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DOCKET NO. 25960

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APPLICATION OF BRAZOS ELECTRIC POWER COOPERATIVE, INC. TO CHANGE § RATES FOR WHOLESALE TRANSMISSION § **SERVICE**

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION3: 31 OF TEXAS

ORDER NO. 2

DEEMING APPLICATION DEFICIENT, FINDING NOTICE TO BE SUFFICIENT AND ADEQUATE, ENTERING PROTECTIVE ORDER, REQUIRING RECOMMENDATION ON INTERIM RELIEF AND EFFECTIVE DATE, AND REQUIRING PROPOSED PROCEDURAL SCHEDULE

Background

On May 28, 2002, Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc. (the Applicant) filed an application to change rates for wholesale transmission service. The Applicant stated that it previously made a transmission cost of service (TCOS) filing in Docket No. 15641, approving TCOS in the amount of \$35,992,084, which has been used for calculating transmission service charges owed to the Applicant for the years 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, and 2002 to date. The instant application is based on a test year ending December 31, 2001, which is the Applicant's Fiscal Year 2001. The Applicant asserted that its TCOS for the test year is \$43,115,692, which is \$7,123,608 more than the Applicant's TCOS approved in Docket No. 15641.

Deficiencies

On June 10, 2002, Commission Staff (Staff) filed its response to Order No. 1. Staff stated that it reviewed the Applicant's filing and has identified deficiencies. Specifically, Staff asserted that the Applicant did not provide complete information in its Schedule filings B, C, D, E, and F in its application according to the non-IOU Transmission Cost of Service Rate Filing Package. Staff asserted that further information needs to be provided explaining which allocation factor, pursuant to Schedule F, the Applicant used in any functionalizations of costs in Schedules B, C, D, and E. Staff

¹ Granted in Application of Brazos Electric Power Cooperative, Inc.'s Filing in Compliance with P.U.C. SUBST. R. 23.67, Docket No. 15641 (Jul. 8, 1997).



also asserted that the Applicant should provide a summary of any functionalization to the particular production, transmission, and distribution functions reflected in Schedule F. The Applicant shall file all information noted by Staff including information for its Schedule B, C, D, E, and F filings; information explaining which allocation factor, pursuant to Schedule F, the Applicant used in any functionalizations of costs in Schedules B, C, D, and E., and a summary of any functionalization to the particular production, transmission, and distribution functions reflected in Schedule F. The Applicant shall file this information on or before June 21, 2002.

Notice

The Applicant stated that it provided notice to all parties in Docket No. 25002. Staff stated that it reviewed the content of the Applicant's notice finding it to be sufficient and adequate. Staff concurs with the Applicant as to this method of notice. Based on Staff's recommendation, the notice is considered sufficient and adequate.

Protective Order

Within its filing, the Applicant filed a Motion for Protective Order, asserting that portions of its information contained in the schedules and work papers filed in its transmission cost of service (TCOS) filing are confidential. The Applicant filed along with that motion, a copy of the Commission's standard protective order. Staff made no objection to entry of this protective order. Therefore, the Applicant's motion for protective order is granted. The attached protective order shall be used by all parties in this case.

Interim Relief and Effective Date

The Applicant stated that their requested effective date for the new rate and tariff for wholesale transmission service is June 28, 2002. The Applicant also requested that the rate change for transmission service be implemented by the Commission on an interim basis, pending final order. Such interim rates may be subject to refund or surcharge upon the issuance of a final order in this docket.

² Commission Staff's Application to Set 2002 Wholesale Transmission Service Charges for ERCOT.

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On or before June 21, 2002, Staff shall file a recommendation on the Applicant's request for interim relief, and Applicant's requested effective date of June 28, 2002. Additionally, the parties shall file a proposed procedural schedule on or before June 21, 2002.

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS

MARK GENTLE

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE POLICY DEVELOPMENT DIVISION

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DOCKET NO. 25960

APPLICATION OF BRAZOS		BEFORE THE
ELECTRIC POWER COOPERATIVE,		
INC. TO CHANGE RATES FOR		PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
WHOLESALE TRANSMISSION		
SERVICE	П	OF TEXAS

PROTECTIVE ORDER

This Protective Order shall govern the use of all information deemed confidential (Protected Materials) or highly confidential (Highly Sensitive Protected Materials) by a party providing information to the Public Utility Commission of Texas (Commission), including information whose confidentiality is currently under dispute.

It is ORDERED that:

- 1. Designation of Protected Materials. Upon producing or filing a document, including, but not limited to, records stored or encoded on a computer disk or other similar electronic storage medium in this proceeding, the producing party may designate that document, or any portion of it, as confidential pursuant to this Protective Order by typing or stamping on its face "PROTECTED PURSUANT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER ISSUED IN DOCKET NO. 25960" or words to this effect and consecutively Bates Stamping each page. Protected Materials and Highly Sensitive Protected Materials include not only the documents so designated, but also the substance of the information contained in the documents and any description, report, summary, or statement about the substance of the information contained in the documents.
- 2. <u>Materials Excluded from Protected Materials Designation</u>. Protected Materials shall not include any information or document contained in the public files of the Commission or any other federal or state agency, court, or local governmental authority subject to the Texas Public Information Act. Protected Materials also shall not include documents or information which at the time of, or prior to disclosure in a proceeding, is or was public knowledge, or

which becomes public knowledge other than through disclosure in violation of this Protective Order.

- 3. <u>Reviewing Party</u>. For the purposes of this Protective Order, a Reviewing Party is a party to this docket.
- 4. Procedures for Designation of Protected Materials. On or before the date the Protected Materials or Highly Sensitive Protected Materials are provided to the Commission, the producing party shall file with the Commission and deliver to each party to the proceeding a written statement, which may be in the form of an objection, indicating: (1) any and all exemptions to the Public Information Act. Tex. Gov't Code Ann., Chapter 552, claimed to be applicable to the alleged Protected Materials; (2) the reasons supporting the providing party's claim that the responsive information is exempt from public disclosure under the Public Information Act and subject to treatment as protected materials; and (3) that counsel for the providing party has reviewed the information sufficiently to state in good faith that the information is exempt from public disclosure under the Public Information Act and merits the Protected Materials designation.
- 5. Persons Permitted Access to Protected Materials. Except as otherwise provided in this Protective Order, a Reviewing Party shall be permitted access to Protected Materials only through its Reviewing Representatives who have signed the Protective Order Certification Form. Reviewing Representatives of a Reviewing Party include its counsel of record in this proceeding and associated attorneys, paralegals, economists, statisticians, accountants, consultants, or other persons employed or retained by the Reviewing Party and directly engaged in these proceedings. At the request of the PUC Commissioners or their Staff, copies of Protected Materials may be produced by the Commission Staff or the Office of Policy Development (OPD) to the Commissioners. The Commissioners and their staff shall be informed of the existence and coverage of this Protective Order and shall observe the restrictions of the Protective Order.

- 6. Highly Sensitive Protected Material Described. The term Highly Sensitive Protected Materials is a subset of Protected Materials and refers to documents or information which a producing party claims is of such a highly sensitive nature that making copies of such documents or information or providing access to such documents to employees of the Reviewing Party (except as set forth herein) would expose a producing party to unreasonable risk of harm, including but not limited to: (1) customer-specific information protected by §32.101(c) of the Public Utility Regulatory Act; (2) contractual information pertaining to contracts that specify that their terms are confidential or which are confidential pursuant to an order entered in litigation to which the producing party is a party; (3) market-sensitive fuel price forecasts, wholesale transactions information and/or market-sensitive marketing plans; and (4) business operations or financial information that is commercially sensitive. Documents or information so classified by a producing party shall bear the designation "HIGHLY SENSITIVE PROTECTED MATERIALS PROVIDED PURSUANT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER ISSUED IN DOCKET NO. 25960" or words to this effect and shall be consecutively Bates Stamped in accordance with the provisions of this Protective Order. The provisions of this Protective Order pertaining to Protected Materials also apply to Highly Sensitive Protected Materials, except where this Protective Order provides for additional protections for Highly Sensitive Protected Materials. In particular, the procedures herein for challenging the producing party's designation of information as Protected Materials also apply to information that a producing party designates as Highly Sensitive Protected Materials.
- 7. Restrictions on Copying and Inspection of Highly Sensitive Protected Material. Except as expressly provided herein, only one copy may be made of any Highly Sensitive Protected Materials except that additional copies may be made in order to have sufficient copies for introduction of the material into the evidentiary record if the material is to be offered for admission into the record. A record of any copies that are made of Highly Sensitive Protected Material shall be kept and a copy of the record shall be sent to the producing party

at the time the copy or copies are made. The record shall include information on the location and the person in possession of the copy. Highly Sensitive Protected Material shall be made available for inspection only at the location or locations provided by the producing party, except as provided by Paragraph 9. Limited notes may be made of Highly Sensitive Protected Materials, and such notes shall themselves be treated as Highly Sensitive Protected Materials unless such notes are limited to a description of the document and a general characterization of its subject matter in a manner that does not state any substantive information contained in the document.

8. Restricting Persons Who May Have Access to Highly Sensitive Protected Material. With the exception of COMMISSION STAFF and the Office of Public Utility Counsel (OPC), and except as provided herein, the Reviewing Representatives for the purpose of access to Highly Sensitive Protected Materials may be persons who are: (1) outside counsel for the Reviewing Party; (2) outside consultants for the Reviewing Party working under the direction of Reviewing Party's counsel who have been authorized by the Presiding Officer to review Highly Sensitive Protected materials; or (3) employees of the Reviewing Party working with and under the direction of Reviewing Party's counsel. With regard to designating employees of a Reviewing Party to review Highly Sensitive Protected Material, the Reviewing Party shall provide to the other parties, the employees' names, position, and other descriptive information. If a party objects to the Reviewing Party's designated employee reviewing Highly Sensitive Protected Material, it shall file such objection within five working days of receipt of the designation, explaining in detail the reason for its objection. The Reviewing Party designating the employee may file a response to the objection within three working days of receipt of the objection. The ALJ will then rule on the issue. The Reviewing Party shall limit the number of Reviewing Representatives that review each Highly Sensitive Protected document to the minimum number of persons necessary. The Reviewing Party is under a good faith obligation to limit access to each portion of any Highly Sensitive Protected Materials to two Reviewing Representatives whenever possible. Reviewing Representatives for the Commission Staff and OPC, for the purpose of access to Highly Sensitive Protected Materials, shall consist of their respective counsel of record in this proceeding and associated attorneys, paralegals, economists, statisticians, accountants, consultants, or other persons employed or retained by them and directly engaged in these proceedings.

- 9. Copies Provided of Highly Sensitive Protected Material. A producing party shall provide one copy of Highly Sensitive Protected Materials specifically requested by the Reviewing Party to the person designated by the Reviewing Party who must be a person authorized to review Highly Sensitive Protected Material under Paragraph 8, and be either outside counsel or an outside consultant. Other representatives of the reviewing party who are authorized to view Highly Sensitive Material may review the copy of Highly Sensitive Protected Materials at the office of the Reviewing Party's representative designated to receive the information. Any Highly Sensitive Protected documents provided to a Reviewing Party may not be copied except as provided in Paragraph 7 and shall be returned along with any copies made pursuant to Paragraph 7 to the producing party within two weeks after the close of the evidence in this proceeding. The restrictions contained herein do not apply to the Commission Staff, OPC, and the Office of the Attorney General (OAG) when the OAG is a representing a party to the proceeding.
- 10. Procedures in Paragraphs 10-14 Apply to the Commission Staff, OPC. and the OAG and Control in the Event of Conflict. The procedures set forth in Paragraphs 10 through 14 apply to responses to requests for documents or information that the producing party designates as Highly Sensitive Protected Materials and provides to the Commission Staff, OPC, and the OAG in recognition of their purely public functions. To the extent the requirements of Paragraphs 10 through 14 conflict with any requirements contained in other paragraphs of this Protective Order, the requirements of these Paragraphs shall control.

- 11. Copy of Highly Sensitive Protected Material to be Provided to the Commission Staff, OPC, and the OAG. When, in response to a request for information by a Reviewing Party, the producing party makes available for review documents or information claimed to be Highly Sensitive Protected Materials, the producing party shall also deliver one copy of the Highly Sensitive Protected Materials to the Commission Staff, OPC (if OPC is a party), and the OAG (if the OAG is representing a party) in Austin, Texas. Provided however, that in the event such Highly Sensitive Protected Materials are voluminous, the materials will be made available for review by the Commission Staff, OPC (if OPC is a party), and the OAG (if the OAG is representing a party) at the designated office in Austin, Texas. The Commission Staff, OPC (if OPC is a party), and the OAG (if the OAG is representing a party) may request such copies as are necessary of such voluminous material under the copying procedures set forth herein.
- Delivery of the Copy of Highly Sensitive Protected Material to Staff and Outside Consultants. The Commission Staff, OPC (if OPC is a party), and the OAG (if the OAG is representing a party) may deliver the copy of Highly Sensitive Protected Materials received by them to the appropriate members of their staff for review, provided such staff members first sign the certification provided in Paragraph 15. After obtaining the agreement of the producing party, the Commission Staff, OPC, and the OAG (if the OAG is representing a party) may deliver the copy of Highly Sensitive Protected Materials received by it to the agreed, appropriate members of their outside consultants for review, provided such outside consultants first sign the certification attached hereto.
- 13. Restriction on Copying by the Commission Staff, OPC, and the OAG. Except as allowed by Paragraph 7, the Commission Staff, OPC, and the OAG may not make additional copies of the Highly Sensitive Protected Materials furnished to them unless the producing party agrees in writing otherwise, or, upon a showing of good cause, the Presiding Officer directs

otherwise. Limited notes may be made by the Commission Staff, OPC (if OPC is a party), and the OAG (if the OAG is representing a party) of Highly Sensitive Protected Materials furnished to them and all such handwritten notes will be treated as Highly Sensitive Protected Materials as are the materials from which the notes are taken.

- 14. Public Information Requests. In the event of a request for any of the Highly Sensitive Protected Materials under the Public Information Act, an authorized representative of the Commission, OPC, or the OAG may furnish a copy of the requested Highly Sensitive Protected Materials to the Open Records Division at the OAG together with a copy of this Protective Order after notifying the producing party that such documents are being furnished to the OAG. Such notification may be provided simultaneously with the delivery of the Highly Sensitive Protected Materials to the OAG.
- 15. Required Certification. Each person who inspects the Protected Materials shall, before such inspection, agree in writing to the following certification set forth in the attachment to this Protective Order:

I certify my understanding that the Protected Materials are provided to me pursuant to the terms and restrictions of the Protective Order in this docket, and that I have been given a copy of it and have read the Protective Order and agree to be bound by it. I understand that the contents of the Protected Materials, any notes, memoranda, or any other form of information regarding or derived from the Protected Materials shall not be disclosed to anyone other than in accordance with the Protective Order and unless I am an employee of the Commission Staff or OPC shall be used only for the purpose of the proceeding in Docket No. 25960. I acknowledge that the obligations imposed by this certification are pursuant to such Protective Order. Provided, however, if the information contained in the Protected Materials is obtained from independent public sources, the understanding stated herein shall not apply.

In addition, Reviewing Representatives who are permitted access to Highly Sensitive Protected Material under the terms of this Protective Order shall, before inspection of such material, agree in writing to the following certification set forth in the Attachment to this

Protective Order:

I certify that I am eligible to have access to Highly Sensitive Protected Material under the terms of the Protective Order in this docket.

A copy of each signed certification shall be provided by the reviewing party to counsel for the producing party and served upon all parties of record.

- 16. Disclosures Between Reviewing Representatives and Continuation of Disclosure Restrictions After a Person is no Longer Engaged in the Proceeding. Any Reviewing Representative may disclose Protected Materials, other than Highly Sensitive Protected Materials, to any other person who is a Reviewing Representative provided that, if the person to whom disclosure is to be made has not executed and provided for delivery of a signed certification to the party asserting confidentiality, that certification shall be executed prior to any disclosure. A Reviewing Representative may disclose Highly Sensitive Protected Material to other Reviewing Representatives who are permitted access to such material and have executed the additional certification required for persons who receive access to Highly Sensitive Protected Material. In the event that any Reviewing Representative to whom Protected Materials are disclosed ceases to be engaged in these proceedings, access to Protected Materials by that person shall be terminated and all notes, memoranda, or other information derived from the protected material shall either be destroyed or given to another Reviewing Representative of that party who is authorized pursuant to this Protective Order to receive the protected materials. Any person who has agreed to the foregoing certification shall continue to be bound by the provisions of this Protective Order so long as it is in effect, even if no longer engaged in these proceedings.
- 17. Producing Party to Provide One Copy of Certain Protected Material and Procedures for Making Additional Copies of Such Materials. Except for Highly Sensitive Protected Materials which shall be provided to the Reviewing Parties pursuant to Paragraph 9, and

voluminous Protected Materials, the producing party shall provide a Reviewing Party one copy of the Protected Materials upon receipt of the signed certification described in Paragraph 15. Except for Highly Sensitive Protected Materials, a Reviewing Party may make further copies of Protected Materials for use in this proceeding pursuant to this Protective Order, but a record shall be maintained as to the documents reproduced and the number of copies made, and upon request the Reviewing Party shall provide the party asserting confidentiality with a copy of that record.

- 18. Procedures Regarding Voluminous Protected Materials. Production of voluminous Protected Materials will be governed by P.U.C. PROC. R 22.144(h). Voluminous Protected Materials will be made available in the producing party's voluminous room, in Austin, Texas, or at a mutually agreed upon location, Monday through Friday, 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (except on state or Federal holidays), and at other mutually convenient times upon reasonable request.
- 19. Reviewing Period Defined. The Protected Materials may be reviewed only during the Reviewing Period, which shall commence upon entry of this Protective Order and continue until the expiration of the Commission's plenary jurisdiction. The Reviewing Period shall reopen if the Commission regains jurisdiction due to a remand as provided by law. Protected materials that are admitted into the evidentiary record or accompanying the evidentiary record as offers of proof may be reviewed throughout the pendency of this proceeding and any appeals.
- 20. <u>Procedures for Making Copies of Voluminous Protected Materials</u>. Other than Highly Sensitive Protected Materials, Reviewing Parties may take notes regarding the information contained in voluminous Protected Materials made available for inspection or they may make photographic, mechanical, or electronic copies of the Protected Materials, subject to the conditions hereof provided, however, that before photographic, mechanical, or electronic copies can be made, the Reviewing Party seeking photographic, mechanical, or electronic

copies must complete a written receipt for copies on the attached form identifying each piece of Protected Materials or portions thereof the Reviewing Party will need.

- 21. Protected Materials to Be Used Solely for the Purposes of These Proceedings. All Protected Materials shall be made available to the Reviewing Parties and their Reviewing Representatives solely for the purposes of these proceedings. Access to the Protected Materials may not be used in the furtherance of any other purpose, including, without limitation: (1) any other pending or potential proceeding involving any claim, complaint, or other grievance of whatever nature, except appellate review proceedings that may arise from or be subject to these proceedings; or (2) any business or competitive endeavor of whatever nature. Because of their statutory regulatory obligations, these restrictions do not apply to the Commission Staff or OPC.
- 22. Procedures for Confidential Treatment of Protected Materials and Information Derived from those Materials. Protected Materials, as well as a Reviewing Party's notes, memoranda, or other information regarding or derived from the Protected Materials are to be treated confidentially by the Reviewing Party and shall not be disclosed or used by the Reviewing Party except as permitted and provided in this Protective Order. Information derived from or describing the Protected Materials shall be maintained in a secure place and shall not be placed in the public or general files of the Reviewing Party except in accordance with the provisions of this Protective Order. A Reviewing Party must take all reasonable precautions to ensure that the Protected Materials including notes and analyses made from Protected Materials that disclose Protected Materials are not viewed or taken by any person other than a Reviewing Representative of a Reviewing Party.
- 23. <u>Procedures for Submission of Protected Materials</u>. If a Reviewing Party tenders for filing any Protected Materials, including Highly Sensitive Protected Materials, or any written testimony, exhibit, brief, motion, or other type of pleading or other submission at the

Commission or before any other judicial body that quotes from Protected Materials or discloses the content of Protected Materials, the confidential portion of such submission shall be filed and served in sealed envelopes or other appropriate containers endorsed to the effect that they contain Protected Material or Highly Sensitive Protected Material and are sealed pursuant to this Protective Order. If filed at the Commission, such documents shall be marked "PROTECTED MATERIAL" and shall be filed under seal with the Presiding Officer and served under seal to the counsel of record for the Reviewing Parties. The Presiding Officer may subsequently, on his/her own motion or on motion of a party, issue a ruling respecting whether or not the inclusion, incorporation or reference to Protected Materials is such that such submission should remain under seal. If filing before a judicial body, the filing party: (1) shall notify the party which provided the information within sufficient time so that the providing party may seek a temporary sealing order; and (2) shall otherwise follow the procedures set forth in Rule 76a, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure.

Maintenance of Protected Status of Materials During Pendency of Appeal of Order Holding Materials are Not Protected Materials. In the event that the Presiding Officer at any time in the course of this proceeding finds that all or part of the Protected Materials are not confidential or proprietary, by finding, for example, that such materials have entered the public domain or materials claimed to be Highly Sensitive Protected Materials are only Protected Materials, those materials shall nevertheless be subject to the protection afforded by this Protective Order for three (3) full working days, unless otherwise ordered, from the date the party asserting confidentiality receives notice of the Presiding Officer's order. Such notification will be by written communication. This provision establishes a deadline for appeal of a Presiding Officer's order to the Commission. In the event an appeal to the Commissioners is filed within those three (3) working days from notice, the Protected Materials shall be afforded the confidential treatment and status provided in this Protective Order during the pendency of such appeal. Neither the party asserting confidentiality nor any Reviewing Party waives its right to seek additional administrative or judicial remedies after

the Commission's denial of any appeal.

- 25. Notice of Intent to Use Protected Materials or Change Materials Designation. Parties intending to use Protected Materials shall notify the other parties prior to offering them into evidence or otherwise disclosing such information into the record of the proceeding. During the pendency of Docket No. 25960 at the Commission, in the event that a Reviewing Party wishes to disclose Protected Materials to any person to whom disclosure is not authorized by this Protective Order, or wishes to have changed the designation of certain information or material as Protected Materials by alleging, for example, that such information or material has entered the public domain, such Reviewing Party shall first file and serve on all parties written notice of such proposed disclosure or request for change in designation, identifying with particularity each of such Protected Materials. A Reviewing Party shall at any time be able to file a written motion to challenge the designation of information as Protected Materials.
- 26. Procedures to Contest Disclosure or Change in Designation. In the event that the party asserting confidentiality wishes to contest a proposed disclosure or request for change in designation, the party asserting confidentiality shall file with the appropriate Presiding Officer its objection to a proposal, with supporting affidavits, if any, within five (5) working days after receiving such notice of proposed disclosure or change in designation. Failure of the party asserting confidentiality to file such an objection within this period shall be deemed a waiver of objection to the proposed disclosure or request for change in designation. Within five (5) working days after the party asserting confidentiality files its objection and supporting materials, the party challenging confidentiality may respond. Any such response shall include a statement by counsel for the party challenging such confidentiality that he or she has reviewed all portions of the materials in dispute and without disclosing the Protected Materials, a statement as to why the Protected Materials should not be held to be confidential under current legal standards, or alternatively that the party asserting confidentiality for some

reason did not allow such counsel to review such materials. If either party wishes to submit the material in question for *in camera* inspection, it shall do so no later than five (5) working days after the party challenging confidentiality has made its written filing.

- 27. Procedures for Presiding Officer Determination Regarding Proposed Disclosure or Change in Designation. If the party asserting confidentiality files an objection, the appropriate Presiding Officer will determine whether the proposed disclosure or change in designation is appropriate. Upon the request of either the producing or reviewing party or upon the presiding officer's own initiative, the presiding officer may conduct a prehearing conference. The burden is on the party asserting confidentiality to show that such proposed disclosure or change in designation should not be made. If the Presiding Officer determines that such proposed disclosure or change in designation should be made, disclosure shall not take place earlier than three (3) full working days after such determination unless otherwise ordered. No party waives any right to seek additional administrative or judicial remedies concerning such Presiding Officer's ruling.
- 28. Maintenance of Protected Status During Periods Specified for Challenging Various Orders. Any party electing to challenge, in the courts of this state, a Commission or Presiding Officer determination allowing disclosure or a change in designation shall have a period of ten (10) days from: (1) the date of an unfavorable Commission order; or (2) if the Commission does not rule on an appeal of an interim order, the date an appeal of an interim order to the Commission is overruled by operation of law, to obtain a favorable ruling in state district court. Any party challenging a state district court determination allowing disclosure or a change in designation shall have an additional period of ten (10) days from the date of the order to obtain a favorable ruling from a state appeals court. Finally, any party challenging a determination of a state appeals court allowing disclosure or a change in designation shall have an additional period of ten (10) days from the date of the order to obtain a favorable ruling from the state supreme court, or other appellate court. All Protected Materials shall

be afforded the confidential treatment and status provided for in this Protective Order during the periods for challenging the various orders referenced in this Paragraph. For purposes of this Paragraph, a favorable ruling of a state district court, state appeals court, supreme court or other appellate court includes any order extending the deadlines set forth in this Paragraph.

- 29. Other Grounds for Objection to Use of Protected Materials Remain Applicable. Nothing in this Protective Order shall be construed as precluding any party from objecting to the use of Protected Materials on grounds other than confidentiality, including the lack of required relevance. Nothing in this Protective Order constitutes a waiver of the right to argue for more disclosure, provided, however, that unless and until such additional disclosure is ordered by the Commission or a court, all parties will abide by the restrictions imposed by the Protective Order.
- 30. <u>Protection of Materials from Unauthorized Disclosure</u>. All notices, applications, responses, or other correspondence shall be made in a manner which protects Protected Materials from unauthorized disclosure.
- Protected Materials. Following the conclusion of these proceedings, each Reviewing Party must, no later than thirty (30) days following receipt of the notice described below, return to the party asserting confidentiality all copies of the Protected Materials provided by that party pursuant to this Protective Order and all copies reproduced by a Reviewing Party, and counsel for each Reviewing Party must provide to the party asserting confidentiality a letter by counsel that, to the best of his or her knowledge, information, and belief, all copies of notes, memoranda, and other documents regarding or derived from the Protected Materials (including copies of Protected Materials) that have not been so returned, if any, have been destroyed, other than notes, memoranda, or other documents which contain information in

a form which, if made public, would not cause disclosure of the substance of Protected Materials. As used in this Protective Order, "conclusion of these proceedings" refers to the exhaustion of available appeals, or the running of the time for the making of such appeals, as provided by applicable law. If, following any appeal, the Commission conducts a remand proceeding, then the "conclusion of these proceedings" is extended by the remand to the exhaustion of available appeals of the remand, or the running of the time for making such appeals of the remand, as provided by applicable law. Promptly following the conclusion of these proceedings, counsel for the party asserting confidentiality will send a written notice to all other parties, reminding them of their obligations under this Paragraph. Nothing in this Paragraph shall prohibit counsel for each Reviewing Party from retaining two (2) copies of any filed testimony, brief, application for rehearing, hearing exhibit, or other pleading which refers to Protected Materials provided that any such Protected Materials retained by counsel shall remain subject to the provisions of this Protective Order.

- 32. Applicability of Other Law. This Protective Order is subject to the requirements of the Public Information Act, the Open Meetings Act, and any other applicable law, provided that parties subject to those acts will give the party asserting confidentiality notice, if possible under those acts, prior to disclosure pursuant to those acts.
- 33. Procedures for Release of Information Under Order. If required by order of a governmental or judicial body, the Reviewing Party may release to such body the confidential information required by such order; provided, however, that: (1) the Reviewing Party shall notify the party asserting confidentiality of such order at least five (5) calendar days in advance of the release of the information in order for the party asserting confidentiality to contest any release of the confidential information; (2) the Reviewing Party shall notify the producing party that there is a request for such information within five (5) calendar days of the date the Reviewing Party is notified of the request for information; and (3) the Reviewing Party shall use its best efforts to prevent such materials from being disclosed to the public. The terms of this Protective Order do not preclude the Reviewing Party from complying with any valid

and enforceable order of a state or Federal court with competent jurisdiction specifically requiring disclosure of Protected Materials earlier than contemplated herein.

- 34. Best Efforts Defined. The term "best efforts" as used in the preceding paragraph requires that the Reviewing Party attempt to ensure that disclosure is not made unless such disclosure is pursuant to a final order of a Texas governmental or Texas judicial body or written opinion of the Texas Attorney General which was sought in compliance with the Public information Act. The Reviewing Party is not required to delay compliance with a lawful order to disclose such information but is simply required to timely notify the party asserting confidentiality, or its counsel, that it has received a challenge to the confidentiality of the information and that the Reviewing Party will either proceed under the provisions of §552.301 of the Public Information Act, or intends to comply with the final governmental or court order.
- 35. <u>Notify Defined</u>. Notify, for purposes of Paragraphs 33 and 34, shall mean written notice to the party asserting confidentiality at least five (5) calendar days prior to release; including when a Reviewing Party receives a request under the Public Information Act. However, the Commission or OPC may provide a copy of Protected Materials to the Open Records Division of the OAG as provided herein.
- 36. Requests for Non-Disclosure. If the producing party asserts that the requested information should not be disclosed at all, or should not be disclosed to certain parties under the protection afforded by this Order, the producing party shall tender the information for in camera review to the Presiding Officers within 10 calendar days of the request. At the same time, the producing party shall file and serve on all parties its argument, including any supporting affidavits, in support of its position of nondisclosure. The burden is on the producing party to establish that the material should not be disclosed. The producing party shall serve a copy of the information under the classification of Highly Sensitive Protected

Material to all parties requesting the information that the producing party has not alleged should be prohibited from reviewing the information. Parties wishing to respond to the producing party's argument for nondisclosure shall do so within five working days. Responding parties should explain why the information should be disclosed to them, including why disclosure is necessary for a fair adjudication of the case if the material is determined to constitute a trade secret. If the Presiding Officer finds that the information should be disclosed as Protected Material under the terms of this Protective Order, the Presiding Officer shall stay the order of disclosure for such period of time as the Presiding Officer deems necessary to allow the producing party to appeal the ruling to the commission.

- 37. Sanctions Available for Abuse of Designation. If the Presiding Officer finds that a producing party unreasonably designated material as Protected Material or as Highly Sensitive Protected Material, or unreasonably attempted to prevent disclosure pursuant to Paragraph 36, the Presiding Officer may sanction the producing party pursuant to P.U.C. Proc. R. 22.161.
- 38. <u>Modification of Protective Order</u>. Each party shall have the right to seek changes in this Protective Order as appropriate from the Presiding Officer.
- 39. Breach of Protective Order. In the event of a breach of the provisions of this Protective Order, the producing party, if it sustains its burden of proof required to establish the right to injunctive relief, shall be entitled to an injunction against such breach without any requirements to post bond as a condition of such relief. The producing party shall not be relieved of proof of any element required to establish the right to injunctive relief. In addition to injunctive relief, the producing party shall be entitled to pursue any other form of relief to which it is entitled.

SIGNED AT AUSTIN, TEXAS on the day of day of _______, 2002.

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION OF TEXAS

MARK GENTLE

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE POLICY DEVELOPMENT DIVISION