25,891,875	11,007,007	\$ 14,294,209
KCPL	\$ 43,661,239	20,002,002	\$ 25,312,950
OKGE	\$ 118,952,010	11,700,072	\$ 45,060,781
MIDW	\$ 5,277,346	110,043,771	\$ 122,735,245
MIPU	\$ 19,618,726	0,170,072	\$ 5,469,320
SWPA	\$ 9,431,500	10,720,110	\$ 15,471,824
SWPS	3,431,300	9,431,500	\$ 9,431,500
SUNC	104,700,070	\$ 102,989,030	\$ 107,781,536
WEFA	10,032,722	\$ 15,934,343	\$ 16,377,746
WRI	20,040,000	\$ 25,077,005	\$ 26,389,469
MKEC	120,040,020	\$ 129,135,340	\$ 134,286,149
LES	7,720,004	\$ 7,557,124	\$ 8,022,505
NPPD	0,077,007	\$ 8,718,252	\$ 8,313,564
OPPD	00,170,090	\$ 53,181,895	\$ 53,125,563
ו מאסט	\$ 38,645,990	A	\$ 39,227,136
	805,484,404	\$ 802,641,325	\$ 814,465,382

Portfolio 3-E "Adjusted"



Portfolio 3-E with Reno Co - Summit, without Chesapeake



Recommendation

The CAWG endorsed portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" (without Chesapeake, without Reno Co – Summit). Portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" provides a significant benefit vs. cost to the SPP region, as well as having lower balance transfer requirements. Portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" contains a comprehensive group of economic projects addressing many of the top constraints in the SPP. The projects associated with portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" are as follows:

- Tuco Woodward District EHV, \$229M
- latan Nashua, \$54M
- Swissvale Stilwell tap at W. Gardner, \$2M
- Spearville Knoll Axtell, \$236M
- Sooner Cleveland, \$34M
- Seminole Muskogee, \$129M
- Anadarko Tap, \$8M
- Total E&C Costs: \$692M

The supporting material for portfolio 3-E was presented to the Markets and Operations Policy Committee (MOPC) in April 2009. The MOPC reviewed and discussed the portfolio options and the impact on the footprint. After discussion, the MOPC endorsed the recommendation for Balanced Portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" pending issuance of the final report, according to the SPP Tariff.

Portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" provides substantial benefit to customers in the SPP footprint. Based on a 1,000 kWh/month usage of a residential customer, the Portfolio provides an estimated net benefit of \$0.78/month (\$1.66/mo on average versus a cost of \$0.88/mo). The existing transmission revenue requirements for the SPP region in this typical monthly residential customer bill are estimated to be \$7.58. Additionally, it should be noted that the Portfolio could incur a construction cost increase of up to 113%, or more than double the estimated construction cost, and still provide a benefit to cost ratio of 1.0 for the region. Therefore, the Balanced Portfolio could have a total E&C final cost of over \$1.48 and still provide benefits greater than costs.

Estimated SPP average customer impact (based on 1,000 kWh/month usage)

Existing Zonal ATRR	Base	Plan NTCs	P-3E Costs		
	1/3	2/3	1/3	2/3	Annual
\$688M	\$7M	\$14M	\$33M	\$66M	\$106 M
		Total: \$808N	•		13%
Avg. Cost Po	er Custom	er Per Mon	th: \$7.58		88 ¢

P-3E "Adjusted" Benefit = \$1.66

The CAWG and MOPC recommendation of Portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" was presented to the SPP Regional State Committee (RSC) during their April 27, 2009 meeting in Oklahoma City where Portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" was endorsed by the RSC. Staff then presented to the MOPC and RSC the recommended Portfolio during the SPP Board of Directors meeting on April 28th. The SPP Board approved the projects in Balanced Portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" for inclusion in the SPP Transmission Expansion Plan. The SPP Board went on to direct staff to finalize the Balanced Portfolio Report in accordance with the SPP tariff. Furthermore, the Board directed that Notification To Construct letters for the Projects in the Balanced Portfolio be issued once the required Balanced Portfolio Report is

finalized after CAWG review and MOPC approval.

Balanced Portfolio Stakeholder Process

The SPP Regional State Committee (RSC) requested the Cost Allocation Working Group (CAWG) to consider alternative cost allocations for economic upgrades.

Cost Allocation Working Group (CAWG)

The CAWG has been the primary stakeholder group overseeing development of the Balanced Portfolio. The CAWG created the Economic Concepts whitepaper. Many representatives from other SPP stakeholder groups attend the CAWG's monthly meetings.

Trapped Generation Task Force (TGTF)

This CAWG Task Force determined wind assumptions in the Adjusted Production Cost (APC) models.

Economic Modeling and Methods Task Force (EMMTF)

The EMMTF focused on the planning process and development of additional economic benefit metrics. It initially worked to acquire detailed data on generation units in the model. The EMMTF addressed confidential issues. The EMMTF is currently the Economic Studies Working Group (ESWG)

Regional Tariff Working Group (RTWG)

The RTWG facilitated acquiring FERC approval of Attachment O language for the Balanced Portfolio process.

Markets and Operations Policy Committee (MOPC), Board of Directors (BOD), Regional State Committee (RSC)

These groups will review and approve the Balanced Portfolio.

Planning Summits

Proposed Balanced Portfolios and related concepts were shared at planning summits in May and August.

Posting

Portfolios and associated information are posted on SPP.org: http://www.spp.org/section.asp?pageID=120

Appendix

Final Benefit to Cost Results for the Balanced Portfolio

The following table demonstrates the full, 10 year portfolio analysis including reliability costs and benefits. These costs and benefits accrue in the years that the portfolio projects impact the reliability plan.

Portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" 10 yr B/C with Reliability Impact

Portfol	io 3-F			**		Million	of Do	ollars				
"Adjus		•	F	Total Benefit		remental Benefit		otal Cost	Relia	ability Cost	Cost (E&C	6 92
_			•	Jeneni		Denent		ATRR		•	Annual	002
2012			\$	131.2			\$	93.73	\$	0.03	\$	93.7
2017			\$	193.2	\$	12.4	\$	93.73	\$		Total Anni	
2022			\$	239.0	\$	9.2	\$	93.73	\$	2.53	\$	93.8
Year	8.00%	Discount	A	nnual	Dis	counted	,	Annual	Disa	counted		
	Year #	Factor	В	enefits	В	enefits		Costs		Costs	B/C	
2012	1	1.00	\$	131	\$	131	\$	94	\$	94	1.40	
2013	2	0.93	\$	144	\$	133	\$	94	\$	87	1.53	
2014	3	0.86	\$	156	\$	134	\$	94	\$	80	1.66	
2015	4	0.79	\$	168	\$	134	\$	94	\$	74	1.80	
2016	5	0.74	\$	181	\$	133	\$	94	\$	69	1.93	
2017	6	0.68	\$	193	\$	131	\$	96	\$	66	2.01	
2018	7	0.63	\$	202	\$	128	\$	96	\$	61	2.10	
2019	8	0.58	\$	212	\$	123	\$	96	\$	56		
2020	9	0.54	\$	221	\$	119	\$	96	\$	52	2.20	
2021	10	0.50	\$	230	\$	115	\$	96	\$	48	2.29	
2022	11	0.46	\$	239	\$	111	\$	96	\$	46 45	2.39 2.48	
	/rs 1-10	7.25	\$	1,837	\$	1,281	\$	950	\$	607		
Per Year Levelized			•	.,501	Š	177	Ψ	900	Φ \$	687 95	1.87 1.87	m 2º

The following three tables break out the benefits from the economic analysis. These tables do not include the reliability benefits. The numbers represent a change between the change and base cases, with the change case including the Balanced Portfolio. A negative number denotes a reduction in cost which is considered a benefit. Likewise a positive number is a cost increase.

2012 Balanced Portfolio 3E "Adjusted" Benefits

		NORTH AND THE PARTY OF THE PART		
AEDW	PERIOR PROFILE TO THE PROFILE TO THE PERIOR	Share Being Being Being St.	inolidale Sales I	Atherical Prophological (News
EMDE	Ψ <u></u> 1,200,000	(\$14,003,000)	\$31,439,000	(\$24,155,000)
	\$2,990,000	(\$2,096,000)	\$207,000	\$687,000
GRDA	\$72,000	\$159,000	\$982,000	
KCPL	\$4,273,000	(\$637,000)	\$9,994,000	(\$751,000)
LES	\$1,297,000	\$1,226,000	\$0	(\$6,358,000)
MIDW	(\$350,000)	(\$8,783,000)	\$0	\$2,523,000
MIPU	\$6,027,000	(\$3,968,000)		(\$9,133,000)
MKEC	(\$7,563,000)	(\$2,015,000)	(\$5,000)	\$2,064,000
NPPD	\$6,519,000		(\$925,000)	(\$8,653,000)
OKGE	(\$85,787,000)	(\$28,000)	\$11,726,000	(\$5,235,000)
OPPD	\$2,165,000	\$52,737,000	(\$9,386,000)	(\$23,664,000)
SPRM	\$734,000	\$160,000	\$4,247,000	(\$1,922,000)
SUNC		(\$42,000)	\$668,000	\$24,000
SWPS	(\$5,206,000)	(\$2,096,000)	(\$5,171,000)	(\$2,131,000)
WEFA	(\$70,516,000)	\$31,769,000	(\$519,000)	(\$38,228,000)
WRI	(\$13,163,000)	\$4,105,000	(\$375,000)	(\$8,682,000)
141/1	(\$5,257,000)	(\$359,000)	\$2,131,000	(\$7,747,000)
	2017 Palas			(ψ1,141,000)

2017 Balanced Portfolio 3E "Adjusted" Benefits

Property of the second	POPLET WITCH THE PROPERTY OF T			
ASSISSE SUMS	Care harourden cen	vinovitajia evalaskavis	imolicialis Salas	MilisailProduction Costs
AEPW	\$55,943,000	(\$17,738,000)	\$71,548,000	
EMDE	\$3,525,000	(\$3,272,000)	\$100,000	(\$33,344,000)
GRDA	(\$28,000)	\$163,000		\$153,000
KCPL	\$6,229,000		\$889,000	(\$754,000)
LES	\$2,019,000	(\$3,576,000)	\$11,897,000	(\$9,244,000)
MIDW		\$1,970,000	\$0	\$3,989,000
MIPU	(\$764,000)	(\$14,046,000)	\$0	(\$14,810,000)
MKEC	\$5,483,000	(\$3,915,000)	\$79,000	\$1,489,000
NPPD	(\$10,893,000)	(\$2,667,000)	(\$793,000)	(\$12,767,000)
	\$5,842,000	(\$779,000)	\$10,741,000	
OKGE	(\$129,794,000)	\$88,180,000	(\$14,032,000)	(\$5,678,000)
OPPD	\$3,030,000	\$276,000	\$5,663,000	(\$27,582,472)
SPRM	\$603,000	(\$60,000)		(\$2,357,000)
SUNC	(\$7,575,000)	(\$2,386,000)	\$251,000	\$292,000
SWPS	(\$80,497,000)		(\$6,776,000)	(\$3,185,000)
WEFA		\$18,914,000	(\$924,000)	(\$60,659,000)
WRI	(\$22,863,000)	\$14,785,000	(\$468,000)	(\$7,610,000)
	(\$14,392,000)	(\$1,073,000)	\$1,674,000	(\$17,139,000)

2022 Balanced Portfolio 3E "Adjusted" Benefits

	SECURA VICENIA TO A CONTRACTOR OF THE SECURA VICENIA V		nenent2	
ACRES STREET	\$67,322,000	noiDale Purereses Vs	miOfficial Sales/	
	\$67,322,000	(\$22,618,000)	\$83,884,000	(\$20.4.94.000)
EMDE	\$4,703,000	(\$4,421,000)	\$91,000	(\$39,181,000)
GRDA	(\$480,000)	\$123,000	\$1,003,000	\$191,000
KCPL	\$6,624,000	(\$2,828,000)		(\$1,360,000)
LES	\$2,249,000		\$14,974,000	(\$11,178,000)
MIDW	(\$736,000)	\$2,150,000	\$0	\$4,399,000
MIPU	\$2,680,000	(\$14,659,000)	\$0	(\$15,395,000)
MKEC		(\$1,044,000)	(\$19,000)	\$1,655,000
NPPD	(\$14,429,000)	(\$1,525,000)	(\$287,000)	(\$15,667,000)
OKGE	\$6,488,000	(\$1,250,000)	\$10,748,000	(\$5,510,000)
OPPD	(\$138,499,000)	\$85,998,000	(\$22,388,000)	(\$30,113,000)
	\$3,787,000	\$378,000	\$6,258,000	
SPRM	\$637,000	(\$317,000)	\$301,000	(\$2,093,000)
SUNC	(\$7,360,000)	(\$2,495,000)	(\$3,923,000)	\$19,000
SWPS	(\$89,381,000)	\$2,205,000		(\$5,932,000)
WEFA	(\$20,837,000)	\$13,197,000	(\$1,184,000)	(\$85,992,000)
WRI	(\$11,595,000)		(\$575,000)	(\$7,065,000)
	(\$11,000,000)	(\$6,705,000)	\$2,730,000	(\$21,030,000)

The following table demonstrates the benefits, costs and transfers on an annualized basis after the resulting reliability impacts, both the advancement and deferral, are accounted for. The net B/C impact of the reliability projects was an approximate marginal increase of .01 of the total Portfolio.

Portfolio 3-E "Adjusted" Annualized Benefits, Costs and Transfers, including Reliability Impacts

Attachment H Transfer Adjustments - Portfolio 3E "Adjusted" - Annualized

#	Zone	Portfolio Benefits	Portfolio " Costs	Zonal ATRR Transfers Out (Col. 5 Attach H)	Regional Allocation of Zonal ATRR Transfers	Net of Zonal Transfers and Transfer Allocation	Net Benefit	
	AEPW	\$30.9	\$21.3	\$0.0	\$7.0	The second secon		B/C
	EMDE	(\$0.3)	\$2.5	(\$3.7)	\$0.8	\$7.0	\$2.6	1.1.
	GRDA	\$0.9	\$1.9	(\$1.6)	\$0.6	(\$2.8)	\$0.0	1.0
	KCPL	\$8.4	\$7.3	(\$1.3)	\$2.4	(\$1.0)	\$0.0	1.0
	MIDW	\$12.8	\$0.7	\$0.0	\$0.2	\$1.1	\$0.0	1.0
	MIPU	(\$1.3)	\$3.8	(\$6.4)	\$1.3	\$0.2	\$11.9	14.1
	MKEC	\$11.8	\$1.1	\$0.0		(\$5.2)	\$0.0	1.0
10	OKGE	\$26.6	\$13.4	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$10.4	8.3
	SPRM	(\$0.1)	\$1.5	(\$2.1)	\$4.4	\$4.4	\$8.7	1.5
	SUNC	\$3.7	\$1.0		\$0.5	(\$1 6)	\$0.0	1,0
	SWPS	\$56.1	\$10.9	\$0.0	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$2.3	2.7
	WEFA	\$8.0	\$3.0	\$0.0	\$3.6	\$3.6	\$41.5	3.9
	WRI	\$14.2	\$11.0	\$0.0	\$1.0	\$1.0	\$4.0	2.0
-	NPPD	\$5.5	\$7.6	(\$0.4)	\$3.6	\$3.2	\$0.0	1.0
100	OPPD	\$2.3		(\$4.6)	\$2.5	(\$2.1)	\$0.0	1.0
200	ES	(\$3.1)	\$5.9	(\$5.6)	\$1.9	(\$3.6)	\$0.0	1.0
al			\$1.8	(\$5.5)	\$0.6	(\$4.9)	\$0.0	1.0
230	192, 200, PEGA	\$176	\$95	-\$31	\$31	\$0	\$81	1.86

The spreadsheet which was used to calculate the transfers in the above table can be found on the Balanced Portfolio section of the SPP Website.

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^{††} http://www.spp.org/section.asp?pageID=120

The table shown below demonstrates the MW-mi impact of the deferred reliability projects. This impact is used to determine who receives the benefit for the deferral of each reliability project from the portfolio.

Portfolio 3-E – Reliability Impact MW-mi analysis

	mpact mv-in analysis													
Date	115KV CKT 1 - Rebuild	HUNTSVILLE - ST_JOHN 115KV CKT 1 - Rebuild	CLEARWATER-GILL ENERGY CENTER WEST 138KV CKT 1 - Rebuild	EL RENO- EL RENO SW 69KV CKT 1 - Upgrade	LONGVIEW- WESTERN ELECTRIC 161KV CKT 1 - Replace Wavetraps									
AEPW	2015	2015	2016											
EMDE		1.6%		The same contracts to be an open to an about a same as an early sold before any any of the same a same as an observed	The second section of the section									
GRDA														
KCPL	 													
MIDW	46.7%	40.00												
MIPU	40.7 %	16.2%												
MKEC	19.4%	36.0%			100.0%									
OKGE	1.3%	5.3%												
SPRM		0.576		24.7%										
SUNC	9.9%	10.9%	 											
SWPS		4.4%												
WEFA				75.3%										
WRI	22.6%	22.1%	100.0%	13.3%										
NPPD		3.6%	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,											
OPPD														
LES	100.00													
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%									

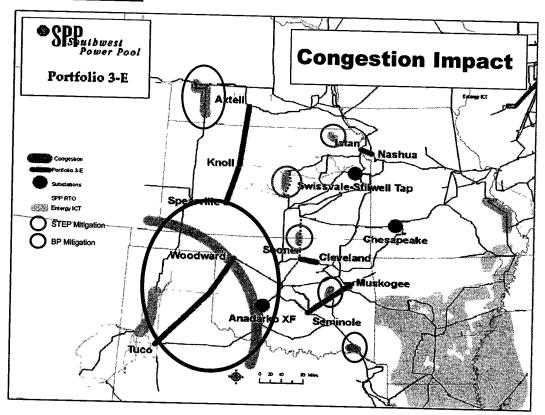
Reliability Results

The reliability results for the Portfolio 3E "Adjusted" are shown in the following table. The projects are broken into "deferred" and "mitigated" issues and "new" issues. Additionally, projects are shown for potential third party impacts. Note that a project highlighted in yellow (e.g. EARLSBORO – FIXICO) indicates that the project is merely advanced in time and not an entirely new issue.

Issue Type	Project Name CLEARWATER - GILL ENERGY CENTER	Area	STEP Date	Deferred costs to TO: STEP projects solved by BP	
Overload	WEST 138KV CKT 1 - Rebuild	WERE	16SP	\$3,324,375	
Overload	EL RENO - EL RENO SW 69KV CKT 1 - Upgrade	WFEC	17SP	\$1,950,000	
Overload	HUNTSVILLE - HEC 115KV CKT 1 - Rebuild	WERE	15SP		
Overload	HUNTSVILLE - ST_JOHN 115KV CKT 1 - Rebuild	MIDW	15SP	\$12,487,500	
Overload	LONGVIEW - WESTERN ELECTRIC 161KV CKT 1 - Replace Wavetraps	MIPU	18SP	\$7,965,000	
Voltages	None	WIII O	185P	\$50,000	
of material water et	am day Maria tarantaria	_	Totals	\$25,776,875	
Description	on for New issues due to implementation of po Project Name			SPP New Issues,	
	Project Name EARLSBORO - FIXICO 69KV CKT 1 - Increase limits (trap, CT ratio)	Area	Date of Needed Mitigation	SPP New Issues, Cost	Third Part Issues: Co
Description	Project Name EARLSBORO - FIXICO 69KV CKT 1 - Increase limits (trap, CT ratio) MED LODGE-PRATT, ST.JOHN-GREATBENDTAP 115 KV LINE REBUILD	Area OKGE	Date of Needed Mitigation	SPP New Issues, Cost \$150,000	
Description Overloads-SPP Overloads-SPP verloads-Third Party	Project Name EARLSBORO - FIXICO 69KV CKT 1 - Increase limits (trap, CT ratio) MED LODGE-PRATT, ST.JOHN- GREATBENDTAP 115 KV LINE REBUILD PLATTE CITY 161/69KV TRANSFORMER CKT 1 - Replace AECI XFMR	Area OKGE MKEC	Date of Needed Mitigation 13SP / 18SP	SPP New Issues, Cost	Issues: Co
Description Overloads-SPP Overloads-SPP	Project Name EARLSBORO - FIXICO 69KV CKT 1 - Increase limits (trap, CT ratio) MED LODGE-PRATT, ST.JOHN-GREATBENDTAP 115 KV LINE REBUILD	Area OKGE	Date of Needed Mitigation	SPP New Issues, Cost \$150,000	
Description Overloads-SPP Overloads-SPP verloads-Third Party	Project Name EARLSBORO - FIXICO 69KV CKT 1 - Increase limits (trap, CT ratio) MED LODGE-PRATT, ST.JOHN- GREATBENDTAP 115 KV LINE REBUILD PLATTE CITY 161/69KV TRANSFORMER CKT 1 - Replace AECI XFMR	Area OKGE MKEC	Date of Needed Mitigation 13SP / 18SP	SPP New Issues, Cost \$150,000	Issues: Co

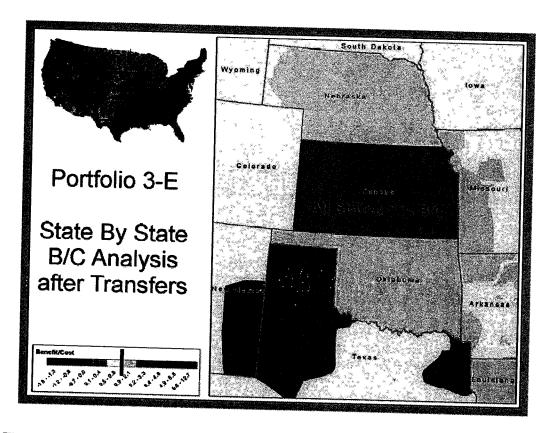
It should be noted that the third party impact of Platte City 161/69 kV transformer was coordinated with Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc. (AECI) staff. AECI staff did not see the same issue in their analysis.

Congestion Impact



The graphic shown above represents the top flowgates in the SPP EIS Market as they exist today. Congestion here is shown as an orange highlight. Portfolio projects, shown on the map as bold red highlight lines, relieve or mitigate much of the congestion that exists today. The congestion relief provided by the portfolio is shown as a green circle. Projects in the 10-year STEP plan that provide additional congestion relief are shown in light blue.

B/C by State



The diagram above demonstrates the B/C ratio of the Balanced Portfolio divided by state boundaries. While it should be noted that the portfolio of projects provides broad, regional benefits to all SPP members, this diagram is a good representation of the balance aspect of the portfolio broken into the respective state boundaries. This picture represents the balance of the portfolio after transfers have taken place in order to balance all zones. As can be seen from the diagram, all states have a B/C ratio greater than 1

	Thought .	\$8,000,000	\$666,666	2	707 47	%L'CL	750 000	130 KV IIIG										345/138 kV			included in sub cost															
dia distribution distribution di secondo	9000	\$2,00,000			45 40/	0.1.01	2 Conductor Bundle 795									2 to 3 Deadends			2 breakers, breaker	Signature of the state of the s							No ROW acquisition	Delinho								
To see the second	(14)20)	\$165,180,000	170	\$16,800,000	12.0%		1590 ACSR	Single Circuit	3 000 c	Sylvo angs	H-frame	Steel	Direct embed			60 @ \$50,000 each	345/230kV	200 MVA	Ring-bus		\$220,000	\$14		C, e	888	150ft	rural, agri, pasture,		Included	0% for 2 water	\$13,770,000	824	20% of line and substation work, \$26.7 million		\$4.56 mil addition	contingency added
Terail Actail		\$1446,667		\$6,827,000	13.5%	2 Conductor	477 T2 Hawk	Single Circuit	2,324 amps per		Single Pole	Steel	Poured concrete	Heavy, 1.5 inch	20 @ \$140,000	eacn	ON	None	Ring-bus	£158 000	000,001	¥		247		ZOOU	rural farmland	NE Power Review Board	NPSC, RR, Airport, etc	3% ner vear	\$8,798,000	\$18	Included in total cost	Environmentally sensitive areas, possible	for 10	miles
Regist (X.	\$1,214,800	Ц	\$18,000,000	15.1%	2 Conductor Bundle	Grackle TW	Single Circuit	4.100A		H-frame	Steel	Direct Embed	Heav	16 @ \$50,000	No	QN.	600 MVA	Ring-bus	\$400,000	200,000	\$18		\$7	180#		50% Urban 50% Rural		Yes	2,5% per vear	\$349,000	\$26	\$123,000	Large portion	developed	urban areas
anage garang		\$688,750	178	\$26,130,000	12.1%	2 Conductor	795 ACSR	Single Circuit	2468 Amps Normal	Fiber-optic Shield	H-frame	Steel	Direct buried with aggregate or natural backfill	Heavy	Unknown @	N	345/230kV 560	MVA	345kV Ring	\$1,000.000		\$26		\$18	150#		Farmland and Pasture	Texas CCN, Highway, storm	water, RR, County roads		Included	\$15	Included in total cost	Included in substation cost is	Point reactor	station
DROPE WITH		\$900,000	72	\$15,000,000	15.1%	2 Conductor Bundle	795 ACSR	Single Circuit	2578 Amps 1540 MVA at 345kV	Fiber-optic Shield wire	H-frame	Steel	Direct buried w/ aggregate backfill	Heavy	Unknown	2	345/138kV 50 MVAR	I GOLD DOLLA	Ring-bus	included in sub cost	+1- 50 MVAR	\$15	1/3 of line construction	\$27	150ft @ \$5,500 an acre		nral, pasture		RR and Highway	2.5% per year		cost included	Included in total cost			
OKejen Stoffolk Objekts		\$1,250	100	\$4,000,000	15.1%	2 Conductor Bundle	1590 ACSR	Single Circuit	3000 Amps 1800 MVA at 345kV	Fiber-optic Shield wire	Single Pole	Steel	Steel base plate reinforced concrete	Heavy	Unknown	No	Two 345/138kV	Rino-bus, replace 2	2,000 A breakers	included in sub cost		1/2 of line	5	\$52	200ft @\$5,500 an acre	rural, pasture, hill,	high tree clearing cost		RR and Highway	2.5% per year		cost included	Included in total cost	\$25,000/ mile cost	Included for tree	
100 (S)	\$33,530,000	\$900,000	\$4 130 000	00,001,19	15.1%	2 Conductor Bundle	Shale Chart	2578 Amos	1540 MVA at 345kV	Fiber-optic Shield wire	H-frame	Sieel	Direct buried w/ aggregate backfill	Heavy	Unknown	No	Breakers and Relavs		Ring-bus included in sub	cost		1/3 of line	construction	\$14	150π @\$5,500 an acre		rural, pasture		RR and Highway	2.5% per year	The state of the state of	Dost included	cost			
Canada de Cara de Cara Cara de Cara de	Total Cost	Cost Per Mile	Substation Cost	10 7 7 10	rixed charge Kates	10	Design		Electrical Capacity	Other	Type		Base	NESC Assumption	Dead Ends	Under build	Transformers		Breaker Scheme	Protection Scheme	Voltage Control	COST (HIMMORE)	Amount	Cost (millions)	ROW		ROW Condition		Permitting/Certifications	Escalation Rate	Total Cost (millions)	Common Section 1997	Type 1			
			1800				-	Conductor					Structure						Substations				Construction	Capo			Eng Design, Project	Management, Permitting	<u>i</u> .		<u>. I</u>	Loadings and	Overheads	Other Cost	Factors and Notes	

Study Assumptions

Fuel Price Assumptions - Fuel price assumptions are taken from EIA forecasts and updated according to member specific data for particular plants. For the purpose of this study, the average gas price is \$6.50/MMBtu starting in 2012. The price is then escalated for inflation for the years 2017 and 2022 at the rate of 1.81%.

Environmental Costs - Carbon sensitivities have been conducted, but were not included in the portfolio selection process. A price of \$15 and \$40 per metric ton was used in these sensitivities. No sensitivity analysis was conducted for higher SO₂ or NO_X prices. SO₂ and NO_X were priced at \$466.50 and \$1742.16 per ton respectively.

Plant Outages - Stakeholders provided outage and maintenance rates to SPP staff through the EMMTF data collection effort. Forced outages were taken as a single draw and locked for the change and the base case. Similarly, maintenance outages were also locked down from a single scheduled pattern. These outage rages were plant specific and provided by each member.

Load Forecast - Load forecasts for the region were provided by each stakeholder in early 2009 for the projected years of 2012, 2017 and 2022 through the EMMTF update effort. These non coincident peak loads for the region were, in aggregate, as follows: 2012 - 43,068MW, 2017 - 47,109 MW, 2022 - 51,530 MW. The zonal shares of the 2012 load submittals were used to allocate the costs on a load ratio share basis.

Resource Forecast - The CAWG and EMMTF determined the criteria for inclusion of new resources into the Balanced Portfolio analysis. It was determined that only plants with firm transmission service and signed agreements or plants that were currently under construction would be included in the analysis. The following units are those which were included as a future resource.

- Turk (618 MW)
- Whelan Energy Center 2 (220 MW)
- latan 2 (900 MW)
- Central Plains (99 MW)
- Cloud County (201 MW)
- Flat Ridge (100 MW)
- Red Hills (120 MW)
- Smoky Hills (359 MW)

Hurdle Rates - A dispatch hurdle rate of \$5/MW and a commit hurdle rate of \$8/MW was used to commit resources across regional boundaries.

<u>Demand Side Management</u> – Interruptible load was modeled as supplied by the LSE's.

Market Structure - The simulation was conducted considering a single balancing authority and a day-ahead market structure for the SPP region.

Flowgate Assumptions - The NERC Book of Flowgates was used as the source for flowgates used in the analysis.

<u>DC Tie Profiles</u> - Historical DC Tie profiles were used to simulate best known profiles for all DC Ties in the SPP region.

Wind Profiles – Historical wind profiles were used to simulate the wind output at each wind farm.

<u>Load Profiles</u> – Load profiles were simulated as supplied by each LSE through the EMMTF effort.

<u>RMR Requirements</u> – Each Balancing Authority submitted their respective Reliability Must Run (RMR) requirements to be simulated in the analysis.

<u>Operating Reserves</u> – SPP's current reserve sharing program (as of 2008) was used in the simulation for operating reserves.