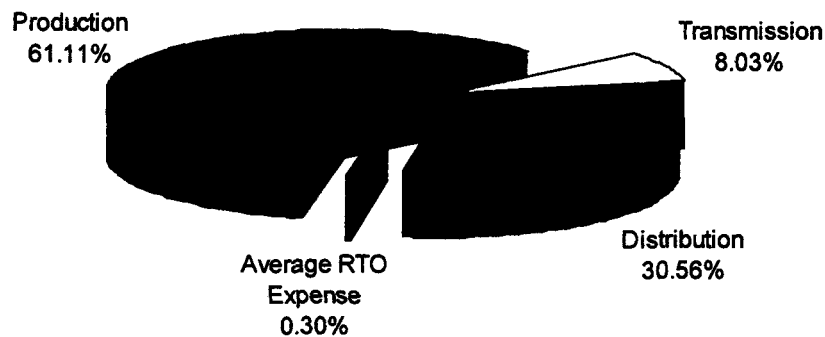
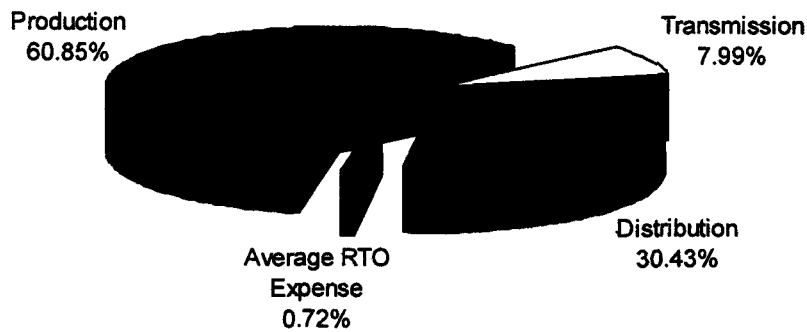


**Figure 5**  
**Average Retail Bill Impact: Nationwide**  
**(% of Total \$/kWh)**



A second example was calculated using a smaller footprint. Here Staff applied the same analysis of new charges for the Desert Southwest footprint and demonstrated that an RTO could operate for an added charge of 0.72 percent (or five one-hundredths of one cent, \$0.0005, per kWh) of a retail customer's bill (see Figure 6). The observation to be drawn from this analysis is that the size of the organization's footprint will matter; however, the impact to customers should be less than one percent.

**Figure 6**  
**Average Retail Bill Impact: Desert Southwest**  
**(% of Total \$/kWh)**



## Conclusion

In summary, there is significant investment required to develop an RTO. However, the actual revenue requirement of the organization necessary for it to recover its operating expenses, return of debt expense, depreciation and taxes (other than income) is far less significant and has a relatively small impact on retail customers. For this

relatively small incremental charge, customers gain all the benefits of independence and reliability associated with the new RTO.

## VI. Study Insights

In the course of developing the Study, Staff interviewed several industry consultants and members of current RTO management. In these interviews, respondents shared their lessons learned and insights on RTO formation. Despite the variety of circumstances under which the current RTOs and ISOs developed, many had common experiences.

While each existing transmission organization had similar operational requirements, costs differed in key areas, namely computer hardware and software expenditures, management of the transmission organization, outside consulting fees and operations center/building. Many respondents noted that there were lessons to be learned from their own start-up experience and that a new entity should have a smoother, less expensive development stage. Respondents indicated several factors are important to a smoother roll-out: (1) have a clear business plan prior to hiring a software contractor; (2) attempt to utilize existing modular software; and (3) add functions gradually, rather than beginning with full-scale Day Two operations.

Primarily, respondents noted that delay is expensive. Cost overruns, particularly in software design, result from changing plans mid-course. Prolonged delay also increases the amount of interest paid on debt before operations commence and the RTO has a revenue stream. Conversely, full Day Two operations implementation at the organization's inception on an aggressive timeline is costly both in the amount spent hiring outside consultants and in the number of software re-works required after operations commence. The entities that developed in stages, moving from Day One to Day Two while adding functionality to meet their members' needs, reported less cost overrun and fewer required reconfigurations. Staff finds that, if developing RTOs apply the lessons learned by existing RTOs, their formation costs can remain on the low end of the cost ranges while moving to a Day Two RTO with only incremental cost additions.<sup>45</sup> Similarly, RTOs that grew out of tight power pools with long-established working relationships among members were able to grow from a Day One to a Day Two RTO incrementally with greater cost efficiency. Those entities without existing relationships spent more on the front end to make their IT and communications systems compatible.

Additionally, a gradual approach from Day One operations to a full Day Two

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<sup>45</sup> This can be seen in Figure 2, where the higher end of the investment cost range reflects some entities that undertook an immediate full Day Two effort to commence operations.

market may be less expensive due to the advent of modular computer systems. These systems can overlay additional functions as required for locational marginal pricing (LMP) and market operations on top of the Day One system. This software is becoming increasingly standardized and available off-the-shelf. However, it should be recognized that software expenditures will continue to be one of the largest portions of an RTO's budget. A consultant to the Commission, Dave Turner of Gestalt LLC cautioned that, while commercially available software exists, it is not one-stop shopping. He noted that such products will almost always require some customization, perhaps significant. This invariably means costs will be higher than the retail price tag, but typically lower than entirely customized software. Mr. Turner warned that costs can grow exponentially when requirements shift or design changes are introduced in the build, test or deploy stages. Similarly, respondents indicated several factors that can lead to cost increases for IT systems: (1) lack of clear business plan and project management; (2) over-customization of software; (3) incomplete system design; (4) excessive changes during development, and (5) implementation delays.

Staff believes an organization beginning today and taking a lessons learned approach from previously formed organizations will experience costs at the lower end of the investment cost range, similar to SPP's recent experience, and likely incur costs in the range of approximately \$50 to \$70 million in investment and operating costs of \$50 to \$70 million.

This Study also highlights the need for RTO and ISO data to be presented in a common format. Much of the imprecision in the results stems from the data submitted by the participating organizations, and Staff's assumptions and allocations of costs. With more consistent and precise data, a clearer picture of the up-front investment and ongoing expenditures required would emerge. The Uniform System of Accounts, designed for the traditional vertically-integrated utility, is not always aligned with the functions of an ISO or RTO. Staff recommends review of the reporting requirements and possible standardization to facilitate cost oversight by the public and the Commission.

# Exhibit 1

**Summary Findings from Benefit Studies for RTOs and Competition**

<b>Study (Author)</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Benefit Type</b>	<b>Savings</b>	<b>Comment</b>
DOE's National Transmission Grid Study (DOE)	5/2002	Consumer benefit of competition already attained	\$13 bn/year	Relieving transmission constraints would significantly add to customer benefits
SEARUC study of SMD in Southeast (Charles River Associates)	11/2002	improved power dispatch and increased reserve sharing	\$1.1 bn in net benefits in Southeast. \$1.8 bn in Eastern Interconnect	Net benefits assume that SMD includes participant funding for new transmission facilities. Finding of net benefits differs by sub-region
RTO West (Tabors Caramanis and Associates)	3/2002	Elimination of pancaked rates and loss charges, Better dispatch across a wider region and Better reserve sharing	Net benefits in RTO West \$305 mm/year Net benefits for whole Western Interconnect \$410 mm	Benefits to electricity buyers about \$1.3 bn/year Lower net revenues to generators of about \$900 mm
Center for the Advancement of Energy Markets Competition in PJM (Ron Sutherland)	9/2003	PJM customer savings in end-use prices paid in 2002 and projects future savings	\$3.3 bn in 2002 \$28.5 bn present value of future	Wholesale market benefits primarily from centralized economic dispatch, with some reduced forced outage rates & higher availability
MISO, PJM and SPP on Single RTO Market (Energy Security Analysis, Inc.)	7/2002	Elimination of pancaked transmission rates and loss charges. Better dispatch across a wider region. Better reserve sharing	\$7 bn over ten years	

Study (Author)	Date	Benefit Type	Savings	Comment
PJM Study of single Northeastern RTO (PJM)	1/2002		\$299 mm/year	Net generators costs of \$37 mm
NYISO and ISO-NE combination and single Northeastern RTO (NYISO and ISO-NE)	5/2002		Single Northeastern RTO more than \$200 mm/year NY and NE about \$120/year	
FERC Environmental Impact Statement for 888	1996	Open transmission access and competition through 2010	\$3.76 - \$5.37 bn/ year (1995 dollars)	
FERC Economic Assessment of RTO Policy (ICF)	2002	3 Scenarios: A) Transmission Only - reduced transmission barriers and better sharing of reserves across regions B) RTO Policy Case, with generation efficiencies; and C) Demand Response	In 2010 (in 2000 \$s) A) \$0.8 bn/year (0.7%) B) \$5.2 bn/year (4.8%) C) \$7.5 billion/year (6.9%)	Present Value 2002-2020 from \$6.2 bn (0.6%) to \$60 bn (5.6%) for three scenarios
Center for Study of Competitive Markets Operating Efficiencies Study (Markiewicz, Rose and Wolfram)	7/2004	Measured historical improvements in operating efficiency of utility owned plants operating in competitive markets as compared with owned plants in regulated markets and with Muni- owned plants	Restructured IOUs 10% more efficient in non-fuel expenses & 5% in employment, vs. unrestructured IOUs 13% in non-fuel expenses & 10% in employment vs. Munis.	Based on historical experience of utilities under restructuring using annual operating data on generation plants for the period 1981 through 1999

**Quotes Regarding the Benefits of Competition from Order 888**

<b>Table of Order 888 Discussion of Benefits and Costs of Markets</b>	
<b>Quantifiable Benefits</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$3.8 to \$5.4 Billion</li> </ul>
<b>Qualitative Benefits</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Better use of existing assets and institutions</li> <li>• New Market Mechanisms</li> <li>• Technical Innovation</li> <li>• Less Rate Distortion</li> </ul>

**Quantified Benefits of \$3.8 to \$5.4 Billion** (from Page 3)

The Commission estimates the potential quantitative benefits from the Final Rule will be approximately \$3.8 to \$5.4 billion per year of cost savings, in addition to the non-quantifiable benefits that include better use of existing assets and institutions, new market mechanisms, technical innovation, and less rate distortion.

**Types of Benefits of Competition** (from Section 5.2.6.1. *Economic Benefits*)

[O]ther industries that have undergone large shifts in regulation (natural gas, telecommunications, railroads, airlines, and trucking) . . . have gained efficiency in four general ways:

- **Better use of existing assets and institutions.** Market forces remove rigidities that are associated with highly regulated industries, allowing better allocation of resources and fuller use of the transmission network. Competitive pressure encourages companies to make better use of their assets.
- **New market mechanisms.** As markets take hold, they allow people to trade not only the goods and services that were traditionally regulated, but also a wide range of other goods and services. For instance, spot markets allow shorter term trading; futures and derivative markets allow more sophisticated approaches to managing risk. . .
- **Technical innovation.** Companies develop new methods of providing goods and services. In some cases, this means developing industry-specific technologies. It also can mean adapting existing technologies from other industries. . . Regulated industries often have a pent-up potential for technical innovation that arises because no one has tried to adapt existing technologies from other industries. . .
- **Less rate distortion.** As the basic commodities or services sold in an industry become more competitive, it becomes ever harder to maintain rate structures that prevent efficient use of the transportation system. The proposed rule does not directly address transmission rates, but future competition arising from non-discriminatory open access is likely to increase pressure on inefficiencies in transmission rates.

These types of efficiency gain are not mutually exclusive. For instance, improved market structures are the mechanism through which resources are better allocated—though better markets also add value in ways that were unimagined at the beginning of market-oriented regulation.

<sup>1</sup> Promoting Wholesale Competition Through Open Access Non-discriminatory Transmission Services by Public Utilities and Recovery of Stranded Costs by Public Utilities and Transmitting Utilities, Order No. 888, 61 Fed. Reg. 21,540 (May 10, 1996), FERC Statutes & Regulations, Regulations Preambles January 1991-June 1996 ¶ 31,036 (1996), order on reh'g, Order No. 888-A, 62 Fed. Reg. 12,274 (March 14, 1997), FERC Statutes & Regulations, Regulations Preambles July 1996-December 2001 ¶ 31,048 (1997), order on reh'g, Order No. 888-B, 81 FERC ¶ 61,248 (1997), order on reh'g, Order No. 888-C, 82 FERC ¶ 61,046 (1998), aff'd in relevant part sub nom. Transmission Access Policy Study Group, et al. v. FERC, 225 F.3d 667 (D.C. Cir. 2002), aff'd sub nom. New York v. FERC, 535 U.S. 1 (2002).

**Quotes Regarding the Benefits of RTOs from Order 2000**

<b>Table of Order 888 Discussion of Benefits of Markets</b>	
<b>Impediments to Competition Benefits</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engineering and economic inefficiencies</li> <li>• Continuing opportunities for transmission owners to unduly discriminate on behalf of their affiliates</li> </ul>
<b>Qualitative Benefits</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Increased efficiency through elimination of regional transmission pricing and rate pancaking</li> <li>• Improved congestion management</li> <li>• More accurate estimates of ATC</li> <li>• Effective management of parallel path flows</li> <li>• Efficient planning for transmission and generation investments</li> <li>• Increased coordination among states</li> <li>• Reduced transaction costs</li> <li>• Facilitation of state deregulation</li> <li>• Development of environmentally preferred generation</li> <li>• Improved grid reliability</li> <li>• Less discrimination</li> </ul>
<b>Cost/Benefit Tradeoffs</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organizational flexibility to manage costs</li> </ul>

**Impediments to the Achievement of Competitive Benefits** (from Page 32)

[T]here remain important transmission-related impediments to a competitive wholesale electric market ... [in] two broad categories: (1) the engineering and economic inefficiencies inherent in the current operation and expansion of the transmission grid, and (2) continuing opportunities for transmission owners to unduly discriminate in the operation of their transmission systems so as to favor their own or their affiliates' power marketing activities.

**Types of Benefits of Competition** (from Pages 89-90)

We conclude that RTO's will provide the benefits ... includ[ing]: increased efficiency through regional transmission pricing and the elimination of rate pancaking; improved congestion management; more accurate estimates of ATC; more effective management of parallel path flows; more efficient planning for transmission and generation investments; increased coordination among state regulatory agencies; reduced transaction costs; facilitation of the success of state retail access programs; facilitation of the development of environmentally preferred generation in states with retail access programs; improved grid reliability; and fewer opportunities for discriminatory transmission practices.

**Cost/Benefit Tradeoffs** (from Page 96)

We also recognize that there are those who worry that the costs of establishing an RTO will outweigh the benefits. We believe this concern fails to account for the flexibility we have built into this rule. While many look at the high costs involved with respect to establishing some existing ISOs and PXs, this rule does not require an RTO to follow any specific approach ... allowing significant flexibility with respect to how and, in

<sup>2</sup> Regional Transmission Organizations, Order No. 2000, 65 Fed. Reg. 809 (Jan. 6, 2000), FERC Statutes & Regulations, Regulations Preambles July 1996-December 2000 ¶ 31,089 (1999), order on reh'g, Order No. 2000-A, 65 Fed. Reg. 12,088 (Mar. 8, 2000), FERC Statutes & Regulations, Regulations Preambles July 1996-December 2000 ¶ 31,092 (2000), aff'd sub nom. Public Utility District. No. 1 of Snohomish County, Washington v. FERC, 272 F.3d 607 (D.C. Cir. 2001).



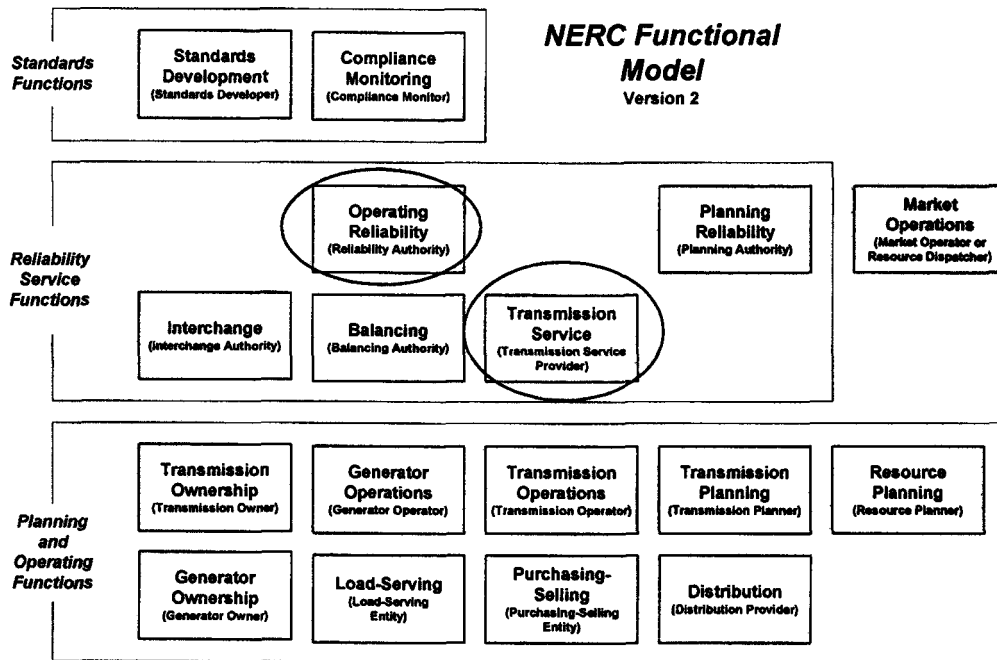
Exhibit 1 – Benefits Studies Table

some cases, when the minimum characteristics and functions are satisfied.... The flexibility built into the  
Final Rule will allow RTOs to create streamlined organizational structures that are not overly costly.

Exhibit VGC-6

2005 TTC Cost Case  
Page 38 of 124

# Exhibit 2

NERC Reliability Functional Model  
Functional Model Diagram (Approved 2/10/2004)

<b>Function Name</b>	<b>Responsible Entity</b>
Operating Reliability Function	Reliability Authority
Planning Reliability Function	Planning Authority
Balancing Function	Balancing Authority
Interchange Function	Interchange Authority
Transmission Service Function	Transmission Service Provider
Transmission Ownership Function	Transmission Owner
Transmission Operations Function	Transmission Operator
Transmission Planning Function	Transmission Planner
Resource Planning Function	Resource Planner
Distribution Function	Distribution Provider
Generator Ownership Function	Generator Owner
Generator Operations Function	Generator Operator
Load-serving Function	Load-serving Entity
Purchasing-Selling Function	Purchasing-Selling Entity
Market Operations Function	Market Operator (or Resource Dispatcher)
Standards Development Function	Standards Developer
Compliance Monitoring Function	Compliance Monitor

\* The circled authorities represent Staff's identification for Day One purposes.

# Exhibit 3

RTO Investment Cost		PJM		MISO		ERCOT		SPP		SPP (non-market)	
(1) Transmission Service Provider	\$ 35,198,875	\$ 55,385,085	\$ 59,740,106	\$ 22,307,139	\$ 1,466,682						
(2) Transmission Support	\$ 15,474,219	\$ 28,851,278	\$ 18,034,749	\$ 3,040,533	\$ 3,040,533						
(3) Reliability	\$ 1,269,955	\$ 10,142,315	\$ 4,508,687	\$ 5,670,751	\$ 5,670,751						
(4) Maintenance	\$ 1,046,712	\$ 7,029,744	\$ 1,011,331	\$ 2,258,707	\$ 2,258,707						
(5) Building	\$ 11,046,712	\$ 15,776,744	\$ 30,655,674	\$ 5,059,774	\$ 5,059,774						
(6) Total	\$ 69,674,160	\$ 117,185,169	\$ 113,950,547	\$ 38,334,905	\$ 17,494,447						

(7) Number of Employees 263 187 188 140 109

### Estimated Annual Operating Expense

(8) Est. Labor Cost(Avg. Ann. Sal.) <sup>1/</sup>	\$ 34,852,639	\$ 21,910,268	\$ 17,870,915	\$ 19,291,633	\$ 15,061,253
(9) Depreciation <sup>2/</sup>	\$ 12,722,689	\$ 15,461,463	\$ 18,671,120	\$ 6,992,344	\$ 2,824,253
(10) O&M <sup>3/</sup>	\$ 9,768,517	\$ 13,039,723	\$ 7,378,749	\$ 5,037,724	\$ 2,943,063
(11) Other Expenses <sup>4/</sup>	\$ 16,025,950	\$ 13,141,326	\$ 12,954,043	\$ 1,536,570	\$ 1,199,492
(12) Interest Expense <sup>5/</sup>	\$ 4,431,897	\$ 9,303,627	\$ 7,323,049	\$ 2,438,711	\$ 1,125,762
(13) Total (Sum (1) through (5))	\$ 77,801,693	\$ 72,856,407	\$ 64,197,876	\$ 35,296,983	\$ 23,153,824

- <sup>1/</sup> Salaries, associated benefits and labor related taxes. MISO salaries exclude MAPPCOR Contract Expense.
- <sup>2/</sup> Non-EMS software (3 yrs), Non-EMS Hardware (5 yrs), EMS (7 yrs), Building (15 yrs).
- <sup>3/</sup> PJM is Materials and Supplies and Hardware Lease Expense per FTE. MISO O&M consists of Departmental Occupancy and Supplies Expenses only (2002) ERCOT O&M includes EOY 2002 Admin costs/FTE plus all Software License Expense. SPP is directly identified Admin and L&M Costs.
- <sup>4/</sup> Includes Labor related expenses (meals, lodging, travel, training, etc.) and Non-Labor related (e.g., insurance expenses, property tax, bank fees, and SAS 70 II audits). MISO expense excludes amortized component of deferred start-up cost (over 7 years). ERCOT includes Facility and Equipment expenses, and Consulting and Legal services.
- <sup>5/</sup> Interest Expense Only (PJM/ERCOT/SPP - 7%, MISO - 8.5% of Investment). RTOs use Depreciation to cover principal retirement. Reflects interest calculated taking into account first year Day One investment paid.

## PJM Summary

### RTO Investment Cost

(1) Transmission Service Provider	\$ 35,198,875
(2) Transmission Support	\$ 15,474,219
(3) Reliability	\$ 1,269,955
(4) Management	\$ 6,384,399
(5) Building	\$ 11,046,712
(6) Total	\$ 69,674,160

### References

Page 3 - PJM Day One Capital: Total Column (A)  
 Page 3 - PJM Day One Capital: Total Column (B)  
 Page 3 - PJM Day One Capital: Total Column (C)  
 Page 3 - PJM Day One Capital: Total Column (D)  
 Page 3 - PJM Day One Capital: Total Column (E)  
 Sum (1) through (5)

(7) Number of Employees

263 Page 4 - PJM Day 1 FTEs: Column (B) Total

### Estimated Annual Operating Expense

(8) Est. Labor Cost(Avg. Ann. Sal.) <u>1/</u>	\$ 34,852,639
(9) Depreciation <u>2/</u>	\$ 12,722,689
(10) O&M <u>3/</u>	\$ 9,768,517
(11) Other Expenses <u>4/</u>	\$ 16,025,950
(12) Interest Expense <u>5/</u>	\$ 4,431,897
(13) Total	\$ 77,801,693

Page 5 - PJM Day One OpEx: Column (B), Line (3)  
 Page 5 - PJM Day One OpEx: Column (B), Line (1)  
 Page 5 - PJM Day One OpEx: Column (B), Sum Lines (4) and (5)  
 Page 5 - PJM Day One OpEx: Column (B), Sum Lines (6) and (7)  
 Page 5 - PJM Day One OpEx: Column (B), Line (2)  
 Sum (8) through (12)

Estimated PJM Day 1 Capital Investment						
Portion of System Investment Attributable to Each RTO Day 1 Function	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	Sum (A)-(E)
	Transmission Service Provider	Transmission Support	Reliability	Management	Building	Total
ACES / TMS			106,417			106,417
Buildings					10,600,000	10,600,000
Business Continuity	5,772,673					5,772,673
Combined OASIS / EES Interface	672,678					672,678
Control Center Infrastructure					446,712	446,712
Data Publication Extension		272,509				272,509
Energy Management System	25,994,325	11,451,914				37,446,239
Enterprise Security				3,837,498		3,837,498
Grid Accounting		34,551				34,551
Independent Generator Communications			1,163,538			1,163,538
Internet Network Architecture				377,152		377,152
Network Infrastructure Upgrade				1,155,092		1,155,092
OASIS	748,027	1,496,050				2,244,077
Operator Training Simulator	128,219					128,219
PJM Information Warehouse	1,882,953	2,219,195		941,477		5,043,625
PJM Manuals				141,144		141,144
PJM Manuals Enhancements				232,037		232,037
Totals	35,198,875	15,474,219	1,269,955	5,384,399	11,046,712	69,674,160

Estimated PJM Day 1 Staff

(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
	Based on 2004 Annual Budget			
	Directly Attributable to Day 1 Functions	Not Attributable to Day 1 Functions	Management / Support Functions	Total
System Operations	114			114
Transmission Planning		38		38
Market Services		52		52
Information Technology			129	129
Corporate Services			39	39
Finance			87	87
Market Monitoring		10		10
Office of the President			24	24
Subtotal	114	100	279	493
Management Allocation	149	130	(279)	0
Totals	263	230	0	493



Estimated PJM Annual Day 1 Revenue Requirement			
(A)		(B)	(C)
Expense Type	Footnote	2004 Estimate	2005 Estimate
(1) Depreciation	1	12,722,689	15,400,709
(2) Interest	2	4,431,897	4,936,447
(3) Compensation	3	34,852,639	49,997,229
(4) Hardware Lease Expense	4	3,149,064	4,844,601
(5) Materials & Supplies	4	6,619,453	10,994,935
(6) Other or Outside Services Correlated with Staff Levels	5	8,614,841	12,054,417
(7) Other or Outside Services NOT Correlated with Staff Levels	6	7,411,109	9,060,998
(8) Total		<u>77,801,693</u>	<u>107,289,336</u>
(9) Net Energy for Load Forecast	7	349,000,000	700,000,000
(10) Day 1 OpEx Rate Per Megawatt Hour		<u>\$ 0.2229</u>	<u>\$ 0.1533</u>

Footnotes

- 1 Calculated as 85% of Day 1 non-building, non-EMS investment depreciated over three-year software useful life plus 15% of Day 1 non-building, non-EMS investment depreciated over five-year hardware useful life plus Day 1 building investment depreciated over
- 2 Calculated as average unpaid Day 1 Capital Investment times estimated 7.00% interest rate.
- 3 Based on pro ration of PJM's total budgeted 2004 Compensation for PJM's System Operations staff plus pro rated management staff totaling 263 in 2004 and 328 in 2005.
- 4 Calculated as pro rated portion of 2004 budgeted expense associated with staff allocated to Day 1 Operations.
- 5 Calculated as pro rated portion of annual budgeted expenses for lodging, travel, meetings, meals, training, telecommunications, buildings maintenance and utilities associated with staff allocated to Day 1 Operations.
- 6 Represents annual budget for insurance, board expenses, annual member meeting, audit fees, property and school taxes, and bank fees that do not vary by staff number or customer transaction volumes.
- 7 Based on PJM's annual budget assumptions and volume forecasts on PJM Finance Committee page of web site.

# Midwest ISO Summary

## RTO Investment Cost

(1) Transmission Service Provider	\$ 55,385,085
(2) Transmission Support	\$ 28,851,278
(3) Reliability	\$ 10,142,315
(4) Maintenance	\$ 7,028,747
(5) Building	\$ 15,776,744
(6) Total	\$ 117,185,169

## References

Page 7 - MISO Capital Assets: Total Column (D)  
Page 7 - MISO Capital Assets: Total Column (E)  
Page 7 - MISO Capital Assets: Total Column (F)  
Page 7 - MISO Capital Assets: Total Column (G)  
Page 7 - MISO Capital Assets: Total Column (C), Line (8)  
Sum Lines (1) through (5)

(7) Number of Employees

187 Page 8 - MISO Headcount: Line (11)

## Estimated Annual Operating Expense

(8) Est. Labor Cost(Avg. Ann. Sal.) <sup>1/</sup>	\$ 21,910,268
(9) Depreciation <sup>2/</sup>	\$ 15,461,463
(10) O&M <sup>3/</sup>	\$ 13,039,723
(11) Other Expenses <sup>4/</sup>	\$ 13,141,326
(12) Interest Expense <sup>5/</sup>	\$ 9,303,627
(13) Total	\$ 72,856,407

Page 9 - MISO Op Expense, Line (1) divided by 227 times Line (7), above  
Page 7 - MISO Capital Assets: Column (C), Line (32)  
Page 9 - MISO Op Expense: Column (D), Sum Line (3) and Line (5)  
Page 9 - MISO Op Expense: Column (D), Sum Line (2), Line (4), and Line (6)  
Line (6) multiplied by 2 less Line (9), divided by 2, multiplied by 8.5%.  
Sum Lines (8) through (12)

Midwest ISO Assets - 2002 Data  
(A)

Account	Description	(B) Ending Balance (through Q3 2003)	(C) Allocated to Day 1	(D) TSP	(E) TSP Support	(F) Reliability	(G) Maintenance
(1) 35203	Leasehold Improvements - Transmission	\$ 523,325.32	\$ 523,325	\$ 239,106	\$ 126,320	\$ 157,900	\$ 1,743,937
(2) 35301	Computer Hardware - Transmission	\$ 13,012,919.71	\$ 13,012,920	\$ 5,945,558	\$ 3,741,050	\$ 3,926,312	\$ 1,743,937
(3) 35303	Computer Software - Transmission	\$ 61,172,915.29	\$ 61,172,915	\$ 40,026,722	\$ 21,446,193	\$ 1,937,865	\$ 1,743,937
(4) 35307	Telecommunications Equipment	\$ 8,165,925.41	\$ 8,165,925	\$ 2,934,481	\$ 1,550,292	\$ 1,589,650	\$ 1,743,937
(5) 35311	Computer Hardware - Transmission	\$ 4,859,786.79	\$ 4,859,787	\$ 2,407,184	\$ 862,933	\$ 427,160	\$ 1,743,937
(6) 38900	Land and Land Rights - General	\$ 1,800,000.00	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 646,842	\$ 341,728	\$ 1,474,734	\$ 1,743,937
(7) 39003	Leasehold Improvements - General	\$ 6,214,349.05	\$ 6,214,349	\$ 2,233,169	\$ 1,179,767	\$ 1,474,734	\$ 1,743,937
(8) 39011	Buildings - General Leased	\$ 15,776,743.50	\$ 15,776,744	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,743,937
(9) 39013	Leasehold Improvements - General	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,743,937
(10) 39100	Office Furniture and Fixtures	\$ 2,628,986.20	\$ 2,628,986	\$ 944,744	\$ 498,110	\$ 623,888	\$ 1,743,937
(11) 39110	Office Furniture and Fixtures	\$ 20,255.00	\$ 20,255	\$ 7,279	\$ 3,645	\$ 4,807	\$ 1,743,937
(12) 39700	Communication Equipment - General	\$ 559,367.57	\$ 559,368	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,743,937
(13) 39710	Communication Equipment - General	\$ 520,715.55	\$ 520,716	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,743,937
(14) 39801	Computer Hardware - General	\$ 1,504,847.60	\$ 1,504,848	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,743,937
(15) 39803	Computer Software - General	\$ 425,031.75	\$ 425,032	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,743,937
(16)	<b>Total</b>	\$ 117,185,168.74	\$ 117,185,169	\$ 55,385,085	\$ 28,851,278	\$ 10,142,315	\$ 1,743,937
			100.00%				

Depreciation Calculation

Rate (yrs)	Allocated Dollars	Ann. Depreciation
(17) 5	\$ 523,325.32	\$ 104,665
(18) 7	\$ 13,012,919.71	\$ 1,858,989
(19) 7	\$ 61,172,915.29	\$ 8,738,988
(20) 5	\$ 8,165,925.41	\$ 1,633,185
(21) 7	\$ 4,859,786.79	\$ 694,255
(22) 0	\$ 1,800,000.00	\$ -
(23) 5	\$ 6,214,349.05	\$ 1,242,870
(24) 15	\$ 15,776,743.50	\$ -
(25) 5	\$ -	\$ -
(26) 5	\$ 2,628,986.20	\$ 525,797
(27) 5	\$ 20,255.00	\$ 4,051
(28) 5	\$ 559,367.57	\$ 111,874
(29) 5	\$ 520,715.55	\$ 104,143
(30) 5	\$ 1,504,847.60	\$ 300,970
(31) 3	\$ 425,031.75	\$ 141,677
(32)	\$ 117,185,169	\$ 15,461,463

MISO Headcount  
December 31, 2002

(1) Admin/Exec	2
(2) Finance/Shared Services	27
(3) Operations	108
(4) Planning	20
(5) IT	54
(6) Legal/Reg	13
(7) Market Ops	3
	<u>227</u>

Less:

(8) Market Ops	3
(9) Transmission Planning	
(10) MAPP FTE's	<u>37</u>
(11) Day 1 Headcount	<u><u>187</u></u>

Midwest ISO Headcount

Exhibit 3

**MISO Annual Operating Expense**

	(A) <u>Dec-02</u>	(B) <u>Annualized</u>	(C) <u>2002 Form 1</u>	(D) <u>"Day 1"</u> (Basis)
(1) Salaries/benefits	\$ 2,216,413	\$ 26,596,956	\$ 24,530,838	\$ 26,596,956 Annualized
(2) Outside services	\$ 977,323	\$ 11,727,876	\$ 8,910,654	\$ 8,910,654 Actual
(3) Occupancy	\$ 296,001	\$ 3,552,012	\$ 3,214,346	\$ 3,552,012 Annualized
(4) Insurance	\$ 276,336	\$ 3,316,032	\$ 2,982,254	\$ 2,982,254 Actual
(5) Supplies/other	\$ 1,054,251	\$ 12,651,012	\$ 9,487,711	\$ 9,487,711 Actual
(6) <u>Taxes</u>	\$ 64,586	\$ 775,032	\$ 1,248,418	\$ 1,248,418 Actual
(7) Sub-total	\$ 4,884,910	\$ 58,618,920	\$ 50,374,221	\$ 52,778,005
(8) Depreciation	\$ 1,323,916	\$ 15,886,992	\$ 14,300,334	\$ 15,886,992 Annualized
(9) Amortization	\$ 818,252	\$ 9,819,024	\$ 9,819,026	\$ 9,819,026 Actual
(10) <u>Interest Expense</u>	\$ 592,389	\$ 7,108,668	\$ 9,399,340	\$ 9,399,340 Actual
(11) Sub-total	\$ 2,734,557	\$ 32,814,684	\$ 33,518,700	\$ 35,105,358
(12) TOTAL	\$ 7,619,467	\$ 91,433,604	\$ 83,892,921	\$ 87,883,363
Less:				
(13) Market Ops	\$ 79,777	\$ 945,582		\$ 945,582
(14) Transmission Planning	\$ 260,580	\$ 3,126,960		\$ 3,126,960
(15) MAPPCOR Contract Expense		\$ 6,054,995		\$ 6,054,995
(16) Total MISO Day 1 Expenses				\$ 77,755,826
(17) Load - MWh of peak demand				569,642,179
(18) Cost/MWh of peak demand				\$ 0.1365
(19) Load - MWh of energy				343,816,582
(20) Cost/MWh of energy				\$ 0.2262

## ERCOT Summary

### RTO Investment Cost

		References
(1) Transmission Service Provider	\$ 59,740,106	Page 11 - ERCOT Assets 2002: Column (C), Line (7)
(2) Transmission Support	\$ 18,034,749	Page 11 - ERCOT Assets 2002: Column (D), Line (7)
(3) Reliability	\$ 4,508,687	Page 11 - ERCOT Assets 2002: Column (E), Line (7)
(4) Management	\$ 1,011,331	Page 11 - ERCOT Assets 2002: Column (F), Line (7)
(5) Building	\$ 30,655,674	Page 11 - ERCOT Assets 2002: Column (G), Line (2)
(6) Total	\$ 113,950,547	Sum Lines (1) through (5)

(7) Number of Employees

188 Page 12 - ERCOT 2002 FTEs: Column (E), Line (30)

### Estimated Annual Operating Expense

(8) Est. Labor Cost(Avg. Ann. Sal.) <u>1/</u>	\$ 17,870,915	Page 13 - ERCOT Op Expense, Column (D), Line (6) divided by 296, times Line (7), above
(9) Depreciation <u>2/</u>	\$ 18,671,120	Page 11 - ERCOT Assets 2002: Column (H), Line (6)
(10) O&M <u>3/</u>	\$ 7,378,749	Page 13 - ERCOT Op Expense, Column (D), Line (10) divided by 296, times Line (7) above, plus ERCOT Op Expense, Column (D), Line (11)
(11) Other Expenses <u>4/</u>	\$ 12,954,043	Page 13 - ERCOT Op Expense, Column (D), sum of Line (8) and Line (9), times allocated labor ratio (188/296)
(12) Interest Expense <u>5/</u>	\$ 7,323,049	Line (6) multiplied by 2 less Line (9), divided by 2, multiplied by 7%.
(13) Total	\$ 64,197,876	Sum Lines (8) through (12)

## ERCOT Capital Assets by Function - 2002

(A) Asset	(B) EOY 2002	(C) TSP		(D) TSP Support		(E) Reliability	(F) Management	(G) Total (C) - (F)	Depr. Rate	(H) Depreciation
(1) Computer Equipment and software	\$ 124,576,000	\$ 57,560,110	\$ 17,376,637	\$ 4,344,159	\$ 410,000				5	\$ 15,938,181
(2) Buildings and leasehold	\$ 48,170,000	\$ 18,543,249	\$ 5,597,962	\$ 1,399,490	\$ 5,114,973				15	\$ 2,043,712
(3) Furniture and fixtures	\$ 5,286,000	\$ 2,034,868	\$ 614,300	\$ 153,575	\$ 561,298				5	\$ 672,808
(4) Land and improvements	\$ 248,000	\$ 95,469	\$ 28,821	\$ 7,205	\$ 26,334				0	
(5) Vehicles	\$ 129,000	\$ 49,659	\$ 14,991	\$ 3,748	\$ 13,698				5	\$ 16,419
(6) Total	\$ 178,409,000	\$ 78,283,355	\$ 23,632,711	\$ 5,908,178	\$ 6,126,303					\$ 18,671,120
(7)		\$ 59,740,106	\$ 18,034,749	\$ 4,508,687	\$ 1,011,331					
(8) Depreciation and amortization	\$ (43,207,000)									
(9)	\$ 135,202,000									
(10) CWIP	\$ 85,000									
(11) Systems under development	\$ 11,799,000									
	\$ 147,086,000									

**ERCOT Staffing Summary by Division and Department  
FY 2002**

Exhibit VGC-6  
2005 TTC Cost Case  
Page 53 of 124

	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)
Corporate Administration				System Operations		
(1)	101 Executive Administration	7		201 Chief Operating Officer Administration	0	
(2)	110 Finance	10		400 COO Administration	0	
(3)	120 General Counsel	4		401 Technical Operations Administration	1	
(4)	130 Human Resources	3		410 Chief Operating Officer		
(5)	140 NERC Compliance	4		420 Chief Operating Officer	59	
(6)	150 Stakeholder Services	3		425 System Operations	2	
(7)	160 Corporate Communications	2		430 System Planning	1	
(8)	170 Market Rules	2		440 Resource Planning	0	
(9)	TOTAL	35		TOTAL	83	
Information Technology				Market Operations		
(10)	300 CIO Administration	0		500 CMO Administration	0	0
(11)	301 Technology Services Administration	2		501 Settlements Administration	4	
(12)	310 System Engineering & Administration	43	15	505 Galvin PM	0	
(13)	320 EMS	11		510 Customer Solutions Support	4 *	
(14)	321 IT Operations	0		520 Registration	17	
(15)	325 Facilities	0		530 Settlement Metering	18	
(16)	330 Network	22	8	540 Load Profiling and Data Aggregation	6	
(17)	340 Commercial Applications	14		550 Settlements and Billing	14	
(18)	345 EMMS Development	0		560 Client Relations	17	
(19)	350 Project Management	2		570 REP/ESI-ID of Record	0	
(20)	353 Market Technology Service	0		580 Renewables and TCR	4	
(21)	354 Data Warehousing	0		605 Gruber PM	0	
(22)	355 Development & Architecture	0		630 Retail Documentation and Reporting	0 *	
(23)	356 Transaction Services	0		640 Retail Testing and Quality Control	0 *	
(24)	357 Corporate Applications	0		650 Retail Client Services	0 *	
(25)	358 Web and Data Services	0		660 Wholesale Client Services	0 *	
(26)	359 Settlement and Billing	0		TOTAL	84	
(27)	360 Data Management	0	0			
(28)	370 Cyber Security	0				
(29)	371 Physical Security	0				
(30)	385 IT Delivery	0				
(31)	390 IT Operations 2	0				
(32)	395 EMMS Production	0				
(33)	TOTAL	94				
				Avg. Ann. Sal.		
				ERCOT TOTAL	296	\$ 94,868
				ERCOT Day One	188	

0.64

Direct Day One Labor	101	34%	Allocated Day 1 Labor	188	64%	188
TSP	53	29%	6	54	=	114
TSP Support	16	9%	2	16	=	34
Reliability	4	2%	0	4	=	9
Management	28	15%	3		=	31
Allocated to ALL	22					
			75			



**Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.**  
**Statements of Activity**  
**(in 000's)**

(A)	(B) 12/31/2000 Actual	(C) 12/31/2001 Actual	(D) 12/31/2002 Actual	(E) 12/31/2003 Actual-Unaudited
(1) Operating Revenues:				
(2) Transaction Fees	\$ 42,167	\$ 59,958	\$ 61,456	\$ 93,991
(3) Membership Fees and other	\$ 1,681	\$ 5,507	\$ 3,630	\$ 3,252
(4) Total Operating Revenue	\$ 43,848	\$ 65,465	\$ 65,086	\$ 97,243
(5) Operating Expenses				
(6) Salaries and Related Benefits	\$ 7,702	\$ 21,382	\$ 28,081	\$ 35,920
(7) Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 289	\$ 11,242	\$ 31,480	\$ 38,091
(8) Facility and Equipment Costs	\$ 2,005	\$ 7,170	\$ 6,347	\$ 8,175
(9) Consulting and Legal Services	\$ 4,459	\$ 6,886	\$ 14,008	\$ 12,089
(10) Administrative and Other	\$ 2,944	\$ 7,056	\$ 4,811	\$ 5,392
(11) IT Maintenance and Licensing	\$ 1,042	\$ 428	\$ 4,317	\$ 5,383
(12) Total Operating Expenses	\$ 18,441	\$ 54,164	\$ 89,044	\$ 105,050
(13) Income From Operations	\$ 25,407	\$ 11,301	\$ (23,958)	\$ (7,807)
(14) Other Income				
(15) Interest Income	\$ 331	\$ 370	\$ 1,208	\$ 433
(16) Interest Expense	\$ -	\$ (1,471)	\$ (5,448)	\$ (8,533)
(17) Change in unrestricted net assets	\$ 25,738	\$ 10,200	\$ (28,198)	\$ (15,907)
(18) Full Time Employees	134	267	296	380

## SPP Summary

RTO Investment Cost		References
(1) Transmission Service Provider	\$ 22,307,139	Page 15 - SPP Fixed Assets: sum Col. (C) Line (16), Col. (C) Line (24) and Col. (F) Line (16)
(2) Transmission Support	\$ 3,040,833	Page 15 - SPP Fixed Assets: sum Col. (G) Line (16) and Col. (D) Line (24)
(3) Reliability	\$ 5,670,751	Page 15 - SPP Fixed Assets: sum Col. (D) Line (16), Col. (H) Line (16) and Col. (F) Line (24)
(4) Management	\$ 2,256,707	Page 15 - SPP Fixed Assets: sum Col. (B) Line (16) and Col. (E) Line (24)
(5) Building	\$ 5,059,774	Page 16 - SPP Building Costs: Column (E) Line (16)
(6) Total	\$ 38,334,905	Sum Lines (1) through (5)

(7) Number of Employees 140 Page 19 - SPP Op Budget: Column (H) Line (117)

### Estimated Annual Operating Expense

(8) Est. Labor Cost(Avg. Ann. Sal.) <sup>1/</sup>	\$ 19,291,633	Page 19 - SPP Op Budget: Column (H) Line (116)
(9) Depreciation <sup>2/</sup>	\$ 6,992,344	Sum Lines (1) through (4), divided by 5 years, plus Line (5) divided by 15 years
(10) O&M <sup>3/</sup>	\$ 5,037,724	Page 19 - SPP Op Budget: Sum Column (J) Line (116) and Column (K) Line (116)
(11) Other Expenses <sup>4/</sup>	\$ 1,536,570	Line (8) times 7.65%, plus Line (7) times \$7,000 times 6.2%
(12) Interest Expense <sup>5/</sup>	\$ 2,438,711	Line (6) multiplied by 2 less Line (9), divided by 2, multiplied by 7%.
(13) Total	\$ 35,296,983	Sum Lines (8) through (12)

## SPP (non-market) Summary

RTO Investment Cost		References
(14) Transmission Service Provider	\$ 1,466,682	Page 15 - SPP Fixed Assets: sum Col. (C) Line (24) and Col. (F) Line (16)
(15) Transmission Support	\$ 3,040,833	Page 15 - SPP Fixed Assets: sum Col. (G) Line (16) and Col. (D) Line (24)
(16) Reliability	\$ 5,670,751	Page 15 - SPP Fixed Assets: sum Col. (D) Line (16), Col. (H) Line (16) and Col. (F) Line (24)
(17) Management	\$ 2,256,707	Page 15 - SPP Fixed Assets: sum Col. (B) Line (16) and Col. (E) Line (24)
(18) Building	\$ 5,059,774	Page 16 - SPP Building Costs: Column (E) Line (16)
(19) Total	\$ 17,494,447	Sum Lines (1) through (5)

(20) Number of Employees 109 Page 19 - SPP Op Budget: Column (H) Line (118)

### Estimated Annual Operating Expense

(21) Est. Labor Cost(Avg. Ann. Sal.) <sup>1/</sup>	\$ 15,061,253	Page 19 - SPP Op Budget: Column (H) Line (122)
(22) Depreciation <sup>2/</sup>	\$ 2,824,253	Sum Lines (14) through (17), divided by 5 years, plus Line (18) divided by 15 years
(23) O&M <sup>3/</sup>	\$ 2,943,063	Page 19 - SPP Op Budget: Sum Column (J) Line (119) and Column (K) Line (119)
(24) Other Expenses <sup>4/</sup>	\$ 1,199,492	Line (21) times 7.65%, plus Line (20) times \$7,000 times 6.2%
(25) Interest Expense <sup>5/</sup>	\$ 1,125,762	Line (19) multiplied by 2 less Line (22), divided by 2, multiplied by 7.0%.
(26) Total	\$ 23,153,824	Sum Lines (21) through (25)

SPP Summary

Exhibit 3

Southwest Power Pool - 2003  
Investment Cost

(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)	(I)
Sum of 12/31/2003 Ending Cost	Function							
Project	Management	Market	Reliability	Split	Transmission Service Provision	Transmission Support	Regional Reliability	Total
(1) Administration	\$1,035,567.98				\$44,095.00		\$29,463.24	\$1,065,031.22
(2) AEP Project			\$259,690.27					\$44,095.00
(3) Business Continuity								\$259,690.27
(4) Business Systems	\$168,171.56							\$168,171.56
(5) Computer Room Expansion				\$1,246,447.20				\$1,246,447.20
(6) Control Room Infrastructure		\$26,200.00		\$631,476.35				\$700,342.35
(7) EMS Enhancements			\$1,621,434.78	\$444,803.38		\$42,666.00		\$2,066,238.16
(8) EMS Implementation			\$2,692,652.00	\$36,500.00				\$2,729,152.00
(9) Enhance Energy Scheduling						\$2,727,441.62		\$2,727,441.62
(10) Enterprise Security	\$39,841.00			\$273,106.12	\$55,031.00			\$367,978.12
(11) IT Architecture				\$196,139.06				\$196,139.06
(12) Market Systems		\$20,814,257.75	\$85,402.00		\$637,794.32			\$20,814,257.75
(13) OASIS			\$85,402.00					\$85,402.00
(14) Operating Reserve Sharing			\$166,950.00					\$166,950.00
(15) Transmission Planning								
(16) Total	\$1,243,580.54	\$20,840,457.75	\$4,826,129.05	\$2,828,472.11	\$736,920.32	\$2,770,107.62	\$29,463.24	\$33,275,130.63

	Split Items	TSP	Support	Maintenance	Reliability
(17) Computer Room Expansion	\$1,246,447.20	\$321,590	\$118,171	\$146,463	\$359,223
(18) Control Room Infrastructure	\$631,476.35	\$162,924	\$60,374	\$225,136	\$181,990
(19) EMS Enhancements	\$444,803.38	\$114,762	\$42,527	\$19,821	\$128,191
(20) EMS Implementation	\$36,500.00	\$9,417	\$3,490	\$13,074	\$10,519
(21) Enterprise Security	\$273,106.12	\$70,463	\$26,111	\$97,523	\$78,709
(22) IT Architecture	\$196,139.06	\$50,605	\$18,553	\$70,981	\$56,527
(23) TOTAL	\$2,828,472.11	\$729,761	\$270,433	\$1,011,133	\$815,159
(24)					

37.37%

SPP Lease Data

	(A) Period	(B) Prior Rent per Month	(C) Scheduled Rate Increase	(D) Current Rent Rate	(E) Total Rent for the Period	(F) Annual Cost per Sq. Ft.
(1)	Jan - Sept. 2003	\$ 47,625	-		\$ 428,629	\$ 15.13
(2)	Oct. 2003 - Oct. 2004	\$ 47,625	3%	\$ 49,054	\$ 588,651	\$ 15.58
(3)	Oct. 2004 - Oct. 2005	\$ 49,054	3%	\$ 50,526	\$ 606,311	\$ 16.05
(4)	Oct. 2005 - Oct. 2006	\$ 50,526	3%	\$ 52,042	\$ 624,500	\$ 16.53
(5)	Oct. 2006 - Oct. 2007	\$ 52,042	3%	\$ 53,603	\$ 643,235	\$ 17.03
(6)	Oct. 2007 - Oct. 2008	\$ 53,603	3%	\$ 55,211	\$ 662,532	\$ 17.54
(7)	Oct. 2008 - Oct. 2009	\$ 55,211	3%	\$ 56,867	\$ 682,408	\$ 18.07
(8)	Oct. 2009 - Oct. 2010	\$ 56,867	3%	\$ 58,573	\$ 702,880	\$ 18.61
(9)	Oct. 2010 - Oct. 2011	\$ 58,573	3%	\$ 60,331	\$ 723,967	\$ 19.17
(10)	2012	\$ 60,331	3%	\$ 62,140	\$ 745,686	\$ 19.74
(11)	2013	\$ 62,140	3%	\$ 64,005	\$ 768,056	\$ 20.33
(12)	2014	\$ 64,005	3%	\$ 65,925	\$ 791,098	\$ 20.94
(13)	2015	\$ 65,925	3%	\$ 67,903	\$ 814,831	\$ 21.57
(14)	2016	\$ 67,903	3%	\$ 69,940	\$ 839,276	\$ 22.22
(15)	2017	\$ 69,940	3%	\$ 72,038	\$ 864,454	\$ 22.89
(16)	Net Present Value = \$421,647.86				\$5,059,774.27	10%
(17)	(A) Total Rent for the REMAINING Life of the Lease				\$ 6,408,798	Sum of Rents from 1/2003 to 1/2012
(18)	(B) Average MONTHLY Rent for the REMAINING Life of				\$ 61,036	(A) divided by 105 months
(19)	(C) Square Footage Occupied				\$ 37,773	
(20)	(D) Average ANNUAL Cost per Square Foot				\$ 19.39	(B)*12/(C)

SPP Building Cost

Exhibit 3

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1							
2							
3	Sum of FTEs						
4	Departmental Function	Management	Markets	Regional Reliability	Reliability	Transmission Service Provider	Transmission Support
5	ADMINISTRATIVE	7.85					
6	BUSINESS APPLICATIONS	0.2				1	7.85
7	BUSINESS ARCHITECTURE & STRATEGY	1.1					1.2
8	BUSINESS INFRASTRUCTURE	6.1					1.1
9	BUSINESS PROJECT MANAGEMENT	0.2					6.1
10	CHANGE MANAGEMENT	1.5					0.2
11	COMPLIANCE			1			1.5
12	CORPORATE AFFAIRS	0.25					1
13	CUSTOMER RELATIONS	0.7					0.25
14	EMS APPLICATIONS				4	0.5	0.7
15	ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT	1.75			0.5		4.5
16	FINANCE & ACCOUNTING	4.55					2.25
17	FINANCIAL ANALYSIS & PROCESS IMPROVEMENT	1					4.55
18	GOVERNMENT RELATIONS	0.5					1
19	HUMAN RESOURCES	2					0.5
20	INTERCONNECTION ENGINEERING					2	2
21	IT MANAGEMENT	2.2					2.2
22	LEGAL	1.5					1.5
23	MARKET ANALYSIS		4				4
24	MARKET MANAGEMENT		2.25				2.25
25	MARKET OPERATIONS		7.75				7.75
26	MARKET SUPPORT		13.2				13.2
27	MEMBER RELATIONS	0.3					0.3
28	NETWORK MODELS				2.5	0.5	3
29	OFFICE & FACILITIES	2.5					2.5
30	OPERATIONS ENGINEERING			0.25	2.95	2	5.2
31	OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT	0.35					0.35
32	REGIONAL SUPPORT & SCHEDULING			0.5			0.5
33	RELIABILITY AUTHORITY			0.25	8.05		8.3
34	RELIABILITY ENGINEERING			2			2
35	SCHEDULING			1			9.45
36	SETTLEMENTS		3				10.45
37	TARIFF ADMINISTRATION	2		0.25		2.85	5.85
38	TECH SUPPORT					11.85	14.1
39	TRAINING	0.5	0.5		1.75	0.5	3.25
40	TRANSMISSION ENGINEERING						1
41	TRANSMISSION PLANNING				6.5	4	4
42	TRANSMISSION POLICY	2				3	6.5
43	TREASURY	0.1					5
44	Grand Total	39.15	30.7	5.25	26.25	28.2	140
45							
46							
47							
48							
49							
50							
51							
52							

Mgmt FTEs	39.15
TSP FTEs	28.2
Reliability FTEs	31.5
Transmission Support FTEs	10.45
Total Non-market FTEs	109.3
Markets FTEs	30.7

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
							Salary, Travel, Meetings, Comm	NERC	Admin	L&M	Services		
1	<b>SPP Budget</b>												
2	Personnel	Corporate Function	Departmental Function	Op Budget	FTEs		19,291,838	800,000	1,270,347	492,647	1,148,389		
3	Accounting	Management	ADMINISTRATIVE	149,519	1		137,797		3,519	3,519	8,203		
4	Carl Monroe	Management	ADMINISTRATIVE	37,380	0.25		34,449		880	880	2,051		
5	Cheryl Robertson	Management	ADMINISTRATIVE	149,519	1		137,797		3,519	3,519	8,203		
6	Customer Service	Management	ADMINISTRATIVE	14,952	0.1		13,780		352	352	820		
7	HR	Management	ADMINISTRATIVE	528,137	3		413,382		10,557	10,557	24,608		
8	Karen Thomas	Management	ADMINISTRATIVE	112,139	0.75		103,348		2,639	2,639	6,152		
9	Keith Dover	Management	ADMINISTRATIVE	74,759	0.5		68,899		1,759	1,759	4,101		
10	Nick Brown	Management	ADMINISTRATIVE	989,839	0.75		103,348		780,339	780,339	6,152		
11	Stacy Duckett	Management	ADMINISTRATIVE	37,380	0.25		34,449		880	880	2,051		
12	Tom Dunn	Management	ADMINISTRATIVE	37,380	0.25		137,797		3,519	3,519	8,203		
13	Accounting	Transmission Service Provider	BUSINESS APPLICATIONS	149,519	1		137,797		704	704	1,641		
14	Kevin Perry	Management	BUSINESS APPLICATIONS	29,904	0.2		27,559		1,056	1,056	2,461		
15	Kevin Perry	Management	BUSINESS ARCHITECTURE & S	44,858	0.3		41,339		2,815	2,815	5,562		
16	Security	Management	BUSINESS ARCHITECTURE & S	119,615	0.8		110,238		14,076	14,076	32,811		
17	Infrastructure	Management	BUSINESS INFRASTRUCTURE	619,702	4		551,190		352	352	820		
18	Kevin Perry	Management	BUSINESS INFRASTRUCTURE	14,952	0.1		13,780		7,038	7,038	16,406		
19	Security	Management	BUSINESS INFRASTRUCTURE	304,039	2		275,595		704	704	1,641		
20	Kevin Perry	Management	BUSINESS PROJECT MANAGEN	29,904	0.2		27,559		1,759	1,759	4,101		
21	Keith Dover	Management	CHANGE MANAGEMENT	74,759	0.5		68,899		880	880	2,051		
22	Tech Developer	Management	CHANGE MANAGEMENT	149,519	1		137,797		3,519	3,519	8,203		
23	Ron Ciesiel	Regional Reliability	COMPLIANCE	359,519	1		137,797		3,519	3,519	8,203		
24	Stacy Duckett	Management	CORPORATE AFFAIRS	59,380	0.25		34,449		880	880	2,051		
25	RJ Robertson	Management	CUSTOMER RELATIONS	104,893	0.7		96,458		2,463	2,463	5,742		
26	Applications	Reliability	CUSTOMER RELATIONS	448,557	3		413,392		10,557	10,557	24,608		
27	Applications	Transmission Service Provider	EMS APPLICATIONS	608,248	0.5		68,899		1,759	1,759	537,590		
28	Ops Engineering	Reliability	EMS APPLICATIONS	149,519	1		137,797		3,519	3,519	8,203		
29	Bruce Rew	Management	ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT	74,759	0.5		68,899		1,759	1,759	4,101		
30	Les Dillahunty	Management	ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT	37,380	0.25		34,449		880	880	2,051		
31	Planning	Reliability	ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT	74,759	0.5		68,899		1,759	1,759	4,101		
32	Sherry Jensen	Management	ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT	149,519	1		137,797		3,519	3,519	8,203		
33	Accounting	Management	FINANCE & ACCOUNTING	598,077	4		551,190		14,076	14,076	32,811		
34	Tom Dunn	Management	FINANCE & ACCOUNTING	82,236	0.55		75,788		1,935	1,935	4,512		
35	Accounting	Management	FINANCIAL ANALYSIS & PROCE	149,519	1		137,797		3,519	3,519	8,203		
36	Les Dillahunty	Management	GOVERNMENT RELATIONS	37,380	0.25		34,449		880	880	2,051		
37	Nick Brown	Management	GOVERNMENT RELATIONS	37,380	0.25		275,595		7,038	7,038	16,406		
38	HR	Management	HUMAN RESOURCES	323,039	2		275,595		7,038	7,038	16,406		
39	Tariff Studies	Transmission Service Provider	INTERCONNECTION ENGINEER	299,039	2		275,595		3,519	3,519	8,203		
40	Applications	Management	IT MANAGEMENT	149,519	1		137,797		880	880	2,051		
41	Carl Monroe	Management	IT MANAGEMENT	37,380	0.25		34,449		1,759	1,759	4,101		
42	Infrastructure	Management	IT MANAGEMENT	96,384	0.5		68,899		704	704	1,641		
43	Kevin Perry	Management	IT MANAGEMENT	29,904	0.2		34,449		880	880	2,051		
44	Tech Developer	Management	IT MANAGEMENT	37,380	0.25		137,797		3,519	3,519	8,203		
45	Laurie Guhn	Management	LEGAL	149,519	1		68,899		1,759	1,759	4,101		
46	Stacy Duckett	Management	LEGAL	134,759	0.5		68,899		1,759	1,759	4,101		
47	Market Dev and A Markets	Markets	MARKET ANALYSIS	33,077	0.2		31,190		14,076	14,076	32,811		
48	Market Dev and A Markets	Markets	MARKET MANAGEMENT	71,69	0.5		68,899		1,759	1,759	4,101		
49	Richard Dillon	Markets	MARKET MANAGEMENT	19,316	1		17,797		3,519	3,519	8,203		
50	Tech Developer	Markets	MARKET MANAGEMENT	14,952	0.1		103,348		2,639	2,639	6,152		
51	Carl Monroe	Markets	MARKET OPERATIONS	17,797	0.25		68,899		1,759	1,759	4,101		
52	Market Dev and A Markets	Markets	MARKET OPERATIONS	17,797	0.25		68,899		1,759	1,759	4,101		
53	Market Operation	Markets	MARKET OPERATIONS	17,797	0.25		68,899		1,759	1,759	4,101		
54	Applications	Markets	MARKET SUPPORT	24,298	1.7		24,298		3,519	3,519	8,203		
55	Customer Service	Markets	MARKET SUPPORT	24,298	1.7		24,298		3,519	3,519	8,203		
56	Infrastructure	Markets	MARKET SUPPORT	24,298	1.7		24,298		3,519	3,519	8,203		
57	Karen Thomas	Markets	MARKET SUPPORT	24,298	1.7		24,298		3,519	3,519	8,203		
58	Market Dev and A Markets	Markets	MARKET SUPPORT	24,298	1.7		24,298		3,519	3,519	8,203		
59	Tech Developer	Markets	MARKET SUPPORT	24,298	1.7		24,298		3,519	3,519	8,203		
60	Training	Markets	MARKET SUPPORT	24,298	1.7		24,298		3,519	3,519	8,203		

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
61 RJ Robertson	Management	MEMBER RELATIONS	44,856 0.3		0.21%		41,339		1,056	2,461			
62 Applications	Reliability	NETWORK MODELS	734,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101	680,000		
63 Applications	Transmission Service Provider	NETWORK MODELS	734,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101			
64 Ops Engineering	Reliability	NETWORK MODELS	299,039 2		1.43%		275,595		7,038	16,406			
65 Security	Management	OFFICE & FACILITIES	154,519 1		0.71%		137,797		3,519	8,203	5,000		
66 Telecomm	Management	OFFICE & FACILITIES	224,278 1.5		1.07%		206,896		5,278	12,304			
67 Lanny Nickell	Reliability	OPERATIONS ENGINEERING	29,904 0.2		0.14%		27,559		704	1,641			
68 Ops Engineering	Regional Reliability	OPERATIONS ENGINEERING	37,380 0.25		0.18%		34,449		880	2,051			
69 Ops Engineering	Regional Reliability	OPERATIONS ENGINEERING	411,178 2.75		1.98%		378,943		9,677	22,558			
70 Ops Engineering	Transmission Service Provider	OPERATIONS ENGINEERING	299,039 2		1.43%		275,595		7,038	16,406			
71 Carl Monroe	Management	OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT	37,380 0.25		0.18%		34,449		880	2,051			
72 Lanny Nickell	Management	OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT	14,952 0.1		0.07%		13,780		352	820			
73 Lanny Nickell	Regional Reliability	REGIONAL SUPPORT & SCHED	44,856 0.3		0.21%		41,339		1,056	2,461			
74 Security	Regional Reliability	REGIONAL SUPPORT & SCHED	29,904 0.2		0.14%		27,559		704	1,641			
75 Customer Service	Reliability	RELIABILITY AUTHORITY	14,952 0.1		0.07%		13,780		352	820			
76 Lanny Nickell	Reliability	RELIABILITY AUTHORITY	829,904 0.2		0.14%		27,559	800,000	704	1,641			
77 Reliability Coor	Regional Reliability	RELIABILITY AUTHORITY	37,380 0.25		0.18%		34,449		880	2,051			
78 Reliability Coor	Reliability	RELIABILITY AUTHORITY	1,009,255 6.75		4.82%		930,133		23,753	55,369			
79 Training	Regional Reliability	RELIABILITY AUTHORITY	149,519 1		0.71%		137,797		3,519	8,203			
80 Planning	Regional Reliability	RELIABILITY ENGINEERING	299,039 2		1.43%		275,595		7,038	16,406			
81 Applications	TSP Support	SCHEDULING	299,039 2		1.43%		275,595		7,038	16,406			
82 Customer Service	TSP Support	SCHEDULING	14,952 0.1		0.07%		13,780		352	820			
83 Lanny Nickell	TSP Support	SCHEDULING	14,952 0.1		0.07%		13,780		352	820			
84 Scheduling	Regional Reliability	SCHEDULING	149,519 1		0.71%		137,797		3,519	8,203			
85 Scheduling	TSP Support	SCHEDULING	1,426,633 7		5.00%		964,582		24,632	57,419	380,000		
86 Training	Markets	SETTLEMENTS	37,380 0.25		0.18%		34,449		880	2,051			
87 Accounting	Transmission Service Provider	SETTLEMENTS	550,557 3		2.14%		413,392		10,557	126,608			
88 Accounting	Transmission Service Provider	SETTLEMENTS	299,039 2		1.43%		275,595		7,038	16,406			
89 Applications	Transmission Service Provider	SETTLEMENTS	74,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101			
90 Infrastructure	Transmission Service Provider	SETTLEMENTS	59,005 0.25		0.18%		34,449		880	2,051	21,625		
91 Tom Dunn	Transmission Service Provider	SETTLEMENTS	14,952 0.1		0.07%		13,780		352	820			
92 AEP Project	Management	TARIFF ADMINISTRATION	299,039 2		1.43%		275,595		7,038	16,406			
93 Applications	Transmission Service Provider	TARIFF ADMINISTRATION	373,798 2.5		1.79%		344,494		8,797	20,507			
94 Customer Service	Transmission Service Provider	TARIFF ADMINISTRATION	299,039 2		1.43%		275,595		7,038	16,406			
95 Infrastructure	Transmission Service Provider	TARIFF ADMINISTRATION	59,005 0.25		0.18%		34,449		880	2,051	21,625		
96 Lanny Nickell	Transmission Service Provider	TARIFF ADMINISTRATION	14,952 0.1		0.07%		13,780		352	820			
97 Tariff Administration	Regional Reliability	TARIFF ADMINISTRATION	50,080 0.25		0.18%		34,449		880	2,051	12,700		
98 Tariff Administration	Transmission Service Provider	TARIFF ADMINISTRATION	1,009,255 6.75		4.82%		930,133		23,753	55,369			
99 Training	Transmission Service Provider	TARIFF ADMINISTRATION	208,524 1.25		0.18%		34,449		880	2,051			
100 Infrastructure	Reliability	TECH SUPPORT	96,409 0.5		0.36%		172,247		4,399	10,253	21,625		
101 Infrastructure	TSP Support	TECH SUPPORT	74,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101	21,650		
102 Telecomm	Reliability	TECH SUPPORT	74,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101			
103 Telecomm	Transmission Service Provider	TECH SUPPORT	74,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101			
104 Telecomm	TSP Support	TECH SUPPORT	74,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101			
105 Katie Duncan	Management	TRAINING	74,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101			
106 Katie Duncan	Markets	TRAINING	74,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101			
107 Tariff Studies	Transmission Service Provider	TRANSMISSION ENGINEERING	598,077 4		2.86%		551,190		14,076	32,811			
108 Planning	Reliability	TRANSMISSION PLANNING	1,179,532 6.5		4.64%		895,683		22,873	260,976			
109 Bruce Rew	Management	TRANSMISSION POLICY	518,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101	444,000		
110 Jeff Price	Transmission Service Provider	TRANSMISSION POLICY	699,519 1		0.71%		137,797		3,519	8,203	550,000		
111 Les Dillathuty	Management	TRANSMISSION POLICY	74,759 0.5		0.36%		68,899		1,759	4,101			
112 Pat Bourne	Management	TRANSMISSION POLICY	149,519 1		0.71%		137,797		3,519	8,203			
113 Roy Sundman	Transmission Service Provider	TRANSMISSION POLICY	149,519 1		0.71%		137,797		3,519	8,203			
114 Tariff Studies	Transmission Service Provider	TRANSMISSION POLICY	149,519 1		0.71%		137,797		3,519	8,203			
115 Tom Dunn	Management	TREASURY	14,952 0.1		0.07%		13,780		352	820			
116			32,703,037	140	100.00%		19,291,633	800,000	1,270,351	1,637,375	5,673,680		
117							140						
118							109.3						
119							\$						
120							137,797						
121							15,061,253						
122													

Mkts  
SPP Like O&M

SPP Heavy Staff  
SPP Lite Staff

Lite Staffing \$'s

	(Ann. Peak in MW)			(C) 2003	(D)=Avg. 3 year Avg. **	Net Energy Load in kWhs (E)	Ann. Expenses (F)	(G) = (E)/(F)*1000 \$/MWh
	(A) 2001	(B) 2002	(B) 2002					
CAISO	38,975	42,352	42,581	41,303		349,000,000,000	\$ 77,801,693	\$ 0.223
PJM	54,014	63,762	61,499	59,758		343,816,582,000	\$ 72,856,407	\$ 0.212
MISO *	36,563	71,600	38,321	71,600		217,420,601,200	\$ 35,296,983	\$ 0.162
SPP	55,719	36,249	59,993	37,044		217,420,601,200	\$ 23,153,824	\$ 0.106
ERCOT		56,246		57,319		286,206,895,200	\$ 64,197,876	\$ 0.224
			High	71,600				
			Low	37,044				

\* Load data has not been obtained for MISO for the 3 year period. While MISO began RTO operation in 2001, it did not fully record through public information the RTO load as compared to individual loads of the participating utilities.

\*\* A three year average of the peak RTO loads was used in order to smooth any anomalous years.

1/ SPP Calculated at 67% load factor  
2/ Estimate ERCOT 2003 Energy per 2003 Annual Report



# Retail Costs and RTO Impact

(in cents per kWh)	2000		2001		2005 (Fcst)		Average
Production	4.20	62%	4.10	62%	3.90	60%	61%
Transmission	0.50	7%	0.50	8%	0.60	9%	8%
Distribution	2.10	31%	2.00	30%	2.00	31%	31%
Avg. End-use Prices	6.80	100%	6.60	100%	6.50	100%	100%

Exhibit VGC-6  
2005 TTC Cost Case  
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Source: EIA/Annual Energy Outlook 2003, page 131 - Prices by Service Category

Retail Sales of Electricity		Avg. RTO Exp.		Avg Revenue from Retail				Avg Revenue from Retail			
EOY 2002		\$ 62,538,240		(Million Dollars)				Cents/kWh			
Region	GWh's	Avg. RTE Exp.	Total	Production	Transmission	Distribution	Total	Production	Transmission	Distribution	Total
State	(A)	(B) 1/	(C)	(D)=(C)*61%	(E)=(C)*8%	(F)=(C)*31%	(G)=(A)/(C)	(H)=(A)/(D)	(I)=(A)/(E)	(J)=(A)/(F)	
<b>New England</b>	<b>116,614</b>	<b>\$ 0.0005</b>	<b>\$ 11,845</b>	<b>\$ 7,260</b>	<b>\$ 954</b>	<b>\$ 3,631</b>	<b>\$ 0.1016</b>	<b>\$ 0.0623</b>	<b>\$ 0.0082</b>	<b>\$ 0.0311</b>	
Connecticut	30,906	\$ 0.0020	3,007	1,843	242	922	0.0973	0.0596	0.0078	0.0298	
Maine	9,636	\$ 0.0065	1,095	671	88	336	0.1136	0.0696	0.0091	0.0348	
Massachusetts	52,410	\$ 0.0012	5,338	3,272	430	1,636	0.1018	0.0624	0.0082	0.0312	
New Hampshire	10,490	\$ 0.0060	1,100	674	89	337	0.1049	0.0643	0.0084	0.0321	
Rhode Island	7,544	\$ 0.0083	693	425	56	213	0.0919	0.0563	0.0074	0.0282	
Vermont	5,629	\$ 0.0111	612	375	49	188	0.1087	0.0666	0.0088	0.0333	
<b>Middle Atlantic</b>	<b>358,811</b>	<b>\$ 0.0002</b>	<b>\$ 34,414</b>	<b>\$ 21,094</b>	<b>\$ 2,771</b>	<b>\$ 10,548</b>	<b>\$ 0.0959</b>	<b>\$ 0.0588</b>	<b>\$ 0.0077</b>	<b>\$ 0.0294</b>	
New Jersey	74,460	\$ 0.0008	6,930	4,248	558	2,124	0.0931	0.0571	0.0075	0.0285	
New York	143,564	\$ 0.0004	16,208	9,935	1,305	4,968	0.1129	0.0692	0.0091	0.0346	
Pennsylvania	140,787	\$ 0.0004	11,276	6,912	908	3,456	0.0801	0.0491	0.0065	0.0245	
<b>East North Central</b>	<b>569,403</b>	<b>\$ 0.0001</b>	<b>\$ 37,032</b>	<b>\$ 22,699</b>	<b>\$ 2,982</b>	<b>\$ 11,351</b>	<b>\$ 0.0650</b>	<b>\$ 0.0399</b>	<b>\$ 0.0052</b>	<b>\$ 0.0199</b>	
Illinois	137,666	\$ 0.0005	9,597	5,883	773	2,942	0.0697	0.0427	0.0056	0.0214	
Indiana	101,429	\$ 0.0006	5,420	3,322	436	1,661	0.0534	0.0328	0.0043	0.0164	
Michigan	107,311	\$ 0.0006	7,423	4,550	598	2,275	0.0692	0.0424	0.0056	0.0212	
Ohio	155,999	\$ 0.0004	10,383	6,364	836	3,182	0.0666	0.0408	0.0054	0.0204	
Wisconsin	66,999	\$ 0.0009	4,209	2,580	339	1,290	0.0628	0.0385	0.0051	0.0193	
<b>West North Central</b>	<b>259,591</b>	<b>\$ 0.0002</b>	<b>\$ 15,509</b>	<b>\$ 9,506</b>	<b>\$ 1,249</b>	<b>\$ 4,754</b>	<b>\$ 0.0597</b>	<b>\$ 0.0366</b>	<b>\$ 0.0048</b>	<b>\$ 0.0183</b>	
Iowa	40,898	\$ 0.0015	2,458	1,507	198	754	0.0601	0.0368	0.0048	0.0184	
Kansas	36,714	\$ 0.0017	2,315	1,419	186	710	0.0631	0.0387	0.0051	0.0193	
Minnesota	62,162	\$ 0.0010	3,630	2,225	292	1,113	0.0584	0.0358	0.0047	0.0179	
Missouri	75,001	\$ 0.0008	4,565	2,798	368	1,399	0.0609	0.0373	0.0049	0.0187	
Nebraska	25,661	\$ 0.0024	1,424	873	115	436	0.0555	0.0340	0.0045	0.0170	
North Dakota	10,219	\$ 0.0061	557	341	45	171	0.0545	0.0334	0.0044	0.0167	
South Dakota	8,937	\$ 0.0070	560	343	45	172	0.0626	0.0384	0.0050	0.0192	
<b>South Atlantic</b>	<b>753,324</b>	<b>\$ 0.0001</b>	<b>\$ 49,424</b>	<b>\$ 30,294</b>	<b>\$ 3,980</b>	<b>\$ 15,149</b>	<b>\$ 0.0656</b>	<b>\$ 0.0402</b>	<b>\$ 0.0053</b>	<b>\$ 0.0201</b>	
Delaware	11,557	\$ 0.0054	815	499	66	250	0.0705	0.0432	0.0057	0.0216	
D.C.	11,066	\$ 0.0057	815	500	66	250	0.0737	0.0452	0.0059	0.0226	
Florida	210,474	\$ 0.0003	15,394	9,436	1,240	4,718	0.0731	0.0448	0.0059	0.0224	
Georgia	123,789	\$ 0.0005	7,726	4,735	622	2,368	0.0624	0.0383	0.0050	0.0191	
Maryland	66,928	\$ 0.0009	4,158	2,548	335	1,274	0.0621	0.0381	0.0050	0.0190	
North Carolina	122,686	\$ 0.0005	8,263	5,065	665	2,533	0.0674	0.0413	0.0054	0.0206	
South Carolina	77,819	\$ 0.0008	4,537	2,781	365	1,391	0.0583	0.0357	0.0047	0.0179	
Virginia	100,541	\$ 0.0006	6,262	3,838	504	1,919	0.0623	0.0382	0.0050	0.0191	
West Virginia	28,463	\$ 0.0022	1,455	892	117	446	0.0511	0.0313	0.0041	0.0157	
<b>East South Central</b>	<b>314,019</b>	<b>\$ 0.0002</b>	<b>\$ 16,917</b>	<b>\$ 10,369</b>	<b>\$ 1,362</b>	<b>\$ 5,185</b>	<b>\$ 0.0539</b>	<b>\$ 0.0330</b>	<b>\$ 0.0043</b>	<b>\$ 0.0165</b>	
Alabama	83,067	\$ 0.0008	4,745	2,908	382	1,454	0.0571	0.0350	0.0046	0.0175	
Kentucky	87,267	\$ 0.0007	3,721	2,281	300	1,141	0.0426	0.0261	0.0034	0.0131	
Mississippi	45,452	\$ 0.0014	2,835	1,738	228	869	0.0624	0.0382	0.0050	0.0191	
Tennessee	98,233	\$ 0.0006	5,616	3,442	452	1,721	0.0572	0.0350	0.0046	0.0175	
<b>West South Central</b>	<b>492,042</b>	<b>\$ 0.0001</b>	<b>\$ 31,142</b>	<b>\$ 19,088</b>	<b>\$ 2,508</b>	<b>\$ 9,545</b>	<b>\$ 0.0633</b>	<b>\$ 0.0388</b>	<b>\$ 0.0051</b>	<b>\$ 0.0194</b>	
Arkansas	42,450	\$ 0.0015	2,380	1,459	192	729	0.0561	0.0344	0.0045	0.0172	
Louisiana	79,261	\$ 0.0008	4,746	2,909	382	1,455	0.0599	0.0367	0.0048	0.0184	
Oklahoma	49,485	\$ 0.0013	2,765	1,695	223	847	0.0559	0.0342	0.0045	0.0171	
Texas	320,846	\$ 0.0002	21,251	13,026	1,711	6,514	0.0662	0.0406	0.0053	0.0203	
<b>Mountain</b>	<b>226,364</b>	<b>\$ 0.0003</b>	<b>\$ 14,760</b>	<b>\$ 9,047</b>	<b>\$ 1,189</b>	<b>\$ 4,524</b>	<b>\$ 0.0652</b>	<b>\$ 0.0400</b>	<b>\$ 0.0053</b>	<b>\$ 0.0200</b>	
Arizona	62,601	\$ 0.0010	4,514	2,767	364	1,384	0.0721	0.0442	0.0058	0.0221	
Colorado	45,937	\$ 0.0014	2,758	1,691	222	845	0.0600	0.0368	0.0048	0.0184	
Idaho	20,700	\$ 0.0030	1,156	708	93	354	0.0558	0.0342	0.0045	0.0171	
Montana	12,575	\$ 0.0050	724	444	58	222	0.0575	0.0353	0.0046	0.0176	
Nevada	29,204	\$ 0.0021	2,460	1,508	198	754	0.0842	0.0516	0.0068	0.0258	
New Mexico	19,207	\$ 0.0033	1,292	792	104	396	0.0673	0.0412	0.0054	0.0206	
Utah	23,267	\$ 0.0027	1,255	769	101	385	0.0539	0.0330	0.0043	0.0165	
Wyoming	12,874	\$ 0.0049	602	369	49	185	0.0468	0.0287	0.0038	0.0143	
<b>Pacific Contiguous</b>	<b>356,996</b>	<b>\$ 0.0002</b>	<b>\$ 36,690</b>	<b>\$ 22,489</b>	<b>\$ 2,955</b>	<b>\$ 11,246</b>	<b>\$ 0.1028</b>	<b>\$ 0.0630</b>	<b>\$ 0.0083</b>	<b>\$ 0.0315</b>	
California	235,249	\$ 0.0003	29,398	18,019	2,367	9,011	0.1250	0.0766	0.0101	0.0383	
Oregon	45,255	\$ 0.0014	2,859	1,753	230	876	0.0632	0.0387	0.0051	0.0194	
Washington	76,492	\$ 0.0008	4,433	2,717	357	1,359	0.0580	0.0355	0.0047	0.0178	
<b>Avg. Contiguous 48</b>	<b>383,018</b>	<b>\$ 0.000214</b>	<b>\$ 27,526</b>	<b>\$ 16,872</b>	<b>\$ 2,217</b>	<b>\$ 8,437</b>	<b>\$ 0.0719</b>	<b>\$ 0.0441</b>	<b>\$ 0.0058</b>	<b>\$ 0.0220</b>	

1/ Average RTO Expense (\$62.5 million) divided by-GWh Load (Column (A)).

Retail Costs and RTO Impact Summary

(in cents per kWh)	(A) 2000	(B)	(C) 2001	(D)	(E) 2005 (Fcast)	(F)	(G) Average
Production	4.20	62%	4.10	62%	3.90	60%	61%
Transmission	0.50	7%	0.50	8%	0.60	9%	8%
Distribution	2.10	31%	2.00	30%	2.00	31%	31%
Avg. End-use Prices	6.80	100%	6.60	100%	6.50	100%	100%

Nationwide	\$/kWh	% of Retail Bill
Production	\$ 0.0441	61.12%
Transmission	\$ 0.0058	8.03%
Distribution	\$ 0.0220	30.57%
Average RTO	\$ 0.0002	0.29%
Total	\$ 0.0721	100.00%

Totals from Page 22 - Average Contiguous 48 States

	GWh	Total Revenue (millions)
Arizona	62,601	\$ 4,514
Colorado	45,937	\$ 2,758
New Mexico	19,207	\$ 1,292
Desert Southwest	127,744	\$ 8,564

Desert Southwest	Total Revenue by Function = \$8564 * (G)	\$/kWh = TR / total GWh	% of Retail Bill
Production	\$ 5,249	\$ 0.0411	60.85%
Transmission	\$ 690	\$ 0.0054	7.99%
Distribution	\$ 2,625	\$ 0.0205	30.43%
Average RTO = (Avg RTO/1,000,000) / Total GWh		\$ 0.0005	0.72%
		\$ 0.0675	100%

# Exhibit 4

## **PJM Interconnection, LLC**

## Estimated PJM Annual Day 1 Revenue Requirement

Footnote	Expense Type	2004 Estimate	2005 Estimate
1	Depreciation	15,400,709	15,400,709
2	Interest	4,936,447	4,936,447
3	Compensation	34,852,639	49,997,229
4	Hardware Lease Expense	3,149,064	4,844,601
4	Materials & Supplies	6,619,453	10,994,935
5	Other or Outside Services Correlated with Staff Levels	8,614,841	12,054,417
6	Other or Outside Services NOT Correlated with Staff Levels	7,411,109	9,060,998
	Total	<u>80,984,262</u>	<u>107,289,336</u>
7	Net Energy for Load Forecast	349,000,000	700,000,000
	Day 1 OpEx Rate Per Megawatt Hour	<u>\$ 0.2320</u>	<u>\$ 0.1533</u>

- 1 Calculated as 85% of Day 1 non-building, non-EMS investment depreciated over three-year software useful life plus 15% of Day 1 non-building, non-EMS investment depreciated over five-year hardware useful life plus Day 1 building investment depreciated over fifteen-year building useful life plus Day 1 EMS investment depreciated over seven-year EMS useful life.
- 2 Calculated as average unpaid Day 1 Capital Investment times estimated 7.00% interest rate.
- 3 Based on pro ration of PJM's total budgeted 2004 Compensation for PJM's System Operations staff plus pro rated management staff totaling 263 in 2004 and 328 in 2005.
- 4 Calculated as pro rated portion of 2004 budgeted expense associated with staff allocated to Day 1 Operations.
- 5 Calculated as pro rated portion of annual budgeted expenses for lodging, travel, meetings, meals, training, telecommunications, buildings maintenance and utilities associated with staff allocated to Day 1 Operations.
- 6 Represents annual budget for insurance, board expenses, annual member meeting, audit fees, property and school taxes, and bank fees that do not vary by staff number or customer transaction volumes.
- 7 Based on PJM's annual budget assumptions and volume forecasts on PJM Finance Committee page of web site.

**Estimated PJM Day 1 Staff**

**Based on 2004 Annual Budget**

	Directly Attributable to Day 1 Functions	Not Attributable to Day 1 Functions	Management / Support Functions	Total
System Operations	114			114
Transmission Planning		38		38
Market Services		52		52
Information Technology			129	129
Corporate Services			39	39
Finance			87	87
Market Monitoring		10		10
Office of the President			24	24
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>279</b>	<b>493</b>
<b>Management Allocation</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>(279)</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Totals</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>493</b>

**Based on Proposed 2005 Annual Budget**

	Directly Attributable to Day 1 Functions	Not Attributable to Day 1 Functions	Management / Support Functions	Total
System Operations	148			148
Transmission Planning		56		56
Market Services		72		72
Information Technology			169	169
Corporate Services			100	100
Finance			25	25
Market Monitoring		17		17
Office of the President			63	63
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>650</b>
<b>Management Allocation</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>(357)</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Totals</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>322</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>650</b>

Estimated PJM Day 1 Capital Investment						
Portion of System Investment Attributable to Each RTO Day 1 Function	Transmission Service Provider	Transmission Support	Reliability	Management	Building	Total
ACES / TMS			106,417			106,417
Buildings					10,600,000	10,600,000
Business Continuity	5,772,673					5,772,673
Combined OASIS / EES Interface	672,678					672,678
Control Center Infrastructure					446,712	446,712
Data Publication Extension		272,509				272,509
Energy Management System	25,994,325	11,451,914		3,837,498		37,446,239
Enterprise Security						3,837,498
Grid Accounting		34,551				34,551
Independent Generator Communications			1,163,538			1,163,538
Internet Network Architecture				377,152		377,152
Network Infrastructure Upgrade				1,155,092		1,155,092
OASIS	748,027	1,496,050				2,244,077
Operator Training Simulator	128,219					128,219
PJM Information Warehouse	1,882,953	2,219,195		941,477		5,043,625
PJM Manuals				141,144		141,144
PJM Manuals Enhancements				232,037		232,037
Retail Choice		8,546,871				8,546,871
Totals	35,198,875	24,021,090	1,269,955	6,684,399	11,046,712	78,221,031

**Estimated PJM Annual Day 2 Revenue Requirement**

<b>Expense Type</b>	<b>2004 Budget (1)</b>	<b>Proposed 2005 Budget (2)</b>	
Compensation	53,895,755	82,345,000	
Pension and postretirement benefits	11,529,375	16,636,000	
Software licenses and fees	6,144,991	11,864,000	
Outside services	34,962,613	46,871,000	
Computer maintenance and office supplies	4,211,700	9,903,000	
Lease expenses	8,180,650	9,591,000	
Depreciation and amortization	53,030,193	82,107,000	
Other expenses	9,674,818	7,758,000	
Interest expense	8,369,905	9,925,000	
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>190,000,000</u></b>	<b><u>277,000,000</u></b>	<b>46%</b>
Net Energy for Load Forecast	349,000,000	700,000,000	
Day 1 OpEx Rate Per Megawatt Hour	<b><u>\$ 0.5444</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 0.3957</u></b>	<b>-27%</b>

- 1** Based on PJM's original 2004 budget assumptions and volume forecasts on PJM Finance Committee page of web site.
- 2** Based on PJM's proposed 2005 budget assumptions and volume forecasts recommended by PJM Finance Committee for Board of Managers consideration during September 2004. Includes ComEd, AEP, Dayton, Dominion and Duquesne.



<b>Estimated PJM Day 2 Capital Investment</b>
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**Non-Market Integration Capital Investment:**

<b>1</b>	1997	0
<b>1</b>	1998	3,954,318
<b>1</b>	1999	1,532,000
<b>1</b>	2000	112,440,000
<b>1</b>	2001	31,459,000
<b>1</b>	2002	58,268,000
<b>1</b>	2003	35,020,000
<b>2</b>	2004	<u>47,000,000</u>
		289,673,318
<b>Day 1 Capital Investment</b>		<u>(78,221,031)</u>
<b>Day 2 Capital Investment</b>		<u><u>211,452,287</u></u>

- 1** Per PJM's respective year's audited financial statements.  
**2** Based on PJM's approved 2004 capital budget.

## **Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT)**

# ERCOT Operating Expense Summary by Division and Department FY 2004 Budget

<b>Corporate Administration</b>			
101 Executive Organization	\$ 4,233,555	System Operations	
110 Finance	\$ 47,640,233	201 Chief Operating Officer Administration	\$ 1,671,434
120 General Counsel	\$ 4,708,316	400 COO Administration	\$ -
130 Human Resources	\$ 814,284	401 Technical Operations Administration	\$ -
140 NERC Compliance	\$ 702,443	410 Market Operations Support	\$ 2,806,732
150 Stakeholder Services	\$ 480,815	420 Operations Support	\$ 3,242,271
160 Corporate Communications	\$ 869,410	425 System Operations	\$ 5,319,483
170 Market Rules	\$ 3,426,011	430 System Planning	\$ 2,251,939
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 62,875,067</b>	440 Resource Planning	\$ 949,109
		<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 16,240,968</b>
<b>Information Technology</b>			
300 CIO Administration	\$ 1,624,526	Market Operations	
301 Technology Services Administration	\$ 8,187,242	500 CMO Administration	\$ 931,677
310 System Engineering & Administration	\$ 2,703,300	501 Settlements Administration	\$ -
320 EMS	\$ -	505 Galvin PM	\$ 535,590
321 IT Operations	\$ 784,389	510 Customer Solutions Support	\$ -
325 Facilities	\$ 4,160,094	520 Registration	\$ -
330 Network	\$ 5,933,457	530 Settlement Metering	\$ 1,044,270
340 Commercial Applications	\$ -	540 Load Profiling and Data Aggregation	\$ 1,895,437
345 EMMS Development	\$ 954,041	550 Settlements and Billing	\$ 1,478,590
350 Project Management	\$ 746,998	560 Client Relations	\$ -
353 Market Technology Service	\$ 267,135	570 REP/ESI-ID of Record	\$ 1,975,084
354 Data Warehousing	\$ 866,369	580 Renewables and TCR	\$ 569,738
355 Development & Architecture	\$ 585,973	605 Gruber PM	\$ 1,082,678
356 Transaction Services	\$ 1,249,670	630 Retail Documentation and Reporting	\$ 1,467,167
357 Corporate Applications	\$ 763,674	640 Retail Testing and Quality Control	\$ 642,607
358 Web and Data Services	\$ 939,561	650 Retail Client Services	\$ 956,046
359 Settlement and Billing	\$ 620,921	660 Wholesale Client Services	\$ 1,746,982
360 Data Management	\$ 1,107,703	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 14,325,866</b>
370 Cyber Security	\$ 1,518,464		
371 Physical Security	\$ 1,201,707	<b>ERCOT TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 132,443,627</b>
385 IT Delivery	\$ 805,899		
390 IT Operations 2	\$ 2,784,433		
395 EMMS Production	\$ 1,196,170		
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 39,001,726</b>		

Exhibit VGC-6  
2005 TTC Cost Case  
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# ERCOT Staffing Summary by Division and Department FY 2004 Budget

<b>Corporate Administration</b>		
101 Executive Organization	9	
110 Finance	17	
120 General Counsel	11	
130 Human Resources	5	
140 NERC Compliance	5	
150 Stakeholder Services	4	
160 Corporate Communications	4	
170 Market Rules	8	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>63</b>	

<b>System Operations</b>		
201 Chief Operating Officer Administration	0	
400 COO Administration	3	
401 Technical Operations Administration	0	
410 Market Operations Support	17	
420 Operations Support	31	
425 System Operations	54	
430 System Planning	18	
440 Resource Planning	9	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>132</b>	

<b>Information Technology</b>		
300 CIO Administration	7	
301 Technology Services Administration	0	
310 System Engineering & Administration	27	
320 EMS	0	
321 IT Operations	10	
325 Facilities	6	
330 Network	17	
340 Commercial Applications	0	
345 EMMS Development	8	
350 Project Management	7	
353 Market Technology Service	4	
354 Data Warehousing	6	
355 Development & Architecture	2	
356 Transaction Services	12	
357 Corporate Applications	6	
358 Web and Data Services	6	
359 Settlement and Billing	7	
360 Data Management	10	
370 Cyber Security	9	
371 Physical Security	4	
385 IT Delivery	7	
390 IT Operations 2	20	
395 EMMS Production	9	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>184</b>	

<b>Market Operations</b>		
500 CMO Administration	5	
501 Settlements Administration	0	
505 Galvin PM	10	
510 Customer Solutions Support	0	
520 Registration	0	
530 Settlement Metering	10	
540 Load Profiling and Data Aggregation	20	
550 Settlements and Billing	18	
560 Client Relations	0	
570 REP/ESI-ID of Record	25	
580 Renewables and TCR	6	
605 Gruber PM	9	
630 Retail Documentation and Reporting	4	
640 Retail Testing and Quality Control	19	
650 Retail Client Services	10	
660 Wholesale Client Services	15	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>151</b>	

**ERCOT TOTAL 530**

## ERCOT Capital Assets

Asset	EOY 2003
Computer equipment and software	\$ 157,215,000
Buildings and leasehold	\$ 48,890,000
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 5,912,000
Land and improvements	\$ 248,000
Vehicles	\$ 129,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 212,394,000</b>
Depreciation and amortization	\$ (79,800,000)
	<b>\$ 132,594,000</b>
Construction work in progress	\$ -
Systems under development	\$ 35,047,000
	<b>\$ 167,641,000</b>

ERCOT Capital Assets

Exhibit 4

# **ERCOT Capital Assets by Function - 2002**

(A) Asset	(B) EOY 2002
Computer Equipment and software	\$ 124,576,000
Buildings and leasehold	\$ 48,170,000
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 5,286,000
Land and improvements	\$ 248,000
Vehicles	\$ 129,000
Total	\$ 178,409,000
Depreciation and amortization	\$ (43,207,000)
CWIP	\$ 135,202,000
Systems under development	\$ 85,000
	\$ 11,799,000
	\$ 147,086,000

**ERCOT Staffing Summary by Division and Department  
FY 2002**

Exhibit VGC-6  
2005 TTC Cost Case  
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(A)		(B)	(D)		(E)
Corporate Administration			System Operations		
(1)	101 Executive Organization	7	201 Chief Operating Officer Administration		0
(2)	110 Finance	10	400 COO Administration		0
(3)	120 General Counsel	4	401 Technical Operations Administration		1
(4)	130 Human Resources	3	410 Market Operations Support		12
(5)	140 NERC Compliance	4	420 Operations Support		59
(6)	150 Stakeholder Services	3	425 System Operations		0
(7)	160 Corporate Communications	2	430 System Planning		11
(8)	170 Market Rules	2	440 Resource Planning		0
(9)	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>		<u>83</u>
Information Technology			Market Operations		
(10)	300 CIO Administration	0	500 CMO Administration		0
(11)	301 Technology Services Administration	2	501 Settlements Administration		4
(12)	310 System Engineering & Administration	43	505 Galvin PM		0
(13)	320 EMS	11	510 Customer Solutions Support		4
(14)	321 IT Operations	0	520 Registration		17
(15)	325 Facilities	0	530 Settlement Metering		18
(16)	330 Network	22	540 Load Profiling and Data Aggregation		6
(17)	340 Commercial Applications	14	550 Settlements and Billing		14
(18)	345 EMMS Development	0	560 Client Relations		17
(19)	350 Project Management	2	570 REP/ESI-ID of Record		0
(20)	353 Market Technology Service	0	580 Renewables and TCR		4
(21)	354 Data Warehousing	0	605 Gruber PM		0
(22)	355 Development & Architecture	0	630 Retail Documentation and Reporting		0
(23)	356 Transaction Services	0	640 Retail Testing and Quality Control		0
(24)	357 Corporate Applications	0	650 Retail Client Services		0
(25)	358 Web and Data Services	0	660 Wholesale Client Services		0
(26)	359 Settlement and Billing	0	<u>TOTAL</u>		<u>84</u>
(27)	360 Data Management	0			
(28)	370 Cyber Security	0			
(29)	371 Physical Security	0			
(30)	385 IT Delivery	0			
(31)	390 IT Operations 2	0			
(32)	395 EMMS Production	0			
(33)	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>94</u>			
			<b>ERCOT TOTAL</b>		<b><u>296</u></b>

**Electric Reliability Council of Texas, Inc.**  
**Statements of Activity**  
**(in 000's)**

(A)	(B) 12/31/2000 Actual	(C) 12/31/2001 Actual	(D) 12/31/2002 Actual	(E) 12/31/2003 Actual-Unaudited
(1) Operating Revenues:				
(2) Transaction Fees	\$ 42,167	\$ 59,958	\$ 61,456	\$ 93,991
(3) Membership Fees and other	\$ 1,681	\$ 5,507	\$ 3,630	\$ 3,252
(4) Total Operating Revenue	\$ 43,848	\$ 65,465	\$ 65,086	\$ 97,243
(5) Operating Expenses				
(6) Salaries and Related Benefits	\$ 7,702	\$ 21,382	\$ 28,081	\$ 35,920
(7) Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 289	\$ 11,242	\$ 31,480	\$ 38,091
(8) Facility and Equipment Costs	\$ 2,005	\$ 7,170	\$ 6,347	\$ 8,175
(9) Consulting and Legal Services	\$ 4,459	\$ 6,886	\$ 14,008	\$ 12,089
(10) Administrative and Other	\$ 2,944	\$ 7,056	\$ 4,811	\$ 5,392
(11) IT Maintenance and Licensing	\$ 1,042	\$ 428	\$ 4,317	\$ 5,383
(12) Total Operating Expenses	\$ 18,441	\$ 54,164	\$ 89,044	\$ 105,050
(13) Income From Operations	\$ 25,407	\$ 11,301	\$ (23,958)	\$ (7,807)
(14) Other Income				
(15) Interest Income	\$ 331	\$ 370	\$ 1,208	\$ 433
(16) Interest Expense	\$ -	\$ (1,471)	\$ (5,448)	\$ (8,533)
(17) Change in unrestricted net assets	\$ 25,738	\$ 10,200	\$ (28,198)	\$ (15,907)
(18) Full Time Employees	134	267	296	380



## 1996/97 ERCOT BUDGET

	1995/96 Budget	1995/96 Estimated Expenditures	1996/97 ERCOT Office Budget (12 Mos.)
NERC Dues	217190	217264	233967
Engineering Studies	271000	281000	300000
Equipment Rent & Maintenance	3655	4466	5085
Furniture & Equipment Purchases	12900	21741	15000
Meetings & Seminars	8000	6000	8000
Other Expenses	7877	8549	11591
Salaries	311632	305934	326557
Payroll Taxes	18669	18303	19376
Benefits	78538	90312	97123
Postage/Shipping	8000	8400	8400
Printing/Media	5500	4220	8500
Rent/Insurance/Property Taxes	32676	32581	60000
Supplies	6300	5000	5500
Telephone	7500	8050	9000
Travel	29500	29500	29500
<b>TOTAL FOR ERCOT OFFICE</b>	<b>\$ 1,018,937</b>	<b>\$ 1,041,320</b>	<b>\$ 1,137,599</b>
<b>ISO FACILITY</b>			<b>\$ 3,442,000</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>			<b>\$ 4,579,599</b>

**Midwest Independent Transmission System Operator  
(Midwest ISO)**